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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of Board of Management of the Toronto Zoo

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Board of Management of the Toronto Zoo, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, remeasurement gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Board of Management of the Toronto Zoo as at December 31, 2014 and the results of its operations, its remeasurement gains and losses, changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants



Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2014

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Assets		
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable	5,314,480	8,968,593
City of Toronto (note 3) Toronto Foundation (note 11) Trade	1,384,444 98,247 1,795,118	976,678 - 1,200,844
Inventories Prepaid supplies	568,303 204,772	589,725 249,605
	9,365,364	11,985,445
Capital assets - net (note 4)	2,299,443	2,476,495
Receivable from City of Toronto (note 3(c))	11,526,178	11,308,050
	23,190,985	25,769,990
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 3 and 16) Deferred revenue (note 5) Due to Toronto Foundation (note 11)	5,154,780 4,135,947	6,704,488 4,149,664 554,591
	9,290,727	11,408,743
Employee future benefits payable (note 6)	11,526,178	11,308,050
Net Assets	20,816,905	22,716,793
Accumulated remeasurement gains	9,690	2,381
Internally restricted fund (note 7)	2,364,390	3,050,816
	2,374,080	3,053,197
	23,190,985	25,769,990
Commitments and contingencies (notes 14 and 15)		
Approved by the Board of Directors		
Director		Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2014

		2014_	2013
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(note 17)	D	Þ
Revenue Funding from City of Toronto			
General appropriation Capital works contribution	11,443,387 171,000	11,443,387 167,600	11,648,288 -
Funding from deferred revenue Admission	1,031,900 16,159,418	705,640 13,279,812	481,235 17,535,062
Membership	3,961,200	3,838,611	3,877,727
Food services Gift shop operations	6,528,072 3,244,000	6,067,464 2,804,836	7,712,376 4,046,962
Parking Rides and rentals	3,240,890 1,210,000	2,954,719 1,065,901	3,720,585 1,182,049
Education programs	909,396	936,970	870,086
Other revenue and recoveries Development (note 12)	1,300,377 2,455,160	1,472,003 3,227,062	1,694,972 1,574,901
Interest	10,000	6,604	6,530
	51,664,800	47,970,609	54,350,773
Expenses			
Operations and administration Conservation, education and wildlife	18,083,295 15,170,973	18,056,219 14,699,140	20,968,971 14,999,839
Marketing and communications	4,264,589	2,876,246	3,364,430
Food services Gift shop operations	4,878,966 2,318,812	4,789,269 2,199,889	5,853,331 2,703,295
General management	4,772,905	3,034,537	3,217,702
Development Amortization of capital assets	2,175,260	834,267 610,976	1,093,392 626,359
Post-employment benefits - net (note 6)		218,128	132,535
	51,664,800	47,318,671	52,959,854
Excess of revenue over expenses before the following	-	651,938	1,390,919
Transfer to Toronto Foundation (note 11)	_	(1,945,000)	(543,247)
Transfer from Zoo Stabilization Reserve		<i>(' , </i>	, ,
(notes 1, 3(b) and 10)	-	904,486	-
Transfer from City of Toronto related to change in employee future benefits payable (note 3(c))		218,128	132,535
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue) for the year		(170,448)	980,207

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31, 2014

				2014	2013
	Internally restricted \$ (note 7)	Unrestricted \$	Accumulated remeasurement gains	Total \$	Total \$
Net assets - Beginning of year	3,050,816	-	2,381	3,053,197	2,070,188
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue) for the year Interest on internally restricted fund (note 7) Change in net assets invested	- 6,604	(170,448) (6,604)		(170,448)	980,207
in capital assets Transfer of internally restricted	(177,052)	177,052	-		-
funds to capital fund Unrealized gains attributable to	(515,978)	_		(515,978)	-
foreign exchange		-	7,309	7,309	2,802
Net assets - End of year	2,364,390	1	9,690	2,374,080	3,053,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses For the year ended December 31, 2014

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) - Beginning of year	2,381	(421)
Unrealized gains attributable to foreign exchange	7,309	2,802
Accumulated remeasurement gains - End of year	9,690	2,381

