Appendix A

Financial Statements of

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF EXHIBITION PLACE

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Board of Governors of Exhibition Place

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Board of Governors of Exhibition Place (the Entity), which comprise:

- the balance sheet as at December 31, 2021
- the statement of operations and accumulated deficit for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net debt for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its change in net debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

KPMG LLP

June 9, 2022

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Financial Assets		
Cash	\$ 3,144,806	\$ 6,479,601
Accounts receivable:		
Trade	10,584,969	5,767,750
City of Toronto Receivable from the City of Toronto (note 2(a))	146,157	93,945 6,526,123
Receivable from the City of Toronto (note 2(a))	6,465,197 20,341,129	18,867,419
	_0,0,0	
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:		
Trade	6,797,606	6,175,490
City of Toronto	784,552	2,805,968
Employee future benefits payable (note 6)	8,189,438	8,048,135
Payable surplus to City of Toronto (note 8(b)) Deferred subsidy from City of Toronto	4,493,109	136,442
Deferred revenue and contributions	3,569,796	1,799,286 3,664,213
Loans payable (note 7)	36,245,928	38,121,361
Government assistance	512,392	612,585
	60,592,821	61,363,480
Net debt	(40,251,692)	(42,496,061)
Non-Financial Assets		
Prepaid expenses and other	26,172	162,698
Step-up rent receivable (note 3)	1,482,805	1,636,585
Energy retrofit assets (note 4)	6,688,328	7,524,254
Building improvements and equipment (note 5)	21,367,845	23,134,405
	29,565,150	32,457,942
Contingencies and commitments (note 11)		
Accumulated conference centre deficit (note 10)	\$ (10,686,542)	\$ (10,038,119)
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		
On behalf of the Board of Governors:		
Director		
Director		
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Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget	2021	2020
Revenue:			
Exhibition Place (Schedule 1)	\$ 24,614,288	\$ 19,498,345	\$ 16,364,734
Enercare Centre (Schedule 2)	6,118,516	3,646,309	6,229,804
Beanfield Centre (Schedule 3)	4,254,927	1,343,039	1,613,320
	34,987,731	24,487,693	24,207,858
Expenses (note 12):			
Exhibition Place (Schedule 1)	33,905,485	28,437,934	30,345,654
Enercare Centre (Schedule 2)	6,575,109	5,887,379	5,975,391
Beanfield Centre (Schedule 3)	5,684,927	4,274,274	5,080,058
	46,165,521	38,599,587	41,401,103
Deficit before the following	(11,177,790)	(14,111,894)	(17,193,245)
COVID-19 subsidy revenue (note 13):			
Operations - City of Toronto	_	14,416,509	14,597,762
Contribution from City of			
Toronto - Exhibition Place			
Conference Centre Reserve Fund	3,600,999	3,600,999	2,346,253
	3,600,999	18,017,508	16,944,015
Surplus (deficit) before the following	(7,576,791)	3,905,614	(249,230)
Transfer to the City of Toronto	7,576,791	(4,493,109)	(136,442)
Net decrease in amounts to be recovered from the City of Toronto	_	(60,928)	(307,909)
Deficit	_	(648,423)	(693,581)
Accumulated conference centre deficit, beginning of year		(10,038,119)	(9,344,538)
Accumulated conference centre deficit, end of year		\$ (10,686,542)	\$ (10,038,119)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Debt

