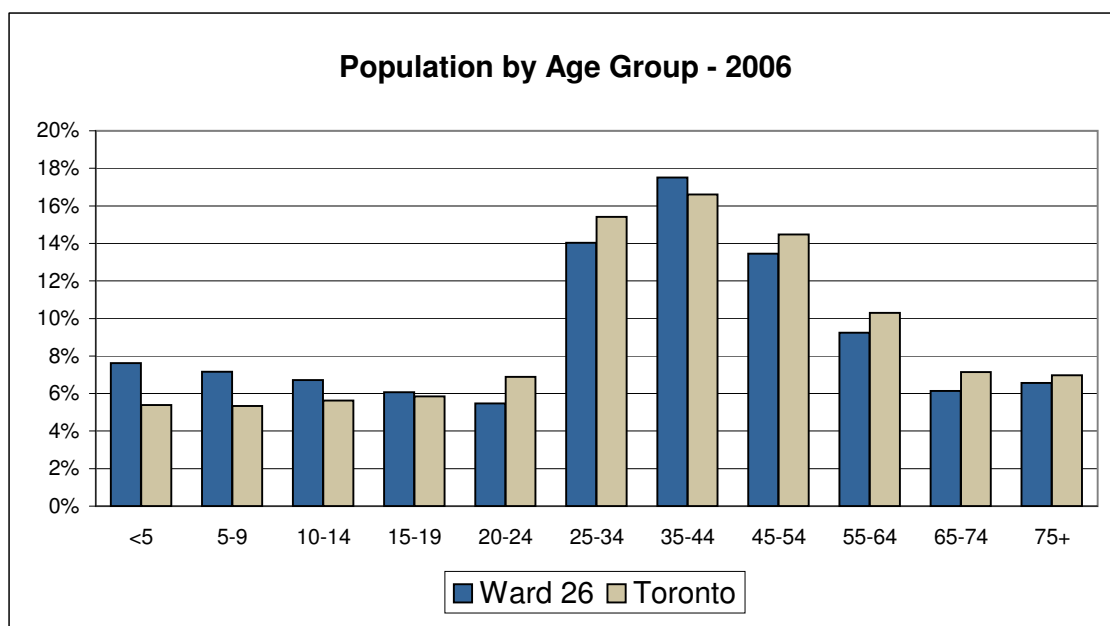


2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 26

POPULATION*

Population by Age Group

Ward 26						City of Toronto					
Age Group	2001 No.	%	2006 No.	%	01-06 % Chg	Age Group	2001 No.	%	2006 No.	%	01-06 % Chg
Less than 5	4,245	7.1	4,620	7.6	8.8	Less than 5	143,510	5.8	134,980	5.4	-5.9
5 - 9	4,370	7.3	4,340	7.2	-0.7	5 - 9	149,635	6.0	133,595	5.3	-10.7
10 - 14	3,775	6.3	4,070	6.7	7.8	10 - 14	140,675	5.7	141,045	5.6	0.3
15 - 19	3,210	5.4	3,680	6.1	14.6	15 - 19	143,275	5.8	146,205	5.8	2.0
20 - 24	3,220	5.4	3,320	5.5	3.1	20 - 24	165,140	6.7	172,450	6.9	4.4
25 - 34	9,860	16.5	8,505	14.0	-13.7	25 - 34	413,020	16.6	385,925	15.4	-6.6
35 - 44	10,755	18.0	10,605	17.5	-1.4	35 - 44	429,860	17.3	415,620	16.6	-3.3
45 - 54	7,845	13.1	8,155	13.5	4.0	45 - 54	337,470	13.6	362,420	14.5	7.4
55 - 64	4,900	8.2	5,600	9.2	14.3	55 - 64	221,080	8.9	257,585	10.3	16.5
65 - 74	3,850	6.4	3,715	6.1	-3.5	65 - 74	185,170	7.5	178,995	7.2	-3.3
75+	3,840	6.4	3,975	6.6	3.5	75+	152,675	6.2	174,460	7.0	14.3
Total	59,870	100.0	60,585	100.0	1.2	Total	2,481,510	100.0	2,503,280	100.0	0.9



*Note: Although Statistics Canada makes a great effort to count every person, in each Census a notable number of people are left out for a variety of reasons. For example, people may be traveling, some dwellings are hard to find, and some people simply refuse to participate. Statistics Canada takes this into account and estimates an 'undercoverage' rate for the urban region (CMA) every Census, but not for the City. The 2001 rate for the Toronto CMA was 5.17%. If the rate were the same for 2006, the City's actual population would be 2,632,700.

Following a review of the 2006 Census results for Toronto, City of Toronto staff identified the possibility that the Census may have undercounted more of Toronto's population than usual. City staff continue to investigate this issue.

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 26

ETHNOCULTURAL

Top Ten Mother Tongue Groups

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	58,845	97.2	Single Response	2,421,275	97.8
English	26,270	43.4	English	1,229,585	49.6
Urdu	6,780	11.2	Chinese, n.o.s.*	107,775	4.4
Persian (Farsi)	2,605	4.3	Cantonese	87,835	3.5
Gujarati	2,445	4.0	Italian	85,050	3.4
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	2,230	3.7	Spanish	67,965	2.7
Tamil	1,940	3.2	Portuguese	61,660	2.5
Chinese, n.o.s.*	1,485	2.5	Tamil	60,580	2.4
Greek	1,450	2.4	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	60,435	2.4
Bengali	770	1.3	Mandarin	43,740	1.8
Mandarin	760	1.3	Urdu	40,495	1.6
Others	12,110	20.0	Others	576,155	23.3
Multiple Response	1,715	2.8	Multiple Response	55,245	2.2
Total	60,560	100.0	Total	2,476,520	100.0
No Knowledge of English/French	2,715	4.5	No Knowledge of English/French	130,180	5.3

Top Ten Home Language Groups

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	57,005	94.1	Single Response	2,378,835	96.1
English	34,460	56.9	English	1,593,820	64.4
Urdu	5,465	9.0	Chinese, n.o.s.*	83,640	3.4
Persian (Farsi)	2,145	3.5	Cantonese	75,445	3.0
Gujarati	1,740	2.9	Tamil	50,660	2.0
Tamil	1,565	2.6	Italian	44,445	1.8
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	1,160	1.9	Spanish	43,910	1.8
Chinese, n.o.s.*	1,005	1.7	Mandarin	38,285	1.5
Mandarin	765	1.3	Portuguese	37,820	1.5
Greek	745	1.2	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	33,920	1.4
Russian	740	1.2	Urdu	30,820	1.2
Others	7,215	11.9	Others	346,070	14.0
Multiple Response	3,550	5.9	Multiple Response	97,700	3.9
Total	60,555	100.0	Total	2,476,535	100.0

* n.o.s. = not otherwise specified - all Chinese other than Cantonese, Mandarin, Taiwanese, Chaochow (Teochow), Fukien, Hakka and Shanghaiese.