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue) for the year Add: Items not involving cash	(170,448)	980,207
Transfer of internally restricted funds to capital fund Amortization of capital assets Employee future benefits payable Unrealized gains attributable to foreign exchange	(515,978) 610,976 218,128 7,309	626,359 132,535 2,802
	149,987	1,741,903
Changes in non-cash working capital balances Accounts receivable City of Toronto Trade Toronto Foundation Inventories Prepaid supplies Receivable from City of Toronto Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Toronto Foundation	(407,766) (594,274) (98,247) 21,422 44,833 (218,128) (1,549,708) (13,717) (554,591)	2,399,327 259,127 (225,515) 42,281 (132,535) (899,674) 527,921 543,247 4,256,082
Capital activities Purchase of capital assets	(433,924)	(1,600,036)
Increase (decrease) in cash during the year	(3,654,113)	2,656,046
Cash - Beginning of year	8,968,593	6,312,547
Cash - End of year	5,314,480	8,968,593

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements **December 31, 2014**

1 Operations and relationship with the City of Toronto

The Board of Management of the Toronto Zoo (the Board) is a local board established by the City of Toronto (the City). The Board operates, manages and maintains the zoological gardens and related facilities known as the Toronto Zoo (the Zoo) under the terms of an agreement between the Board and the City. As defined within the City of Toronto Act, 1997, the City is entitled to any surplus resulting from the Board's activities and is responsible for any deficit the Board incurs (note 3(b)).

The live collection of the Zoo is the property of the City and accordingly is not recorded in the accounts of the Board. The Board may transfer or loan specimen surpluses according to its needs, recording animal transactions at fair value. All these transactions are recorded through the Animal Transaction Reserve Fund held by the City (note 8). In addition, the City maintains an Endangered Species Reserve Fund for the Board (note 9).

The City established the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund in 1996 for the purpose of investing in revenuegenerating activities of the Board, preparing for special events in advance of the budget year and offsetting revenue shortfalls. The Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund is also recorded in the accounts of the City (note 10).

Major capital facilities are the property of the City. Consequently, major capital facilities are recorded in the accounts of the City and not in these financial statements (note 4). In addition, the Board contributes to the City's vehicle and insurance reserve and expenses these contributions as made. Contributions for the year amounted to \$333,000 (2013 - \$333,000) for the vehicle reserve and \$201,183 (2013 - \$201,183) for the insurance reserve, and are included within operations and administration on the statement of operations.

In 2012, the accreditation status of the Zoo was rescinded by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums (AZA). The AZA cited its decision was related to a governance matter resulting from a decision by Toronto City Council, overturning a previous Board decision. As a result, the Zoo has experienced some difficulties in transacting with other AZA accredited facilities in the areas of animal breeding loans related to the Species Survival Plans (SSP) and other animal acquisition requests on a case by case basis. At the same time, other AZA accredited facilities could request the return of animals or species currently on loan to the Zoo. Toronto Zoo management is working toward reinstatement of its AZA accreditation.

The Board is a registered charity and as such is not subject to income taxes.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) including the accounting standards that apply only to government not-for-profit organizations, as issued by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board, and include the following significant accounting policies.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

Revenue recognition

Revenue from admissions and other related services is recognized at point of sale. The Board follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized.

Memberships sold cover either a one or two-year period from the time of purchase. The related membership revenue is recognized in the statement of operations based on amortization of the membership fees collected.

Education programs revenue is recognized once services have been provided and payment is received.

Cash

Cash represents cash in the bank. There are no restrictions on the cash balances held at the financial institution.

Inventories

Inventories consist of gift shop merchandise and are recorded at the lower of cost, recorded on a first-in, first-out basis, and net realizable value.

The cost of gift shop merchandise sold recognized in the statement of operations for the year amounts to \$1,282,193 (2013 - \$1,704,970).

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment 3 years
Other equipment and animal structures 5 - 10 years
Furniture 10 years

Impairment of capital assets

The Board reviews the carrying amount, amortization and useful lives of its capital assets regularly. If the capital asset no longer has any long-term service potential to the Board, the excess of the net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations.

Contributed materials and services

Agreements are entered into with corporate sponsors whereby the sponsors provide products, advertising or entertainment support to the Zoo. In return, consideration is provided in a number of diverse ways, including specific rights to events and promotional activities or advertising recognition. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed materials and services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

Employee future benefits

The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to employee future benefit plans:

- the Board's contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan are expensed when contributions are due;
- the costs of termination benefits and non-vesting and non-accumulating compensated absences are
 recognized when the event that obligates the Board occurs. Costs include projected future compensation
 payments, health-care continuation costs and fees paid to the independent administrators of these plans,
 calculated on a present value basis;
- the costs of other employee benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation and expected health-care costs;
- past service costs from plan amendments are recognized in the period incurred;
- employee future benefit liabilities are discounted using the City's cost of borrowing; and
- net actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee group.

