ATTACHMENT NO. 4

RESEARCH AND EVALUATION SUMMARY: 212 DUNDAS STREET EAST



212 Dundas Street East: Heritage Preservation Services, 2016

HISTORICAL CHRONOLOGY

Key Date	Historical Event	
1798	Park Lot 5 is patented to David William Smith	
1818	William Allan purchases Park Lot 5 as the setting of his "Moss Park" estate,	
	which is accessed by "Allan's Lane" (Sherbourne Street)	
1853	After previously acquiring the north part of Park Lot 5 (1845), George	
	William Allan inherits the balance of his father's property, retaining the	
	private gardens (the future City-owned park named Allan Gardens)	
1854	Allan subdivides the portion of his estate bounded by "Wilton Crescent"	
	(future Dundas Street East), George Street, Gerrard Street East and	
	Sherbourne Street (it is afterward registered as Plan 150)	
1858	Boulton's Atlas indicates that the subject property remains vacant	
1872 Jan	Henry Tasker purchases Lot 4 on the northeast corner of Wilton Crescent	
	and George Street	
1874 Apr	According to the tax assessment rolls, Henry Tasker resides on the subject	
	property in a 2 ¹ / ₂ -storey brick house with two brick wings	
1875	Tasker is first listed in the city directory on Wilton Crescent	
1876 Aug	Ralph Kerr Burgess purchases Tasker's property	
1880	The house form building with its additions is shown on the first Goad's Atlas	
	for Toronto	
1882 Apr	Lucy Livingstone acquires the subject property, retaining it for 30 years	
1884	The fire insurance atlas shows the further northward extension of the house	

1894	A decade later, the atlas indicates that part of the rear wing of the house has
1074	been removed for the construction of row houses on George Street (the
	buildings remain extant at 279½-283½ George)
1912 Mar	James Taylor Benor purchases the subject property for \$14,250, and acquires
1912 Mai	two mortgages the next year
1012 Am	
1913 Apr	Building permit #1427 is issued to Benor for a three-storey "addition to
	rooming house" on the northeast corner of Wilton Crescent and George
1010 D	Street, identifying Symons and Rae as the architects
1913 Dec	Benor reaches an agreement with the City of Toronto regarding the
	projecting canopy on the entrance to "Wilton Court Apartments"
1914 July	Benor is identified in the tax assessment rolls as the owner of a "private
	hotel" at Wilton and George, which is valued at \$35,000
1914	The city directory of 1915 (with information dating to the previous year)
	records the Wilton Court "apartments" at 2-10 Wilton Crescent
1915	The next city directory (published in 1916 with 1915 data) records the
	Wilton Court Private Hotel, which is also advertised in the September 28 th
	edition of "The Globe"
1923	The apartment hotel is illustrated on the last update to Goad's Atlas on
	"Dundas Crescent," showing the retention of parts of the Henry Tasker
	House at the north end
1927	Benor transfers the property to his daughter, Nellie Brennan, who retains the
	site until 1945
1954	The property is recorded in the City Directory for 1955 (reflecting
	information from the previous year) as the Wilton Court Hotel
1959	The Westover Hotel first occupies the site (according to the City Directory
	for 1960)
1980	The property is sold to Stage 212 Incorporated, incorporating the Stage 212
	adult entertainment venue, as well as the Fly By Night lesbian bar
1985-1986	Filmores Hotel is first recorded in the City Directory at 212 Dundas Street
	East
2012	City Council authorizes the study of the Garden District as a potential
	Heritage Conservation District, with the property at 212 Dundas Street East
	included within the study area boundaries

The property at 212 Dundas Street East is located in the Toronto neighbourhood now known as the Garden District. The land was originally subdivided as part of the series of 100-acre Park Lots north of York (Toronto) and awarded to associates of the provincial government as the setting of country estates (Image 2). George Allan acquired Park Lot 5 and opened Allan's Lane (Sherbourne Street) to access his Moss Park estate. His son and heir, George William Allan retained the private grounds that formed the nucleus of today's Allan Gardens when he subdivided the estate for residential development in the mid 19th century (Image 3). Nearly 20 years passed before the parcel on the northeast corner of present-day Dundas Street West and George Street was purchased by merchant Henry Tasker, whose 2½-storey house was in place by early 1874 (Image 4). Described in the tax assessment rolls as having a mansard roof and two brick wings, the dwelling was illustrated in a bird's eye view of the city in 1876 (Image 9). From 1882-1912, the subject property was owned by Lucy C. Livingstone and her trustees. The development

of and changes to the property are traced for nearly a century on fire insurance atlases, including those shown below (Images 5-8).

