

How are Environmentally Significant Areas protected?

Environmentally Significant Areas are particularly sensitive and require protection to maintain their unique environmental qualities. Development and site alteration is not permitted in Environmentally Significant Areas and activities are limited to those that are compatible with the preservation of their natural features and ecological functions, such as managed trails and viewing areas. Environmentally Significant Areas exist within a larger connected natural system and cannot be viewed in isolation. Continued protection of this larger system is important to sustain Environmentally Significant Areas in the long-term and is an essential part of protecting biodiversity within the City of Toronto and beyond.

Virtually all Environmentally Significant Areas are protected by the Ravine and Natural Feature Protection bylaw and most are located on parkland which is owned mainly by the Toronto and Region Conservation Authority and managed by the City of Toronto.

Significant Areas, such as High Park and Glen Stewart Ravine, and habitat restoration and trail work is underway in various locations.

Further work is underway to develop management plans for 57 Environmentally Significant Areas that are managed by the City.

Maintenance

Natural parklands do not have lawns to be mowed or fences to be painted but they still require management to maintain and sometimes restore or enhance their ecological values. Management plans are in place for a number of Environmentally

Invasive Species

Invasive plants threaten the integrity of many of our natural areas. Invasive plants find their way into parklands by wind, flooding, seeding by wildlife, tracking in seeds caught on pets, clothing and shoes, and the dumping of fill, garden waste and compost. Invasive species cannot be entirely eliminated from Environmentally Significant Areas but the City of Toronto Urban Forestry Services group



is currently working to control some of the established populations of invasive plants in natural parklands.

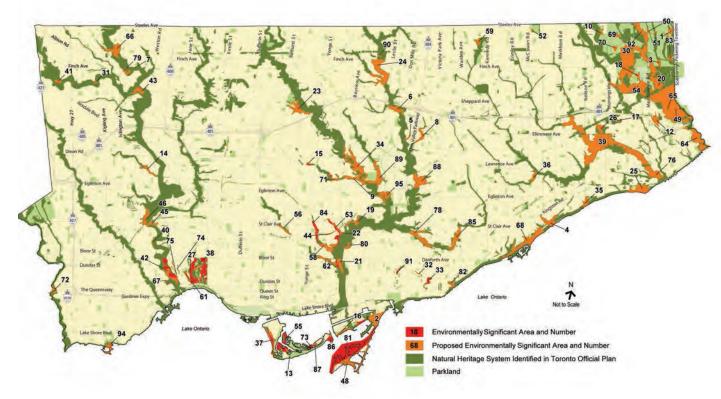
Encroachments

Encroachment by neighbours, dumping, mountain bikers, off-leash dogs, and the creation of ad hoc paths can degrade the quality of natural areas. The City of Toronto is working to manage the impacts of encroachments through removal, followed by restoration of natural areas, better signage, enforcement, and through the development of alternative sites for off-leash dogs and mountain bike skills parks (e.g. Sunnyside Bike Park).

Overuse

Most Environmentally Significant Areas are located within our parkland system, which also supports a range of recreational uses. It is important to balance access to, and the protection of natural areas, with recreational uses in order to maintain their significant qualities. The City of Toronto has been working with mountain bike user groups, such as the Toronto Off-Road Bicycling Association, and the International Mountain Biking Association, as well as Park 'Friends' groups to communicate with park users to educate and seek their support for the protection of natural areas.

Environmentally significant areas primarily include natural areas that have been largely left undisturbed; some, such as Tommy Thompson Park, are man-made



The general location of the 18 existing Environmentally Significant Areas and 68 proposed Environmentally Significant Areas are shown on the above map. Environmentally Significant Areas are located within the City's natural heritage system and form the core of the City's natural parkland system.

