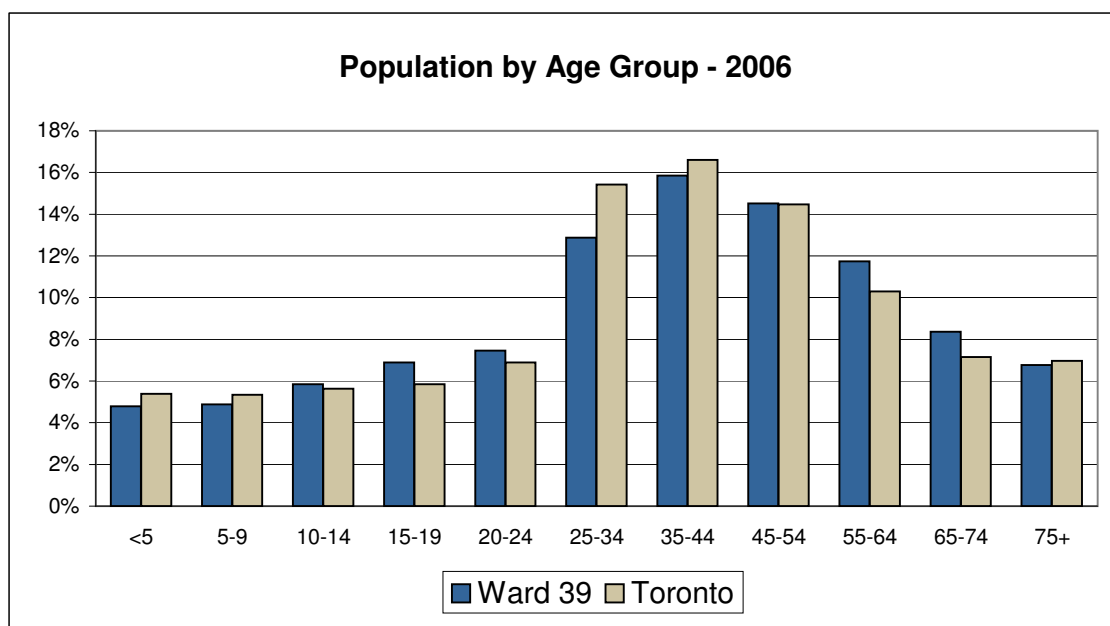


# 2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 39

## POPULATION\*

### Population by Age Group

Ward 39						City of Toronto					
Age Group	2001 No.	%	2006 No.	%	01-06 % Chg	Age Group	2001 No.	%	2006 No.	%	01-06 % Chg
Less than 5	2,665	4.9	2,615	4.8	-1.9	Less than 5	143,510	5.8	134,980	5.4	-5.9
5 - 9	3,015	5.5	2,665	4.9	-11.6	5 - 9	149,635	6.0	133,595	5.3	-10.7
10 - 14	3,390	6.2	3,190	5.8	-5.9	10 - 14	140,675	5.7	141,045	5.6	0.3
15 - 19	3,950	7.2	3,755	6.9	-4.9	15 - 19	143,275	5.8	146,205	5.8	2.0
20 - 24	4,100	7.5	4,070	7.5	-0.7	20 - 24	165,140	6.7	172,450	6.9	4.4
25 - 34	7,535	13.8	7,020	12.9	-6.8	25 - 34	413,020	16.6	385,925	15.4	-6.6
35 - 44	8,580	15.7	8,645	15.8	0.8	35 - 44	429,860	17.3	415,620	16.6	-3.3
45 - 54	8,375	15.3	7,920	14.5	-5.4	45 - 54	337,470	13.6	362,420	14.5	7.4
55 - 64	5,785	10.6	6,405	11.7	10.7	55 - 64	221,080	8.9	257,585	10.3	16.5
65 - 74	4,430	8.1	4,565	8.4	3.0	65 - 74	185,170	7.5	178,995	7.2	-3.3
75+	2,950	5.4	3,695	6.8	25.3	75+	152,675	6.2	174,460	7.0	14.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>54,775</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>54,545</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,481,510</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,503,280</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>0.9</b>



\*Note: Although Statistics Canada makes a great effort to count every person, in each Census a notable number of people are left out for a variety of reasons. For example, people may be traveling, some dwellings are hard to find, and some people simply refuse to participate. Statistics Canada takes this into account and estimates an 'undercoverage' rate for the urban region (CMA) every Census, but not for the City. The 2001 rate for the Toronto CMA was 5.17%. If the rate were the same for 2006, the City's actual population would be 2,632,700.

Following a review of the 2006 Census results for Toronto, City of Toronto staff identified the possibility that the Census may have undercounted more of Toronto's population than usual. City staff continue to investigate this issue.

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

# Ward 39

## ETHNOCULTURAL

### Top Ten Mother Tongue Groups

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Single Response</b>	<b>53,190</b>	<b>97.6</b>	<b>Single Response</b>	<b>2,421,275</b>	<b>97.8</b>
English	13,565	24.9	English	1,229,585	49.6
Chinese, n.o.s.*	12,080	22.2	Chinese, n.o.s.*	107,775	4.4
Cantonese	9,730	17.9	Cantonese	87,835	3.5
Mandarin	4,465	8.2	Italian	85,050	3.4
Tamil	3,110	5.7	Spanish	67,965	2.7
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	1,090	2.0	Portuguese	61,660	2.5
Arabic	930	1.7	Tamil	60,580	2.4
Armenian	730	1.3	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	60,435	2.4
Greek	690	1.3	Mandarin	43,740	1.8
Italian	670	1.2	Urdu	40,495	1.6
Others	6,130	11.2	Others	576,155	23.3
<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>1,315</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>55,245</b>	<b>2.2</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>54,505</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,476,520</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No Knowledge of English/French</b>	<b>7,800</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>No Knowledge of English/French</b>	<b>130,180</b>	<b>5.3</b>

### Top Ten Home Language Groups

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Single Response</b>	<b>51,855</b>	<b>95.1</b>	<b>Single Response</b>	<b>2,378,835</b>	<b>96.1</b>
English	19,700	36.1	English	1,593,820	64.4
Chinese, n.o.s.*	9,985	18.3	Chinese, n.o.s.*	83,640	3.4
Cantonese	9,225	16.9	Cantonese	75,445	3.0
Mandarin	4,150	7.6	Tamil	50,660	2.0
Tamil	2,610	4.8	Italian	44,445	1.8
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	625	1.1	Spanish	43,910	1.8
Armenian	620	1.1	Mandarin	38,285	1.5
Persian (Farsi)	505	0.9	Portuguese	37,820	1.5
Arabic	490	0.9	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	33,920	1.4
Urdu	460	0.8	Urdu	30,820	1.2
Others	3,485	6.4	Others	346,070	14.0
<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>2,660</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>97,700</b>	<b>3.9</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>54,515</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,476,535</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\* n.o.s. = not otherwise specified - all Chinese other than Cantonese, Mandarin, Taiwanese, Chaochow (Teochow), Fukien, Hakka and Shanghaiese.