James Taylor Benor (1870-1941) purchased the property at present-day 212 Dundas Street East in 1912 and the next year acquired a building permit to "alter rooming house" (Image 10). The alterations consisted of the addition of the present three-storey building, which was first described in archival records as an apartment house named "Wilton Court." The project was typical of the "apartment boom" in Toronto in the early 20th century when the rush to construct the first multi-unit buildings in the city was met with a short-term ban on their construction in 1912. Property owners got around the restrictions by altering existing structures.¹ For the Wilton Court project, Benor engaged local architects Symons and Rae, who were particularly known for the innumerable projects the firm undertook in the city's upscale neighbourhoods, including apartment houses in Parkdale and the Annex. By 1914, the subject property was identified as the "Wilton Court Private Hotel" and, according to an advertisement in The Globe, was one of "two modern hotels" on the street operated by Benor (Image 10).² This type of accommodation operated as an apartment building, but provided a dining room for residents, as well as room service for meals and housekeeping. The property with the Wilton Court Hotel and incorporating the Tasker House was retained by Benor's family until 1945. In the second half of the 20th century, it continued to operate as a hotel and, since the 1980s, has been occupied by Filmores, a locally known adult entertainment venue (Image 12).

The Wilton Court Hotel has features from Edwardian Classical style that was popular for all building types in the early 20th century and identified by the classical detailing with band courses and quoins, the symmetrical placement of the openings, and the uniform red brick cladding with stone highlights. The design was influenced by its setting on the irregularly-shaped lot created by the curve on Dundas Street, east of George Street, and highlighted by the rounded corner adjoining the intersection. Attached to the north end of the Wilton Court Hotel, the surviving portions of the Henry Tasker House retain the mansard roofs, decorative brickwork and elaborate flourishes that are signatures of the Second Empire style of the late Victorian era. The house form building is viewed from the east and west where it stands out with its contrasting yellow brickwork and intricate window detailing.

Contextually, the property at 212 Dundas Street East anchors the northeast corner of George Street as it curves eastward to Sherbourne Street. North of the subject properties, George Street contains on the east side a series of low-rise house form buildings ranging from the mid-19th to the early 20th centuries that are designated under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act. This group contains a residential building dating to 1858 that was converted 30 years later to the Fegan Boys' Home as part of the transition of the

¹ The Manhattan Apartments at 628 Church Street and the Gloucester Mansions at 69 Gloucester Street are other examples in the neighbourhood where low-rise apartment houses retain portions of house form buildings (the latter properties are included on the City's Heritage Register)

² The Royal Cecil Hotel, located on the north side of Dundas Street East between Jarvis and Mutual streets is no longer extant

area from a residential enclave to a mixed-used neighbourhood with many institutional buildings.³

EVALUATION: Regulation 9/06, the criteria prescribed by the Province of Ontario for municipal designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act

Design or Physical Value	
i. rare, unique, representative or early example of a style, type, expression,	
material or construction method	
ii. displays high degree of craftsmanship or artistic merit	
iii. demonstrates high degree of scientific or technical achievement	

N/A
Х
Х

Contextual Value	
i. important in defining, maintaining or supporting the character of an area	Х
ii. physically, functionally, visually or historically linked to its surroundings	
iii. landmark	X

The property at 212 Dundas Street has design value as the setting of the Wilton Court Hotel, a three-storey commercial building that was designed as a low-rise apartment house with features of the popular Edwardian Classical style of the early 20th century. The Wilton Court Hotel displays the sombre red brick, the symmetrical placement of openings, and the classically-inspired quoins and band course identified with Edwardian Classicism. Its design incorporates significant portions of the Henry Tasker House, which is distinguished by its Second Empire styling with the mansard roofs and elaborate decorative detailing.

The associative value of the property at 212 Dundas Street East is through its contribution to the development and evolution of the residential neighbourhood that, beginning in the late 19th century, opened east of Yonge Street along the major corridors of Church, Jarvis and Sherbourne streets. This area originally housed high-end residential buildings in the popular styles of the day (including the Henry Tasker House) and, after the turn of the 20th century, welcomed the city's first low-rise apartment buildings that included the Wilton Court Hotel.

³ In the immediate neighbourhood, these included the Toronto Boys' Home (which is no longer extant) and the residential buildings that housed the Fegan Boys' Home at 295 George and the adjoining Salvation Army receiving home at 297 George

The Wilton Court Hotel is valued for its historical association with the Toronto architectural firm of Symons and Rae, which designed it as an apartment building incorporating portions of the Henry Tasker House. Symons and Rae were noted for the breadth of the firm's commissions in the city's high-end neighbourhoods, including the design of low-rise walk-up apartment houses that supported the city's "apartment boom" in the early 20th century.

