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File No. 020451/000183

July 3, 2019

Delivered by Email (Julie.Amoroso@toronto.ca)

City of Toronto
City Clerk's Office
100 Queen Street West
City Hall, 10th Floor, West Tower

Attention: Julie Amoroso
Committee Administrator

*To be circulated to Executive Committee presiding
over the EDC Complaint hearing of July 4, 2019
referenced herein.*

Dear Ms. Amoroso:

**Re: Executive Committee Item EX7.13
Development Charge Complaint
1383, 1385, 1389, 1399 and 1403 Military Trail**

We are counsel to the Toronto Catholic District School Board (“TCDSB”) in respect of the above-noted matter. I write in response to the Notice Letter sent by Ms. Julie Amoroso to the TCDSB dated June 26, 2019 enclosing City of Toronto Report for Action EX7.13 regarding the education development charges complaint filed by Military Trail Development Corporation (“Military Trail”) dated October 10, 2017 to be heard by the Executive Committee on July 4, 2019.

We have reviewed the report recommending that the Executive Committee should dismiss the complaint filed pursuant to Section 257.85 of the *Education Act*. We are instructed to provide this letter to Executive Committee in support of the CFO and Treasurer’s position, principally for the reasons set out in the staff report and the reasons herein.

The TCDSB is in agreement with the staff report that the exemption in Section 9(2) of TCDSB EDC By-law 178-2013 as amended by EDC Amending By-law no. 186¹ (the “EDC By-law”, the in-force by-law regime at the relevant time period which is attached hereto as **Attachment “A”**) does not apply to the facts of this case. The demolition permit was issued on January 29, 2013, more than three years prior to the issuance of the building permits. The extension of a

¹ There may be a typographical error in the Staff Report which refers to TCDSB EDC By-law as 173-2013

demolition permit does not constitute a new demolition permit within the meaning of the EDC By-law. The EDCs applied to Military Trail's building permits were therefore applied correctly.

Pursuant to Section 257.85 of the *Education Act*, City Council may only hear a complaint in respect of the criteria set out in Subsections 257.85(a)-(c) as follows:

- a) The EDC was incorrectly determined;
- b) The amount of an EDC credit was incorrectly determined; or
- c) There was an error in the application of the EDC Bylaw.

An EDC can only be rectified by Executive Committee if the complainant can demonstrate an error in its determination pursuant to the wording of the EDC By-law. A complaint hearing does not provide a forum to waive EDCs on the grounds that the facts of this case are not in accordance with the spirit of the *Education Act* due to the extension of the demolition permits or any other discretionary factors.

On that basis, the TCDSB respectfully requests that Executive Committee dismiss Military Trail's request to waive a portion of the EDCs payable.

Best regards,

BORDEN LADNER GERVAIS LLP



Andrew Baker

AB/jcm

cc:

Robert Hatton, Director, Strategic & Intergovernmental Initiatives, Corporate Finance Division, Tel: 416-392-9149; Fax: 416-397-4555; Email: robert.hatton@toronto.ca

Tim Crawford, Director Building Deputy CBO, Infrastructure & Development Services Division, Tel: 416-392-7526; Email: tim.crawford@toronto.ca

Michael Loberto, Superintendent of Planning, TCDSB, Michael.Loberto@tcdsb.org

TORONTO CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT CHARGES AMENDING BY-LAW 2015 NO. 186

PREAMBLE

1. Section 257.54(1) of the *Education Act* (the "Act") enables a district school board to pass by-laws for the imposition of education development charges against land if there is residential development in its area of jurisdiction that would increase education land costs and the residential development requires one or more of the actions identified in section 257.54(2) of the Act.
2. The Toronto Catholic District School Board (the "Board") determined in 2013 that the residential development of land to which this by-law applies increased education land costs, and therefore proceeded through the statutory process provided for in the Act to enact Education Development Charges By-law 2013 No. 178 (the "2013 EDC By-law").
3. The 2013 EDC By-law provided for phased-in educational development charges in the amounts set out in Schedule A to the 2013 EDC By-law.
4. Section 257.70 of the Act provides that the Board may pass a by-law amending the 2013 EDC By-law to increase the amount of an education development charge that will be payable in any case, and to extend the term of the by-law.
5. Actual expenditures incurred in the acquisition of EDC-eligible school sites during the term of the 2013 EDC By-law have been higher than the appraised values provided at the time of the adoption of the 2013 EDC By-law.
6. The Board anticipates the education development charge account being in a deficit position and has therefore determined that the amount of the education development charges payable on residential and non-residential development must be increased.
7. The Board has given notice of its proposal to amend the 2013 EDC By-law in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Regulations thereunder.