2006  
City of Toronto Ward Profiles  
**Ward 39**

**Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Single Response</b>	<b>48,215</b>	<b>88.4</b>	<b>Single Response</b>	<b>1,731,490</b>	<b>69.9</b>
Chinese	28,705	52.6	Chinese	270,460	10.9
East Indian	2,980	5.5	East Indian	148,975	6.0
Sri Lankan	2,160	4.0	Italian	124,305	5.0
Filipino	1,485	2.7	Canadian	101,330	4.1
Italian	930	1.7	Filipino	83,025	3.4
Jamaican	890	1.6	English	73,755	3.0
Canadian	860	1.6	Portuguese	69,000	2.8
Greek	860	1.6	Jamaican	53,535	2.2
English	855	1.6	Greek	40,810	1.6
Egyptian	510	0.9	Sri Lankan	39,945	1.6
Others	7,980	14.6	Others	726,350	29.3
<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>6,335</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>Multiple Response</b>	<b>745,075</b>	<b>30.1</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>54,550</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,476,565</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Total Visible Minority Population**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Total Visible Minorities</b>	<b>45,660</b>	<b>83.7</b>	<b>Total Visible Minorities</b>	<b>1,162,625</b>	<b>46.9</b>
Chinese	29,100	53.4	South Asian	298,375	12.0
South Asian	7,585	13.9	Chinese	283,070	11.4
Black	3,160	5.8	Black	208,555	8.4
Filipino	1,850	3.4	Filipino	102,555	4.1
Arab	965	1.8	Latin American	64,855	2.6
West Asian	730	1.3	West Asian	42,755	1.7
Southeast Asian	430	0.8	Southeast Asian	37,495	1.5
Korean	355	0.7	Korean	34,215	1.4
Latin American	285	0.5	Arab	22,490	0.9
Japanese	190	0.3	Japanese	11,965	0.5
Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	230	0.4	Visible Minority, n.i.e.*	25,195	1.0
Multiple Visible Minorities	780	1.4	Multiple Visible Minorities	31,100	1.3
<b>All Others</b>	<b>8,885</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>All Others</b>	<b>1,313,935</b>	<b>53.1</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>54,545</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,476,560</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\*n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

2006  
City of Toronto Ward Profiles  
**Ward 39**

## IMMIGRATION/MIGRATION

### Total Population 15+ Years by Generation Status

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1st generation	37,665	81.8	1st generation	1,221,020	59.1
2nd generation	5,800	12.6	2nd generation	417,455	20.2
3rd generation and over	2,600	5.6	3rd generation and over	428,970	20.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>46,065</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,067,445</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### Population by Period of Immigration

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1961	1,195	3.1	Before 1961	105,965	8.6
1961 to 1970	2,370	6.1	1961 to 1970	118,575	9.6
1971 to 1980	4,720	12.2	1971 to 1980	162,340	13.1
1981 to 1990	6,505	16.8	1981 to 1990	205,600	16.6
1991 to 2000	14,930	38.5	1991 to 2000	377,380	30.5
1991 to 1995	7,570	19.5	1991 to 1995	188,420	15.2
1996 to 2000	7,360	19.0	1996 to 2000	188,960	15.3
2001 to 2006	9,060	23.4	2001 to 2006	267,855	21.6
<b>Total Immigrant Population</b>	<b>38,780</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Immigrant Population</b>	<b>1,237,715</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### Population by Mobility Status (1-year and 5-year)

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>1-Year</b>			<b>1-Year</b>		
Non-movers	46,875	86.9	Non-movers	2,066,690	84.4
Movers	7,070	13.1	Movers	380,565	15.6
Non-migrants	5,150	9.5	Non-migrants	267,655	10.9
Migrants	1,920	3.6	Migrants	112,910	4.6
Internal migrants	470	0.9	Internal migrants	54,660	2.2
Intraprovincial migrants	400	0.7	Intraprovincial migrants	43,635	1.8
Interprovincial migrants	70	0.1	Interprovincial migrants	11,025	0.5
External migrants	1,450	2.7	External migrants	58,250	2.4
<b>Total population 1 year ago</b>	<b>53,945</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total population 1 year ago</b>	<b>2,447,255</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>5-Year</b>			<b>5-Year</b>		
Non-movers	30,580	58.9	Non-movers	1,283,715	54.8
Movers	21,330	41.1	Movers	1,057,120	45.2
Non-migrants	12,100	23.3	Non-migrants	661,240	28.2
Migrants	9,230	17.8	Migrants	395,880	16.9
Internal migrants	1,365	2.6	Internal migrants	144,435	6.2
Intraprovincial migrants	1,090	2.1	Intraprovincial migrants	110,930	4.7
Interprovincial migrants	275	0.5	Interprovincial migrants	33,505	1.4
External migrants	7,865	15.2	External migrants	251,445	10.7
<b>Total population 5 years ago</b>	<b>51,910</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total population 5 years ago</b>	<b>2,340,835</b>	<b>100.0</b>