2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 26

Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single Response	42,445	70.0	Single Response	1,731,490	69.9
East Indian	7,985	13.2	Chinese	270,460	10.9
Pakistani	3,930	6.5	East Indian	148,975	6.0
Chinese	3,120	5.1	Italian	124,305	5.0
Filipino	2,745	4.5	Canadian	101,330	4.1
Canadian	2,250	3.7	Filipino	83,025	3.4
English	2,120	3.5	English	73,755	3.0
Greek	1,745	2.9	Portuguese	69,000	2.8
Sri Lankan	1,145	1.9	Jamaican	53,535	2.2
South Asian, n.i.e.	1,105	1.8	Greek	40,810	1.6
Iranian	945	1.6	Sri Lankan	39,945	1.6
Others	15,355	25.3	Others	726,350	29.3
Multiple Response	18,160	30.0	Multiple Response	745,075	30.1
Total	60,605	100.0	Total	2,476,565	100.0

Total Visible Minority Population

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Total Visible Minorities	34,365	56.7	Total Visible Minorities	1,162,625	46.9
South Asian	17,405	28.7	South Asian	298,375	12.0
Chinese	3,395	5.6	Chinese	283,070	11.4
Black	3,385	5.6	Black	208,555	8.4
Filipino	3,290	5.4	Filipino	102,555	4.1
West Asian	3,110	5.1	Latin American	64,855	2.6
Korean	830	1.4	West Asian	42,755	1.7
Latin American	640	1.1	Southeast Asian	37,495	1.5
Arab	635	1.0	Korean	34,215	1.4
Southeast Asian	425	0.7	Arab	22,490	0.9
Japanese	280	0.5	Japanese	11,965	0.5
Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	310	0.5	Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	25,195	1.0
Multiple Visible Minorities	660	1.1	Multiple Visible Minorities	31,100	1.3
All Others	26,225	43.3	All Others	1,313,935	53.1
Total	60,590	100.0	Total	2,476,560	100.0

*n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 26

IMMIGRATION/MIGRATION

Total Population 15+ Years by Generation Status

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1st generation	30,030	63.1	1st generation	1,221,020	59.1
2nd generation	7,960	16.7	2nd generation	417,455	20.2
3rd generation and over	9,580	20.1	3rd generation and over	428,970	20.7
Total	47,570	100.0	Total	2,067,445	100.0

Population by Period of Immigration

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1961	1,600	4.9	Before 1961	105,965	8.6
1961 to 1970	1,965	6.0	1961 to 1970	118,575	9.6
1971 to 1980	3,470	10.6	1971 to 1980	162,340	13.1
1981 to 1990	3,810	11.6	1981 to 1990	205,600	16.6
1991 to 2000	9,980	30.5	1991 to 2000	377,380	30.5
1991 to 1995	3,645	11.1	1991 to 1995	188,420	15.2
1996 to 2000	6,335	19.3	1996 to 2000	188,960	15.3
2001 to 2006	11,950	36.5	2001 to 2006	267,855	21.6
Total Immigrant Population	32,775	100.0	Total Immigrant Population	1,237,715	100.0

Population by Mobility Status (1-year and 5-year)

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1-Year			1-Year		
Non-movers	48,560	81.4	Non-movers	2,066,690	84.4
Movers	11,095	18.6	Movers	380,565	15.6
Non-migrants	7,485	12.5	Non-migrants	267,655	10.9
Migrants	3,610	6.1	Migrants	112,910	4.6
Internal migrants	1,210	2.0	Internal migrants	54,660	2.2
Intraprovincial migrants	880	1.5	Intraprovincial migrants	43,635	1.8
Interprovincial migrants	330	0.6	Interprovincial migrants	11,025	0.5
External migrants	2,400	4.0	External migrants	58,250	2.4
Total population 1 year ago	59,655	100.0	Total population 1 year ago	2,447,255	100.0
5-Year			5-Year		
Non-movers	25,925	46.3	Non-movers	1,283,715	54.8
Movers	30,040	53.7	Movers	1,057,120	45.2
Non-migrants	16,525	29.5	Non-migrants	661,240	28.2
Migrants	13,515	24.1	Migrants	395,880	16.9
Internal migrants	2,805	5.0	Internal migrants	144,435	6.2
Intraprovincial migrants	1,955	3.5	Intraprovincial migrants	110,930	4.7
Interprovincial migrants	850	1.5	Interprovincial migrants	33,505	1.4
External migrants	10,710	19.1	External migrants	251,445	10.7
Total population 5 years ago	55,965	100.0	Total population 5 years ago	2,340,835	100.0

2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 26

Total Population by Immigrant Status and Place of Birth

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Asia, Southern	11,595	19.1	Asia, Eastern	213,840	8.6
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	4,015	6.6	Asia, Southern	184,135	7.4
Asia, Southeast	3,040	5.0	Europe, Southern	167,635	6.8
Asia, Eastern	2,845	4.7	Asia, Southeast	126,405	5.1
Europe, Southern	1,950	3.2	Europe, Eastern	105,025	4.2
Africa, Eastern	1,950	3.2	Caribbean and Bermuda	90,980	3.7
Europe, Eastern	1,860	3.1	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	77,440	3.1
Europe, Northern	1,545	2.6	America, South	73,975	3.0
Caribbean and Bermuda	1,005	1.7	Europe, Northern	59,080	2.4
America, South	765	1.3	Africa, Eastern	35,140	1.4
United States of America	600	1.0	Europe, Western	25,640	1.0
Europe, Western	520	0.9	United States of America	22,635	0.9
Africa, Northern	335	0.6	America, Central	18,825	0.8
America, Central	205	0.3	Africa, Western	14,120	0.6
Africa, Western	175	0.3	Africa, Northern	9,985	0.4
Oceania and other	130	0.2	Africa, Southern	5,660	0.2
Africa, Southern	115	0.2	Oceania and other	4,425	0.2
Africa, Central	110	0.2	Africa, Central	2,775	0.1
Total Immigrants	32,760	54.1	Total Immigrants	1,237,720	50.0
Non-immigrants	26,355	43.5	Non-Immigrants	1,184,235	47.8
Non-permanent residents	1,465	2.4	Non-Permanent Residents	54,610	2.2
Total population	60,580	100.0	Total Population	2,476,565	100.0