Contextually, the property at 212 Dundas Street contributes to the character of the neighbourhood now known as the Garden District, which developed in the late 19th century as an upscale community adjoining Allan Gardens where Toronto's community leaders resided. The area first attracted single family homes, among them the Henry Tasker House, before many of the larger parcels were infilled with newer construction that included walk-up apartment buildings such as the Wilton Court Hotel. The subject property is also historically, visually and physically linked to its prominent setting anchoring the northeast corner of Dundas and George streets where the Wilton Court Hotel was designed to address the curve in the street that is a prominent urban design feature in the Garden District neighbourhood.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The physical characteristics of the property at 212 Dundas Street East are:

Wilton Court Hotel

- The setback, placement and orientation of the building on the northeast corner of Dundas Street East and George Street
- The scale, form and massing of the building, which extends three stories above a raised base, with the southwest corner rounded to address the curve of Dundas Street, east of George Stret
- The materials, with the red brick cladding and the stone trim
- The flat roofline (the cornice has been removed)
- The main entrance, which is placed on the southwest corner
- The raised base where the flat-headed window openings have been filled in (the stone sills remain on the west and east elevations)
- Above the base on the east, south and west elevations, the symmetrically-placed flat-headed window openings with the stone lintels and sills
- The decorative detailing, with the stone band courses on the base and between the second and third stories

The rear (north) elevation, which adjoins the south elevation of the Henry Tasker House, is visible at the east end.

Henry Tasker House

• The setback, placement and orientation of the house form building on the east side of George Street, north of Dundas Street East

- The scale, form and massing of the 2¹/₂-storey house form building with the twostorey rear (north) wing
- The materials, with the red brick cladding, the contrasting yellow brick detailing, and the stone and brick trim
- The mansard roofs on the house and wing, with the dormers on the roof covering the house
- On the side (east and west) elevations, the round-arched window openings, with the stone hood moulds and corbelled sills on the house, and the brick voussoirs on the wing where the second-storey openings have corbelled sills
- The decorative detailing on the east and west elevations, with the band courses, the quoins and, on the wing, the corbelled brickwork

The south elevation adjoins Wilton Court, and the north elevation is concealed by the neighbouring buildings.

SUMMARY

Following research and evaluation according to Regulation 9/06, it has been determined that the property at 212 Dundas Street East meets the criteria under all three categories of design, associative and contextual values. Designed by Toronto architects Symons and Rae, the building was completed in 1913 as a small-scale apartment house and afterward operated as the Wilton Court Private Hotel. The building is valued as an early 20th century commercial building that, with its Edwardian Classical styling and rounded corner, addresses the curve on Dundas Street East (originally Wilton Crescent) between George and Sherbourne streets. Incorporating portions of the Henry Tasker House (1873-74) at the rear (north), the complex contributes to the character of the Garden District, which originated as a high-end residential enclave adjoining Allan Gardens. More recently known as Filmores Hotel, with its setting and rooftop sign, the property at 212 Dundas Street East is a local landmark.

SOURCES

Archival Photographs, City of Toronto Archives (individual citations with Images)
Assessment Rolls, St. David's Ward, 1873-1892, and Ward 2, Division 2, 1893 ff.
Boulton, Atlas of the City of Toronto, 1858
Building Permit #1427, April 14, 1913, City of Toronto Archives
City of Toronto Directories, 1870 ff.
Dennis, Richard, "Apartment Housing in Canadian Cities, 1900-1940," <u>Urban History Review</u>, March 1998
------, "Interpreting the apartment house: modernity and metropolitanism in Toronto, 1900-1930, <u>Journal of Historical Geography</u>," Vol. 20, 1994
The Evening Independent, August 13, 1941 (obituary)
The Globe, September 28, 1915 (advertisement), February 20, 1928 (wedding announcement), March 24, 1959 (obituary)
Goad's Atlases, 1880-1923
Gross, Bird's Eye View of the City of Toronto, 1876

Lundell, Liz, The Estates of Old Toronto, 1997

MacNamara, Jane, "Why is Dundas Street So Crooked," <u>Toronto Tree</u>, May-June 1997 Marshall, Sean, "The Many Streets of Dundas," October 15, 2011

www.spacing.ca/toronto/2011/10/15/the-many-streets-of-dundas

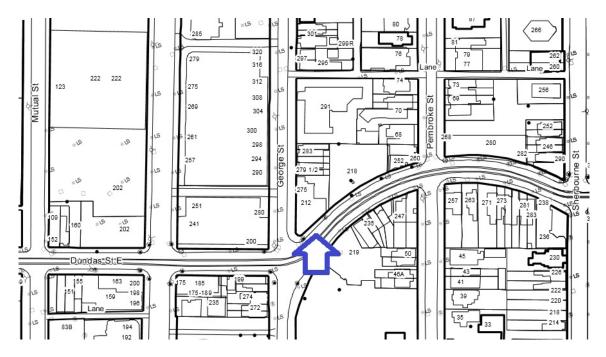
McHugh, Patricia, Toronto Architecture: A City Guide, 2nd ed., 1989