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Operating transactions:		
Deficit	\$ (648,423)	\$ (693,581)
Tangible capital asset activities:		
Amortization of energy retrofit assets	835,926	864,723
Amortization of building improvements and equipment	1,766,560	1,737,096
	2,602,486	2,601,819
Other non-financial activities:		
Prepaid expenses and other	136,526	(118,918)
Accretion of step-up rent receivable	153,780	312,631
	290,306	193,713
Decrease in net debt	2,244,369	2,101,951
Net debt, beginning of year	(42,496,061)	(44,598,012)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (40,251,692)	\$ (42,496,061)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Deficit for the year	\$ (648,423)	\$ (693,581)
Add (deduct) non-cash items:		
Employee future benefits	141,303	(28,942)
Amortization of energy retrofit assets	835,926	864,723
Amortization of building improvements and equipment	1,766,560	1,737,096
Government assistance	(100,193)	(109,325)
Accretion of step-up rent receivable	153,780	312,631
	2,148,953	2,082,602
Changes in non-capital working capital balance related to operations:		
Trade accounts receivable	(4,817,219)	1,448,256
Accounts receivable from the City of Toronto	(52,212)	2,584,137
Receivable due from the City of Toronto	60,926	307,909
Prepaid expenses and other	136,526	(118,918)
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	622,116	(3,142,695)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to	•	, , , ,
the City of Toronto	(2,021,416)	2,153,888
Deferred revenue and contributions	(94,417)	(204,435)
Deferred subsidy City of Toronto	(1,799,286)	1,799,286
Other liabilities		(38,570)
Surplus payable to the City of Toronto	4,356,667	(2,107,858)
	(1,459,362)	4,763,602
Financing activities:		
Repayments of loans payable	(1,875,433)	(1,797,778)
	, , ,	, , , , ,
Increase (decrease) in cash	(3,334,795)	2,965,824
Cash, beginning of year	6,479,601	3,513,777
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,144,806	\$ 6,479,601

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

The Board of Governors of Exhibition Place (the "Board") exists as a corporation without share capital by virtue of the City of Toronto Act, 1997 (No. 2) (the "Act"). The Board is related to the City of Toronto (the "City") as it operates, manages and maintains Exhibition Place on behalf of the City under the terms of an agreement between the Board and the City. As defined within the Act, the City is entitled to any surplus resulting from the Board's activities and is responsible for any deficit the Board incurs. The amount due to/from the City resulting from the Board's activities is shown on the balance sheet as a transfer payable to/receivable from the City.

Major capital facilities, excluding certain building improvements, are the property of the City and therefore the cost for such assets is recorded in the accounts of the City and not the Board. To assist with major capital expenditures related to Exhibition Place, various reserves and reserve funds have been established and recorded within the City's accounts (note 8).

These financial statements include the operations of Exhibition Place (Schedule 1), Enercare Centre (Schedule 2) and Beanfield Centre (Schedule 3).

The Board is a municipal government entity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes.

1. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS") for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. The significant accounting policies are summarized as follows.

(a) Revenue recognition:

The majority of the revenue in these financial statements is related to sales, service revenue and rent and is recognized at the point of sale or when the service has been provided.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The Board enters into agreements with a number of corporate sponsors whereby these sponsors provide cash, products, advertising or entertainment support to Exhibition Place, Enercare Centre and Beanfield Centre activities. In return, consideration is provided in a number of diverse ways including specific rights to selected attractions or advertising recognition. Sponsorships received in cash and/or other consideration are recorded in the accounts at the amount of consideration received or given at either the fair value of the amount received or the fair value of the benefit given up, less any cash consideration, whichever is more reliably measurable. Revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement based on the amount received or the fair value of the benefit given up, less any cash consideration, whichever is more reliably measurable.

(b) Deferred revenue and contributions:

Deferred revenue and contributions consist of monies received for naming rights, space rental and service revenue from clients that have been paid in advance and are attributable to a future period.

(c) Government assistance:

The Board makes periodic applications for financial assistance under available government incentive programs. Government assistance relating to capital assets where there are ongoing obligations on the use of the capital assets is reflected as a liability on the balance sheet and is amortized into income on the same basis as the capital asset to which the funds relate. Government assistance for non-capital expenditures is included in the statement of operations and accumulated deficit.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Energy retrofit assets:

Energy retrofit assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated when the project is fully commissioned on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

(e) Building improvements and equipment:

Building improvements and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Electrical equipment	5 years
Other equipment and furniture	5 to 20 years
Beanfield Centre building improvements	25 years

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Employee benefit plans:

The Board provides retirement and post-employment benefits to certain employee groups. These benefits include pension, sick leave and other post retirement and post-employment benefits, including health, dental and life insurance benefits to certain employees.