2006  
City of Toronto Ward Profiles  
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**Total Population by Immigrant Status and Place of Birth**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Asia, Eastern	21,815	40.0	Asia, Eastern	213,840	8.6
Asia, Southern	5,190	9.5	Asia, Southern	184,135	7.4
Asia, Southeast	2,905	5.3	Europe, Southern	167,635	6.8
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	1,910	3.5	Asia, Southeast	126,405	5.1
Caribbean and Bermuda	1,615	3.0	Europe, Eastern	105,025	4.2
Europe, Southern	1,425	2.6	Caribbean and Bermuda	90,980	3.7
America, South	730	1.3	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	77,440	3.1
Europe, Northern	690	1.3	America, South	73,975	3.0
Africa, Eastern	670	1.2	Europe, Northern	59,080	2.4
Africa, Northern	660	1.2	Africa, Eastern	35,140	1.4
Europe, Eastern	350	0.6	Europe, Western	25,640	1.0
Europe, Western	250	0.5	United States of America	22,635	0.9
United States of America	155	0.3	America, Central	18,825	0.8
Africa, Western	145	0.3	Africa, Western	14,120	0.6
America, Central	125	0.2	Africa, Northern	9,985	0.4
Oceania and other	60	0.1	Africa, Southern	5,660	0.2
Africa, Central	40	0.1	Oceania and other	4,425	0.2
Africa, Southern	40	0.1	Africa, Central	2,775	0.1
<b>Total Immigrants</b>	<b>38,775</b>	<b>71.1</b>	<b>Total Immigrants</b>	<b>1,237,720</b>	<b>50.0</b>
<b>Non-immigrants</b>	<b>14,785</b>	<b>27.1</b>	<b>Non-Immigrants</b>	<b>1,184,235</b>	<b>47.8</b>
<b>Non-permanent residents</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>Non-Permanent Residents</b>	<b>54,610</b>	<b>2.2</b>
<b>Total population</b>	<b>54,545</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Population</b>	<b>2,476,565</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Total Recent Immigrants\* by Place of Birth**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Asia, Eastern	6,550	72.5	Asia, Southern	69,600	26.0
Asia, Southern	1,085	12.0	Asia, Eastern	59,580	22.2
Asia, West Central and the Middle East	545	6.0	Asia, West Central and the Middle East	28,695	10.7
Asia, Southeast	440	4.9	Asia, Southeast	25,595	9.6
Africa, Northern	95	1.1	Europe, Eastern	24,090	9.0
Africa, Western	75	0.8	America, South	13,690	5.1
Caribbean and Bermuda	55	0.6	Caribbean and Bermuda	9,295	3.5
America, Central	45	0.5	Europe, Southern	8,085	3.0
Europe, Northern	30	0.3	Africa, Eastern	7,655	2.9
United States of America	20	0.2	Africa, Western	4,845	1.8
America, South	20	0.2	United States of America	4,235	1.6
Africa, Eastern	20	0.2	America, Central	3,450	1.3
Europe, Western	15	0.2	Europe, Northern	2,450	0.9
Europe, Eastern	15	0.2	Africa, Northern	2,110	0.8
Africa, Southern	15	0.2	Europe, Western	1,785	0.7
Africa, Central	10	0.1	Africa, Central	1,350	0.5
Europe, Southern	0	0.0	Oceania and other	765	0.3
Oceania and other	0	0.0	Africa, Southern	570	0.2
<b>Total Recent Immigrants</b>	<b>9,035</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Recent Immigrants</b>	<b>267,845</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\* Immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006

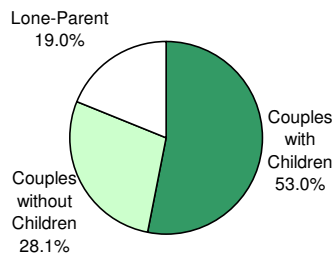
2006  
City of Toronto Ward Profiles  
**Ward 39**

**FAMILIES**

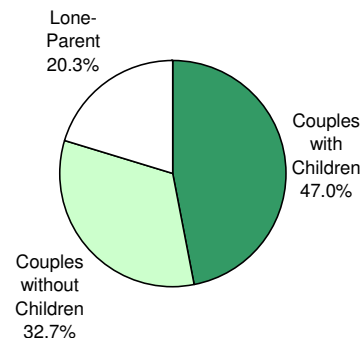
Families by **Type**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Couples with Children	8,380	53.0	Couples with Children	314,610	47.0
Couples without Children	4,445	28.1	Couples without Children	219,345	32.7
Lone-Parent	3,000	19.0	Lone-Parent	136,135	20.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,825</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>670,090</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Families by Type  
Ward 39 - 2006**



**Families by Type  
City of Toronto - 2006**



Families by **Number of Children**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>All Families</b>			<b>All Families</b>		
With Children	11,380	71.9	With Children	450,745	67.3
Without Children	4,445	28.1	Without Children	219,345	32.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,825</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>670,090</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Couples</b>			<b>Couples</b>		
1 Child	3,595	42.9	1 Child	129,275	41.1
2 Children	3,520	42.0	2 Children	130,045	41.3
3+ Children	1,265	15.1	3+ Children	55,290	17.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,380</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>314,610</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Lone Parent</b>			<b>Lone Parent</b>		
1 Child	1,825	60.8	1 Child	83,560	61.4
2 Children	845	28.2	2 Children	37,430	27.5
3+ Children	330	11.0	3+ Children	15,145	11.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,000</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>136,135</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Number of Children at Home by Age</b>			<b>Number of Children at Home by Age</b>		
Under 6 years of age	3,030	15.5	Under 6 years of age	159,605	20.4
6 - 14 years	5,265	26.9	6 - 14 years	245,895	31.4
15 - 17 years	2,155	11.0	15 - 17 years	83,030	10.6
18 - 24 years	4,665	23.8	18 - 24 years	163,225	20.8
25 years and more	4,445	22.7	25 years and more	131,710	16.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,560</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>783,465</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Note: Unless noted otherwise, Family data shown here refer to the Statistics Canada definition of "Census Family". For more information please see the Glossary.

## HOUSEHOLDS/DWELLINGS

### Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type\*

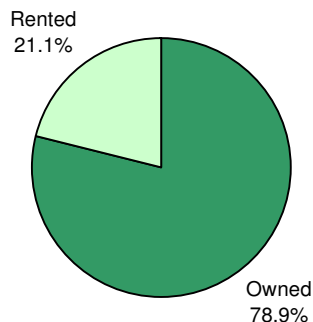
Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Single-detached house	5,725	34.0	Single-detached house	266,880	27.3
Semi-detached house	995	5.9	Semi-detached house	69,465	7.1
Row house	2,310	13.7	Row house	54,685	5.6
Apartment, detached duplex	725	4.3	Apartment, detached duplex	44,100	4.5
Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	6,120	36.3	Apt, building that has 5+ storeys	379,695	38.8
Apt, building that has <5 storeys	955	5.7	Apt, building that has <5 storeys	162,980	16.6
Other single-attached house	10	0.1	Other single-attached house	1,345	0.1
Movable dwelling	10	0.1	Movable dwelling	160	0.0
<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>16,850</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>979,310</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\* The Census shows large changes in the types of dwelling units in the city between 2001 and 2006. For example, the number of single and semi-detached houses fell by 55,600 whereas the number of duplex units and apartment units in buildings under 5 storeys increased by 66,400. This may not reflect actual construction and demolition patterns, suggesting that many units were "reclassified" between 2001 and 2006. Similarly, the Census shows an increase of 24,700 apartment units in buildings over 5 storeys between 2001 and 2006. Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's (CMHC) data show the 43,170 such units were completed in the 5 years from 2001 to 2005. The 2006 data on structure types should be used with caution.

