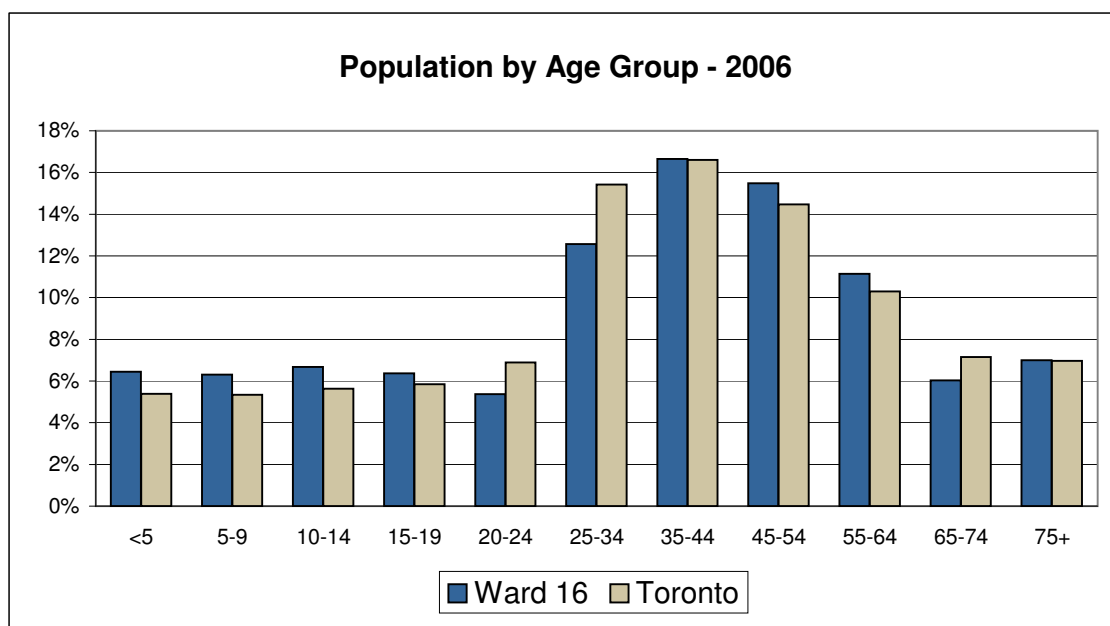


2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 16

POPULATION*

Population by Age Group

Ward 16						City of Toronto					
Age Group	2001 No.	2001 %	2006 No.	2006 %	01-06 % Chg	Age Group	2001 No.	2001 %	2006 No.	2006 %	01-06 % Chg
Less than 5	3,380	6.6	3,335	6.4	-1.3	Less than 5	143,510	5.8	134,980	5.4	-5.9
5 - 9	3,425	6.7	3,265	6.3	-4.7	5 - 9	149,635	6.0	133,595	5.3	-10.7
10 - 14	3,090	6.1	3,455	6.7	11.8	10 - 14	140,675	5.7	141,045	5.6	0.3
15 - 19	2,925	5.7	3,295	6.4	12.6	15 - 19	143,275	5.8	146,205	5.8	2.0
20 - 24	2,560	5.0	2,780	5.4	8.6	20 - 24	165,140	6.7	172,450	6.9	4.4
25 - 34	7,440	14.6	6,505	12.6	-12.6	25 - 34	413,020	16.6	385,925	15.4	-6.6
35 - 44	8,925	17.5	8,625	16.7	-3.4	35 - 44	429,860	17.3	415,620	16.6	-3.3
45 - 54	7,735	15.2	8,015	15.5	3.6	45 - 54	337,470	13.6	362,420	14.5	7.4
55 - 64	4,510	8.9	5,770	11.1	27.9	55 - 64	221,080	8.9	257,585	10.3	16.5
65 - 74	3,325	6.5	3,120	6.0	-6.2	65 - 74	185,170	7.5	178,995	7.2	-3.3
75+	3,570	7.0	3,625	7.0	1.5	75+	152,675	6.2	174,460	7.0	14.3
Total	50,885	100.0	51,790	100.0	1.8	Total	2,481,510	100.0	2,503,280	100.0	0.9



*Note: Although Statistics Canada makes a great effort to count every person, in each Census a notable number of people are left out for a variety of reasons. For example, people may be traveling, some dwellings are hard to find, and some people simply refuse to participate. Statistics Canada takes this into account and estimates an 'undercoverage' rate for the urban region (CMA) every Census, but not for the City. The 2001 rate for the Toronto CMA was 5.17%. If the rate were the same for 2006, the City's actual population would be 2,632,700.

Following a review of the 2006 Census results for Toronto, City of Toronto staff identified the possibility that the Census may have undercounted more of Toronto's population than usual. City staff continue to investigate this issue.

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 16

ETHNOCULTURAL

Top Ten Mother Tongue Groups

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	51,160	98.9	Single Response	2,421,275	97.8
English	39,575	76.5	English	1,229,585	49.6
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	955	1.8	Chinese, n.o.s.*	107,775	4.4
Italian	850	1.6	Cantonese	87,835	3.5
French	835	1.6	Italian	85,050	3.4
Spanish	725	1.4	Spanish	67,965	2.7
Greek	660	1.3	Portuguese	61,660	2.5
Russian	560	1.1	Tamil	60,580	2.4
Romanian	495	1.0	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	60,435	2.4
German	495	1.0	Mandarin	43,740	1.8
Hungarian	480	0.9	Urdu	40,495	1.6
Others	5,530	10.7	Others	576,155	23.3
Multiple Response	585	1.1	Multiple Response	55,245	2.2
Total	51,745	100.0	Total	2,476,520	100.0
No Knowledge of English/French	285	0.6	No Knowledge of English/French	130,180	5.3

Top Ten Home Language Groups

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	51,070	98.6	Single Response	2,378,835	96.1
English	46,495	89.8	English	1,593,820	64.4
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	520	1.0	Chinese, n.o.s.*	83,640	3.4
Russian	375	0.7	Cantonese	75,445	3.0
Greek	340	0.7	Tamil	50,660	2.0
Korean	325	0.6	Italian	44,445	1.8
Spanish	300	0.6	Spanish	43,910	1.8
French	285	0.6	Mandarin	38,285	1.5
Romanian	280	0.5	Portuguese	37,820	1.5
Serbian	235	0.5	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	33,920	1.4
Hebrew	190	0.4	Urdu	30,820	1.2
Others	1,725	3.3	Others	346,070	14.0
Multiple Response	715	1.4	Multiple Response	97,700	3.9
Total	51,785	100.0	Total	2,476,535	100.0

* n.o.s. = not otherwise specified - all Chinese other than Cantonese, Mandarin, Taiwanese, Chaochow (Teochow), Fukien, Hakka and Shanghaiese.