The Board has the following policies with respect to accounting for its employee future benefit plans:

- The Board contributes to a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan with Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), and contributions are expensed when due as the plan is accounted for as a defined contribution plan.
- The costs of termination benefits and compensated absences are recognized when the
 event that obligates the Board occurs. Costs include projected future income
 payments, health-care continuation costs and fees paid to independent administrators
 of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.
- The costs of other employee benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation and expected health-care costs.
- Past service costs from plan amendments are expensed in the period of plan amendment.
- Net actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee group.

(g) Foreign currency translation:

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenue and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date. Gains or losses resulting from currency transactions are included in the statement of operations and accumulated deficit.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Financial instruments:

The Board's financial assets include cash, trade accounts receivable and accounts receivable from the City, and its financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, payable surplus to the City, loans payable, and other liabilities. It measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for cash, which is measured at fair value

(i) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PSAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting year. The employee future benefits liability and related costs charged to the statement of operations and accumulated deficit depend on certain actuarial and economic assumptions and on current information available to the Board, the City and the consultants retained to develop the actuarial projections. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(j) Budgeted figures:

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget submission approved by the City.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

2. Related party balances and transactions:

The Board is related to the City and its agencies, boards and commissions as the City has the ability to affect the operating, investing and financing policies of these entities. The Board enters into transactions with these related parties in the normal course of business at the agreed on exchange amount.

(a) The Board has a long-term, non-interest-bearing receivable from the City, which relates to the funding of the following items:

	2021	2020
Employee future benefits payable (note 6) Vacation and lieu time Less net book value of certain equipment Other	\$ 8,189,438 46,742 (720,054) 243,174	\$ 8,048,135 117,284 (554,665) 243,174
Receivable from the City before the following Less net step-up rent receivable on certain	7,759,300	7,853,928
buildings and signage	(1,294,103)	(1,327,805)
Receivable from the City	\$ 6,465,197	\$ 6,526,123

- (b) The Board has several agreements with the City for the establishment of various reserve funds that are recorded within the City's accounts (note 8).
- (c) In 2021, the City changed its funding model for vehicle, property, and liability insurance premium payment costs. In previous years, the City had established a fund for insurance claim costs below deductible levels and for payments that exceed insurance coverage levels. The City now absorbs insurance costs for programs and agencies. Accordingly, no contributions were made in 2021 (2020 - \$448,430).

3. Step-up rent receivable:

The Board has numerous long-term tenants on the grounds that pay annual rents based on the stipulated contract amount indicated in the lease for that year. Many of these leases have step-up provisions so that the annual lease amount changes during the term of the lease. The Board recognizes lease revenue over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis. The amount will be included in the statement of operations and accumulated deficit at various amounts over time up to fiscal 2061.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Energy retrofit assets:

2021	Cost	_	accumulated	Net book value
Trigeneration project	\$ 4,400,000	\$	3,222,083	\$ 1,177,917
Five Exhibition Buildings improvement project	1,500,365		1,383,166	117,199
Photovoltaic Horse Palace project	1,100,000		825,000	275,000
Boiler replacements and various lighting retrofit projects	955,000		596,875	358,125
Back pressure steam turbine and LED	1 245 000		670 500	670 500
pathway lighting projects District Energy System project	1,345,000 4,500,000		672,500 1,350,000	672,500 3,150,000
Horse Palace, East Annex Photovoltaic	.,,		1,000,000	-,,
and multiple energy projects	884,640		442,320	442,320
LED lighting and conservation/demand management	782,000		286,733	495,267
	\$ 15,467,005	\$	8,778,677	\$ 6,688,328