Derivative financial instruments

From time to time, the Board may utilize derivative financial instruments in the management of its purchase of electricity. The Board's policy is not to utilize derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Derivative contracts entered into by the City in connection with the purchase of electricity, to which the Board is a party, are not designated to be a hedging relationship and are recorded at their fair value as a financial asset or a financial liability based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes with changes in fair value, if any, recorded in the statement of operations.

As at December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no derivative financial instruments outstanding.

Financial assets and liabilities

The Board initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. The Board subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and long-term receivable from the City. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Transaction costs are capitalized and amortized on an effective interest rate basis over the useful life of the related financial instrument.

Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates prevailing at the transaction dates, Revenue and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the date of the transaction. Realized exchange losses of \$16,367 (2013 - losses of \$20,396) are included in the statement of operations. Unrealized foreign exchange losses are included in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3 Related party transactions - City of Toronto

- In the normal course of operations, the Board incurs costs for various expenses payable to the City such as hydro, legal and other administration costs. Transactions between the City and the Board are made at the agreed on exchange amount. In addition, the Board manages on behalf of the City the capital program for the Zoo. As a result, the Board will incur capital expenses that are recoverable from the City and these expenses comprise a large component of the year-end receivable with the City.
- b) As part of the terms of the agreement between the Board and the City, any operating excess or deficiency is to be transferred to or recovered from the City (note 1). These amounts are included in current accounts receivable from the City or payable to the City and the changes during the year are as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Due (to) the City related to operating expenses - Beginning of year Amounts paid by the City during the year Excess funding receivable from the City	(878,471) - 904,486	(878,471)
Due from (to) the City related to operating expenses - End of year	26,015	(878,471)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

- c) The Board has recorded a non-interest bearing, long-term receivable in connection with the expected recoveries of employee benefit costs (note 6) from the City, since the City is ultimately responsible for any deficit the Board incurs.
- d) In the normal course of operations, the Board purchases hydro energy services from Toronto Hydro, which is a related party by virtue of its relationship with the City. In the current year, services purchased from Toronto Hydro during the year amounted to \$1,532,478 (2013 \$1,433,528). The amount payable to Toronto Hydro at year-end was \$148,639 (2013 \$157,926).

4 Capital assets

The live collection of the Zoo and the major capital facilities are the property of the City. The City, through its capital works program, financed approximately \$3,192,543 (2013 - \$4,673,152) of capital improvements to the Zoo during the year. Since the capital facilities are not an asset of the Board, these amounts have not been recorded in these financial statements.

Capital assets consist of the following:			
		\searrow	2014
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Computer equipment Other equipment and animal structures Furniture	174,630 5,984,272 359,205	169,637 3,886,993 162,034	4,993 2,097,279 197,171
	6,518,107	4,218,664	2,299,443
			2013
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Computer equipment Other equipment and animal structures Furniture	174,630 5,612,495 297,058	164,644 3,316,931 126,113	9,986 2,295,564 170,945

6,084,183

3,607,688

5 Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes the amount of funds that has been received from membership operations and specific grant-based operating projects the Board has not yet expended.

2,476,495

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

The changes for the year in the deferred revenue balance are as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Balance - Beginning of year Amounts received and deferred Amounts recognized	4,149,664 3,630,426 (3,644,143)	3,621,743 3,579,367 (3,051,446)
Balance - End of year	4,135,947	4,149,664

6 Employee benefits

The Board has a number of defined benefit plans providing pension, sick leave, gratuity benefits and other retirement and post-employment benefits, including health, dental, life insurance and long-term disability benefits to certain employees. Information about the Board's defined benefit plans, other than the multi-employer defined benefit plan, has been noted, in aggregate, below.

	2014	2013 \$
Sick leave Other retirement and post-employment benefits	3,110,046 10,041,073	2,873,260 8,753,616
Total accrued benefit obligations Unamortized actuarial loss	13,151,119 (1,624,941)	11,626,876 (318,826)
Total employee future benefits payable	11,526,178	11,308,050

Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the Board's employment. The liability for the accumulated sick leave days represents the extent to which the eligible employees' accumulated sick leave has vested and could be taken in cash by them on termination.