Total Recent Immigrants* by Place of Birth

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Asia, Southern	5,760	48.3	Asia, Southern	69,600	26.0
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	2,195	18.4	Asia, Eastern	59,580	22.2
Asia, Eastern	995	8.3	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	28,695	10.7
Asia, Southeast	880	7.4	Asia, Southeast	25,595	9.6
Europe, Eastern	620	5.2	Europe, Eastern	24,090	9.0
Europe, Southern	305	2.6	America, South	13,690	5.1
Africa, Eastern	300	2.5	Caribbean and Bermuda	9,295	3.5
United States of America	215	1.8	Europe, Southern	8,085	3.0
America, South	155	1.3	Africa, Eastern	7,655	2.9
Africa, Western	105	0.9	Africa, Western	4,845	1.8
America, Central	80	0.7	United States of America	4,235	1.6
Europe, Northern	65	0.5	America, Central	3,450	1.3
Africa, Northern	65	0.5	Europe, Northern	2,450	0.9
Oceania and other	65	0.5	Africa, Northern	2,110	0.8
Caribbean and Bermuda	50	0.4	Europe, Western	1,785	0.7
Africa, Central	50	0.4	Africa, Central	1,350	0.5
Europe, Western	30	0.3	Oceania and other	765	0.3
Africa, Southern	0	0.0	Africa, Southern	570	0.2
Total Recent Immigrants	11,935	100.0	Total Recent Immigrants	267,845	100.0

* Immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006

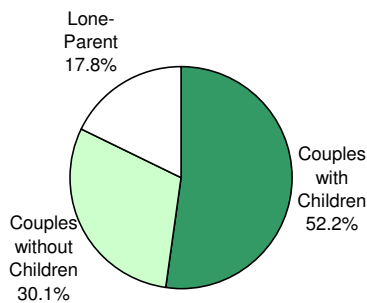
2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 26

FAMILIES

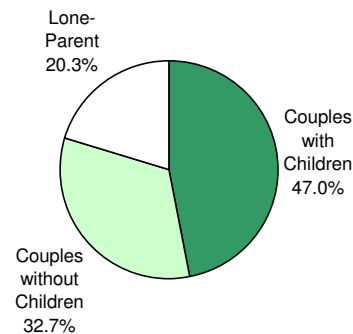
Families by **Type**

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Couples with Children	8,310	52.2	Couples with Children	314,610	47.0
Couples without Children	4,790	30.1	Couples without Children	219,345	32.7
Lone-Parent	2,830	17.8	Lone-Parent	136,135	20.3
Total	15,930	100.0	Total	670,090	100.0

**Families by Type
Ward 26 - 2006**



**Families by Type
City of Toronto - 2006**



Families by **Number of Children**

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
All Families			All Families		
With Children	11,140	69.9	With Children	450,745	67.3
Without Children	4,790	30.1	Without Children	219,345	32.7
Total	15,930	100.0	Total	670,090	100.0
Couples			Couples		
1 Child	2,980	35.9	1 Child	129,275	41.1
2 Children	3,230	38.9	2 Children	130,045	41.3
3+ Children	2,100	25.3	3+ Children	55,290	17.6
Total	8,310	100.0	Total	314,610	100.0
Lone Parent			Lone Parent		
1 Child	1,680	59.4	1 Child	83,560	61.4
2 Children	870	30.7	2 Children	37,430	27.5
3+ Children	280	9.9	3+ Children	15,145	11.1
Total	2,830	100.0	Total	136,135	100.0
Number of Children at Home by Age			Number of Children at Home by Age		
Under 6 years of age	5,460	25.9	Under 6 years of age	159,605	20.4
6 - 14 years	7,505	35.6	6 - 14 years	245,895	31.4
15 - 17 years	2,210	10.5	15 - 17 years	83,030	10.6
18 - 24 years	3,620	17.2	18 - 24 years	163,225	20.8
25 years and more	2,295	10.9	25 years and more	131,710	16.8
Total	21,090	100.0	Total	783,465	100.0

Note: Unless noted otherwise, Family data shown here refer to the Statistics Canada definition of "Census Family". For more information please see the Glossary.

HOUSEHOLDS/DWELLINGS

Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type*

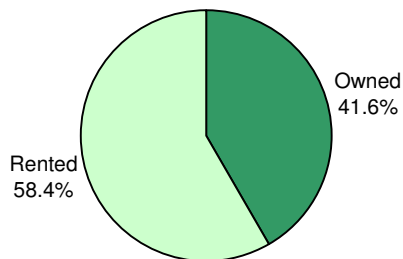
Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single-detached house	3,380	14.5	Single-detached house	266,880	27.3
Semi-detached house	995	4.3	Semi-detached house	69,465	7.1
Row house	925	4.0	Row house	54,685	5.6
Apartment, detached duplex	25	0.1	Apartment, detached duplex	44,100	4.5
Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	15,980	68.3	Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	379,695	38.8
Apt, building that has <5 storeys	2,080	8.9	Apt, building that has <5 storeys	162,980	16.6
Other single-attached house	0	0.0	Other single-attached house	1,345	0.1
Movable dwelling	0	0.0	Movable dwelling	160	0.0
Total number of dwellings	23,385	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,310	100.0

* The Census shows large changes in the types of dwelling units in the city between 2001 and 2006. For example, the number of single and semi-detached houses fell by 55,600 whereas the number of duplex units and apartment units in buildings under 5 storeys increased by 66,400. This may not reflect actual construction and demolition patterns, suggesting that many units were "reclassified" between 2001 and 2006. Similarly, the Census shows an increase of 24,700 apartment units in buildings over 5 storeys between 2001 and 2006. Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's (CMHC) data show the 43,170 such units were completed in the 5 years from 2001 to 2005. The 2006 data on structure types should be used with caution.