2020		Cost	_	accumulated		Net book value
Trigeneration project	\$	4,400,000	\$	3,002,084	\$	1,397,916
Enercare Halls lighting retrofit project	•	800,000	•	775,462	•	24,538
Five Exhibition Buildings improvement						
project		1,500,365		1,283,142		217,223
Photovoltaic Horse Palace project		1,100,000		770,000		330,000
Boiler replacements and various lighting						
retrofit projects		955,000		549,125		405,875
Back pressure steam turbine and LED						
pathway lighting projects		1,345,000		605,250		739,750
District Energy System project		4,500,000		1,125,000		3,375,000
Horse Palace, East Annex Photovoltaic						
and multiple energy projects		884,640		398,088		486,552
LED lighting and conservation/demand		•		•		,
management		782,000		234,600		547,400
•		,		,		,
	\$	16,267,005	\$	8,742,751	\$	7,524,254

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

5. Building improvements and equipment:

2021	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Electrical equipment Other equipment and furniture Beanfield Centre building improvements	\$ 59,366 6,237,455 38,764,844	\$ 59,366 4,782,764 18,851,690	\$ 1,454,691 19,913,154
	\$ 45,061,665	\$ 23,693,820	\$ 21,367,845

2020	Cost	occumulated amortization	Net book value
Electrical equipment Other equipment and furniture Beanfield Centre building improvements	\$ 59,366 6,237,455 38,764,844	\$ 59,366 4,566,780 17,301,114	\$ 1,670,675 21,463,730
	\$ 45,061,665	\$ 21,927,260	\$ 23,134,405

6. Employee future benefits payable:

The employee future benefits are for certain employees of the Board, the cost of which is reported in these financial statements. The benefit plans as noted below are all unfunded; however, the Board participates in reserve funds established by the City for sick leave and health-care benefits.

The Board has the following benefit plans:

(a) Sick leave:

The Board's non-union hourly, permanent, and full-time renewable contract employees are eligible to participate in the Short-Term Disability ("STD") plan. A permanent employee who has completed six months of service will be entitled to receive STD benefits. A renewable full-time contract employee who has completed 12 months of service will be entitled to receive STD benefits. For non-union hourly permanent employees that were added to the Board employees group on January 1, 2021, an exception was made to waive the probationary period.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Employee future benefits payable (continued):

Eligible hourly, permanent employees and eligible full-time renewable contract employees using sick days will be paid 100% of their regular earnings for the first twenty (20) days, and 75% of their regular earnings for an additional one hundred and ten (110) days per calendar year

If an eligible employee uses less than the twenty (20) day STD allotment paid at 100% coverage, they can carry-over up to a maximum of fifteen (15) of the unused days at 100% coverage to the following year as top-up credits. Carry-over days will be converted at a two (2) to one (1) ratio, therefore fifteen (15) unused 100% STD days is equivalent to thirty (30) top-up credits. Credits are deducted based on the employee shifts hours.

(b) Workplace Safety Insurance Board ("WSIB"):

The Board is a Schedule 2 employer and, as such, pays the full cost of all medical and all other benefits for its employees who sustain injuries at the workplace, plus the administration cost as determined by the WSIB.

(c) Post retirement and post-employment benefits:

The Board provides health, dental, and life insurance benefits to certain employees postretirement.

The disclosures relating to these benefits are as follows:

	2021	2020
Defined benefit obligation Net unamortized actuarial gains (losses)	\$ 7,493,430 696,008	\$ 9,160,026 (1,111,891)
Total employee future benefits payable	\$ 8,189,438	\$ 8,048,135

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Employee future benefits payable (continued):

(i) Components of the accrued defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	2021	2020
Sick leave WSIB Other post-employment and	\$ 540,062 1,057,160	\$ 886,069 3,353,477
post-retirement benefit	5,896,208	4,920,480
	\$ 7,493,430	\$ 9,160,026

(ii) The continuity of the Board's defined benefit obligation is as follows:

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 9,160,026	\$ 8,434,771
Current service cost	723,642	660,767
Interest cost Benefits paid	185,556 (712,018)	232,048 (823,326)
Actuarial loss (gain)	(1,863,776)	655,766
Balance, end of year	\$ 7,493,430	\$ 9,160,026