NOW THEREFORE THE TORONTO CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD
HEREBY ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. The 2013 EDC By-law is hereby amended by deleting Schedule A to the 2013 EDC By-law and replacing it as of July 1, 2015 as follows:

SCHEDULE A

RESIDENTIAL CHARGE – Section 8	
By-law Period	Education Development Charge Per Dwelling Unit
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018	\$1,493

NON-RESIDENTIAL CHARGE – Section 11	
By-law Period	Education Development Charge Per Square Foot of Gross Floor Area of Non-Residential Development
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018	\$1.07

No Change in Other Provisions

2. All other provisions of the 2013 EDC By-law shall remain in full force and effect.

Date By-law In Force

3. This By-law shall come into force on July 1, 2015.

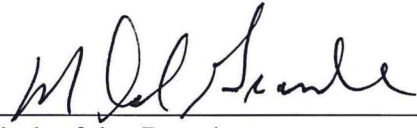
Date By-law Expires

4. This By-law expires on June 30, 2018, unless it is repealed at an earlier date.

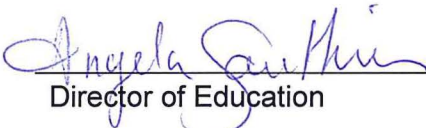
Short Title

5. This By-law may be cited as the Toronto Catholic District School Board Education Development Charges Amending By-law 2015 No. 186.

ENACTED AND PASSED this 11th day of June, 2015.



Chair of the Board



Director of Education

TORONTO CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT CHARGES BY-LAW 2013 NO. 178,
AS AMENDED BY BY-LAW 2015 NO. 186

PREAMBLE

1. Section 257.54(1) of the *Education Act* (the “Act”) enables a district school board to pass by-laws for the imposition of education development charges against land if there is residential development in its area of jurisdiction that would increase education land costs and the residential development requires one or more of the actions identified in section 257.54(2) of the Act.
2. The Toronto Catholic District School Board (the “Board”) has determined that the residential development of land to which this by-law applies increases education land costs.
3. The Board will experience enrolment growth in the areas of the City of Toronto where it has no sites for new schools or where its existing sites cannot accommodate more students without an addition for which it will require land. The only available funding source for the acquisition of land is education development charges.

The Board regrets that it has no choice but to impose education development charges. The Board also regrets that it is unable to provide exemptions for affordable housing because doing so would leave the Board without sufficient funds to acquire the land it needs to accommodate enrolment growth.

4. Section 257.54(4) of the Act provides that an education development charge by-law may apply to the entire area of jurisdiction of a board or only part of it.
5. The Board has referred its estimates of the total number of new elementary and secondary pupils and its estimates of the number of elementary and secondary school sites to the Ministry of Education for approval, and such approval was given on June 6, 2013 under section 10 of Regulation 20/98.
6. The Board has conducted a review of its education development charge policies and held public meetings on April 25 and May 9, 2013, in accordance with section 257.60 of the Act.
7. The estimated average number of secondary school pupils of the Board over the five years immediately following the day this by-law comes into force will exceed the total capacity of the Board to accommodate secondary school pupils throughout its jurisdiction on the day this by-law is passed.
8. The Board has given a copy of the education development charges background study relating to this by-law to the Minister of Education and to each school board having jurisdiction within the area to which this by-law applies in accordance with section 10 of Ont. Reg. 20/98.