The continuity of the Board's accrued benefit obligations is as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Balance - Beginning of year	11,626,876	11,791,679
Current service costs Interest cost	467,537 426,197	487,848 394,673
Benefits paid Actuarial gain (loss)	(709,075) 1,339,584	(799,845) (247,479)
Balance - End of year	13,151,119	11,626,876

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

The total expenses related to these benefits include the following components:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Current service costs Interest cost Amortization of actuarial gain	467,537 426,197 33,469	487,848 394,673 49,859
	927,203	932,380

For purposes of the financial statement presentation, these expenses are included in the figures in the statement of operations. These expenses are not included in the budget numbers, as they are not part of the financial planning process with the City and as such they result in an excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses from budget.

Estimated payments made during the year are as follows:

	2014	2013 \$
Sick leave Other retirement and post-employment benefits	208,160 500,915	286,166 513,679
	709,075	799,845

The net expense recorded by the Zoo for its post-employment benefit expense less estimated benefits paid during the year is as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Total expenses Estimated benefits paid	927,203 (709,075)	932,380 (799,845)
	218,128	132,535

The benefit plans, as noted above, are all unfunded; however, the Board participates in reserve funds established by the City. The amounts contributed to these reserve funds during the year were \$2,015,226 (2013 - \$1,864,715) and are included in the statement of operations.

Due to complexities in valuing the liabilities, actuarial valuations are conducted on a periodic basis. The most recent actuarial valuation was completed on December 31, 2012. The next actuarial valuation is planned for December 31, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Board's accrued benefit obligations and benefit costs are as follows:

	2014 %	2013 %
Discount rate for accrued benefit obligations Sick leave	3.2	4.1
Other retirement and post-employment benefits Discount rate for accrued benefit costs	2.8 - 3.4	3.6 - 4.4
Sick leave	3.2	4.1
Other retirement and post-employment benefits	2.8 - 3.4	3.6 - 4.4
Rate of compensation increase	3.0	3.0

For measurement purposes, a 6% (2013 - 6.4%) annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health-care benefits was assumed. The rate is assumed to decrease gradually to 4.0% by 2020 and remain at that level thereafter.

In addition to the above-noted plans, the Board makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund, which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of qualifying employees. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Total employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2014 amounted to \$1,883,935 (2013 - \$1,754,384).

7 Internally restricted fund

Details of the internally restricted net assets are as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Invested in capital assets Ride & Revenue Development project	2,299,443 64,947	2,476,495 574,321
	2,364,390	3,050,816

The Board has internally restricted \$64,947 (2013 - \$574,321) for the Ride & Revenue Development project, consisting of insurance proceeds and interest earned thereon, from the monorail property damage claim for anticipated capital improvements.

8 Animal Transaction Reserve Fund

The Animal Transaction Reserve Fund is a fund of the City and is not recorded in these financial statements. The purpose of the Animal Transaction Reserve Fund is to accumulate all funds earned from animal disposition activity, which are available to the Zoo to be used to finance any net cost of animal acquisitions. Details of the Animal Transaction Reserve Fund are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Balance - Beginning of year Revenue	51,955	92,711
Revenue from animal dispositions Interest earned	28,327 5,595	13,000 5,795
Expenses Animal acquisitions	(70,049)	(59,551)
Balance - End of year	15,828	51,955

9 Endangered Species Reserve Fund

The Endangered Species Reserve Fund is a fund of the City and is not recorded in these financial statements. The Endangered Species Reserve Fund was established for the purpose of funding conservation, education and research projects for the preservation of endangered species. Details of the Endangered Species Reserve Fund are as follows:

		2014	2013 \$
Balance - Beginning of year Revenue		912,342	889,389
Interest earned Donations, grants and wishing we	ells	18,319 44,302	17,628 48,379
Expenses Services and rentals		(21,137)	(43,054)
Balance - End of year		953,826	912,342

10 Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund

The Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund is a fund of the City and is not recorded in these financial statements. The City established the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund for the purpose of investing in revenue generating activities, preparing for special events in advance of the budget year and offsetting revenue shortfalls with the objective of reducing the Zoo's reliance on the City's tax levy. For years beginning after December 31, 2004, any excess funds are to be transferred to the City, unless approved otherwise, as a transfer to the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund.