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 16

Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	26,065	50.3	Single Response	1,731,490	69.9
Jewish	5,175	10.0	Chinese	270,460	10.9
Canadian	2,980	5.8	East Indian	148,975	6.0
English	2,195	4.2	Italian	124,305	5.0
Italian	1,460	2.8	Canadian	101,330	4.1
Filipino	1,455	2.8	Filipino	83,025	3.4
Chinese	1,305	2.5	English	73,755	3.0
Scottish	1,165	2.2	Portuguese	69,000	2.8
Irish	980	1.9	Jamaican	53,535	2.2
Greek	805	1.6	Greek	40,810	1.6
Polish	780	1.5	Sri Lankan	39,945	1.6
Others	7,765	15.0	Others	726,350	29.3
Multiple Response	25,715	49.7	Multiple Response	745,075	30.1
Total	51,780	100.0	Total	2,476,565	100.0

Total Visible Minority Population

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Total Visible Minorities	6,540	12.6	Total Visible Minorities	1,162,625	46.9
Chinese	1,675	3.2	South Asian	298,375	12.0
Filipino	1,670	3.2	Chinese	283,070	11.4
South Asian	650	1.3	Black	208,555	8.4
Black	620	1.2	Filipino	102,555	4.1
Korean	525	1.0	Latin American	64,855	2.6
Latin American	480	0.9	West Asian	42,755	1.7
Japanese	220	0.4	Southeast Asian	37,495	1.5
West Asian	200	0.4	Korean	34,215	1.4
Southeast Asian	125	0.2	Arab	22,490	0.9
Arab	125	0.2	Japanese	11,965	0.5
Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	65	0.1	Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	25,195	1.0
Multiple Visible Minorities	185	0.4	Multiple Visible Minorities	31,100	1.3
All Others	45,240	87.4	All Others	1,313,935	53.1
Total	51,780	100.0	Total	2,476,560	100.0

*n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 16

IMMIGRATION/MIGRATION

Total Population 15+ Years by Generation Status

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1st generation	13,305	31.9	1st generation	1,221,020	59.1
2nd generation	11,575	27.7	2nd generation	417,455	20.2
3rd generation and over	16,845	40.4	3rd generation and over	428,970	20.7
Total	41,725	100.0	Total	2,067,445	100.0

Population by Period of Immigration

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1961	2,430	19.0	Before 1961	105,965	8.6
1961 to 1970	1,840	14.4	1961 to 1970	118,575	9.6
1971 to 1980	2,135	16.7	1971 to 1980	162,340	13.1
1981 to 1990	1,675	13.1	1981 to 1990	205,600	16.6
1991 to 2000	2,760	21.6	1991 to 2000	377,380	30.5
1991 to 1995	1,485	11.6	1991 to 1995	188,420	15.2
1996 to 2000	1,275	10.0	1996 to 2000	188,960	15.3
2001 to 2006	1,935	15.1	2001 to 2006	267,855	21.6
Total Immigrant Population	12,775	100.0	Total Immigrant Population	1,237,715	100.0

Population by Mobility Status (1-year and 5-year)

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1-Year			1-Year		
Non-movers	43,925	86.0	Non-movers	2,066,690	84.4
Movers	7,145	14.0	Movers	380,565	15.6
Non-migrants	5,185	10.2	Non-migrants	267,655	10.9
Migrants	1,960	3.8	Migrants	112,910	4.6
Internal migrants	1,220	2.4	Internal migrants	54,660	2.2
Intraprovincial migrants	965	1.9	Intraprovincial migrants	43,635	1.8
Interprovincial migrants	255	0.5	Interprovincial migrants	11,025	0.5
External migrants	740	1.4	External migrants	58,250	2.4
Total population 1 year ago	51,070	100.0	Total population 1 year ago	2,447,255	100.0
5-Year			5-Year		
Non-movers	29,095	60.1	Non-movers	1,283,715	54.8
Movers	19,330	39.9	Movers	1,057,120	45.2
Non-migrants	13,005	26.9	Non-migrants	661,240	28.2
Migrants	6,325	13.1	Migrants	395,880	16.9
Internal migrants	3,380	7.0	Internal migrants	144,435	6.2
Intraprovincial migrants	2,555	5.3	Intraprovincial migrants	110,930	4.7
Interprovincial migrants	825	1.7	Interprovincial migrants	33,505	1.4
External migrants	2,945	6.1	External migrants	251,445	10.7
Total population 5 years ago	48,425	100.0	Total population 5 years ago	2,340,835	100.0

Ward 16

Total Population by Immigrant Status and Place of Birth

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Europe, Eastern	2,125	4.1	Asia, Eastern	213,840	8.6
Europe, Northern	1,770	3.4	Asia, Southern	184,135	7.4
Europe, Southern	1,725	3.3	Europe, Southern	167,635	6.8
Asia, Southeast	1,215	2.3	Asia, Southeast	126,405	5.1
Asia, Eastern	1,160	2.2	Europe, Eastern	105,025	4.2
United States of America	1,145	2.2	Caribbean and Bermuda	90,980	3.7
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	725	1.4	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	77,440	3.1
Europe, Western	690	1.3	America, South	73,975	3.0
America, South	535	1.0	Europe, Northern	59,080	2.4
Caribbean and Bermuda	395	0.8	Africa, Eastern	35,140	1.4
Africa, Southern	375	0.7	Europe, Western	25,640	1.0
Asia, Southern	310	0.6	United States of America	22,635	0.9
Africa, Northern	195	0.4	America, Central	18,825	0.8
America, Central	130	0.3	Africa, Western	14,120	0.6
Oceania and other	130	0.3	Africa, Northern	9,985	0.4
Africa, Eastern	115	0.2	Africa, Southern	5,660	0.2
Africa, Western	25	0.0	Oceania and other	4,425	0.2
Africa, Central	20	0.0	Africa, Central	2,775	0.1
Total Immigrants	12,785	24.7	Total Immigrants	1,237,720	50.0
Non-immigrants	38,055	73.5	Non-immigrants	1,184,235	47.8
Non-permanent residents	950	1.8	Non-Permanent Residents	54,610	2.2
Total population	51,790	100.0	Total Population	2,476,565	100.0

