Appendix AG

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Leslieville Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Leslieville Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario May 5, 2021 Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	69,326	24,642
Short-term investments (Note 8)	204,623	200,542
Accounts receivable		
City of Toronto - special charges (Note 3)	10,105	19,293
Other	6,374	11,162
	290,428	255,639
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto		
Other	5,555	3,941
	5,555	3,941
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	284,873	251,698
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	4,630	703
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	289,503	252,401

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

CTetreault	Jenela Que	
Chair	Treasurer	

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUE	2020 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2020 \$ Actual	2019 \$ Actual
City of Toronto – special charges Interest and Other revenue	139,570 39,463 179,033	139,604 4,784 144,388	127,819 10,665 138,484
Expenses			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance Capital (Note 7) Amortization	72,030 43,350 6,500 50,000	62,739 34,234 3,603 2,844 2,492	55,267 44,302 4,238 4,503
Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special charges (Note 3)	(7,848) 164,032	1,374 107,286	(1,637) 106,673
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	15,001	37,102	31,811
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	252,401	252,401	220,590
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	267,402	289,503	252,401

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Surplus for the year	37,102	31,811
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(6,419)	(1,055)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,492	4,503
	33,175	35,259
Balance - Beginning of year	251,698	216,439
Balance - End of year	284,873	251,698

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Surplus for the year	37,102	31,811
Non-cash changes to operations Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	2,492	4,503
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto Accounts receivable - other Accounts payable - City of Toronto	9,188 4,788	(10,127) (5,525)
Accounts payable - other	1,614	(5,929)
Cash Provided By Operations	55,184	14,733
Investing activities Purchase of tangible capital assets (Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(6,419) (4,081)	(1,055) 67
Cash , Beginning Of Year	24,642	10,897
Cash, End Of Year	69,326	24,642

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Leslieville Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Banners 3 years Planters 5 years Lights 5 years Street Signs 5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

		2020 \$	2019 \$
Total special charges outstanding Less: allowance for uncollected	special	12,205	21,793
charges Special charges receivable		(2,100) 10,105	(2,500) 19,293

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Special charges written-off Change in allowance for uncollected special	1,774	(3,037)
charges	(400)	1,400
	1,3/4	(1,637)

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

		2020		
	Computer	Banners	Total	
Cost				
Beginning	1,055		1,055	
Additions		6,419	6,419	
Disposals	nga swang sa masa sa			
Ending	1,055	6,419	7,474	
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	352	*	352	
Amortization	352	2,140	2,492	
Disposals				
Ending	704	2,140	2,844	
and the second of the second o				
Net Book Value	351	4,279	4,630	
		***************************************	······································	
	3	2010		
	Computer	2019	Tatal	
Cost	Computer	2019 Benches	Total	
Cost	Computer	Benches		
Beginning			20,755	
Beginning Additions	Computer	Benches		
Beginning		Benches	20,755	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending	1,055	Benches 20,755	20,755 1,055	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending Accumulated Amortization	1,055	20,755 20,755	20,755 1,055 21,810	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending Accumulated Amortization Beginning	1,055 1,055	20,755 20,755	20,755 1,055 - 21,810	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending Accumulated Amortization Beginning Amortization	1,055	20,755 20,755	20,755 1,055 21,810	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending Accumulated Amortization Beginning Amortization Disposals	1,055 1,055	20,755 20,755 16,604 4,151	20,755 1,055 - 21,810 16,604 4,503	
Beginning Additions Disposals Ending Accumulated Amortization Beginning Amortization	1,055 1,055	20,755 20,755	20,755 1,055 - 21,810	

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LESLIEVILLE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

7. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

8. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments consist of cashable guaranteed investment certificates with the TD Bank. These investments bear interest at the rate of ranging from 0.16% - 1.3% per annum and will be maturing in 2021-2023.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.