Appendix BP



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C.C.L. Chartered Professional Accountants

Professional Corporation (Member of LAWCPA network) Terence Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA Michele Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA Anne Law B.Comm, CPA, CA

October 1, 2019

Mr. Uday Akhani City of Toronto Accounting Services Division 14th Floor, 55 John Street Toronto, Ontario M5V 3C6

Dear Sir,

Re: Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area

Please be advised that, during our audit of the December 31, 2018 financial statements of Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area. We have identified no significant matter, which is required to be brought to the Board of the BIA.

Should you have any further questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly, C.C.L. Chartered Professional Accountants Professional Corporation

Terence Chan, MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Financial Statements December 31, 2018

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C.C.L. Chartered Professional Accountants

Professional Corporation (Member of LAWCPA network) Terence Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA Michele Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA Anne Law B.Comm, CPA, CA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of TRINITY BELLWOODS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **TRINITY BELLWOODS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA (BIA)**, which comprise the statements of financial position as at **December 31, 2018**, and the statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area (BIA) as at December 31, 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area (BIA) in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Those charged with governance are responsible for over-seeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

C.C.L.

Chartered Professional Accountants Professional Corporation Authorized to practice public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

Toronto, Ontario September 19, 2019

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2018		
· · · ·	2018	2017
Financial Assets	\$	\$
Cash Accounts receivable	137,286	115,415
 City of Toronto - special charges (note 3) Other 	4,835 <u>4.940</u>	4,439 <u>4,706</u>
	147.061	124,560
Liabilities		

Accounts payable		
- Other	2.745	2.330
Net Financial Assets	144,316	122,230
Accumulated Surplus	144,316	122,230

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management

D:S.L., Treasurer

_, Chair

October 7, 2019 October 7, 2019

Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year ended December 31, 2018

	<u>2018</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$
Accumulated Surplus		
Balance, beginning of year	122,230	99,613
Surplus for the year	22,086	22,617
Balance, end of year	<u>144,316</u>	122,230

Statement of Operations Year ended December 31, 2018

	Budget <u>2018</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$
Revenue			
Levies received Investment and other income	53,884 5,000 58,884	53,884 <u>1,713</u> 55,597	52,614 52,614
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion Administration Bank charges Festival and event expenses Insurance Professional fees Streetscape improvement Provision for uncollected special charges (recovered)	13,000 6,828 100 12,000 870 3,300 117,500 <u>4,899</u>	3,938 9,349 99 14,502 810 2,288 - - 2,525	2,860 5,413 175 19,359 775 2,105 - (690) 29,997
(Deficit) surplus for the year	<u> 158,497</u> <u> (99,613</u>)	<u>33,511</u> <u>22,086</u>	<u> 29,997</u> <u> 22,617</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2018

Funds provided (used):	<u>2018</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$
Operating Activities Surplus for the year Item not affecting cash - amortization Changes in other non-cash working capital components (1)	22,086 - (215)	22,617 - (6,155)
Net increase in cash Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year	<u>21,871</u> 21,871 <u>115,415</u> <u>137,286</u>	<u> 16,462</u> 16,462 <u> 98,953</u> <u> 115,415</u>
 (1) Changes in other non-cash working capital components represented by: Accounts receivable - City of Toronto Accounts receivable - Other Accounts payable - Other 	(396) (234) <u>415</u> (215)	(5,460) (336) <u>(359)</u> <u>(6,155</u>)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

1. Nature of the Organization

Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area is a not-for-profit volunteer-based association dedicated to create a safe and competitive business area that attract shoppers and new businesses under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Organization follows Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) which include the following policies:

Revenue recognition:

The Organization receives special charges from the City of Toronto, cash donations from corporate sponsors and private donors, as well as grants for operating purposes and capital projects. Revenue are being recorded upon signing of contract, and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in their financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for local governments requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. City of Toronto - Special Charges

Special charges levied by the City are collected from BIA members and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

·	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	8,035	6,339
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(3,200)	(1,900)
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto (special charges)	4,835	<u>4,439</u>

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations comprises of:

	<u>2018</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$
Special charges written-off	1,225	3,110
Changes in allowance for uncollected special charges	<u> </u>	<u>(3,800</u>) <u>(690</u>)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

4. Insurance

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

5. Budget

Budget figures are provided for comparative purpose only and have not been audited. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the budget figures.