Total Recent Immigrants* by Place of Birth

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Asia, Southeast	455	23.6	Asia, Southern	69,600	26.0
Europe, Eastern	350	18.1	Asia, Eastern	59,580	22.2
Asia, Eastern	225	11.7	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	28,695	10.7
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	165	8.5	Asia, Southeast	25,595	9.6
United States of America	145	7.5	Europe, Eastern	24,090	9.0
America, South	140	7.3	America, South	13,690	5.1
Europe, Northern	120	6.2	Caribbean and Bermuda	9,295	3.5
Europe, Southern	105	5.4	Europe, Southern	8,085	3.0
Africa, Southern	45	2.3	Africa, Eastern	7,655	2.9
Asia, Southern	40	2.1	Africa, Western	4,845	1.8
Africa, Eastern	35	1.8	United States of America	4,235	1.6
Caribbean and Bermuda	30	1.6	America, Central	3,450	1.3
Oceania and other	30	1.6	Europe, Northern	2,450	0.9
America, Central	15	0.8	Africa, Northern	2,110	0.8
Europe, Western	10	0.5	Europe, Western	1,785	0.7
Africa, Western	10	0.5	Africa, Central	1,350	0.5
Africa, Northern	10	0.5	Oceania and other	765	0.3
Africa, Central	0	0.0	Africa, Southern	570	0.2
Total Recent Immigrants	1,930	100.0	Total Recent Immigrants	267,845	100.0

* Immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006

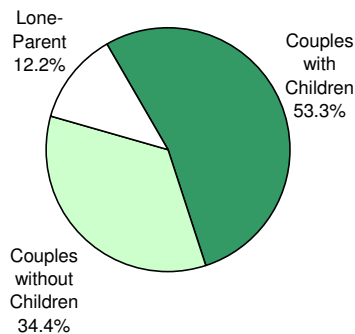
2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 16

FAMILIES

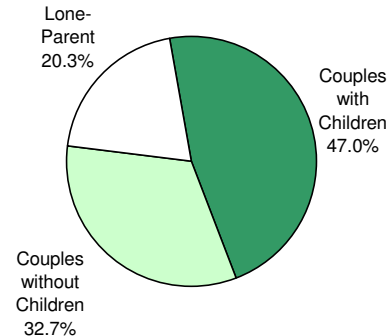
Families by **Type**

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Couples with Children	7,250	53.3	Couples with Children	314,610	47.0
Couples without Children	4,680	34.4	Couples without Children	219,345	32.7
Lone-Parent	1,665	12.2	Lone-Parent	136,135	20.3
Total	13,595	100.0	Total	670,090	100.0

**Families by Type
Ward 16 - 2006**



**Families by Type
City of Toronto - 2006**



Families by **Number of Children**

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
All Families			All Families		
With Children	8,915	65.6	With Children	450,745	67.3
Without Children	4,680	34.4	Without Children	219,345	32.7
Total	13,595	100.0	Total	670,090	100.0
Couples			Couples		
1 Child	2,395	33.0	1 Child	129,275	41.1
2 Children	3,240	44.7	2 Children	130,045	41.3
3+ Children	1,615	22.3	3+ Children	55,290	17.6
Total	7,250	100.0	Total	314,610	100.0
Lone Parent			Lone Parent		
1 Child	1,015	61.0	1 Child	83,560	61.4
2 Children	540	32.4	2 Children	37,430	27.5
3+ Children	110	6.6	3+ Children	15,145	11.1
Total	1,665	100.0	Total	136,135	100.0
Number of Children at Home by Age			Number of Children at Home by Age		
Under 6 years of age	3,895	23.2	Under 6 years of age	159,605	20.4
6 - 14 years	6,115	36.4	6 - 14 years	245,895	31.4
15 - 17 years	2,000	11.9	15 - 17 years	83,030	10.6
18 - 24 years	3,335	19.9	18 - 24 years	163,225	20.8
25 years and more	1,445	8.6	25 years and more	131,710	16.8
Total	16,790	100.0	Total	783,465	100.0

Note: Unless noted otherwise, Family data shown here refer to the Statistics Canada definition of "Census Family". For more information please see the Glossary.

HOUSEHOLDS/DWELLINGS

Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type*

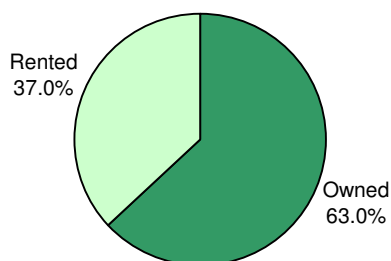
Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single-detached house	10,440	49.5	Single-detached house	266,880	27.3
Semi-detached house	1,155	5.5	Semi-detached house	69,465	7.1
Row house	130	0.6	Row house	54,685	5.6
Apartment, detached duplex	815	3.9	Apartment, detached duplex	44,100	4.5
Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	5,415	25.7	Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	379,695	38.8
Apt, building that has <5 storeys	2,990	14.2	Apt, building that has <5 storeys	162,980	16.6
Other single-attached house	145	0.7	Other single-attached house	1,345	0.1
Movable dwelling	0	0.0	Movable dwelling	160	0.0
Total number of dwellings	21,090	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,310	100.0

* The Census shows large changes in the types of dwelling units in the city between 2001 and 2006. For example, the number of single and semi-detached houses fell by 55,600 whereas the number of duplex units and apartment units in buildings under 5 storeys increased by 66,400. This may not reflect actual construction and demolition patterns, suggesting that many units were "reclassified" between 2001 and 2006. Similarly, the Census shows an increase of 24,700 apartment units in buildings over 5 storeys between 2001 and 2006. Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's (CMHC) data show the 43,170 such units were completed in the 5 years from 2001 to 2005. The 2006 data on structure types should be used with caution.