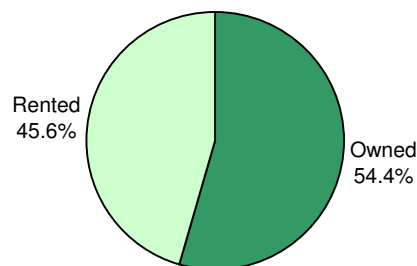
### Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Owned	13,290	78.9	Owned	532,590	54.4
Rented	3,555	21.1	Rented	446,855	45.6
<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>16,845</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>979,445</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure Ward 39 - 2006



Occupied Private Dwellings by Tenure City of Toronto - 2006



# 2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 39

## Occupied Private Dwellings by Period of Construction

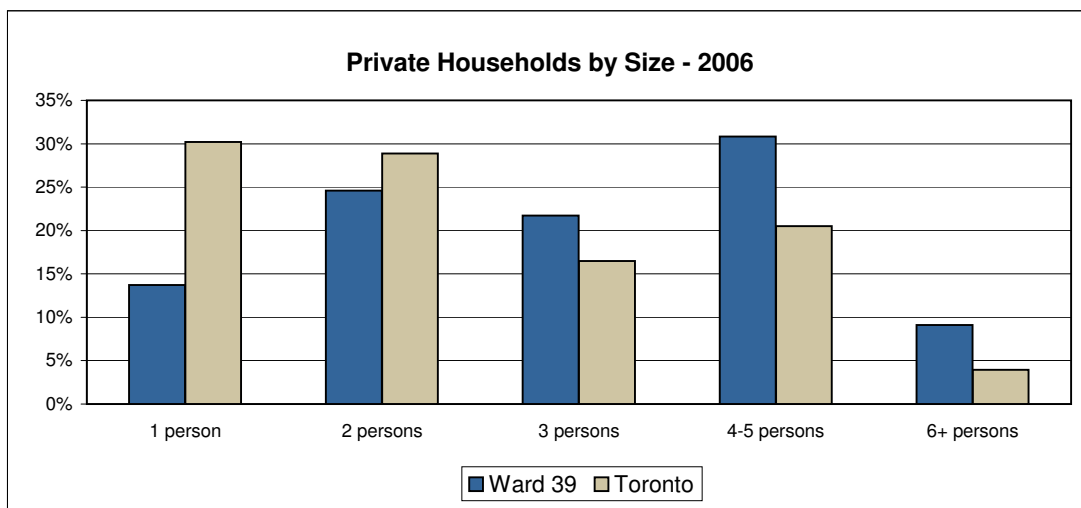
Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Before 1946	200	1.2	Before 1946	180,790	18.5
1946-1960	470	2.8	1946-1960	203,495	20.8
1961-1970	1,730	10.3	1961-1970	185,315	18.9
1971-1980	7,030	41.7	1971-1980	161,750	16.5
1981-1990	5,820	34.6	1981-1990	115,490	11.8
1991-1995	475	2.8	1991-1995	35,710	3.6
1996-2000	730	4.3	1996-2000	36,510	3.7
2001-2006	385	2.3	2001-2006	60,390	6.2
<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>16,840</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total number of dwellings</b>	<b>979,450</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## Private Households by Type

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
One-family households	12,560	74.6	One-family households	602,235	61.5
Multiple-family households	1,570	9.3	Multiple-family households	32,640	3.3
Non-family households	2,715	16.1	Non-family households	344,565	35.2
<b>Total number of households</b>	<b>16,845</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total number of households</b>	<b>979,440</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## Private Households by Size

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
1 person	2,310	13.7	1 person	295,825	30.2
2 persons	4,145	24.6	2 persons	282,685	28.9
3 persons	3,660	21.7	3 persons	161,440	16.5
4-5 persons	5,190	30.8	4-5 persons	200,735	20.5
6 or more persons	1,535	9.1	6 or more persons	38,640	3.9
<b>Total no. of private households</b>	<b>16,840</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total no. of private households</b>	<b>979,325</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Average number of persons in households		3.2	Average number of persons in households		2.5