(iii) The benefit cost recognized during the year is calculated as follows:

	2021	2020
Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of net actuarial gain	\$ 723,642 185,556 (55,877)	\$ 660,767 232,048 (98,431)
	\$ 853,321	\$ 794,384

(iv) There was \$91,361 (2020 - \$251,737) in cash payments made in 2021 with respect to the sick leave plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Employee future benefits payable (continued):

- (v) Actuarial valuations are conducted on a periodic basis. The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2021. The next actuarial valuation is expected to be completed in 2024.
- (vi) The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Board's accrued benefit obligation and benefit costs for employee future benefits are as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate:		
	4.000/	4 = 00/
Sick leave	1.80%	1.50%
Post-employment benefits	1.60%	1.20%
Post-retirement benefits	2.60%	2.00%
WSIB	2.30%	2.00%
Health-care inflation - hospital,		
dental care and other medical	3.00 - 5.00%	3.00 - 4.50%
Health-care inflation - drugs	6.00%	5.50%
Rate of compensation increase	3.00%	3.00%

The health-care inflation rate for medical and drugs is assumed to be reduced from 5.50% to 3.57% by 2040.

(vii) In addition to the above-noted plans, the Board makes contributions to OMERS, which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of qualifying employees. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. However, it is accounted for as a defined contribution plan as it is a multi-employer plan. Total employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021 amounted to \$1,032,127 (2020 - \$1,097,959) and are included in the statement of operations and accumulated deficit.

The Board does not recognize any share of the pension plan deficit based on the fair market value of OMERS assets, as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees. The Board is current with all payments to OMERS. As at December 31, 2021, OMERS has a deficit of \$3.1 billion (2020 - \$3.2 billion). The date of the most recent filed actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the OMERS Primary Pension Plan was December 31, 2020. The next required filing of an actuarial valuation for funding purposes will be performed with a date no later than December 31, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Employee future benefits payable (continued):

In addition to contributions for employees who participate in the OMERS plan, the Board has arrangements with bargaining units to make contributions to various pension plans and registered retirement savings plans on behalf of its employees. Contributions expensed under these plans for 2021 amounted to \$597,190 (2020 - \$500,194) and are included in the statement of operations and accumulated deficit.

7. Loans payable:

	2021	2020
Loans payable to the City:		
Beanfield Centre building improvements, \$36,764,844		
loan bearing interest at 5% and due on		
December 1, 2040 (formerly due October 1, 2035);		
interest owing on the loan was added to the principal		
until the first repayment date of December 1, 2010	\$ 28,773,189	\$ 29,670,501
Trigeneration, \$2,325,000 loan bearing interest at 5%,		
due on December 31, 2032	2,370,568	2,543,398
Photovoltaic Horse Palace, a non-interest bearing		
loan of \$600,000 discounted at an imputed interest		
rate of 5%, due on October 1, 2030	209,867	225,871
Boiler replacements and various lighting retrofit,		
\$716,250 loan bearing interest at 4.5%, due on		
December 31, 2037	722,417	745,688
Boiler replacements and various lighting retrofit,		
\$238,750 loan bearing interest at 2.0%, due on		
December 31, 2021	_	8,013
Back pressure steam turbine and LED pathway		
lighting retrofit, a non-interest-bearing loan of		
\$1,000,000 discounted at an imputed interest rate	0.44.500	070.004
of 5%, due on April 1, 2030	344,506	376,281
Horse Palace, East Annex Pavilion and multiple		
energy project retrofit, a non interest-bearing loan		
of \$890,000 discounted at an imputed interest rate	04.075	407.407
of 5%, due on January 1, 2022	21,975	107,197
District Energy project, \$4,500,000 loan bearing	0.405.700	0.044.070
interest at 2.70%, due on January 31, 2026	2,485,739	2,944,373
Enercare Halls LED lighting retrofit, \$782,000 loan bearing interest at 2.70%, due on October 1, 2025	341,802	421,711
Loan payable to Federation of Canadian Municipalities:	341,002	421,711
Beanfield Centre building improvements, \$2,000,000		
loan bearing interest at 2.375%, due on		
January 29, 2030	975,865	1,078,328
Julian y 20, 2000	373,003	1,070,020
	\$ 36,245,928	\$ 38,121,361

