AU7.2 Appendix C

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BAYVIEW LEASIDE VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

BAYVIEW LEASIDE VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Bayview Leaside Village Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Bayview Leaside Village Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2019 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario July 6, 2020 Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	44,770	63,953
Short-term investments (Note 8) Accounts receivable	203,283	201,169
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 3)	16,776	10,735
Other	28,873	13,306
	293,702	289,163
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto - Other		1,526
Other	2,250	2,850
	2,250	4,376
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	291,452	284,787
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	18,616	5,358
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	310,068	290,145

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

Treasurer

REVENUE	2019 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2019 \$ Actual	2018 \$ Actual
City of Toronto – special charges Interest and Miscellaneous	193,348 - 193,348	193,348 22,073 215,421	191,111 4,617 195,728
EXPENSES			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance Capital (Note 7) Amortization Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special charges (Note 3)	61,199 61,800 69,000 47,438 - 6,411 245,848	45,746 76,878 62,492 10,012 370 195,498	54,370 34,850 51,874 27,353 5,356 7,658 181,461
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	(52,500)	19,923	14,267
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	290,145	290,145	275,878
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	237,645	310,068	290,145

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BAYVIEW LEASIDE VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Surplus for the year	19,923	14,267
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(23,270)	in
Amortization of tangible capital assets	10,012	5,356
	6,665	19,623
Balance - Beginning of year	284,787	265,164
Balance - End of year	291,452	284,787

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Cash flows from operating activities	40.000	44.007
Surplus for the year	19,923	14,267
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	10,012	5,356
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	(6,041)	(8,325)
Accounts receivable – other	(15,567)	9,602
Accounts payable – City of Toronto	(1,526)	1,526
Accounts payable - other	(600)	300
Cash Provided By Operations	6,201	22,726
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(23,270)	•
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(2,114)	(201,169)
Cash and short-term investments, Beginning Of Year	63,953	242,396
Cash and short-term investments, End Of Year	44,770	63,953

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Bayview Leaside Village Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Banners 3 years Planters 5 years Lights 5 years Beanches 5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

		2019 \$	2018 \$
Total special charges outstanding Less: allowance for uncollected	special	32,076	32,335
charges		(15,300)	(21,600)
Special charges receivable		16,776	10,735

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of:

2019 \$	2018 \$
6,670	758
(6,300)	6,900
370	7,658
	\$ 6,670

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BAYVIEW LEASIDE VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Benches	2019 Banners	Total
Cost	• • •		
Beginning		16,070	16,070
Additions	23,270	No.	23,270
Disposals	*	**	**
Ending	23,270	16,070	39,340
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	*	10,712	10,712
Amortization	4,654	5,358	10,012
Disposals	*	. **	
Ending	4,654	16,070	20,724
Net Book Value	18,616	* .	18,616
		2018	
	Benches	Banners	Total
Cost			
Beginning	Nex	16,070	16,070
Additions	· **	- 1985. -	•
Disposals	**	***	es .
Ending	*	16,070	16,070
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	.**	5,356	5,356
Amortization		5,356	5,356
Disposals	. •		
Ending	•	10,712	10,712
Net Book Value	· 	5,358	5,358

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BAYVIEW LEASIDE VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

5. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

7. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

8. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT

Short-term investment consists of mutual funds with the TD Bank, This investment is recorded at market value and cashable at a short notice.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

10. COMMITMENTS

The Board in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. The Board is committed to capital improvement projects of which the Board's share of \$112,843 (2018- \$4,499) was outstanding as at December 31, 2019.