Detailed mapping for each Environmentally Significant Area and information on each site, including the significant characteristics that qualify it as an Environmentally Significant Area are available on the City's website.

www.toronto.ca/planning/environment

Sites that Meet the Environmentally Significant Areas Criteria

- 1 Barkey Woods
- 2 Base of Spit
- 3 Beare Road Woodlot
- 4 Bellamy Ravine/Sylvan Park
- 5 Bell's Woodlot

- 6 Black Grass Site
- 7 Bluehaven Area
- 8 Brookbanks Ravine
- 9 Burke Brook Forest
- 10 Cedarbrae Woods

- 12 Centennial Forest & Swamp
- 13 Centre Island Meadow/ Wildlife Sanctuary**
- 14 Chapman Valley
- 15 Chatsworth Ravine**
- 16 Cherry Beach**
- 17 Conlin's Pond
- 18 Core Woods
- 19 Crothers Woods
- 20 Diller Woods/Pearce Woods/ Tabor's Horsetail Meadow
- 21 Don Valley (Central Section)
- 22 Don Valley Brickworks
- 23 Earl Bales Woodlot
- 24 East Don Valley Swamp
- 25 East Point
- **26** Ellesmere Woods
- 27 Ellis Avenue
- 30 Finch Ave. Meander/Sewells Forest /Reesor Woodlot
- 31 Garland Park
- 32 Glen Davis Ravine
- 33 Glen Stewart Ravine*
- 34 Glendon Forest
- 35 Guild Woods
- 36 Hague Park
- 37 Hanlan's Beach**
- 38 High Park**
- 39 Highland Forest/Morningside Park Forest and Highland Creek West
- 40 Home Smith Area
- 41 Humber College Arboretum
- 42 Humber Valley**
- 43 Humberforks at Thistletown
- 44 Iroquois Shoreline**
- 45 Lambton Park Prairie
- 46 Lambton Woods
- 48 Leslie Street Spit
- 49 Little Rouge Forest
- 50 Meadowvale Woodlot A
- 51 Meadowvale Woodlot B
- 52 Milliken Woods
- 53 Moore Park Ravine**
- 54 Morningside Creek Forest/ MilnesForest
- 55 Muggs Island*

- 56 Nordheimer Ravine
- 58 Park Drive Ravine/
 DonValley (West Side)**
- **59** Passmore Forest
- 61 Rennie Park
- 62 Rosedale Valley**
- 64 Rouge Marsh Area
- 65 Rouge River Whitby Formation Section
- 66 Rowntree Mill Swamp
- 67 Sassafras Site
- 68 Scarborough Bluff Sequence
- 69 Sewells Forest North
- 70 Sewells Forest West
- 71 Sherwood Park**
- 72 Silverthorn Area
- 73 Snake Island Area**
- 74 South Kingsway (East Flank)
- 75 South Kingsway (West Flank)
- 76 Stephenson's Swamp/ Highland Creek East
- 78 Taylor Creek
- 79 Thistletown Oxbow
- **80** Todmorden Mills
- 81 Tommy Thompson Park*
- 82 Toronto Hunt Club
- 83 Townline Swamp
- 84 Vale of Avoca**
- 85 Warden Woods
- 86 Ward's Island**
- 87 West Algonquin Island
- 88 Wigmore Park Ravine
- 89 Wilket Creek Forest
- 90 Williams Area
- 91 Williamson Park*
- 92 Woodlands on Little Rouge Creek
- 94 Colonel Sam Smith Park
- 95 E.T. Seton Park
- indicates existing ESA
- ** indicates existing ESA where boundary is being amended

Notes: Numbers may not be continuous because some of the sites which were investigated did not qualify as ESAs and some sites which qualify have been merged.

Types of Environmentally Significant Areas in the City of Toronto

Type of Area	#of Sites	% of Sites		
PLANT AND ANIMAL DIVERSITY				
Sites with rare species/rare communities	85	99		
Sites with habitats of large size and/or high diversity	51	59		
Sites with significant landforms	28	33		
Sites with significant ecological function(s)	52	60		
Notable stopover locations for migrating song birds	17	20		
Significant area for amphibian species (breeding/foraging)	14	16		
LAYERS OF PROTECTION				
Designated as ESA	18	21		
Proposed to be Designated as ESA	68	79		
Official Plan Natural Heritage System or designated Natural Area	86	100		
Ravine and Natural Feature Protection bylaw	81	94		



Type of Area	#of Sites	% of Sites
WATERSHED		
Etobicoke	1	1
Mimico	0	0
Humber	15	17
Don	25	29
Highland	6	7
Rouge	18	21
Waterfront	21	24

Type of Area	Hectares	% of Area		
MAJOR HABITAT TYPES				
Forest	1604	64		
Meadow	265	11		
Wetland	176	7		
Swamp	164	7		
Beach/Bar	75	3		
Bluff	67	3		
Tallgrass Prairie/Savannah	44	2		
OWNERSHIP				
Public	2536	94		
Private	162	6		



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