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

7. Loans payable (continued):

The fixed principal repayments of the loans payable are as follows:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$	1,873,368 1,928,689 2,009,424 2,096,123 2,155,514 26,182,810
	<u> </u>	36,245,928

8. City of Toronto reserve funds:

The City maintains a number of reserve funds on behalf of the Board. These reserve funds are established by the City's Council and are detailed in the City's Municipal Code. The Board earns interest on funds placed in these reserves and it is added to the reserve balance at year-end.

(a) Capital Improvement Fund:

The purpose of this fund is to assist in the financing of major capital costs related to all buildings at Exhibition Place. Contributions are no longer being made to this fund. The balance of the Capital Improvement Fund is \$1,185 (2020 - \$1,183).

(b) Exhibition Place Conference Centre Reserve Fund ("CCRF"):

The purpose of this fund is to provide a source of funding, in the first instance, for any shortfalls in the loan payments to the City from Exhibition Place for the new conference centre, and in the second instance to support cash shortfalls with respect to capital funding required to maintain the Enercare Centre and the Beanfield Centre in a state of good repair. If Exhibition Place achieves a surplus in excess of the budgeted surplus, the excess above budget is transferred into the CCRF. The balance of the Exhibition Place Conference Centre Reserve Fund is \$3,880,102 (2020 - \$7,467,006). Refer to note 13 for 2021 transfers from CCRF.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

8. City of Toronto reserve funds (continued):

(c) City of Toronto Fleet Reserve Fund:

The purpose of this fund is to provide funding to the City for acquiring or purchasing fleet and motorized vehicles for the Board's operations. Annual funding promotes efficiencies and budget stabilization by moderating large fluctuations in the annual replacement of vehicles. The Board contributed nil (2020 - \$375,000) in the year. The balance in the City of Toronto Fleet Reserve Fund is \$519,448 (2020 - \$762,294).

(d) Equipment Reserve Fund:

The purpose of this fund is to provide funding for acquiring or purchasing non-motorized portable equipment for the Board's operations. Annual funding promotes efficiencies and budget stabilization by moderating large fluctuations in the annual replacement of non-motorized portable equipment. The Board contributed nil (2020 - \$200,000) in the year. The balance in the Equipment Reserve Fund is \$426 (2020 - \$426).

(e) Exhibition Place Green Space Renewal:

The purpose of this fund is to hold funds for the re-conversion of the temporary parking into functional green space on the baseball diamond site at Exhibition Place. The Board contributed nil (2020 - nil) in the year. The balance in the Exhibition Place Green Space Renewal reserve is \$1,056,223 (2020 - \$1,054,014).

9. Financial instruments:

(a) Fair value:

The carrying values of the Board's financial instruments approximate their fair values unless otherwise noted.

The fair value of the long-term receivable from the City is not determinable since there are no fixed terms of repayment.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Financial instruments (continued):

(b) Risk management:

The main risks to which the Board's financial instruments are exposed are as follows:

(i) Credit risk:

Credit risk on financial instruments is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of default or insolvency of a counterparty on its obligations to the Board. The cost of the financial assets as presented in the balance sheet represents the maximum credit risk exposure at the date of the financial statements.

The Board, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk from its customers. This risk is mitigated by the fact that management believes the Board has thorough and rigorous credit approval procedures. As at December 31, 2021, three customers have a balance greater than 10% of the Board's trade accounts receivable balance (2020 - four customers).

Exhibition Place allowance for doubtful accounts has a year over year increase of \$174,546.