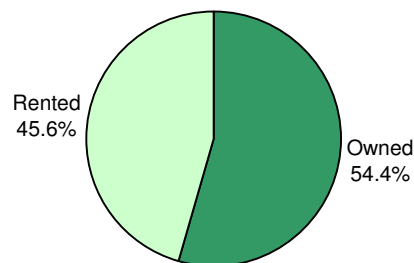
Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Owned	9,735	41.6	Owned	532,590	54.4
Rented	13,655	58.4	Rented	446,855	45.6
Total number of dwellings	23,390	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,445	100.0

Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure
Ward 26 - 2006



Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure
City of Toronto - 2006



2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 26

Occupied Private Dwellings by Period of Construction

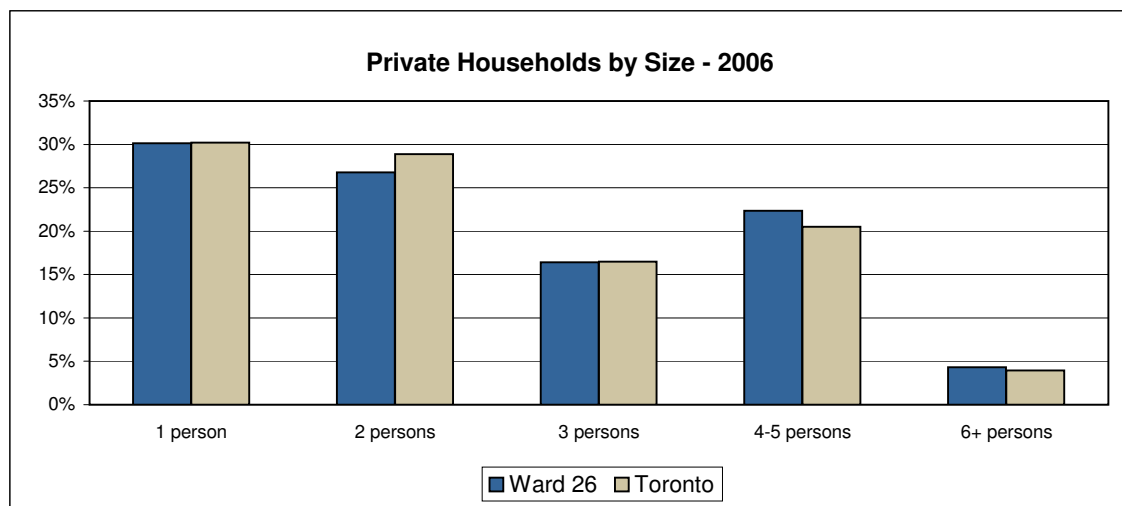
Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1946	3,160	13.5	Before 1946	180,790	18.5
1946-1960	4,260	18.2	1946-1960	203,495	20.8
1961-1970	5,270	22.5	1961-1970	185,315	18.9
1971-1980	4,975	21.3	1971-1980	161,750	16.5
1981-1990	3,160	13.5	1981-1990	115,490	11.8
1991-1995	1,135	4.9	1991-1995	35,710	3.6
1996-2000	885	3.8	1996-2000	36,510	3.7
2001-2006	545	2.3	2001-2006	60,390	6.2
Total number of dwellings	23,390	100.0	Total number of dwellings	979,450	100.0

Private Households by Type

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
One-family households	14,890	63.7	One-family households	602,235	61.5
Multiple-family households	495	2.1	Multiple-family households	32,640	3.3
Non-family households	8,005	34.2	Non-family households	344,565	35.2
Total number of households	23,390	100.0	Total number of households	979,440	100.0

Private Households by Size

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1 person	7,045	30.1	1 person	295,825	30.2
2 persons	6,265	26.8	2 persons	282,685	28.9
3 persons	3,835	16.4	3 persons	161,440	16.5
4-5 persons	5,230	22.4	4-5 persons	200,735	20.5
6 or more persons	1,010	4.3	6 or more persons	38,640	3.9
Total no. of private households	23,385	100.0	Total no. of private households	979,325	100.0
Average number of persons in households	2.6		Average number of persons in households	2.5	



2006

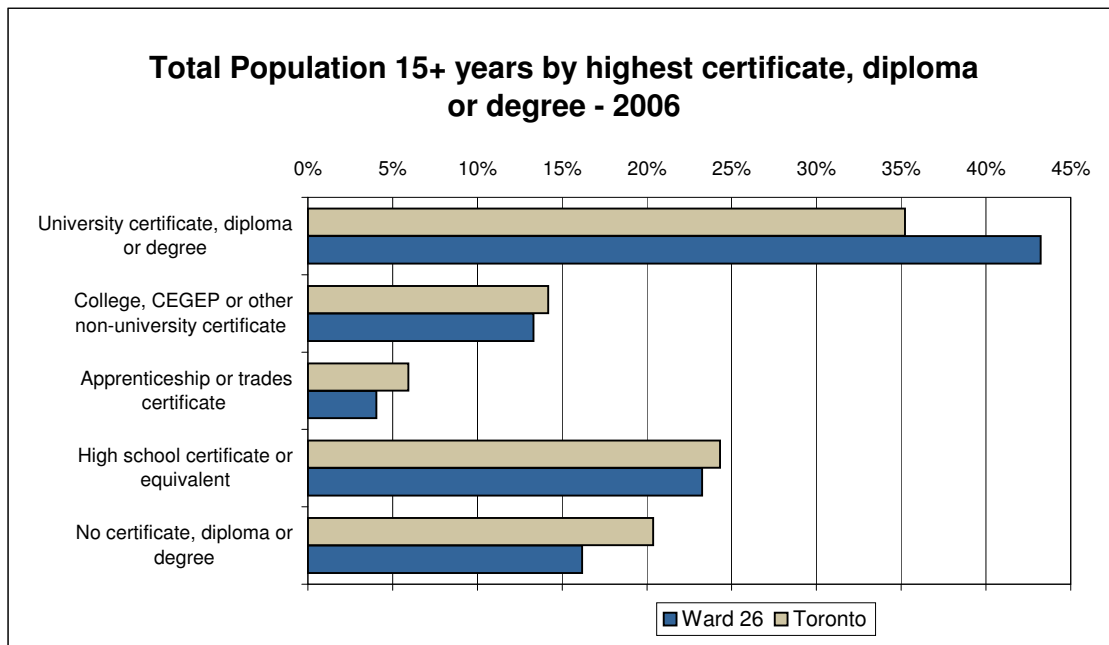
City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 26

