Appendix X

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Fairbank Village Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Fairbank Village Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

RAFIQ DOSANI, B. Comm., CPA, CA. CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT 90 Risebrough Avenue Toronto, Ontario M2M 2E3 Telephone: (416) 221 - 4095 Fax: (416) 221 - 4160

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

Toronto, Ontario April 28, 2021

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	251,652	129,572
Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable	256,283	254,170
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 4)	-	2,545
Other	12,943	19,419
	520,878	405,706
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto	8,804	-
Other	6,491	7,210
	15,295	7,210
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	505,583	398,496
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	6,876	9,602
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	512,459	408,098
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Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

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Treasurer

Chair

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$
	Budget (Note 9)	Actual	Actual
Revenue	· • •		
City of Toronto – special charges	299,786	299,786	287,009
Interest, fund raising and other	35,884	47,058	65,837
	335,670	346,844	352,846
— —————	· .		
Expenses			
Administration	89,927	101,743	86,535
Promotion and advertising	136,275	76,600	125,683
Maintenance	37,773	23,368	29,360
Capital (Note 8)	95,000	-	-
Amortization	. - .	2,726	2,725
Provision for uncollected special charges (Note 4)	26,695	38,045	21,505
	385,670	242,483	265,808
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(50,000)	104,361	87,038
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF			
YEAR	408,098	408,098	321,060
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	358,098	512,459	408,098

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020 \$	2019 \$
Surplus for the year		104,361	87,038
Acquisition of tangible capital asse	ets	· _	(11,460)
Amortization of tangible capital ass	sets	2,726	2,725
		107,087	78,303
Balance - Beginning of year			
Bulance Beginning of year		398,496	320,193
Balance - End of year		505,583	398,496

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus for the year	104,361	87,038
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	2,726	2,725
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	2,545	28,543
Accounts receivable – other	6,476	(679)
Accounts payable – City of Toronto	8,804	-
Accounts payable – other	(719)	156
Cash Provided By Operations	124,193	117,783
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	(11,460)
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	-	(25,793)
	en e	
Cash, Beginning Of Year	129,884	49,354
Cash, End Of Year	254,077	129,884

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Fairbank Village Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Street & Christmas lights	5 years
Benches	5 years
Equipment	5 years
Planters	5 years
Flags & Banners	3 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates; as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments consist of funds invested with BMO wealth management. These investments are cashable on demand and are recorded at fair market value.

4. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2020 \$	2019 \$	
Total special charges outstanding	24,596	43,245	
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(33,400)	(40,700)	
Special charges receivable	(8,804)	2,545	•

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Special charges written-off	45,345	5,205
Change in provision for assessment appeals	(7,300)	16,300
	38,045	21,505

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2020			
	Computers	Lights	Equipment	Total
Cost				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Beginning	1,300	14,250	11,460	27,010
Additions	-	. –		-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Ending	1,300	14,250	11,460	27,010
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	866	14,250	2,292	17,408
Amortization	434		2,292	2,726
Disposals	_	, -		-
Ending	1,300	14,250	4,584	20,134
Net Book Value			6,876	6,876
		201	9	
	Computers	Lights	Equipment	Total
Cost	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Beginning	1,300	14,250	•••	15,550
Additions	_	. · · · · -	11,460	11,460
Disposals	÷ .			-
Ending	1,300	14,250	11,460	27,010
A communication Amountimation				,
Accumulated Amortization Beginning	433	14,250		14 692
Amortization	433	14,200	2,292	14,683 2,725
Disposals			2,232	2,120
Ending	866	14,250	2,292	17,408
Net Book Value	434		9,168	9,602

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FAIRBANK VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as operating surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.