The following accounts receivable were past due but not impaired:

	0-30 days	3	1-60 days	6	61-90 days		ver 90 days
Trade accounts receivable City of Toronto	\$ 2,384,746 138,281	\$	117,978 –	\$	461,238 7,876	\$	7,621,007 —
	\$ 2,523,027	\$	117,978	\$	469,114	\$	7,621,007

Management continues to work with tenants during the pandemic to collect outstanding receivables.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Financial instruments (continued):

(ii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk the Board will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they come due. The Board manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations, anticipating investing and financing activities and maintaining credit facilities to ensure it has sufficient available funds to meet current and foreseeable financial requirements. The following table presents the maturity analysis for the financial liabilities that shows the remaining contractual maturities:

	Up to 6 months	More than 6 months up to 1 year	More than 1 year up up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:					
Trade City of Toronto Payable surplus to City of	\$ 6,058,067 784,552	\$ 669,141 –	\$ 70,398 –	\$ 	\$ 6,797,606 784,552
Toronto Loans payable	4,493,109 1,023,306	850,062	8,189,750	_ 26,182,810	4,493,109 36,245,928
	\$ 12,359,034	\$ 1,519,203	\$ 8,260,148	\$ 26,182,810	\$ 48,321,195

(iii) Foreign currency risk:

The Board has limited foreign currency risk with respect to its financial instruments, as substantially all the Board's financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Canadian dollars.

(iv) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises from fluctuations in interest rates and the degree of volatility of those rates. The Board has mitigated its interest rate risk on its loans payable through the use of fixed interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Financial instruments (continued):

(v) Market risk:

The COVID-19 pandemic and the measures taken to contain the virus continue to impact the global economy. Canadian and Provincial governments continue to enact emergency measures to control the spread of the virus. As a result, conference centres were closed and events cancelled. These events had a material impact on the Board's revenue earned in fiscal 2021 as well as its workforce.

As the situation continues to evolve rapidly, the Board is unable to quantify the potential impact this pandemic may have on its financial statements. However, the Board is financially supported by the City.

10. Conference centre deficit:

The conference centre accumulated deficit results from the non-cash expenditures that are not funded by the Exhibition Place Conference Centre Reserve Fund (Schedule 3). The loss for the period is represented by the amortization of the conference centre's building improvements offset by the principal loan repayments. The accumulated loss will reverse over 25 years, as this is the term of the loan repayment and amortization period of the building improvements. The amortization of the conference centre's building improvement commenced in 2009 and there are 13 years remaining for the amortization. The accumulated deficit balance as at December 31, 2021 is \$10,686,542 (2020 - \$10,038,119).

11. Contingencies and commitments:

In the normal course of operations, the Board is subject to various arbitrations, litigations and claims. Where a potential liability is determinable, management believes the ultimate disposition of the matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in the accounts. In other cases, the ultimate outcome of the claims cannot be determined at this time. Any additional losses related to claims will be recorded in the year the liability is able to be estimated.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

12. Expenses by object:

	2021	2020
Salaries and benefits	\$ 20,565,418	\$ 19,934,842
Trade labour recoveries	(3,725,255)	(3,304,627)
Net salary and benefits	16,840,163	16,630,215
Direct overhead and event/tenant labour costs	3,725,255	3,304,627
Utilities	2,425,851	4,162,908
Supplies and equipment	396,356	713,334
Contribution to reserve funds	1,107,500	2,122,359
Amortization of energy retrofit assets, building		
improvements and equipment	2,602,486	2,601,819
Interest	1,728,681	1,802,409
Other indirect costs and recoverable services	9,773,295	10,063,432
	\$ 38,599,587	\$ 41,401,103

13. COVID-19 subsidy revenue:

Since March 2020, the City has made decisions to cancel programs and events due to the COVID-19 pandemic risk to public health and safety. Since March 2020, nearly every Exhibition Place show organizer and meeting planner client has invoked their force majeure clause in their license agreement to cancel or postpone their 2020 and 2021 events. The same meeting and event cancellation is occurring in every convention centre across Canada. In addition to the cancellation of shows and meetings, many of the Board's tenants have been completely closed while some other tenants have opened in very limited capacity and therefore, the Board has experienced the loss of related ancillary revenue, such as parking and show services from their closure.