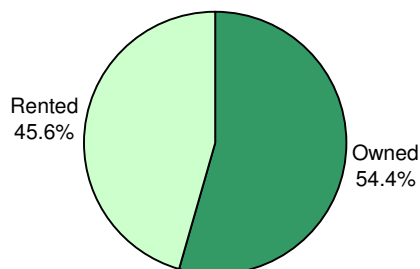
Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Owned	13,295	63.0	Owned	532,590	54.4
Rented	7,795	37.0	Rented	446,855	45.6
Total number of dwellings	21,090	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,445	100.0

Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure
Ward 16 - 2006



Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure
City of Toronto - 2006



2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 16

Occupied Private Dwellings by Period of Construction

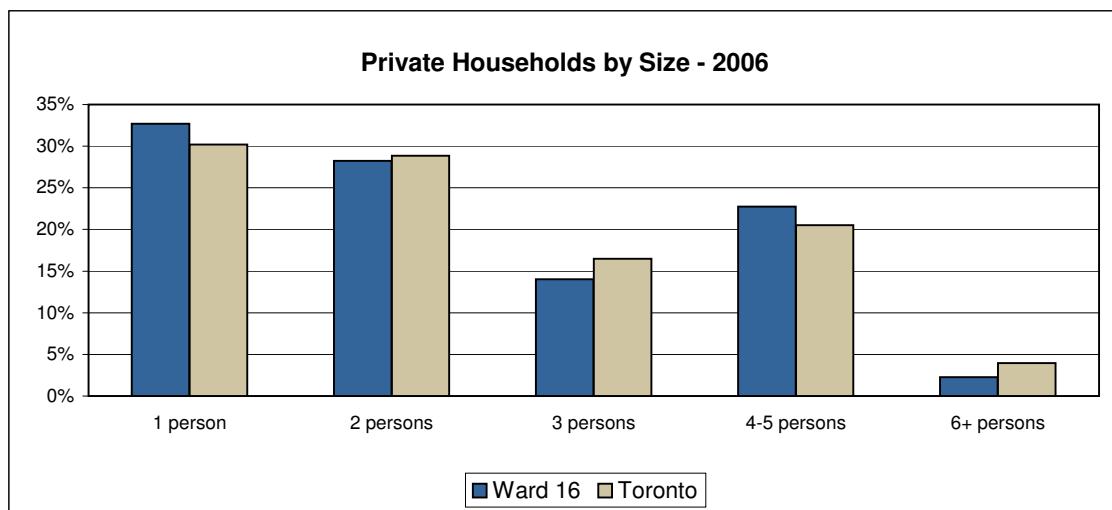
Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1946	8,065	38.2	Before 1946	180,790	18.5
1946-1960	4,785	22.7	1946-1960	203,495	20.8
1961-1970	1,915	9.1	1961-1970	185,315	18.9
1971-1980	1,560	7.4	1971-1980	161,750	16.5
1981-1990	1,595	7.6	1981-1990	115,490	11.8
1991-1995	825	3.9	1991-1995	35,710	3.6
1996-2000	980	4.6	1996-2000	36,510	3.7
2001-2006	1,365	6.5	2001-2006	60,390	6.2
Total number of dwellings	21,090	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,450	100.0

Private Households by Type

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
One-family households	13,390	63.5	One-family households	602,235	61.5
Multiple-family households	110	0.5	Multiple-family households	32,640	3.3
Non-family households	7,595	36.0	Non-family households	344,565	35.2
Total number of households	21,095	100.0	Total number of households	979,440	100.0

Private Households by Size

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1 person	6,895	32.7	1 person	295,825	30.2
2 persons	5,960	28.3	2 persons	282,685	28.9
3 persons	2,960	14.0	3 persons	161,440	16.5
4-5 persons	4,800	22.8	4-5 persons	200,735	20.5
6 or more persons	480	2.3	6 or more persons	38,640	3.9
Total no. of private households	21,095	100.0	Total no. of private households	979,325	100.0
Average number of persons in households	2.4		Average number of persons in households	2.5	