EDUCATION

Total population 15+ years by highest certificate, diploma or degree

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	7,695	16.2	No certificate, diploma or degree	420,915	20.4
Certificate, diploma or degree	39,880	83.8	Certificate, diploma or degree	1,646,515	79.6
High school certificate or equivalent	11,060	23.2	High school certificate or equivalent	502,735	24.3
Apprenticeship or trades certificate	1,920	4.0	Apprenticeship or trades certificate	122,685	5.9
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	6,335	13.3	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	293,005	14.2
University certificate, diploma or degree	20,565	43.2	University certificate, diploma or degree	728,090	35.2
University certificate below bachelor level	3,120	6.6	University certificate below bachelor level	117,805	5.7
University certificate or degree	17,445	36.7	University certificate or degree	610,285	29.5
Bachelor's degree	10,280	21.6	Bachelor's degree	372,120	18.0
University certificate above bachelor level	1,925	4.0	University certificate above bachelor level	63,810	3.1
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	585	1.2	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	18,440	0.9
Master's degree	4,110	8.6	Master's degree	132,575	6.4
Earned doctorate	545	1.1	Earned doctorate	23,340	1.1
Total	47,575	100.0	Total	2,067,430	100.0



2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 26

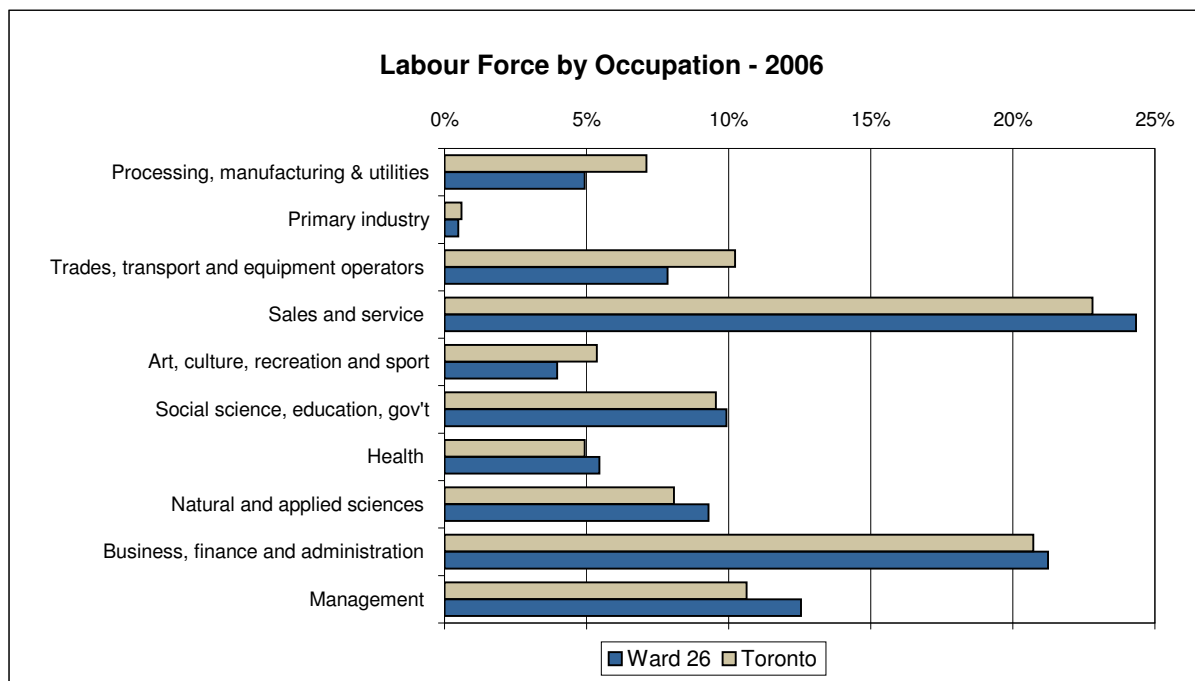
LABOUR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT

Labour Force

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Population 15+	47,565		Population 15+	2,067,445	
In the labour force	29,040	61.1	In the labour force	1,344,825	65.0
Employed	26,540	55.8	Employed	1,242,215	60.1
Unemployed	2,500	5.3	Unemployed	102,610	5.0
Not in the labour force	18,525	38.9	Not in the labour force	722,620	35.0
Unemployment rate		8.6	Unemployment rate		7.6
Participation rate - Male		70.3	Participation rate - Male		70.7
Participation rate - Female		53.1	Participation rate - Female		60.0

Labour Force by Occupation

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Management	3,510	12.5	Management	139,465	10.6
Business, finance and administration	5,945	21.2	Business, finance and administration	271,815	20.7
Natural and applied sciences	2,600	9.3	Natural and applied sciences	105,840	8.1
Health	1,525	5.4	Health	64,650	4.9
Social science, education, gov't	2,775	9.9	Social science, education, gov't	125,295	9.6
Art, culture, recreation and sport	1,110	4.0	Art, culture, recreation and sport	70,270	5.4
Sales and service	6,810	24.3	Sales and service	299,155	22.8
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,195	7.8	Trades, transport and equipment operators	134,175	10.2
Primary industry	135	0.5	Primary industry	7,815	0.6
Processing, manufacturing & utilities	1,380	4.9	Processing, manufacturing & utilities	93,185	7.1
All Occupations	27,985	100.0	All Occupations	1,311,665	100.0