2006

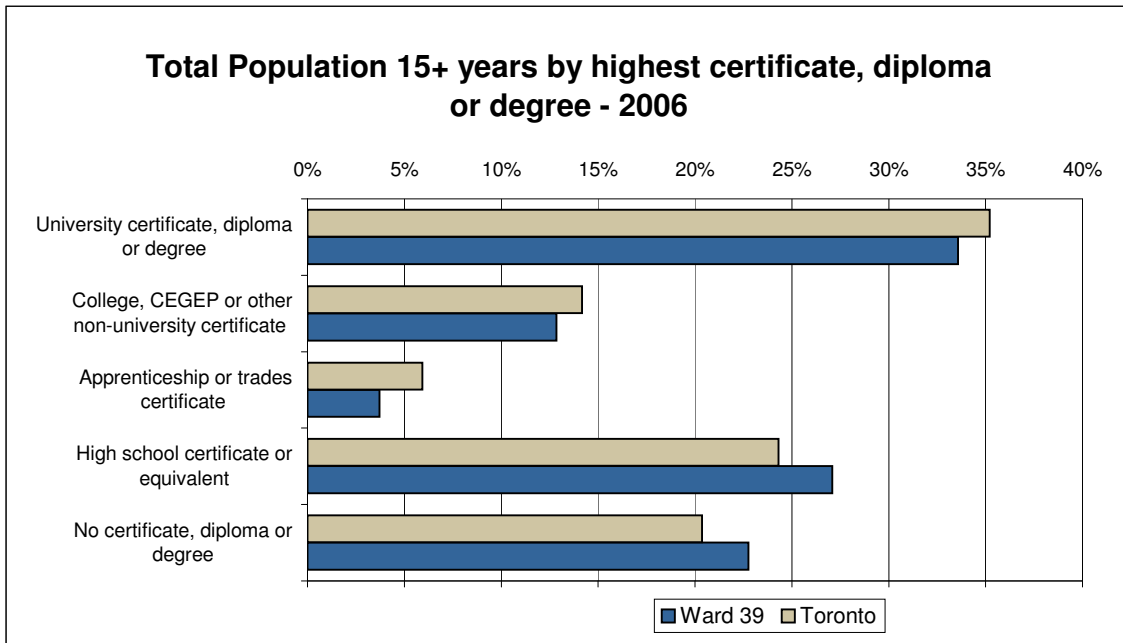
City of Toronto Ward Profiles

# Ward 39

## EDUCATION

### Total population 15+ years by highest certificate, diploma or degree

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	10,485	22.8	No certificate, diploma or degree	420,915	20.4
Certificate, diploma or degree	35,570	77.2	Certificate, diploma or degree	1,646,515	79.6
High school certificate or equivalent	12,475	27.1	High school certificate or equivalent	502,735	24.3
Apprenticeship or trades certificate	1,710	3.7	Apprenticeship or trades certificate	122,685	5.9
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	5,920	12.9	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate	293,005	14.2
University certificate, diploma or degree	15,465	33.6	University certificate, diploma or degree	728,090	35.2
University certificate below bachelor level	3,460	7.5	University certificate below bachelor level	117,805	5.7
University certificate or degree	12,005	26.1	University certificate or degree	610,285	29.5
Bachelor's degree	8,350	18.1	Bachelor's degree	372,120	18.0
University certificate above bachelor level	1,100	2.4	University certificate above bachelor level	63,810	3.1
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	240	0.5	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine	18,440	0.9
Master's degree	2,045	4.4	Master's degree	132,575	6.4
Earned doctorate	270	0.6	Earned doctorate	23,340	1.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>46,055</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,067,430</b>	<b>100.0</b>



2006  
City of Toronto Ward Profiles  
**Ward 39**

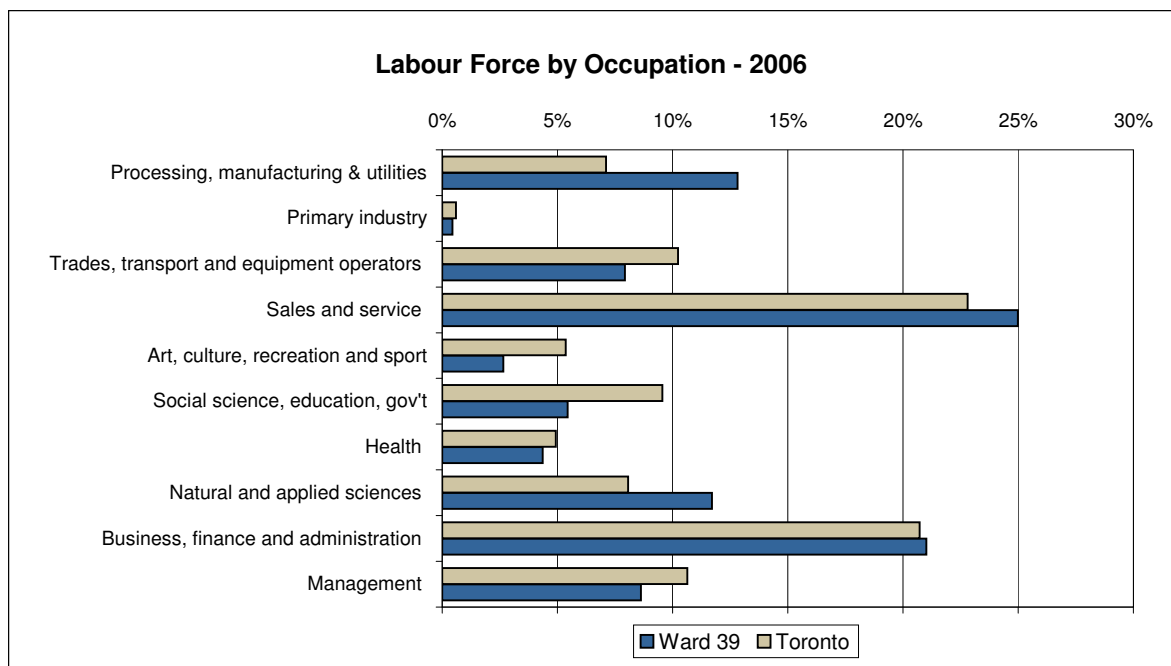
**LABOUR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT**

**Labour Force**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Population 15+	46,060		Population 15+	2,067,445	
In the labour force	27,540	59.8	In the labour force	1,344,825	65.0
Employed	24,965	54.2	Employed	1,242,215	60.1
Unemployed	2,575	5.6	Unemployed	102,610	5.0
Not in the labour force	18,520	40.2	Not in the labour force	722,620	35.0
<b>Unemployment rate</b>		9.4	<b>Unemployment rate</b>		7.6
<b>Participation rate - Male</b>		64.7	<b>Participation rate - Male</b>		70.7
<b>Participation rate - Female</b>		55.4	<b>Participation rate - Female</b>		60.0

**Labour Force by Occupation**

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Management	2,295	8.6	Management	139,465	10.6
Business, finance and administration	5,590	21.0	Business, finance and administration	271,815	20.7
Natural and applied sciences	3,115	11.7	Natural and applied sciences	105,840	8.1
Health	1,160	4.4	Health	64,650	4.9
Social science, education, gov't	1,450	5.5	Social science, education, gov't	125,295	9.6
Art, culture, recreation and sport	705	2.7	Art, culture, recreation and sport	70,270	5.4
Sales and service	6,645	25.0	Sales and service	299,155	22.8
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,110	7.9	Trades, transport and equipment operators	134,175	10.2
Primary industry	120	0.5	Primary industry	7,815	0.6
Processing, manufacturing & utilities	3,410	12.8	Processing, manufacturing & utilities	93,185	7.1
<b>All Occupations</b>	<b>26,600</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>All Occupations</b>	<b>1,311,665</b>	<b>100.0</b>



# 2006 City of Toronto Ward Profiles Ward 39

## Labour Force by Industry

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	55	0.2	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	2,140	0.2
Mining and oil and gas extraction	30	0.1	Mining and oil and gas extraction	2,020	0.2
Utilities	140	0.5	Utilities	6,370	0.5
Construction	765	2.9	Construction	63,225	4.8
Manufacturing	4,775	18.0	Manufacturing	153,700	11.7
Wholesale trade	1,820	6.8	Wholesale trade	61,535	4.7
Retail trade	3,155	11.9	Retail trade	130,405	9.9
Transportation and warehousing	745	2.8	Transportation and warehousing	51,325	3.9
Information and cultural industries	865	3.3	Information and cultural industries	60,705	4.6
Finance and insurance	2,275	8.6	Finance and insurance	98,785	7.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	530	2.0	Real estate and rental and leasing	33,795	2.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	2,365	8.9	Professional, scientific and technical services	141,480	10.8
Management of companies and enterprises	65	0.2	Management of companies and enterprises	2,750	0.2
Administrative and support, waste management	1,105	4.2	Administrative and support, waste management	74,005	5.6
Educational services	1,240	4.7	Educational services	88,330	6.7
Health care and social assistance	1,930	7.3	Health care and social assistance	116,975	8.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	290	1.1	Arts, entertainment and recreation	30,305	2.3
Accommodation and food services	2,460	9.2	Accommodation and food services	83,380	6.4
Other services (except public administration)	1,265	4.8	Other services (except public administration)	65,595	5.0
Public administration	720	2.7	Public administration	44,835	3.4
<b>All Industries</b>	<b>26,595</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>All Industries</b>	<b>1,311,660</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## Employed Labour Force 15+ years by Place of Work Status