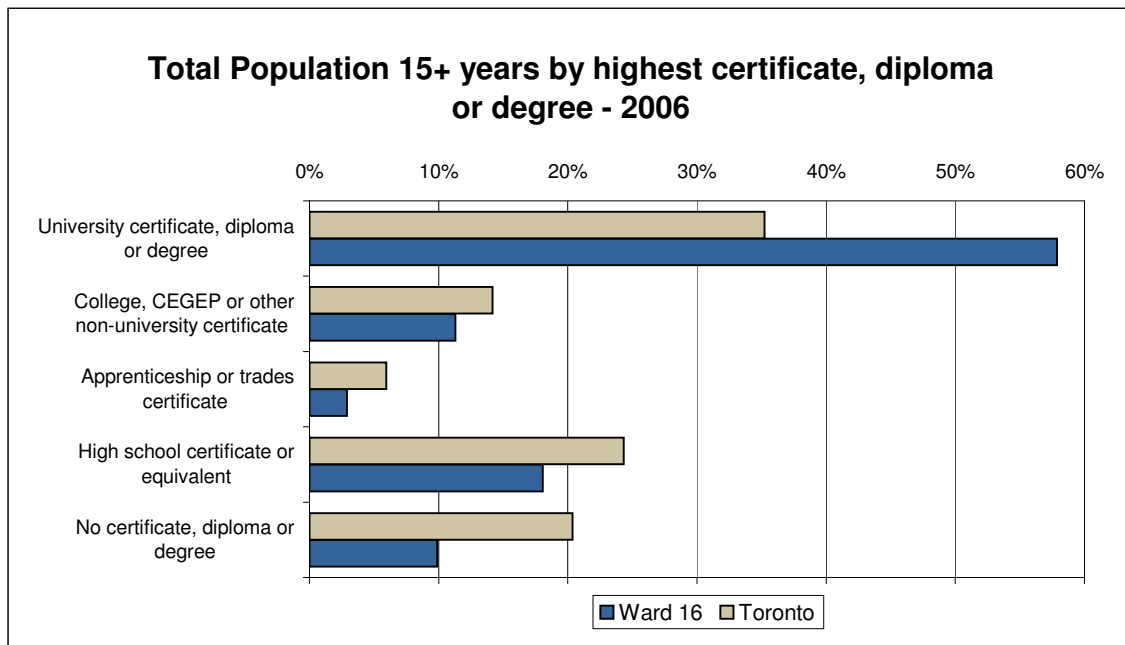


2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 16

EDUCATION

Total population 15+ years by highest certificate, diploma or degree

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	4,125	9.9	No certificate, diploma or degree	420,915	20.4
Certificate, diploma or degree	37,595	90.1	Certificate, diploma or degree	1,646,515	79.6
High school certificate or equivalent	7,530	18.0	High school certificate or equivalent	502,735	24.3
Apprenticeship or trades certificate	1,210	2.9	Apprenticeship or trades certificate	122,685	5.9
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	4,710	11.3	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	293,005	14.2
University certificate, diploma or degree	24,145	57.9	University certificate, diploma or degree	728,090	35.2
University certificate below bachelor level	2,355	5.6	University certificate below bachelor level	117,805	5.7
University certificate or degree	21,790	52.2	University certificate or degree	610,285	29.5
Bachelor's degree	12,495	29.9	Bachelor's degree	372,120	18.0
University certificate above bachelor level	2,235	5.4	University certificate above bachelor level	63,810	3.1
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	920	2.2	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	18,440	0.9
Master's degree	5,265	12.6	Master's degree	132,575	6.4
Earned doctorate	875	2.1	Earned doctorate	23,340	1.1
Total	41,720	100.0	Total	2,067,430	100.0



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City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 16

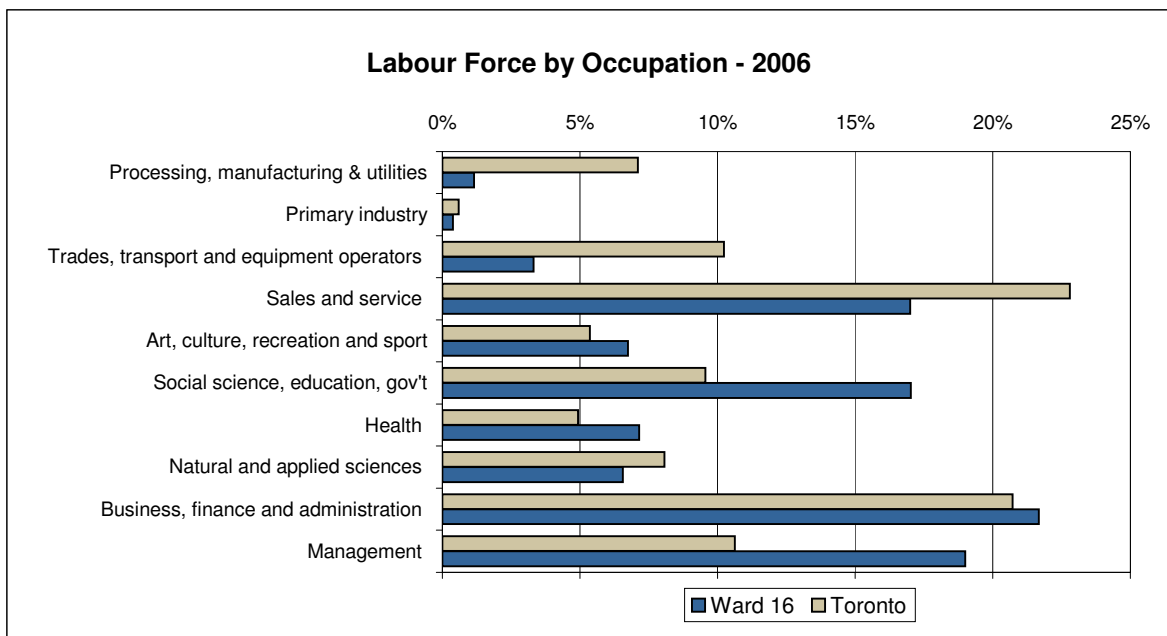
LABOUR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT

Labour Force

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Population 15+	41,730		Population 15+	2,067,445	
In the labour force	28,600	68.5	In the labour force	1,344,825	65.0
Employed	27,220	65.2	Employed	1,242,215	60.1
Unemployed	1,380	3.3	Unemployed	102,610	5.0
Not in the labour force	13,130	31.5	Not in the labour force	722,620	35.0
Unemployment rate		4.8	Unemployment rate		7.6
Participation rate - Male		74.7	Participation rate - Male		70.7
Participation rate - Female		63.4	Participation rate - Female		60.0

Labour Force by Occupation

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Management	5,390	19.0	Management	139,465	10.6
Business, finance and administration	6,150	21.7	Business, finance and administration	271,815	20.7
Natural and applied sciences	1,860	6.6	Natural and applied sciences	105,840	8.1
Health	2,030	7.2	Health	64,650	4.9
Social science, education, gov't	4,830	17.0	Social science, education, gov't	125,295	9.6
Art, culture, recreation and sport	1,915	6.7	Art, culture, recreation and sport	70,270	5.4
Sales and service	4,825	17.0	Sales and service	299,155	22.8
Trades, transport and equipment operators	940	3.3	Trades, transport and equipment operators	134,175	10.2
Primary industry	110	0.4	Primary industry	7,815	0.6
Processing, manufacturing & utilities	325	1.1	Processing, manufacturing & utilities	93,185	7.1
All Occupations	28,375	100.0	All Occupations	1,311,665	100.0