9. The Board has therefore complied with conditions prescribed by section 10 of Regulation 20/98.
 10. The Board has given notice and held public meetings on April 25 and May 9, 2013, in accordance with section 257.63(1) of the *Education Act* and permitted any person who attended the public meeting to make representations in respect of the proposed education development charges.
 11. The Board has determined in accordance with section 257.63(3) of the Act that no additional public meeting is necessary in respect of this by-law.
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NOW THEREFORE THE TORONTO CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD
HEREBY ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

PART I - APPLICATION

Defined Terms

1. In this by-law,
 - (a) "Act" means the *Education Act*;
 - (b) "area of the By-law" means the City of Toronto resulting from the amalgamation effected on January 1, 1998 under the *City of Toronto Act, 1997 S.O. 1997, c.2*;
 - (c) "Board" means the Toronto Catholic District School Board;
 - (d) "development" means any activity or proposed activity in respect of land that requires one or more of the actions referred to in Sections 5 and 6 of this by-law, and includes a trailer or mobile home park, the redevelopment of land or the redevelopment, expansion, extension or alteration, or any two or more of them, of a use, building or structure;
 - (e) "dwelling unit" means living accommodation comprising a single housekeeping unit within any part of a building or structure used, designed or intended to be used by one person or persons living together, with or without culinary and sanitary facilities provided for the exclusive use of such person or persons, but does not include a room or suite of rooms in a hotel. For greater clarity, a dwelling unit shall include both a "dwelling unit" and a "dwelling room" as defined in City of Toronto By-law No. 275-2009 as of the date of this By-law;
 - (f) "education development charge" means charges imposed pursuant to this by-law in accordance with the Act;
 - (g) "education land costs" means costs incurred or proposed to be incurred by the Board,
 - (i) to acquire land or an interest in land, including a leasehold interest, to be used by the Board to provide pupil accommodation;

- (ii) to provide services to the land or otherwise prepare the site so that a building or buildings may be built on the land to provide pupil accommodation;
 - (iii) to prepare and distribute education development charge background studies as required under the Act;
 - (iv) as interest on money borrowed to pay for costs described in paragraphs (i) and (ii); and
 - (v) to undertake studies in connection with an acquisition referred to in paragraph (i).
- (h) “existing industrial building” means a building used for or in connection with:
- (i) manufacturing, producing, processing, storing or distributing something;
 - (ii) research or development in connection with manufacturing, producing or processing something;
 - (iii) retail sales by a manufacturer, producer or processor of something they manufactured, produced, if the retail sales are at the site where the manufacturing, production or processing takes place; or
 - (iv) office or administrative purposes, if they are:
 - (A) carried out with respect to manufacturing, producing, processing, storage or distributing of something; and
 - (B) in or attached to the building or structure used for that manufacturing, producing, processing, storage or distribution;
- (i) “gross floor area” means the total floor area, measured between the outside of exterior walls or between the outside of exterior walls and the centre line of party walls or demising walls dividing the building from another building, of all floors above the average level of finished ground adjoining the building at its exterior walls and, for the purpose of this definition, the non-residential portion of a mixed-use building is deemed to include one-half of any area common to the residential and non-residential portions of such mixed-use building or structure;
- (j) “local board” means a local board as defined in the *Municipal Affairs Act*, other than a district school board;
- (k) “mixed use” means land, buildings or structures used, or designed or intended for use, for a combination of non-residential and residential uses;
- (l) “non-residential use” means lands, buildings or structures or portions thereof used, or designed or intended for any use other than residential use, and includes, but is not limited to, an office, retail, industrial or institutional use;

- (m) “residential development” means lands, buildings or structures developed or to be developed for residential use;
 - (n) “residential use” means lands, buildings or structures of any kind whatsoever or any portion thereof, used, designed or intended for use as a dwelling unit or units, including accessory uses naturally and normally incidental in purpose and exclusively devoted to the residential use for one or more individuals and includes a unit designed for combined live/work uses, but does not include a hotel or similar building or structure providing temporary accommodation, and shall include a residential use accessory to a non-residential use and the residential component of a mixed use or of an agricultural use.
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- 2. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this By-law, the definitions contained in the Act or the regulations under the Act shall have the same meanings in this By-law.
 - 3. In this By-law where reference is made to a statute, a section of a statute, or a regulation, such reference will be deemed to be a reference to any successor statute, section or regulation.