2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 26

Labour Force by Industry

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	75	0.3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	2,140	0.2
Mining and oil and gas extraction	55	0.2	Mining and oil and gas extraction	2,020	0.2
Utilities	110	0.4	Utilities	6,370	0.5
Construction	765	2.7	Construction	63,225	4.8
Manufacturing	2,645	9.4	Manufacturing	153,700	11.7
Wholesale trade	1,140	4.1	Wholesale trade	61,535	4.7
Retail trade	3,095	11.1	Retail trade	130,405	9.9
Transportation and warehousing	1,160	4.1	Transportation and warehousing	51,325	3.9
Information and cultural industries	1,295	4.6	Information and cultural industries	60,705	4.6
Finance and insurance	2,345	8.4	Finance and insurance	98,785	7.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	680	2.4	Real estate and rental and leasing	33,795	2.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	3,365	12.0	Professional, scientific and technical services	141,480	10.8
Management of companies and enterprises	90	0.3	Management of companies and enterprises	2,750	0.2
Administrative and support, waste management	1,980	7.1	Administrative and support, waste management	74,005	5.6
Educational services	1,850	6.6	Educational services	88,330	6.7
Health care and social assistance	2,750	9.8	Health care and social assistance	116,975	8.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	475	1.7	Arts, entertainment and recreation	30,305	2.3
Accommodation and food services	1,860	6.6	Accommodation and food services	83,380	6.4
Other services (except public administration)	1,390	5.0	Other services (except public administration)	65,595	5.0
Public administration	870	3.1	Public administration	44,835	3.4
All Industries	27,995	100.0	All Industries	1,311,660	100.0

Employed Labour Force 15+ years by Place of Work Status

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Usual place of work	21,930	82.6	Usual place of work	1,018,755	82.0
In City of Toronto	18,960	71.4	In City of Toronto	819,940	66.0
Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	2,970	11.2	Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	198,815	16.0
At home	1,765	6.6	At home	85,470	6.9
Outside Canada	160	0.6	Outside Canada	7,810	0.6
No fixed workplace address	2,690	10.1	No fixed workplace address	130,180	10.5
Total Labour Force	26,545	100.0	Total Labour Force	1,242,215	100.0

Employment - 2007

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Establishments	1,246		Establishments	75,512	
Full Time Employment	21,331	77.9	Full Time Employment	1,019,564	78.5
Part Time Employment	6,045	22.1	Part Time Employment	279,167	21.5
Total Employment	27,376	100.0	Total Employment	1,298,731	100.0

Source: 2007 City of Toronto Employment Survey

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

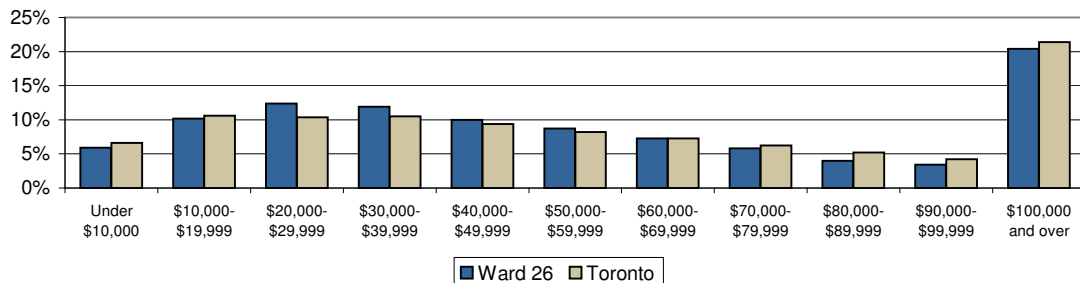
Ward 26

INCOME/SHELTER COSTS

Household Income

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	1,385	5.9	Under \$10,000	64,835	6.6
\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	2,375	10.2	\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	103,850	10.6
\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	2,890	12.4	\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	101,340	10.3
\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	2,790	11.9	\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	102,875	10.5
\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	2,340	10.0	\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	91,980	9.4
\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	2,040	8.7	\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	80,580	8.2
\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	1,695	7.3	\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	71,125	7.3
\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	1,355	5.8	\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	61,050	6.2
\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	935	4.0	\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	50,980	5.2
\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	800	3.4	\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	41,360	4.2
\$100,000 and over	4,770	20.4	\$100,000 and over	209,465	21.4
Total Number of Private Households	23,375	100.0	Total Number of Private Households	979,440	100.0
Average household Income	\$81,545		Average household Income	\$80,343	
Median household income	\$49,581		Median household income	\$52,833	
1-Person Households	7,050		1-Person Households	295,510	
Average household Income	\$46,842		Average household Income	\$43,727	
Median household income	\$37,620		Median household income	\$30,639	

Household Income - 2005



Shelter Costs

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Renter Households			Renter Households		
Average rent	\$999		Average rent	\$931	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	6,950		Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	208,260	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		50.9	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		46.6
Owner Households			Owner Households		
Average major payments	\$1,398		Average major payments	\$1,312	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	2,520		Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	147,270	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		25.9	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		27.7

2006

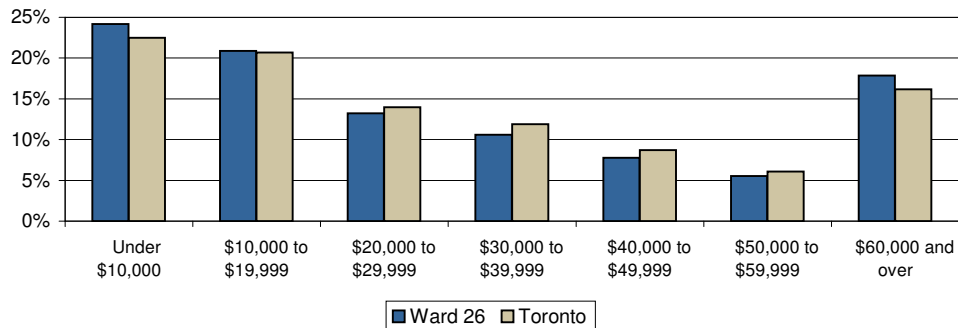
City of Toronto Ward Profiles

Ward 26

Individual Income (15 years and over)