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Usual place of work	20,945	83.9	Usual place of work	1,018,755	82.0
In City of Toronto	14,365	57.5	In City of Toronto	819,940	66.0
Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	6,580	26.4	Elsewhere in GTA, Ontario, or Canada	198,815	16.0
At home	1,460	5.8	At home	85,470	6.9
Outside Canada	265	1.1	Outside Canada	7,810	0.6
No fixed workplace address	2,295	9.2	No fixed workplace address	130,180	10.5
<b>Total Labour Force</b>	<b>24,965</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Labour Force</b>	<b>1,242,215</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## Employment - 2007

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Establishments	1,143		Establishments	75,512	
Full Time Employment	10,182	75.5	Full Time Employment	1,019,564	78.5
Part Time Employment	3,306	24.5	Part Time Employment	279,167	21.5
<b>Total Employment</b>	<b>13,488</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Employment</b>	<b>1,298,731</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: 2007 City of Toronto Employment Survey

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

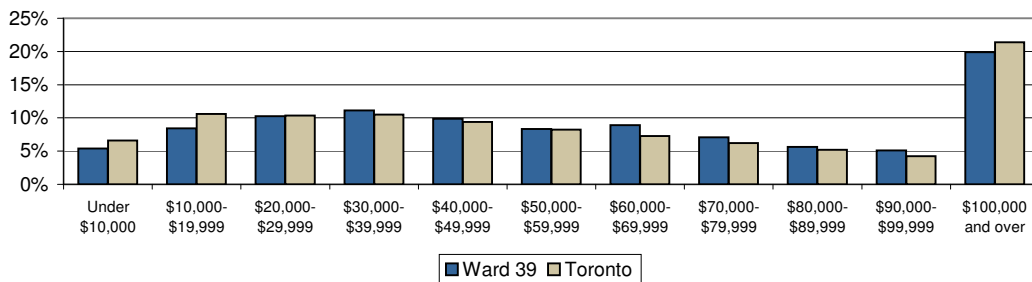
# Ward 39

## INCOME/SHELTER COSTS

### Household Income

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	905	5.4	Under \$10,000	64,835	6.6
\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	1,415	8.4	\$ 10,000 - \$19,999	103,850	10.6
\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	1,725	10.2	\$ 20,000 - \$29,999	101,340	10.3
\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	1,875	11.1	\$ 30,000 - \$39,999	102,875	10.5
\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	1,665	9.9	\$ 40,000 - \$49,999	91,980	9.4
\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	1,400	8.3	\$ 50,000 - \$59,999	80,580	8.2
\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	1,500	8.9	\$ 60,000 - \$69,999	71,125	7.3
\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	1,190	7.1	\$ 70,000 - \$79,999	61,050	6.2
\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	950	5.6	\$ 80,000 - \$89,999	50,980	5.2
\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	860	5.1	\$ 90,000 - \$99,999	41,360	4.2
\$100,000 and over	3,345	19.9	\$100,000 and over	209,465	21.4
<b>Total Number of Private Households</b>	<b>16,830</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Number of Private Households</b>	<b>979,440</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Average household Income	\$66,971		Average household Income	\$80,343	
Median household income	\$55,186		Median household income	\$52,833	
<b>1-Person Households</b>	<b>2,295</b>		<b>1-Person Households</b>	<b>295,510</b>	
Average household Income	\$35,988		Average household Income	\$43,727	
Median household income	\$31,285		Median household income	\$30,639	

### Household Income - 2005



### Shelter Costs

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Renter Households</b>			<b>Renter Households</b>		
Average rent	\$953		Average rent	\$931	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	1,765		Number spending more than 30% of household income on rent	208,260	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		49.7	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on rent		46.6
<b>Owner Households</b>			<b>Owner Households</b>		
Average major payments	\$1,147		Average major payments	\$1,312	
Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	4,410		Number spending more than 30% of household income on major payments	147,270	
Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		33.2	Per cent spending more than 30% of household income on major payments		27.7

2006

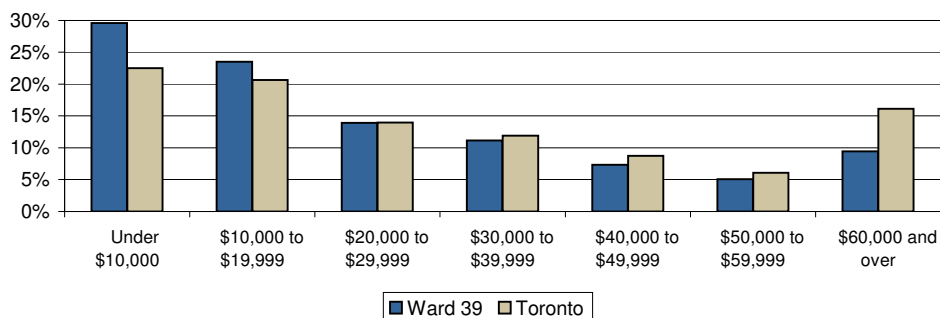
City of Toronto Ward Profiles

# Ward 39

## Individual Income (15 years and over)

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Under \$10,000	12,720	29.6	Under \$10,000	439,495	22.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999	10,115	23.5	\$10,000 to \$19,999	403,555	20.7
\$20,000 to \$29,999	5,980	13.9	\$20,000 to \$29,999	272,485	14.0
\$30,000 to \$39,999	4,800	11.2	\$30,000 to \$39,999	232,350	11.9
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,145	7.3	\$40,000 to \$49,999	170,330	8.7
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2,180	5.1	\$50,000 to \$59,999	119,060	6.1
\$60,000 and over	4,060	9.4	\$60,000 and over	315,385	16.2
<b>Total Pop'n 15+ with income</b>	<b>43,000</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total Pop'n 15+ with income</b>	<b>1,952,660</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Average Income	\$26,232		Average Income	\$40,376	
Median Income	\$18,246		Median Income	\$24,544	
<b>Males</b>	<b>20,440</b>	<b>47.5</b>	<b>Males</b>	<b>933,340</b>	<b>47.8</b>
Average Income	\$29,908		Average Income	\$49,387	
Median Income	\$20,868		Median Income	\$28,800	
<b>Females</b>	<b>22,560</b>	<b>52.5</b>	<b>Females</b>	<b>1,019,320</b>	<b>52.2</b>
Average Income	\$22,905		Average Income	\$32,125	
Median Income	\$16,061		Median Income	\$21,153	