Lands Affected

- 4.
 - (a) Subject to section 4(b), this By-law applies to all lands in the area of the By-law.
 - (b) This By-law shall not apply to lands that are owned by and are used for the purpose_of:
 - (i) a municipality or a local board thereof;
 - (ii) a district school board;
 - (iii) a public hospital receiving aid under the *Public Hospitals Act*;
 - (iv) a publicly-funded university, community college or a college of applied arts and technology established under the *Ministry of Colleges and Universities Act*, or a predecessor statute;
 - (v) The Toronto Area Transit Operating Authority ("GO Transit");
 - (vi) a cemetery or burying ground that is exempt from taxation under section 3 of the *Assessment Act*; or
 - (vii) temporary uses permitted under s. 39 of the *Planning Act*.

PART II - EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

5.

(1) In accordance with the Act and this by-law, and subject to sections 9 and 10, the Board hereby imposes an education development charge against land undergoing residential development or redevelopment in the area of the By-law if the residential development or redevelopment requires any one of those actions set out in subsection 257.54(2) of the Act, namely:

- (a) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to zoning by-law under section 34 of the *Planning Act*;
- (b) the approval of a minor variance under section 45 of the *Planning Act*;
- (c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under subsection 50(7) of the *Planning Act* applies;
- (d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under section 51 of the *Planning Act*;
- (e) a consent under section 53 of the *Planning Act*;
- (f) the approval of a description under section 50 of the *Condominium Act*; or
- (g) the issuing of a permit under the *Building Code Act, 1992* in relation to a building or structure,

where the first building permit issued in relation to a building or structure for above ground construction is issued on or after the date the By-law comes into force.

(2) An education development charge will be collected once in respect of a particular development or redevelopment, but this does not prevent the application of this By-law to future development or redevelopment on the same property.

6.

(1) In accordance with the Act and this By-law, and subject to sections 12 and 13, the Board hereby imposes an education development charge against land undergoing non-residential development or redevelopment in the area of the By-law which has the effect of increasing existing gross floor area of such development if the non-residential development or redevelopment requires any one of those actions set out in subsection 257.54(2) of the Act, namely:

- (a) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to a zoning by-law under section 34 of the *Planning Act*;
- (b) the approval of a minor variance under section 45 of the *Planning Act*;

- (c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under subsection 50(7) of the *Planning Act* applies;
 - (d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under section 51 of the *Planning Act*;
 - (e) a consent under section 53 of the *Planning Act*;
 - (f) the approval of a description under section 50 of the *Condominium Act*; or
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- (g) the issuing of a permit under the *Building Code Act, 1992* in relation to a building or structure.

where the first building permit issued in relation to a building or structure for above around construction is issued on or after the date the By-law comes into force.

(2) An education development charge will be collected once in respect of a particular development or redevelopment, but this does not prevent the application of this by-law to future development or redevelopment on the same property.

7. Subject to the provisions of this By-law, the Board hereby designates all categories of residential development and non-residential development and all residential and non-residential uses of land, buildings or structures as those upon which education development charges shall be imposed.

Residential Education Development Charges

8. Subject to the provisions of this By-law, the Board hereby imposes an education development charge in the amount set out in Schedule A to this By-law per dwelling unit upon the designated categories of residential development and the designated residential uses of lands, buildings or structures, including a dwelling unit accessory to a non-residential use, and, in the case of a mixed-use building or structure, upon the dwelling units in the mixed-use building or structure.

Exemptions from Residential Education Development Charges

9. As required by subsection 257.54(3) of the Act, an education development charge shall not be imposed with respect to:
- (a) the enlargement of an existing dwelling unit; or
 - (b) the creation of one or two additional dwelling units as prescribed in section 3 of Regulation 20/98 as follows:

NAME OF CLASS OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDING	DESCRIPTION OF CLASS OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL DWELLING UNITS	RESTRICTIONS
Single detached dwellings	Residential buildings, each of which contains a single dwelling unit, that are not attached to other buildings.	Two	The total gross floor area of the additional dwelling unit or units must be less than or equal to the gross floor area of the dwelling unit already in the building.
Semi-detached dwellings or row dwellings	Residential buildings, each of which contains a single dwelling unit, that have one or two vertical walls, but no other parts, attached to other buildings.	One	The gross floor area of the additional dwelling unit must be less than or equal to the gross floor area of the dwelling unit already in the building.
Other residential buildings	A residential building not in another class of residential building described in this table.	One	The gross floor area of the additional dwelling unit must be less than or equal to the gross floor area of the smallest dwelling unit already in the building.