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	10,690	24.2	Under \$10,000	439,495	22.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999	9,240	20.9	\$10,000 to \$19,999	403,555	20.7
\$20,000 to \$29,999	5,845	13.2	\$20,000 to \$29,999	272,485	14.0
\$30,000 to \$39,999	4,685	10.6	\$30,000 to \$39,999	232,350	11.9
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,430	7.8	\$40,000 to \$49,999	170,330	8.7
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2,445	5.5	\$50,000 to \$59,999	119,060	6.1
\$60,000 and over	7,900	17.9	\$60,000 and over	315,385	16.2
Total Pop'n 15+ with income	44,235	100.0	Total Pop'n 15+ with income	1,952,660	100.0
Average Income	\$43,114		Average Income	\$40,376	
Median Income	\$23,575		Median Income	\$24,544	
Males	20,580	46.5	Males	933,340	47.8
Average Income	\$54,899		Average Income	\$49,387	
Median Income	\$26,543		Median Income	\$28,800	
Females	23,655	53.5	Females	1,019,320	52.2
Average Income	\$32,855		Average Income	\$32,125	
Median Income	\$20,779		Median Income	\$21,153	

Individual Income - 2005



Low Income

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Economic Families	15,640		Economic Families	651,685	
Low Income*	4,460		Low Income*	134,250	
Incidence		28.5	Incidence		20.6
Unattached individuals	9,045		Unattached individuals	402,820	
Low Income*	2,890		Low Income*	165,160	
Incidence		32.0	Incidence		41.0
Population in private households	60,490		Population in private households	2,465,500	
Low Income*	19,360		Low Income*	604,050	
Incidence		32.0	Incidence		24.5

* estimate derived from the incidence % of 2005 before tax low income provided by Statistics Canada

2006
City of Toronto Ward Profiles
Ward 26

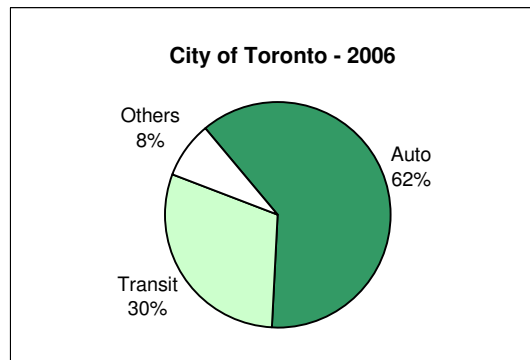
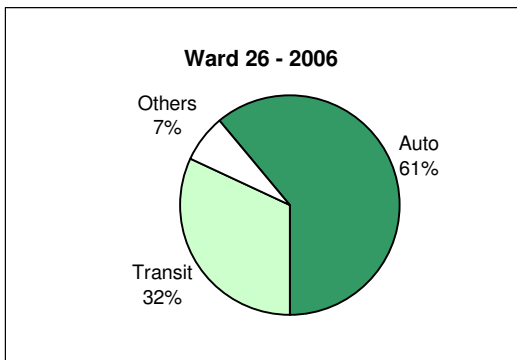
TRAVEL CHARACTERISTICS

Ward 26			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Vehicles per Household	1.0		Vehicles per Household	1.1	
Licensed Drivers per Household	1.4		Licensed Drivers per Household	1.5	
Daily Trips per Capita	1.9		Daily Trips per Capita	2.0	
Daily Work Trips	38,479		Daily Work Trips	1,915,584	
Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		61%	Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		62%
Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		32%	Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		30%
Daily Non-Work Trips	68,241		Daily Non-Work Trips	2,870,656	
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		68%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		71%
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		17%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		19%
Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		10%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		
Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		82%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		78%

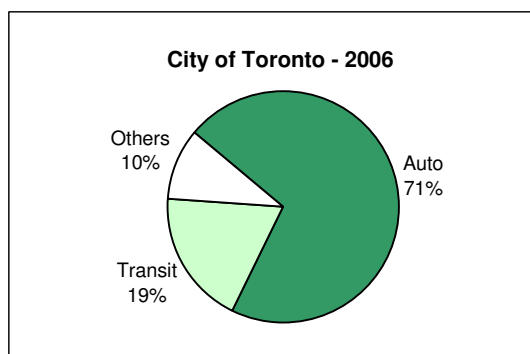
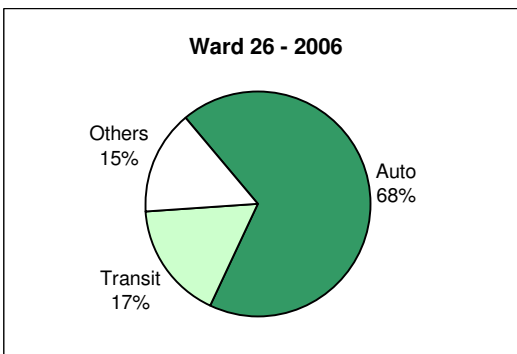
Source: 2006 [Transportation Tomorrow Survey](#)

Note - Estimates of trips in the City and in each ward are based on the TTS sample and the population counted by the Census. The caveats regarding the population undercount that are noted on the "POPULATION" page of the profile will also apply to the estimates of trips.

Work Trips



Non-Work Trips



GLOSSARY

Education

Highest certificate, diploma or degree - Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree.

This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. There is an implied hierarchy in this variable (secondary school graduation, registered apprenticeship and trades, college, university) which is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

Families

Census Families

Families by number of children - Classification of census families (a census family is composed of a married couple or two persons living common-law, with or without children, or of a lone parent living with at least one child in the same dwelling) according to whether or not a family member is responsible for making payments for the rent, mortgage, taxes or electricity. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. 'Children' in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Children refer to blood, step- or adopted sons and daughters (regardless of age or marital status) who are living in the same dwelling as their parent(s), as well as grandchildren in households where there are no parents present. Sons and daughters who are living with their spouse or common-law partner, or with one or more of their own children, are not considered to be members of the census family of their parent(s), even if they are living in the same dwelling. In addition, those sons and daughters who do not live in the same dwelling as their parent(s) are not considered members of the census family of their parent(s). The category of '**children**' can be further distinguished as follows:

Never-married sons and/or daughters in a census family, as used in censuses prior to 2001.

Other sons and/or daughters in a census family who would not have been included in the census family of their parents according to the previous concept.

Grandchildren living in the same household as their grandparent(s), with no parents present.