2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 16

Labour Force by Industry

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	25	0.1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	2,140	0.2
Mining and oil and gas extraction	110	0.4	Mining and oil and gas extraction	2,020	0.2
Utilities	100	0.4	Utilities	6,370	0.5
Construction	850	3.0	Construction	63,225	4.8
Manufacturing	1,580	5.6	Manufacturing	153,700	11.7
Wholesale trade	1,195	4.2	Wholesale trade	61,535	4.7
Retail trade	2,045	7.2	Retail trade	130,405	9.9
Transportation and warehousing	430	1.5	Transportation and warehousing	51,325	3.9
Information and cultural industries	1,375	4.8	Information and cultural industries	60,705	4.6
Finance and insurance	2,865	10.1	Finance and insurance	98,785	7.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,120	3.9	Real estate and rental and leasing	33,795	2.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	5,245	18.5	Professional, scientific and technical services	141,480	10.8
Management of companies and enterprises	150	0.5	Management of companies and enterprises	2,750	0.2
Administrative and support, waste management	1,035	3.6	Administrative and support, waste management	74,005	5.6
Educational services	2,705	9.5	Educational services	88,330	6.7
Health care and social assistance	3,140	11.1	Health care and social assistance	116,975	8.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	725	2.6	Arts, entertainment and recreation	30,305	2.3
Accommodation and food services	1,185	4.2	Accommodation and food services	83,380	6.4
Other services (except public administration)	1,430	5.0	Other services (except public administration)	65,595	5.0
Public administration	1,050	3.7	Public administration	44,835	3.4
All Industries	28,360	100.0	All Industries	1,311,660	100.0

Employed Labour Force 15+ years by Place of Work Status

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Usual place of work	21,695	79.7	Usual place of work	1,018,755	82.0
In City of Toronto	18,535	68.1	In City of Toronto	819,940	66.0
Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	3,160	11.6	Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	198,815	16.0
At home	3,630	13.3	At home	85,470	6.9
Outside Canada	205	0.8	Outside Canada	7,810	0.6
No fixed workplace address	1,680	6.2	No fixed workplace address	130,180	10.5
Total Labour Force	27,210	100.0	Total Labour Force	1,242,215	100.0

Employment - 2007

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Establishments	1,445		Establishments	75,512	
Full Time Employment	12,889	73.9	Full Time Employment	1,019,564	78.5
Part Time Employment	4,556	26.1	Part Time Employment	279,167	21.5
Total Employment	17,445	100.0	Total Employment	1,298,731	100.0

Source: 2007 City of Toronto Employment Survey

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

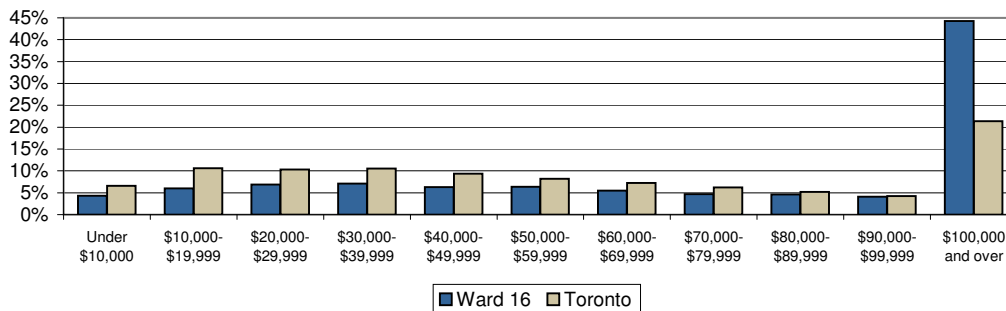
Ward 16

INCOME/SHELTER COSTS

Household Income

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	910	4.3	Under \$10,000	64,835	6.6
\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	1,270	6.0	\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	103,850	10.6
\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	1,450	6.9	\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	101,340	10.3
\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	1,500	7.1	\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	102,875	10.5
\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	1,320	6.3	\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	91,980	9.4
\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	1,340	6.4	\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	80,580	8.2
\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	1,150	5.5	\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	71,125	7.3
\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	985	4.7	\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	61,050	6.2
\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	975	4.6	\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	50,980	5.2
\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	860	4.1	\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	41,360	4.2
\$100,000 and over	9,335	44.3	\$100,000 and over	209,465	21.4
Total Number of Private Households	21,095	100.0	Total Number of Private Households	979,440	100.0
Average household Income	\$177,570		Average household Income	\$80,343	
Median household income	\$85,492		Median household income	\$52,833	
1-Person Households	6,900		1-Person Households	295,510	
Average household Income	\$59,471		Average household Income	\$43,727	
Median household income	\$40,410		Median household income	\$30,639	

Household Income - 2005



Shelter Costs

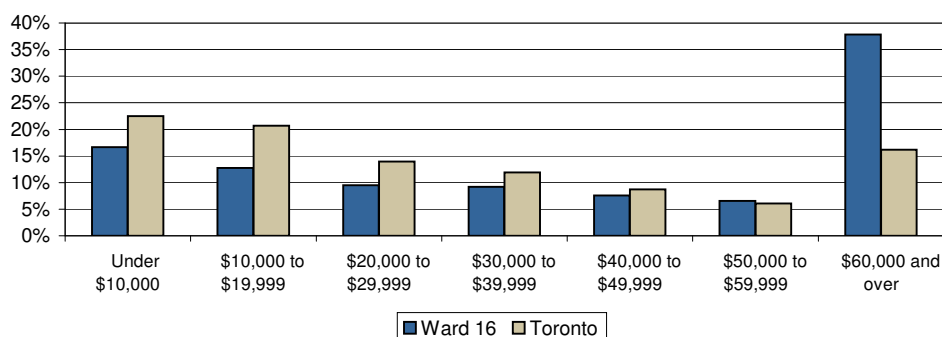
Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Renter Households			Renter Households		
Average rent	\$1,049		Average rent	\$931	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	3,470		Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	208,260	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		44.5	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		46.6
Owner Households			Owner Households		
Average major payments	\$1,742		Average major payments	\$1,312	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	2,290		Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	147,270	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		17.2	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		27.7

2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 16

Individual Income (15 years and over)