10.

(1) An education development charge under section 8 shall not be imposed with respect to the replacement, on the same site, of a dwelling unit that was destroyed by fire, demolition or otherwise, or that was so damaged by fire, demolition or otherwise as to render it uninhabitable.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), education development charges shall be imposed under section 8 if the building permit for the replacement dwelling unit is issued more than 3 years after,

- (a) the date the former dwelling unit was destroyed or became uninhabitable; or
- (b) if the former dwelling unit was demolished pursuant to a demolition permit issued before the former dwelling unit was destroyed or became uninhabitable, the date the demolition permit was issued.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1), education development charges shall be imposed under section 8 against any dwelling unit or units on the same site in addition to the dwelling unit or units being replaced. The onus is on the applicant to produce evidence to the satisfaction of the Board, acting reasonably, to establish the number of dwelling units being replaced.

(4) Subject to section 16, an education development charge shall be imposed under section 8 where a non-residential building or structure is replaced by or converted to, in whole or in part, a residential building or structure.

Non-Residential Education Development Charges

11. Subject to the provisions of this By-law, the Board hereby imposes an education development charge in the amount set out in Schedule A to this By-law per square foot of gross floor area of non-residential development upon the designated categories of non-residential development and the designated non-residential uses of land, buildings or structures and, in the case of a mixed use building or structure, upon the non-residential uses in the mixed-use building or structure.

Exemptions from Non-Residential Education Development Charges

12. As required by section 257.55 of the Act, if a development includes the enlargement of the gross floor area of an existing industrial building, the amount of the education development charge that is payable in respect of the enlargement is determined in accordance with the following rules:

- (a) if the gross floor area is enlarged by 50 per cent or less, the amount of the education development charge in respect of the enlargement is zero;
- (b) if the gross floor area is enlarged by more than 50 per cent, the amount of the education development charge in respect of the enlargement is the amount of the education development charge that would otherwise be payable multiplied by the fraction determined as follows:
 - (i) determine the amount by which the enlargement exceeds 50 per cent of the gross floor area before the enlargement; and
 - (ii) divide the amount determined under paragraph 1 by the amount of the enlargement.

13.

- (a) As required by section 5 of Regulation 20/98, subject to paragraphs (b) and (c), an education development charge under s. 11 shall not be imposed with respect to the replacement, on the same site, of a non-residential building that was destroyed by fire, demolition or otherwise, or that was so damaged by fire, demolition or otherwise as to render it unusable.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), an education development charge shall be imposed under section 11 against any additional gross floor area of any non-

residential development on the same site in excess of the gross floor area of the non-residential building or structure being replaced, subject to the following calculation:

If the gross floor area of the non-residential part of the replacement building exceeds the gross floor area of the non-residential part of the building being replaced, the exemption applies with respect to the portion of the education development charge calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Exempted portion} = \frac{\text{GFA (old)} \times \text{EDC}}{\text{GFA (new)}}$$

where,

"Exempted portion" means the portion of the education development charge that the board is required to exempt;

"GFA (old)" means the gross floor area of the non-residential part of the building being replaced;

"GFA (new)" means the gross floor area of the non-residential part of the replacement building;

"EDC" means the education development charge that would be payable in the absence of the exemption.

- (c) The exemption in paragraph (a) does not apply if the building permit for the replacement building is issued more than 5 years after:
 - (i) the date the former building was destroyed or became unusable; or
 - (ii) if the former building was demolished pursuant to a demolition permit issued before the former building was destroyed or became unusable, the date the demolition permit was issued.
 - (d) Subject to section 16, an education development charge shall be imposed under section 11 where a residential building or structure is replaced by or converted to, in whole or in part, a non-residential building or structure.
14. The education development charge to be imposed in respect of mixed use development shall be the aggregate of the amount applicable to the residential development component and the amount applicable to the non-residential development component.

15.