Economic family

The economic family concept requires only that family members be related by blood, marriage, common-law or adoption. By contrast, the census family concept requires that family members be either a male or female spouse, a male or female common-law partner, a male or female lone parent, or a child with a parent present. The concept of economic family may therefore refer to a larger group of persons than does the census family concept. For example, a widowed mother living with her married son and daughter-in-law would be treated as a person not in a census family. That same person would, however, be counted as a member of an economic family along with her son and daughter-in-law. Two or more related census families living together also constitute **one** economic family as, for example, a man and his wife living with their married son

and daughter-in-law. Two or more brothers or sisters living together, apart from their parents, will form an economic family, but not a census family, since they do not meet the requirements for the latter. All census family persons are economic family persons. For 2006, foster children are considered economic family members.

Family type - Refers to the classification of census families according to whether or not any family member is responsible for household payments, i.e. rent, or mortgage, or taxes, or electricity.

* For the 2001 Census, several changes were made to the census family concept

- Two persons living in a same-sex common-law relationship, along with any of their children residing in the household, will be considered a census family.
- Children in a census family can have been previously married (as long as they are not currently living with a spouse or common-law partner). Previously, they had to be "never-married".
- A grandchild living in a three-generation household where the parent (middle generation) is never-married will, contrary to previous censuses, now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her parent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, the census family usually consisted of the two older generations.

A grandchild of another household member, where a middle-generation parent is not present, will now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her grandparent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, such a grandchild would not be considered as the member of a census family.

Household/dwellings

Household size - Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

Household Type - Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: **non-family households** and **family households**.

A **non-family household** consists either of one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.

Family households are divided into two subcategories: **one-family households** and **multiple-family households**.

A **one-family household** consists of a single family (e.g., a couple with or without children). A **multiple-family household** is made up of two or more families occupying the same dwelling.

Occupied private dwelling - Refers to a private dwelling in which a person or group of persons is permanently residing. Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on Census Day. Unless otherwise specified, all data in housing products are for occupied private dwellings, rather than for unoccupied private dwellings or dwellings occupied solely by foreign and/or temporary residents.

Period of construction - Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

Structural type of dwelling - Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- Single-detached house - A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- Semi-detached house - One of two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have open space on all sides.
- Row house - One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- Apartment or flat in a duplex - One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys - A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys - A dwelling unit attached to other dwelling units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- Other single-attached house - A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- Mobile home – A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- Other movable dwelling - A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

Tenure - Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling, or whether the dwelling is Band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

Income

Household income - The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

Incidence of low income - Is the proportion or percentage of economic families or persons not in economic families in a given classification below the low income after tax cut-offs. These prevalence rates are calculated from unrounded estimates of economic families and persons 15 years of age and over not in economic families.

Low income - Measures of low income known as low income (before tax) cut-offs (LICO-BT) were first introduced in Canada in 1968 based on 1961 Census income data and 1959 family expenditure patterns. At that time, expenditure patterns indicated that Canadian families spent about 50% of their total income on food, shelter and clothing. It was arbitrarily estimated that

families spending 70% or more of their income (20 percentage points more than the average) on these basic necessities would be in "straitened" circumstances. With this assumption, low income cut-off points were set for five different sizes of families. The following is the 2005 matrix of low income before tax cut-offs for economic families and persons not in economic families.

Size of area of residence	
Family size	500,000 or more
1	20,778
2	25,867
3	31,801
4	38,610
5	43,791
6	49,389
7+	54,987

Labour force/employment

City of Toronto Employment Survey - The employment survey is a unique information resource for both the public and private sectors. It provides City Departments with background data for economic and transportation studies and a foundation for forecasting the City's service needs. The survey provides private businesses with a rich resource for making decisions such as location analysis and market development or expansion.

Industry - Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were required to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census industry data are produced according to the 2002 NAICS (North American Industry Classification System). The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 103 subsectors and 328 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

Mode of transportation - Main means a person uses to travel between home and place of work (by car, on foot, on public transit, or by some other means).

Occupation - Refers to the kind of work persons were doing during the reference week, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census occupation data are classified according to the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S 2006). This classification is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 47 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 520 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

Participation rate - Refers to the labour force in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006), expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over.

Place of work status - Classification of people aged 15 or over who worked at some point between January 1, 2005 and May 16, 2006 (Census Day), according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address.

Unemployment rate - The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the unemployed in that group, expressed as a percentage of the labour force in that group, in the week prior to enumeration.

Population

Age group - Refers to the age at last birthday (as of the census reference date, May 16, 2006). This variable is derived from date of birth.

Ethnic origin - Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

Generation status - Generation status of the respondent, i.e. "1st", "2nd" or "3rd +" generation, refers to whether the respondent or the respondent's parents were born in or outside Canada.

Generation status includes three response categories, which are defined as follows:

1st generation

Persons born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, landed immigrants in Canada. Also included in the first generation are a small number of people born outside Canada to parents who are Canadian citizens by birth. In addition, the first generation includes people who are non-permanent residents (defined as people from another country in Canada on Work or Study Permits or as refugee claimants, and any family members living with them in Canada).

2nd generation

Persons born inside Canada with at least one parent born outside Canada. This includes (a) persons born in Canada with both parents born outside Canada and (b) persons born in Canada with one parent born in Canada and one parent born outside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

3rd generation or more

Persons born inside Canada with both parents born inside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

Home language - Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census.

Immigrants by selected places of birth - People who are or who have ever been landed immigrants. Landed immigrants are people who have been permitted by immigration authorities to live in Canada permanently; some will have lived in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Recent immigrants are landed immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006.

Mobility status (1-year and 5-year)

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2005, one year before Census Day. **(1 year ago)**

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2001, five years before Census Day. **(5 years ago)**

- Non-movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at the same address as the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at a different address than the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Non-migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living at a different address, but in the same census subdivision (CSD) as the one they lived in one year earlier.
- Migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were residing in a different CSD one year earlier (internal migrants) or who were living outside Canada one year earlier (external migrants).
- Intraprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in the same province.
- Interprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in a different province.

Mother tongue - Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census.

Period of immigration - Refers to ranges of years based on the year of immigration question. Year of immigration refers to the year in which landed immigrant status was first obtained. A landed immigrant is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

Visible minorities - Refers to the visible minority group to which the respondent belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour".

Travel characteristics

Transportation Tomorrow Survey - This is a factual survey that collects information on how members of a household use the transportation system. In addition to trip information of each household member (i.e. trip origin, destination, time, purpose, method of travel) survey participants are also asked about age, gender, employment status, size of household and number of motor vehicles. Data in this table pertains to all trips.