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	6,655	16.7	Under \$10,000	439,495	22.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999	5,085	12.7	\$10,000 to \$19,999	403,555	20.7
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,785	9.5	\$20,000 to \$29,999	272,485	14.0
\$30,000 to \$39,999	3,675	9.2	\$30,000 to \$39,999	232,350	11.9
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,030	7.6	\$40,000 to \$49,999	170,330	8.7
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2,610	6.5	\$50,000 to \$59,999	119,060	6.1
\$60,000 and over	15,105	37.8	\$60,000 and over	315,385	16.2
Total Pop'n 15+ with income	39,945	100.0	Total Pop'n 15+ with income	1,952,660	100.0
Average Income	\$93,837		Average Income	\$40,376	
Median Income	\$42,153		Median Income	\$24,544	
Males	18,335	45.9	Males	933,340	47.8
Average Income	\$128,462		Average Income	\$49,387	
Median Income	\$55,055		Median Income	\$28,800	
Females	21,610	54.1	Females	1,019,320	52.2
Average Income	\$64,487		Average Income	\$32,125	
Median Income	\$35,384		Median Income	\$21,153	

Individual Income - 2005



Low Income

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Economic Families	13,730		Economic Families	651,685	
Low Income*	1,000		Low Income*	134,250	
Incidence		7.3	Incidence		20.6
Unattached individuals	8,465		Unattached individuals	402,820	
Low Income*	2,530		Low Income*	165,160	
Incidence		29.9	Incidence		41.0
Population in private households	51,660		Population in private households	2,465,500	
Low Income*	5,420		Low Income*	604,050	
Incidence		10.5	Incidence		24.5

* estimate derived from the incidence % of 2005 before tax low income provided by Statistics Canada

2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 16

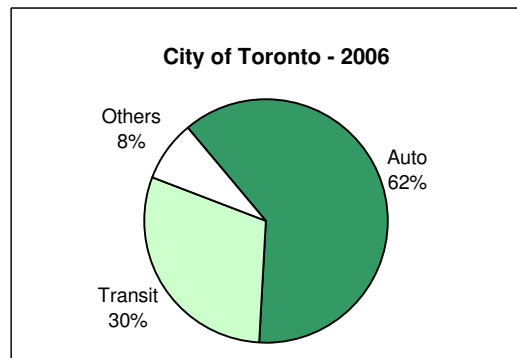
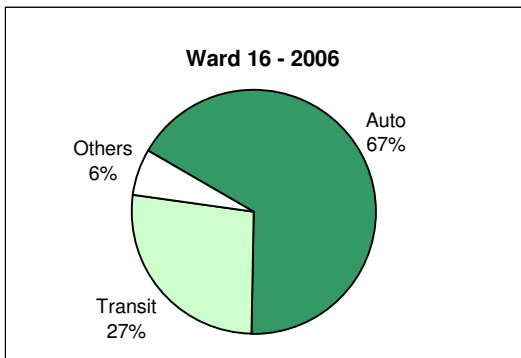
TRAVEL CHARACTERISTICS

Ward 16			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Vehicles per Household	1.3		Vehicles per Household	1.1	
Licensed Drivers per Household	1.6		Licensed Drivers per Household	1.5	
Daily Trips per Capita	2.4		Daily Trips per Capita	2.0	
Daily Work Trips	40,775		Daily Work Trips	1,915,584	
Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		67%	Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		62%
Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		27%	Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		30%
Daily Non-Work Trips	81,763		Daily Non-Work Trips	2,870,656	
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		79%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		71%
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		12%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		19%
Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		6%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		
Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		83%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		78%

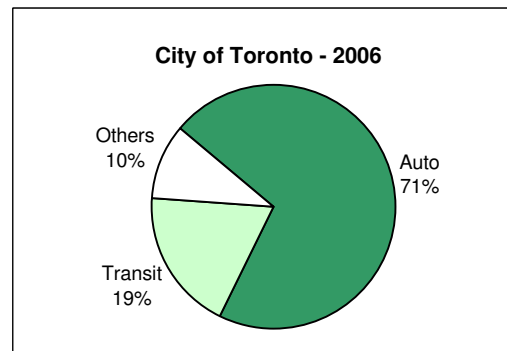
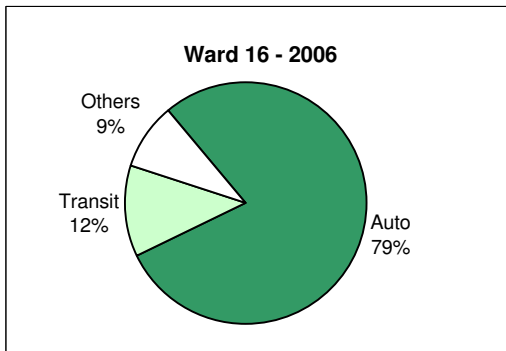
Source: 2006 [Transportation Tomorrow Survey](#)

Note - Estimates of trips in the City and in each ward are based on the TTS sample and the population counted by the Census. The caveats regarding the population undercount that are noted on the "POPULATION" page of the profile will also apply to the estimates of trips.

Work Trips



Non-Work Trips



GLOSSARY

Education

Highest certificate, diploma or degree - Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree.

This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. There is an implied hierarchy in this variable (secondary school graduation, registered apprenticeship and trades, college, university) which is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

Families

Census Families

Families by number of children - Classification of census families (a census family is composed of a married couple or two persons living common-law, with or without children, or of a lone parent living with at least one child in the same dwelling) according to whether or not a family member is responsible for making payments for the rent, mortgage, taxes or electricity. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. 'Children' in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Children refer to blood, step- or adopted sons and daughters (regardless of age or marital status) who are living in the same dwelling as their parent(s), as well as grandchildren in households where there are no parents present. Sons and daughters who are living with their spouse or common-law partner, or with one or more of their own children, are not considered to be members of the census family of their parent(s), even if they are living in the same dwelling. In addition, those sons and daughters who do not live in the same dwelling as their parent(s) are not considered members of the census family of their parent(s). The category of '**children**' can be further distinguished as follows:

Never-married sons and/or daughters in a census family, as used in censuses prior to 2001.

Other sons and/or daughters in a census family who would not have been included in the census family of their parents according to the previous concept.

Grandchildren living in the same household as their grandparent(s), with no parents present.

Economic family

The economic family concept requires only that family members be related by blood, marriage, common-law or adoption. By contrast, the census family concept requires that family members be either a male or female spouse, a male or female common-law partner, a male or female lone parent, or a child with a parent present. The concept of economic family may therefore refer to a larger group of persons than does the census family concept. For example, a widowed mother living with her married son and daughter-in-law would be treated as a person not in a census family. That same person would, however, be counted as a member of an economic family along with her son and daughter-in-law. Two or more related census families living together also constitute **one** economic family as, for example, a man and his wife living with their married son

and daughter-in-law. Two or more brothers or sisters living together, apart from their parents, will form an economic family, but not a census family, since they do not meet the requirements for the latter. All census family persons are economic family persons. For 2006, foster children are considered economic family members.