C.L. Chartered Professional Accountants

Professional Corporation (Member of LAWCPA network) Terence Chan MBA, CPA (ILL), CPA, CA Michele Chan MBA, CPA (ILL), CPA, CA Anne Law B.Comm, CPA, CA

July 24, 2020

Mr. Uday Akhani City of Toronto Accounting Services Division 14th Floor, 55 John Street Toronto, Ontario M5V 3C6

Dear Sir,

Re: Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area

Please be advised that, during our audit of the December 31, 2019 financial statements of Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area. We have identified no significant matter, which is required to be brought to the Board of the BIA.

Should you have any further questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly, C.C.L. Chartered Professional Accountants Professional Corporation

Terence Chan, MBA, CPA (ILL, US), CPA, CA

TRINITY BELLWOODS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Statements December 31, 2019

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Professional Corporation (Member of LAWCPA network)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of TRINITY BELLWOODS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of TRINITY BELLWOODS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA (BIA), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area (BIA) as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area (BIA) in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for over-seeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

C.C.L.

Chartered Professional Accountants Professional Corporation Authorized to practice public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

Toronto, Ontario July 20, 2020

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Financial Assets	\$	\$
Cash Accounts receivable	156,369	137,286
- City of Toronto - special charges (note 3) - Other	19,449 <u>6,150</u> <u>181,968</u>	4,835 <u>4,940</u> <u>147,061</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - Other Deferred grant	2,272 	2,745 2,745
Net Financial Assets Equipment (note 4)	167,196	144,316
Accumulated Surplus	<u> 168,714</u>	144,316

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management

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_, Chair <u>N.S., to</u>, Treasurer

Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$
Accumulated Surplus		
Balance, beginning of year	144,316	122,230
Surplus for the year	24,398	22,086
Balance, end of year	<u> 168,714</u>	<u> 144,316</u>

Statement of Operations Year ended December 31, 2019

	Budget <u>2019</u> \$	<u>2019</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$
Revenue			
Levies received Investment and other income	56,155 <u>5,000</u> <u>61,155</u>	56,494 <u>1,402</u> 57,896	53,884 <u>1,713</u> 55,597
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion Administration Amortization Bank charges Festival and event expenses Insurance Professional fees Streetscape improvement Provision for uncollected special charges	18,500 8,078 - 12,400 878 3,500 117,000 5,105 - 165,461	57 13,358 380 107 16,986 751 1,590 - - 269 33,498	3,938 9,349 - 99 14,502 810 2,288 - 2,525 33,511
(Deficit) surplus for the year	<u>(104,306</u>)	24,398	22,086

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2019

Funds provided (used):	<u>2019</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$
Operating Activities Surplus for the year Item not affecting cash - amortization	24,398 380	22,086
Changes in other non-cash working capital components (1)	<u>(16,297</u>) <u>8,481</u>	(215) 21,871
Investing Activities Acquisition of equipment Deferred grant	(1,898) <u>12,500</u> 	
Net increase in cash	19,083	21,871
Cash, beginning of year	137,286	115,415
Cash, end of year	<u>156,369</u>	<u>137,286</u>
(1) Changes in other non-cash working capital components represented by:		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto Accounts receivable - Other Accounts payable - Other	(14,614) (1,210) (473) (16,297)	(396) (234) <u>415</u> (215)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. Nature of the Organization

Trinity Bellwoods Business Improvement Area is a not-for-profit volunteer-based association dedicated to create a safe and competitive business area that attract shoppers and new businesses under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Organization follows Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) which include the following policies:

Revenue recognition:

The Organization receives special charges from the City of Toronto, cash donations from corporate sponsors and private donors, as well as grants for operating purposes and capital projects. Revenue are being recorded upon signing of contract, and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in their financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

Equipment:

Equipment are stated at cost and amortized using straight-line basis over five years, which are the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for local governments requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

3. City of Toronto - Special Charges

Special charges levied by the City are collected from BIA members and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	20,549	8,035
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(1,100)	(3,200)
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto (special charges)	<u> 19,449</u>	4,835

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations comprises of:

	<u>2019</u> \$	<u>2018</u> \$
Special charges written-off	2,369	1,225
Changes in allowance for uncollected special charges	<u>(2,100)</u> <u>269</u>	<u> </u>

4. Equipment

		Accumulated	Net	
	<u>Cost</u>	Amortization	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Equipment	1,898	380	1,518	<u> </u>

5. Insurance

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

6. Budget

Budget figures are provided for comparative purpose only and have not been audited. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the budget figures.