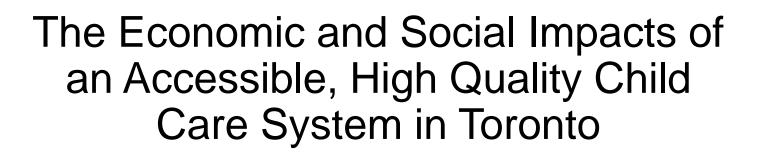
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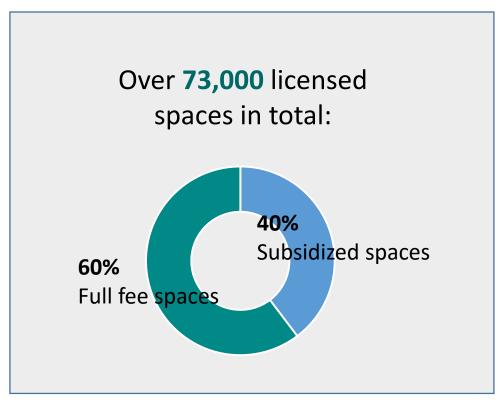
Presentation to Economic Development Committee
October 11, 2017

Elaine Baxter-Trahair, General Manager, Children's Services, Mike Williams, General Manager, Economic Development and Culture

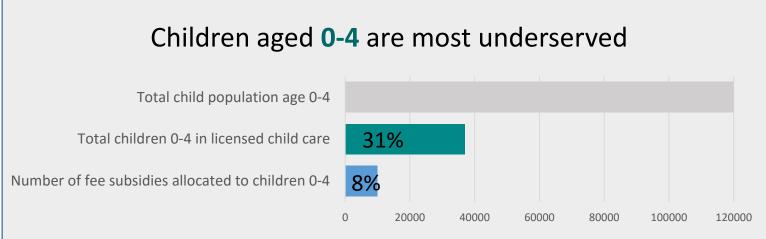


Toronto's context

- Children's Services is the Service System Manager for early learning and child care
- Toronto is the second largest child care system in Canada







Toronto's context

Toronto's child care is of good quality and is becoming more accessible:

Council adopted Toronto's Licensed Child Care Growth Strategy:



Support a thriving workforce

Good jobs that attract and retain child care professionals

Build capacity to meet demand

Enough licensed, centre-based child care spaces for 50% of children under the age of 4, and the capacity required to operate those spaces.

Improve affordability for families

Public investments that keep parent fees affordable for families across all income groups, and fee subsidies for families in need

Increased Federal and Provincial investments

Five key areas of impact:

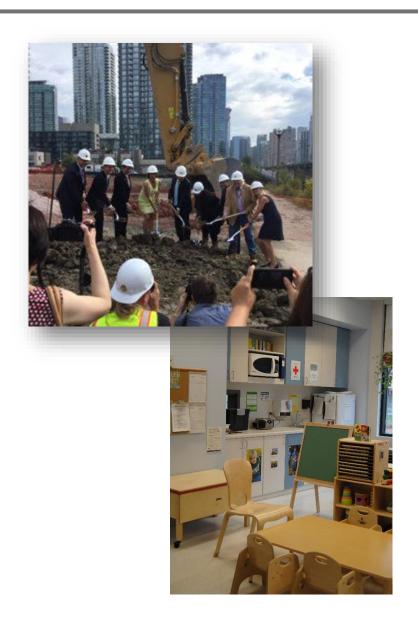
Potential economic stimulus

Increased labour market participation

Reduced poverty and reliance on government programs

Improved child development outcomes

Increased social networks for families



Moderate potential for an economic stimulus:

- The employment multiplier for child care sector is largest of all sectors.
- Indirect impacts are relatively small
- Induced multiplier for child care is larger than industries with higher salaries.
- Increasing government spending on child care funded from local taxes is expected to be mildly stimulative, if there is a pool of unemployed and qualified child care workers in Toronto to fill the additional jobs

Advances female outcomes in the workplace:

- Key enabler for parents to work and improve employable skills
- Benefits are most significant for mothers
- For every 4-5 child care spaces created, 1 additional full-time female enters the labour force.
- Increased participation rate is sustained long-term.
- Identified as one of five key factors in reducing the gender gap, McKinsey & Company, 2017.



In Quebec:

Women's participation in the labour market:

All mothers:

12%
Increase in percentage points

Most vulnerable mothers:



Reduced poverty and decreased reliance on government-funded programs:

- Affordable child care is key lever in helping families move out of poverty.
- Long-term, sustained benefits
- Improved health and safety outcomes
- Supports Toronto's Poverty Reduction Strategy

In Quebec:







Stronger child development for a stronger future workforce:

- Critical development occurs in early years that impact life-long skills and functioning
- Participation in quality early learning advances literacy, numeracy and success in school.
- Builds more productive, more innovative future workforce
- Quality is key; Toronto is a leader in quality programming



Academic test scores:

from 30^{th} to 50^{th} percentile

High school graduation rate: 50% increase

Builds social networks and supports for families:

- Child care centres serve as centralizing hub
- Parents linked to each other and to other services
- Shown to decrease isolation and improve psychological well-being
- Potential to improve inclusion, belonging and promote diversity from early age
- Can be first point of contact for newcomer families



To achieve full scope of impacts, child care programs must be:



Accessible

Affordable • Available • Universal approach

& High Quality

"Not only do high-quality early childhood education programs benefit children, they also have positive impacts on parents and the economy as a whole.

The benefits of early childhood education far outweigh the costs.

Ultimately, investment in early education can help to address core economic and social challenges."