## Individual Income - 2005



## Low Income

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
<b>Economic Families</b>	<b>14,735</b>		<b>Economic Families</b>	<b>651,685</b>	
Low Income*	3,880		Low Income*	134,250	
Incidence		26.3	Incidence		20.6
<b>Unattached individuals</b>	<b>4,010</b>		<b>Unattached individuals</b>	<b>402,820</b>	
Low Income*	2,030		Low Income*	165,160	
Incidence		50.5	Incidence		41.0
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>54,415</b>		<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>2,465,500</b>	
Low Income*	14,910		Low Income*	604,050	
Incidence		27.4	Incidence		24.5

\* estimate derived from the incidence % of 2005 before tax low income provided by Statistics Canada

2006

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

# Ward 39

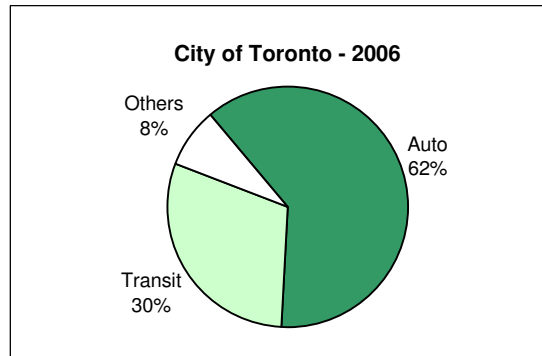
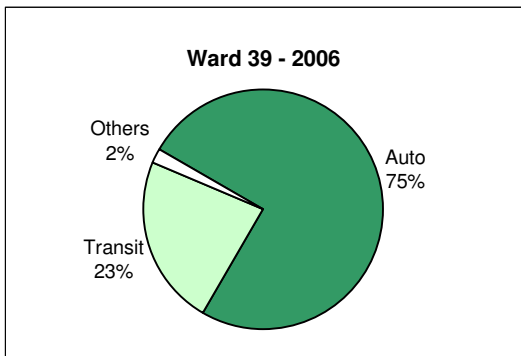
## TRAVEL CHARACTERISTICS

Ward 39			City of Toronto		
	No.	%		No.	%
Vehicles per Household	1.4		Vehicles per Household	1.1	
Licensed Drivers per Household	1.8		Licensed Drivers per Household	1.5	
Daily Trips per Capita	1.8		Daily Trips per Capita	2.0	
Daily Work Trips	36,169		Daily Work Trips	1,915,584	
Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		75%	Percentage of Work Trips by Auto		62%
Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		23%	Percentage of Work Trips by Transit		30%
Daily Non-Work Trips	56,889		Daily Non-Work Trips	2,870,656	
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		77%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Auto		71%
Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		13%	Percentage of Non-Work Trips by Transit		19%
Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		7%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Ward		
Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		68%	Percentage of Work Trips Within Toronto		78%

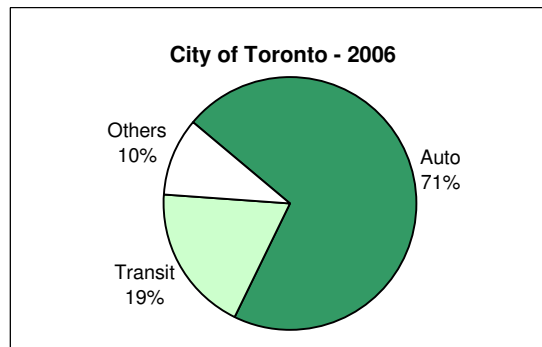
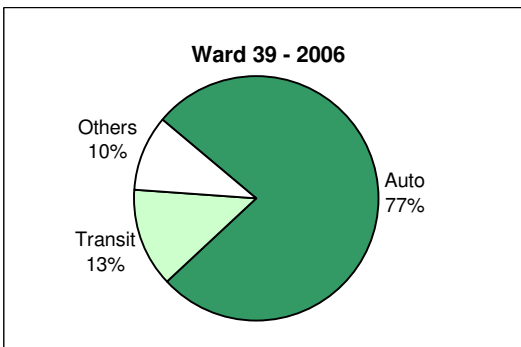
Source: 2006 [Transportation Tomorrow Survey](#)

**Note** - Estimates of trips in the City and in each ward are based on the TTS sample and the population counted by the Census. The caveats regarding the population undercount that are noted on the "POPULATION" page of the profile will also apply to the estimates of trips.

### Work Trips



### Non-Work Trips



## GLOSSARY

### Education

**Highest certificate, diploma or degree** - Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree.

This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. There is an implied hierarchy in this variable (secondary school graduation, registered apprenticeship and trades, college, university) which is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

### Families

#### Census Families

**Families by number of children** - Classification of census families (a census family is composed of a married couple or two persons living common-law, with or without children, or of a lone parent living with at least one child in the same dwelling) according to whether or not a family member is responsible for making payments for the rent, mortgage, taxes or electricity. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. 'Children' in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

**Children** refer to blood, step- or adopted sons and daughters (regardless of age or marital status) who are living in the same dwelling as their parent(s), as well as grandchildren in households where there are no parents present. Sons and daughters who are living with their spouse or common-law partner, or with one or more of their own children, are not considered to be members of the census family of their parent(s), even if they are living in the same dwelling. In addition, those sons and daughters who do not live in the same dwelling as their parent(s) are not considered members of the census family of their parent(s). The category of '**children**' can be further distinguished as follows:

**Never-married sons and/or daughters** in a census family, as used in censuses prior to 2001.

**Other sons and/or daughters** in a census family who would not have been included in the census family of their parents according to the previous concept.

**Grandchildren** living in the same household as their grandparent(s), with no parents present.

#### Economic family

The economic family concept requires only that family members be related by blood, marriage, common-law or adoption. By contrast, the census family concept requires that family members be either a male or female spouse, a male or female common-law partner, a male or female lone parent, or a child with a parent present. The concept of economic family may therefore refer to a larger group of persons than does the census family concept. For example, a widowed mother living with her married son and daughter-in-law would be treated as a person not in a census family. That same person would, however, be counted as a member of an economic family along with her son and daughter-in-law. Two or more related census families living together also constitute **one** economic family as, for example, a man and his wife living with their married son

and daughter-in-law. Two or more brothers or sisters living together, apart from their parents, will form an economic family, but not a census family, since they do not meet the requirements for the latter. All census family persons are economic family persons. For 2006, foster children are considered economic family members.