- (a) Where it appears to the Board that the land values underlying the education development charge calculation are predicting higher costs than the Board is generally experiencing over a period of time sufficient to show the discrepancy with a reasonable degree of assurance, the Board shall consider a motion to study amending the By-law to reduce the charge.
- (b) Where it appears to the Board that the land values underlying the education development charge calculation are predicting lower costs than the Board is generally experiencing over a period of time sufficient to show the discrepancy with a reasonable degree of assurance, the Board shall consider a motion to study amending the By-law to increase the charge.

Credits

16. This section applies where an education development charge has previously been paid in respect of development on land and the land is being redeveloped, except where sections 9 and 10, and/or sections 12 and 13 apply:
- (a) The education development charge payable in respect of the redevelopment will be calculated under this By-law;
 - (b) The education development charge determined under paragraph (a) will be reduced by a credit equivalent to the education development charge previously paid in respect of the land, provided that the credit shall not exceed the education development charge determined under paragraph (a);
 - (c) Where the redevelopment applies to part of the land the amount of the credit shall be calculated on a proportionate basis having regard to the development permissions being displaced by the new development. For example, if 10% of non-residential gross floor area of a non-residential building is being displaced by residential development through conversion, the residential education development charge on the applicable number of units will be calculated under section 8 of the By-law, and the credit will be the education development charge originally paid on the gross floor area being converted subject to the limit in paragraph (b).

PART III - ADMINISTRATION

Payment of Education Development Charges

17. The education development charge in respect of a development is payable to the City of Toronto on the date that the first building permit for above ground construction is issued in relation to a building or structure on land to which the education development charge applies.
18. Education development charges shall be paid by cash, by certified cheque or by bank draft.

19. Where, under a legally binding written agreement entered into by the Board, lands within the area of the By-law were exempted in whole or in part from the payment of an education development charge pursuant to the terms and provisions of such agreement, any education development charge that is payable pursuant to this By-law shall be subject to the provisions of that agreement and the education development charge shall be reduced or pro-rated accordingly. Where there is a specific and direct contradiction between the terms of any such agreement and the provisions of this By-law, the terms of the agreement shall prevail.
 20. The Treasurer of the Board shall establish and maintain an education development charge reserve fund in accordance with the Act, the Regulations and this By-law.
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Payment by Land

21. Subject to the requirements of the Act, the Board may by agreement permit an owner to provide land in lieu of the payment of all or any portion of an education development charge. In such event, the Treasurer of the Board shall advise the Treasurer of the City of Toronto of the amount of the credit to be applied to the education development charge.

Collection of Unpaid Education Development Charges

22. In accordance with section 257.96 of the Act, section 349 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, S.O. 2001, c. 25, as amended, applies with necessary modifications with respect to an education development charge or any part of it that remains unpaid after it is payable.

Date By-law In Force

23. This By-law shall come into force on July 1, 2013.

Date By-law Expires

24. This By-law shall expire on June 30, 2018, unless it is repealed at an earlier date.

Schedule

25. Schedule A to this By-law, which sets out the schedule for the payments of the education development charge hereby imposed on the area of the By-law, forms part of this By-law and is specifically incorporated herein.

Severability

26. Each of the provisions of this By-law are severable and if any provision hereof should for any reason be declared invalid by a court or tribunal, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

Interpretation

27. Nothing in this By-law shall be construed so as to commit or require the Board to authorize or proceed with any particular capital project at any time.

Short Title

28. This By-law may be cited as the Toronto Catholic District School Board Education Development Charges, 2013 By-law No. 178.

ENACTED AND PASSED this 6th day of June, 2013.

“Ann Andrachuk”

“Bruce Rodrigues”

Chair

Director of Education and Secretary

SCHEDULE A

EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT CHARGES BY-LAW 2013 NO. 178,
AS AMENDED BY BY-LAW 2015 NO. 186

Where an Education Development Charge is imposed under sections 8 or 11 of this By-law, they shall be payable in the amounts within the time periods set out below:

RESIDENTIAL CHARGE – Section 8	
By-law Period	Education Development Charge Per Dwelling Unit
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018	\$1,493

NON-RESIDENTIAL CHARGE – Section 11	
By-law Period	Education Development Charge Per Square Foot of Gross Floor Area of Non-Residential Development
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018	\$1.07