Family type - Refers to the classification of census families according to whether or not any family member is responsible for household payments, i.e. rent, or mortgage, or taxes, or electricity.

* For the 2001 Census, several changes were made to the census family concept

- Two persons living in a same-sex common-law relationship, along with any of their children residing in the household, will be considered a census family.
- Children in a census family can have been previously married (as long as they are not currently living with a spouse or common-law partner). Previously, they had to be "never-married".
- A grandchild living in a three-generation household where the parent (middle generation) is never-married will, contrary to previous censuses, now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her parent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, the census family usually consisted of the two older generations.

A grandchild of another household member, where a middle-generation parent is not present, will now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her grandparent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, such a grandchild would not be considered as the member of a census family.

Household/dwellings

Household size - Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

Household Type - Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: **non-family households** and **family households**.

A **non-family household** consists either of one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.

Family households are divided into two subcategories: **one-family households** and **multiple-family households**.

A **one-family household** consists of a single family (e.g., a couple with or without children). A **multiple-family household** is made up of two or more families occupying the same dwelling.

Occupied private dwelling - Refers to a private dwelling in which a person or group of persons is permanently residing. Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on Census Day. Unless otherwise specified, all data in housing products are for occupied private dwellings, rather than for unoccupied private dwellings or dwellings occupied solely by foreign and/or temporary residents.

Period of construction - Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

Structural type of dwelling - Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- Single-detached house - A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- Semi-detached house - One of two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have open space on all sides.
- Row house - One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- Apartment or flat in a duplex - One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys - A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys - A dwelling unit attached to other dwelling units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- Other single-attached house - A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- Mobile home – A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- Other movable dwelling - A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

Tenure - Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling, or whether the dwelling is Band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

Income

Household income - The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

Incidence of low income - Is the proportion or percentage of economic families or persons not in economic families in a given classification below the low income after tax cut-offs. These prevalence rates are calculated from unrounded estimates of economic families and persons 15 years of age and over not in economic families.

Low income - Measures of low income known as low income (before tax) cut-offs (LICO-BT) were first introduced in Canada in 1968 based on 1961 Census income data and 1959 family expenditure patterns. At that time, expenditure patterns indicated that Canadian families spent about 50% of their total income on food, shelter and clothing. It was arbitrarily estimated that

families spending 70% or more of their income (20 percentage points more than the average) on these basic necessities would be in "straitened" circumstances. With this assumption, low income cut-off points were set for five different sizes of families. The following is the 2005 matrix of low income before tax cut-offs for economic families and persons not in economic families.

Size of area of residence	
Family size	500,000 or more
1	20,778
2	25,867
3	31,801
4	38,610
5	43,791
6	49,389
7+	54,987

Labour force/employment

City of Toronto Employment Survey - The employment survey is a unique information resource for both the public and private sectors. It provides City Departments with background data for economic and transportation studies and a foundation for forecasting the City's service needs. The survey provides private businesses with a rich resource for making decisions such as location analysis and market development or expansion.

Industry - Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were required to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census industry data are produced according to the 2002 NAICS (North American Industry Classification System). The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 103 subsectors and 328 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

Mode of transportation - Main means a person uses to travel between home and place of work (by car, on foot, on public transit, or by some other means).

Occupation - Refers to the kind of work persons were doing during the reference week, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census occupation data are classified according to the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S 2006). This classification is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 47 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 520 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

Participation rate - Refers to the labour force in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006), expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over.

Place of work status - Classification of people aged 15 or over who worked at some point between January 1, 2005 and May 16, 2006 (Census Day), according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address.

Unemployment rate - The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the unemployed in that group, expressed as a percentage of the labour force in that group, in the week prior to enumeration.

Population

Age group - Refers to the age at last birthday (as of the census reference date, May 16, 2006). This variable is derived from date of birth.

Ethnic origin - Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

Generation status - Generation status of the respondent, i.e. "1st", "2nd" or "3rd +" generation, refers to whether the respondent or the respondent's parents were born in or outside Canada.

Generation status includes three response categories, which are defined as follows:

1st generation

Persons born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, landed immigrants in Canada. Also included in the first generation are a small number of people born outside Canada to parents who are Canadian citizens by birth. In addition, the first generation includes people who are non-permanent residents (defined as people from another country in Canada on Work or Study Permits or as refugee claimants, and any family members living with them in Canada).

2nd generation

Persons born inside Canada with at least one parent born outside Canada. This includes (a) persons born in Canada with both parents born outside Canada and (b) persons born in Canada with one parent born in Canada and one parent born outside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

3rd generation or more

Persons born inside Canada with both parents born inside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

Home language - Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census.

Immigrants by selected places of birth - People who are or who have ever been landed immigrants. Landed immigrants are people who have been permitted by immigration authorities to live in Canada permanently; some will have lived in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Recent immigrants are landed immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006.

Mobility status (1-year and 5-year)

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2005, one year before Census Day. **(1 year ago)**

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2001, five years before Census Day. **(5 years ago)**

- Non-movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at the same address as the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at a different address than the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Non-migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living at a different address, but in the same census subdivision (CSD) as the one they lived in one year earlier.
- Migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were residing in a different CSD one year earlier (internal migrants) or who were living outside Canada one year earlier (external migrants).
- Intraprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in the same province.
- Interprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in a different province.

Mother tongue - Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census.

Period of immigration - Refers to ranges of years based on the year of immigration question. Year of immigration refers to the year in which landed immigrant status was first obtained. A landed immigrant is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

Visible minorities - Refers to the visible minority group to which the respondent belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour".

Travel characteristics

Transportation Tomorrow Survey - This is a factual survey that collects information on how members of a household use the transportation system. In addition to trip information of each household member (i.e. trip origin, destination, time, purpose, method of travel) survey participants are also asked about age, gender, employment status, size of household and number of motor vehicles. Data in this table pertains to all trips.