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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

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Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA December 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Kennedy Road Business Improvement Area

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kennedy Road Business Improvement Area, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018 and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at December 31, 2018 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

RAFIQ DOSANI, B.Comm. CPA, CA. CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

l communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

Toronto, Ontario May 16, 2019

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018

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	2018 \$	2017 \$
Financial Assets		
Cash	6,575	26,673
Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable	407,954	312,439
City of Toronto - special charges (Note 4)	26,710	38,689
Other	21,027	23,242
	462,266	401,043
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
Other	16,325	16,186
	16,325	16,186
Net Financial Assets	445,941	384,857
Non-Financial Assets Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5) Accumulated Surplus	<u> </u>	<u>3,959</u> 388,816

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2018 \$ Actual	2017 \$ Actual
REVENUE			
City of Toronto – special levies Interest and other	255,830	255,830 <u>2,732</u>	257,080 <u>11,378</u>
	255,830	258,562	268,458
EXPENDITURE			
Administration	25,260	26,809	23,914
Promotion and advertising	64,000	36,865	35,769
Maintenance	142,600	127,862	172,192
Capital (Note 8)	40,000	-	920
Amortization	-	2,766	2,766
Provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies (Note 4)	<u>(6,030</u>)	5,942	21,289
	265,830	200,244	256,850
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(10,000)	58,318	11,608
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u> </u>	388,816	377,208
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	378,816	447,134	388,816

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Surplus for the year	58,318	11,608
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,766	2,766
	61,084	14,374
Balance - Beginning of year	384,857	370,483
Balance - End of year	445,941	384,857

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus (deficit) for the year	58,318	11,608
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets	2,766	2,766
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	11,980	42
Accounts receivable – other	2,214	(220)
Accounts payable – other	139	(1,461)
Cash Provided By Operations	75,417	12,735
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	-
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(95,515)	(9,076)
Cash, Beginning Of Year	26,673	23,014
Cash, End Of Year	6,575	26,673

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

Kennedy Road Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Flags & Banners	3 years	Equipment	5 years
Street Signs / Furniture	5 years	Street Scape	5 years
Planters	5 years	Lights	5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments consist of cashable guaranteed investment certificates with RBC and CIBC Banks. These investments bear interest at the rate of ranging from 0.50% - 1.15% per annum and will be maturing in 2019.

4. CITY OF TORONTO – SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	62,910	74,389
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(36,200)	<u>(35,700</u>)
Special charges receivable	26,710	38,689

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Special charges written-off	5,442	12,989
Change in allowance for uncollected special charges	500	8,300
с і с	5.942	21.289

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

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2018 Lights **Street Signs** Total Cost Beginning 5,965 29,399 23,434 Additions -_ _ Disposals Ending 5,965 23,434 <u>29,399</u> **Accumulated Amortization** 21,861 25,440 Beginning 3,579 1,193 1,573 2,766 Amortization Disposals --Ending 4,772 28,206 23,434 **Net Book Value** <u>1,193</u> 1,193 -

2017

	Lights	Street Signs	Total
Cost			
Beginning	23,434	5,965	29,399
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals			
Ending	23,434	<u> </u>	<u>29,399</u>
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	20,288	2,386	22,674
Amortization	1,573	1,193	2,766
Disposals		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Ending	21,861	3,579	25,440
Net Book Value	1,573	2,386	3,959

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR KENNEDY ROAD BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of cash and short-term investments, accounts receivable, due from and to City of Toronto, accounts payable and accrued liabilities reflected in the statement of financial position approximate their respective fair value, due to the relatively short term nature of the instruments.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.