

AU7.2 Appendix L

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA**

**Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019**

CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the
Board of Management for Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2019 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

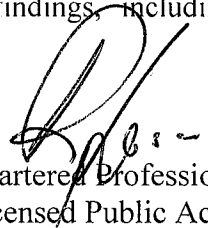
Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

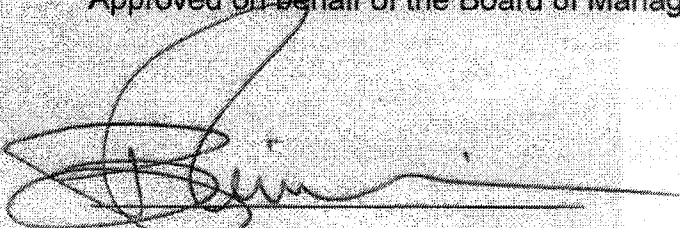
Toronto, Ontario
May 11, 2020

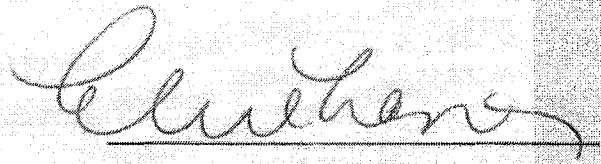

Chartered Professional Accountant
Licensed Public Accountant

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	56,031	62,685
Short-term investment (Note 3)	40,940	37,568
Accounts receivable		
City of Toronto - Levy (Note 4)	9,681	1,400
Other	17,995	5,594
	124,647	107,247
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto	-	2,879
Other	7,204	4,876
	7,204	7,755
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	117,443	99,492
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5)	7,370	14,165
	7,370	14,165
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	124,813	113,657

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:


Chair


Treasurer

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	2019 \$ Budget (Note 10)	2019 \$ Actual	2018 \$ Actual
REVENUE			
Levy	228,230	228,230	218,334
Festival and sponsorship	20,000	58,199	70,897
Interest and other	51,100	20,153	26,969
	<u>299,330</u>	<u>306,582</u>	<u>316,200</u>
EXPENSES			
Administration	111,858	109,289	99,343
Promotion, advertising & Cabbagetown Festival	121,650	125,587	145,339
Maintenance	51,350	47,564	52,380
Capital (Note 8)	-	-	-
Amortization	-	6,795	6,795
Provision for uncollected levy (Note 4)	14,472	6,191	15,421
	<u>299,330</u>	<u>295,426</u>	<u>319,278</u>
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	-	11,156	(3,078)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>113,657</u>	<u>113,657</u>	<u>116,735</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	<u>113,657</u>	<u>124,813</u>	<u>113,657</u>

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
 CABBAGETOWN
 BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	<u>2019</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	11,156	(3,078)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	<u>6,795</u>	<u>6,795</u>
	17,951	3,717
Balance - Beginning of year	<u>99,492</u>	<u>95,775</u>
Balance - End of year	<u><u>117,443</u></u>	<u><u>99,492</u></u>

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus (deficit) for the year	11,156	(3,078)
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets	6,795	6,795
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	(8,281)	3,835
Accounts receivable – other	(12,401)	7,650
Accounts payable - City of Toronto	(2,879)	-
Accounts payable – other	2,328	(3,245)
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operations	(3,282)	11,957
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	-
(Increase) decrease in short-term investment	(3,372)	38,875
Cash, Beginning of Year	62,685	11,853
Cash, End of Year	56,031	62,685

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by levy from property owners of the BIA based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives levy from its members which is collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Street Signs	5 years	Planters	5 years
Parkettes	5 years		

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT

Short-term investment consists of a high interest savings account with the Meridian Credit Union. This investment bears interest at the rate of 1.40% per annum and cashable at a short notice.

4. CITY OF TORONTO - LEVY

The City collects levy from BIA members and remits the amount collected to the Board. The total levy outstanding consists of amounts collected by the City but not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records levy receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The levy receivable from the City of Toronto is comprised of:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Total levy outstanding	33,081	25,000
Less: Allowance for uncollected levy	(23,400)	(23,600)
Levy receivable	<u>9,681</u>	<u>1,400</u>

The provision for uncollected levy reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Levy written-off	6,391	5,521
Change in allowance for uncollected levy	(200)	9,900
	<u>6,191</u>	<u>15,421</u>

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2019			
	Parkettes	Planters	Street Signs	Total
Cost				
Beginning	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Additions				
Disposals				
Ending	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	18,660	1,150	6,050	25,860
Amortization	6,220	575	-	6,795
Disposals				
Ending	24,880	1,725	6,050	32,655
Net Book Value	6,220	1,150	-	7,370

	2018			
	Parkettes	Planters	Street Signs	Total
Cost				
Beginning	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Additions				-
Disposals				-
Ending	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	12,440	575	6,050	19,065
Amortization	6,220	575	-	6,795
Disposals				-
Ending	18,660	1,150	6,050	25,860
Net Book Value	12,440	1,725	-	14,165

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
CABBAGETOWN
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. COMMITMENTS

The Board is committed to annual rent payments for office space as follows:

\$

2020	20,640
2021	10,230
	<u>30,870</u>

10. BUDGET

Budget figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.