**Family type** - Refers to the classification of census families according to whether or not any family member is responsible for household payments, i.e. rent, or mortgage, or taxes, or electricity.

\* For the 2001 Census, several changes were made to the census family concept

- Two persons living in a same-sex common-law relationship, along with any of their children residing in the household, will be considered a census family.
- Children in a census family can have been previously married (as long as they are not currently living with a spouse or common-law partner). Previously, they had to be "never-married".
- A grandchild living in a three-generation household where the parent (middle generation) is never-married will, contrary to previous censuses, now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her parent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, the census family usually consisted of the two older generations.

A grandchild of another household member, where a middle-generation parent is not present, will now be considered as a child in the census family of his or her grandparent, provided the grandchild is not living with his or her own spouse, common-law partner, or child. Traditionally, such a grandchild would not be considered as the member of a census family.

## Household/dwellings

**Household size** - Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

**Household Type** - Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: **non-family households** and **family households**.

A **non-family household** consists either of one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.

**Family households** are divided into two subcategories: **one-family households** and **multiple-family households**.

A **one-family household** consists of a single family (e.g., a couple with or without children). A **multiple-family household** is made up of two or more families occupying the same dwelling.

**Occupied private dwelling** - Refers to a private dwelling in which a person or group of persons is permanently residing. Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on Census Day. Unless otherwise specified, all data in housing products are for occupied private dwellings, rather than for unoccupied private dwellings or dwellings occupied solely by foreign and/or temporary residents.

**Period of construction** - Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

**Structural type of dwelling** - Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- Single-detached house - A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- Semi-detached house - One of two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have open space on all sides.
- Row house - One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- Apartment or flat in a duplex - One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys - A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys - A dwelling unit attached to other dwelling units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- Other single-attached house - A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- Mobile home – A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- Other movable dwelling - A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

**Tenure** - Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling, or whether the dwelling is Band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

## **Income**

**Household income** - The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

**Incidence of low income** - Is the proportion or percentage of economic families or persons not in economic families in a given classification below the low income after tax cut-offs. These prevalence rates are calculated from unrounded estimates of economic families and persons 15 years of age and over not in economic families.

**Low income** - Measures of low income known as low income (before tax) cut-offs (LICO-BT) were first introduced in Canada in 1968 based on 1961 Census income data and 1959 family expenditure patterns. At that time, expenditure patterns indicated that Canadian families spent about 50% of their total income on food, shelter and clothing. It was arbitrarily estimated that

families spending 70% or more of their income (20 percentage points more than the average) on these basic necessities would be in "straitened" circumstances. With this assumption, low income cut-off points were set for five different sizes of families. The following is the 2005 matrix of low income before tax cut-offs for economic families and persons not in economic families.

Size of area of residence	
Family size	500,000 or more
1	20,778
2	25,867
3	31,801
4	38,610
5	43,791
6	49,389
7+	54,987

## Labour force/employment

**City of Toronto Employment Survey** - The employment survey is a unique information resource for both the public and private sectors. It provides City Departments with background data for economic and transportation studies and a foundation for forecasting the City's service needs. The survey provides private businesses with a rich resource for making decisions such as location analysis and market development or expansion.

**Industry** - Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were required to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census industry data are produced according to the 2002 NAICS (North American Industry Classification System). The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 103 subsectors and 328 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

**Mode of transportation** - Main means a person uses to travel between home and place of work (by car, on foot, on public transit, or by some other means).

**Occupation** - Refers to the kind of work persons were doing during the reference week, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.

The 2006 Census occupation data are classified according to the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S 2006). This classification is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 47 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 520 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

**Participation rate** - Refers to the labour force in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006), expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over.

**Place of work status** - Classification of people aged 15 or over who worked at some point between January 1, 2005 and May 16, 2006 (Census Day), according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address.

**Unemployment rate** - The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the unemployed in that group, expressed as a percentage of the labour force in that group, in the week prior to enumeration.

## Population

**Age group** - Refers to the age at last birthday (as of the census reference date, May 16, 2006). This variable is derived from date of birth.

**Ethnic origin** - Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

**Generation status** - Generation status of the respondent, i.e. "1st", "2nd" or "3rd +" generation, refers to whether the respondent or the respondent's parents were born in or outside Canada.

Generation status includes three response categories, which are defined as follows:

### 1st generation

Persons born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, landed immigrants in Canada. Also included in the first generation are a small number of people born outside Canada to parents who are Canadian citizens by birth. In addition, the first generation includes people who are non-permanent residents (defined as people from another country in Canada on Work or Study Permits or as refugee claimants, and any family members living with them in Canada).

### 2nd generation

Persons born inside Canada with at least one parent born outside Canada. This includes (a) persons born in Canada with both parents born outside Canada and (b) persons born in Canada with one parent born in Canada and one parent born outside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

### 3rd generation or more

Persons born inside Canada with both parents born inside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).

**Home language** - Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census.

**Immigrants by selected places of birth** - People who are or who have ever been landed immigrants. Landed immigrants are people who have been permitted by immigration authorities to live in Canada permanently; some will have lived in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Recent immigrants are landed immigrants who arrived in Canada between 2001 and 2006.

**Mobility status (1-year and 5-year)**

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2005, one year before Census Day. **(1 year ago)**

County, regional county municipality, regional district, etc., where the enumerated person lived on May 16, 2001, five years before Census Day. **(5 years ago)**

- Non-movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at the same address as the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Movers are persons who, on Census Day, were living at a different address than the one at which they resided one year earlier.
- Non-migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living at a different address, but in the same census subdivision (CSD) as the one they lived in one year earlier.
- Migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were residing in a different CSD one year earlier (internal migrants) or who were living outside Canada one year earlier (external migrants).
- Intraprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in the same province.
- Interprovincial migrants are movers who, on Census Day, were living in a different census subdivision than the one at which they resided one year earlier, in a different province.

**Mother tongue** - Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census.

**Period of immigration** - Refers to ranges of years based on the year of immigration question. Year of immigration refers to the year in which landed immigrant status was first obtained. A landed immigrant is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

**Visible minorities** - Refers to the visible minority group to which the respondent belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour".

## **Travel characteristics**

**Transportation Tomorrow Survey** - This is a factual survey that collects information on how members of a household use the transportation system. In addition to trip information of each household member (i.e. trip origin, destination, time, purpose, method of travel) survey participants are also asked about age, gender, employment status, size of household and number of motor vehicles. Data in this table pertains to all trips.