

A Summit on Transforming Service Jobs

Prosperity Institute







Elena Bird, Senior Policy Advisor EDCT
Staff Presentation: Report Back on Service Summit and Debrief
January 15, 2010

"The region that gets this right first, will have a huge prosperity advantage."

- Richard Florida, May 2009, Toronto

Strength Services



Debrief/Go Forward: 5 key points

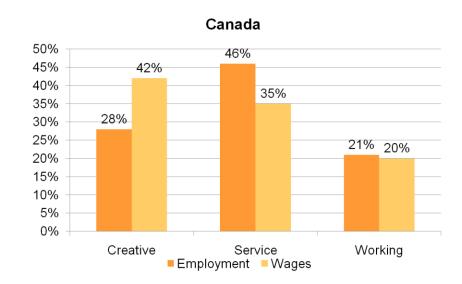
- 1. Harness Employee Creativity
- 2. Re-envision Consumers as Co-Creators
- 3. Research Emerging and Best Practices by Companies
- 4. Raise Awareness of the Impact of Services
- 5. Continue to Work Collaboratively

Debrief/Go Forward: Employee

Harness employee creativity:

- Research new training models to support creativity
- Promote employee engagement and empowerment
- Increase access to skills development and building career paths

Service Sector Employment and Wage Gap



Debrief/Go Forward: Consumer

Re-envision consumers as cocreators in the service experience:

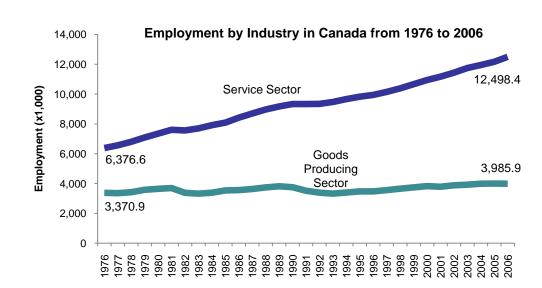
- Raise level of service by encouraging a more sophisticated consumer
- Make Toronto the best provider and demander of service

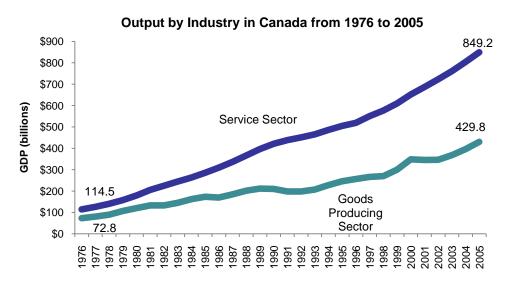


Debrief/Go Forward: Company

Research Emerging and Best Practices by Companies:

- Innovative business models
- Cross-training within companies to incubate new ideas
- Industry-led collaborations





Debrief/Go Forward: Awareness

Raise awareness of the impact of Services on local productivity and competitiveness:

- Minimize inequality
- Tap into Toronto's 'hyper-diversity'
- Support social cohesion



At Your Service | Rob Devitt

Friday, November 13 2009 8:00 PM



Debrief/Go Forward: Collaboration

Continue to work Collaboratively with Summit Partners:

- StrengthinServices.orgBlog
- Support research on how to make service jobs better
- Explore development of 'Ontario Center of Excellence' (OCE) on Services

Huge Success!



About Strength in Services Strength in Services Summit 2009

Supersized and Precarious: The Service Class in Canada

LEAVE A COMMENT

by Kimberly Silk Today, more Canadians are employed in service Prosperity Insights work than any other type of work. While creative workers contribute disproportionately to economic growth, and while blue collar workers were once the largest segment of the labour force, today each group is outnumbered by the service class. According to the most recent Canadian Census, 7.4 million (46%) people are employed in service class jobs, compared to 4.7 million (29%) in the creative class, 3.4 million (22%) in the working class and less than a million (3%) in activities such as fi shing, farming and forestry. If policy makers wish to secure future prosperity, an understanding of the issues facing service workers, the country's largest group of workers, is vital. Current research by the Martin Prosperity Institute Click to download this Insight highlights the especially precarious nature of service work in Canada. Precarious occupations

are those with limited job security, few employment benefits, a lack of control over the labour process, and very low wages. Service class work is characterized by each of these forms of precariousness.

Employment income is arguably the most significant indicator used to measure precariousness. An individual's employment income determines their ability to access necessary goods and services, and



COMPETITIVENESS & PROSPERITY



Thank You!

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