From January to December 31, 2021, the Board received a total of \$18,017,508 reported as an operating subsidy from the City to cover the deficit (March to December 31, 2020 - \$16,944,015). COVID-19 subsidy revenue includes \$14,416,509 (2020 - \$14,597,762) for operations, and \$3,600,999 (2020 - \$2,346,253) withdrawn from Exhibition Place CCRF, to pay the Board's loans to the City.

Schedule 1 - Exhibition Place

Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative information for 2020

		Budget		2021		2020
Revenue:						
Parking	\$	1,907,475	\$	3,093,499	\$	2,381,245
Building rentals and concessions	Ψ.	9,194,766	*	4,847,560	•	4,398,512
Sales of services		5,398,071		2,611,783		1,821,514
Commissions, incentives, other		-,,		_, -,,		1,0=1,011
income and realty tax recoveries		7,688,976		8,520,503		7,338,463
Naming rights		425,000		425,000		425,000
		24,614,288		19,498,345		16,364,734
Expenses:						
Maintenance, cleaning and security		12,022,386		10,502,211		10,431,934
Utilities		4,405,104		2,259,758		3,894,632
Cost of services		4,222,400		1,837,965		1,069,465
Administration		9,717,309		10,066,437		11,165,805
Parking attendants' wages and sundry						
costs		1,953,080		2,088,711		2,142,678
Amortization of energy retrofit assets						
and equipment		931,522		955,291		954,615
Contribution to the City - Exhibition Place						
Conference Centre Reserve Fund		382,500		382,500		382,500
City of Toronto Fleet and Equipment						
Reserve Funds		_		_		575,000
Interest		271,184		274,300		302,892
		33,905,485		28,367,173		30,919,521
Deficit before the following		(9,291,197)		(8,868,828)		(14,554,787)
Sick leave benefits recovery (expense)		-		(70,761)		573,867
Deficit for the year	\$	(9,291,197)	\$	(8,939,589)	\$	(13,980,920)

Schedule 2 - Enercare Centre

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		Budget	2021	2020
Revenue:				
Building rentals	\$	2,408,433	\$ 1,791,844	\$ 3,281,478
Services	•	2,504,682	788,352	1,527,844
Catering commissions		196,200	107,641	197,062
Naming rights		750,000	750,000	750,000
Advertising, sponsorship, interest and		•	,	•
recoveries		259,201	208,472	473,420
		6,118,516	3,646,309	6,229,804
Expenses:				
Administration		4,331,632	4,409,104	4,126,806
Cost of services		1,409,698	338,040	648,974
Maintenance, cleaning and security		158,779	465,235	524,611
Contribution to the City - Exhibition Place				
Conference Centre Reserve Fund		675,000	675,000	675,000
		6,575,109	5,887,379	5,975,391
Surplus (deficit) for the year	\$	(456,593)	\$ (2,241,070)	\$ 254,413

Schedule 3 - Beanfield Centre

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		Budget		2021		2020
Revenue:						
Building rentals	\$	994,957	\$	196,936	\$	248,946
Services	·	1,145,000	•	26,686	•	159,387
Catering commissions		851,600		60,411		140,761
Parking		205,870		1,506		15,296
Contribution from the City - Exhibition Place		,		,		,
Conference Centre Reserve Fund		1,057,500		1,057,500		1,048,930
		4,254,927		1,343,039		1,613,320
Expenses:						
Amortization of building improvements						
and equipment		998,779		1,647,205		1,647,204
Interest		1,454,381		1,454,381		1,499,517
Administration		1,819,230		969,891		1,470,824
Cost of services		884,100		18,278		123,652
Utilities		221,000		166,093		268,276
Maintenance, cleaning and security		307,437		18,426		70,585
		5,684,927		4,274,274		5,080,058
Deficit for the year	\$	(1,430,000)	\$	(2,931,235)	\$	(3,466,738)