In the 2013 budget, the City granted the Zoo a five-year exemption starting in 2013, to allow operating surpluses to be contributed to the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund. These contributions are to be applied to any unforeseen year-end operating deficits during the five-year period. Any unapplied contributions are to be transferred to the Animal Transaction Reserve Fund at the end of the five years. As a result of the 2014 operations, the Zoo withdrew \$904,486 (2013 - \$nil) from the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

Details of the movements in the Zoo Stabilization Reserve Fund are as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Balance - Beginning of year Contributions Interest earned Withdrawals	2,938,402 35,659 (904,486)	2,938,402 - -
Balance - End of year	2,069,575	2,938,402

11 Toronto Foundation

In an agreement between the Board and the dissolved Toronto Zoo Foundation, the Toronto Zoo Foundation's financial assets of \$6,293,769 were transferred to the Toronto Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation performs a financial stewardship role and administers the funds in accordance with the terms of the trust agreement between the Foundation and the Board.

The value of funds administered by the Foundation as at December 31 is outlined below:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Donor restricted funds Internally restricted Unrestricted Development	2,636,623 3,139,721 3,500,948 32,650	2,370,496 2,823,781 3,148,675 29,365
	9,309,942	8,372,317

The Board and the Foundation entered into a Trust Distribution Agreement on May 29, 2009, which defines how the trust property is distributed to the Zoo and the reporting requirements for the parties.

A separate development fund agreement between the Foundation and the Board, effective August 17, 2010, outlines the process relating to funds raised subsequent to this date by the development division of the Zoo and transferred to the Foundation, to be held by this organization on behalf of, and for the future use of, the Zoo.

The value of the funds governed under the development fund agreement was \$4,455,148 (2013 - \$1,565,870). The Board approved a transfer of \$2,000,000 during 2014 to the development fund of the Foundation and as at December 31, 2014 the transfer amounted to \$1,945,000 equal to the value of an estate donation received. The net activities between the Board and the Foundation have resulted in a receivable of \$98,247 (2013 - payable of \$554,591), which is reflected in the statement of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

12 Development activities

During the year, the development activities for the Zoo are as follows:

	2014	2013 \$
Contributions Deferred revenue	3,992,581 (765,519)	2,192,603 (617,702)
Development revenue	3,227,062	1,574,901

Contributions received for program expenses not yet incurred are reflected in deferred revenue on the statement of financial position. Included in deferred revenue as at December 31, 2014, the amount of deferred development contributions is \$2,040,794 (2013 - \$1,616,816).

13 Financial risk management

The main risks to which the Zoo's financial instruments are exposed are as follows:

Currency risk

The Zoo is exposed to foreign currency risk between the Canadian dollar and foreign currency (US dollar).

Financial instruments subject to foreign currency risk include cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Zoo does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. The Zoo believes it has low exposure to currency risk given the low magnitude and volume of foreign currency transactions.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the inability of an entity to meet its current obligations from the proceeds of current assets.

The Zoo believes it has moderate exposure to liquidity risk given the value of accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Accounts receivable are exposed to credit risk since there is a risk of counterparty default. The Zoo provides an allowance for doubtful accounts to absorb potential credit losses. As at December 31, 2014, the harmonized sales tax recoverability amount represents 90% of the total trade accounts receivable balance (2013 - 70%).

The Zoo believes it has low exposure to credit risk.



Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

14 Capital expenditures commitment

As at December 31, 2014, the Board was contractually committed for \$671,661 in capital expenditures. Payment of these commitments is expected in 2015, based on management's best estimate.

15 Contingencies

In the normal course of its operations, the Board is subject to various arbitrations, litigations and claims. Where a potential liability is determinable, management believes the ultimate disposition of the matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in the accounts. In other cases, the ultimate outcome of the claims cannot be determined at this time. Any additional losses related to claims will be recorded in the year during which the liability is determinable.

16 Pay equity

An accrual for pay equity amounts due to employees and former employees of \$65,259 (2013 - \$98,650) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Any increase or decrease to this accrual for pay equity has no impact on the excess revenue over expenses since there is an equal and offsetting adjustment to the transfer of funding to the City.

17 Budgeted figures

The budgeted figures presented in the statement of operations have been obtained from the 2014 budget approved by the Council of the City of Toronto.