Plan, Moss Park Estate, 1858, Toronto Public Library, Item r-2

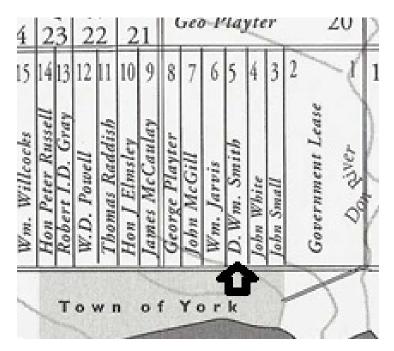
Underwriters' Survey Bureau Atlas, 1921 revised to 1943

- "William Limbery Symons," <u>Biographical Dictionary of Architects in Canada, 1800-1950,</u> <u>http://www.dictionaryofarchitectsincanada.org/node/1345</u>
- "William Rae," entry in <u>Biographical Dictionary of Architects in Canada, 1800-1950</u>, http://www.dictionaryofarchitectsincanada.org/node/534

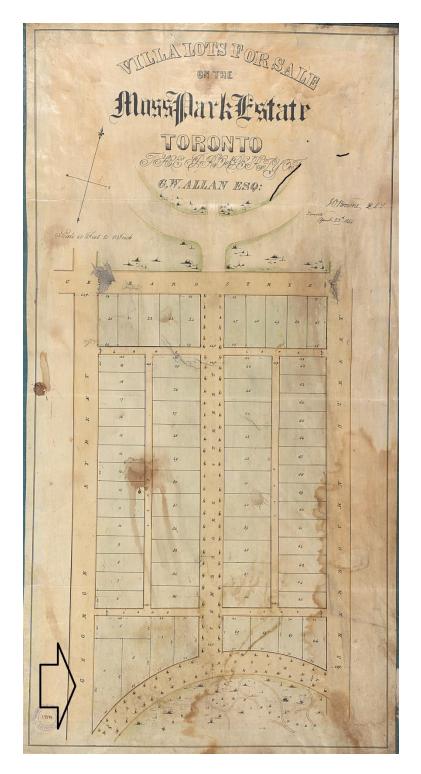
IMAGES - The **arrows** mark the subject property. All maps are oriented with north on the top.



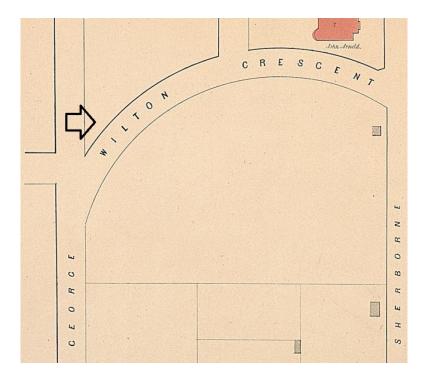
1. <u>City of Toronto Property Data Map:</u> showing the subject property on the northeast corner of Dundas Street East and George Street.



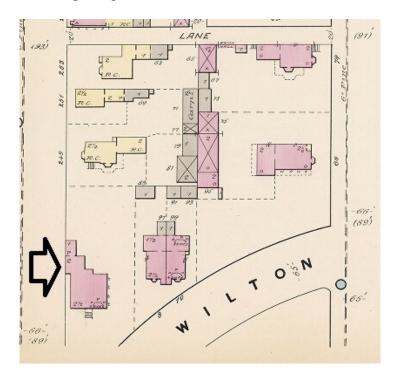
2. <u>Map, Park Lots:</u> Park Lot 5 was originally patented by Smith and acquired afterward by George Allan where the subject property was later developed.



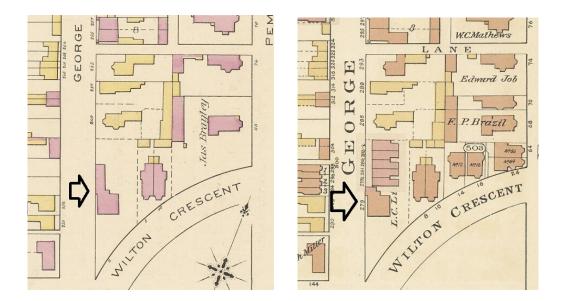
3. <u>Plan, Moss Park Estate, 1854:</u> showing the subdivision of part of Allan's estate south of Allan Gardens, with the south edge bounded by the curved Wilton Crescent (present-day Dundas Street East) (Toronto Public Library, r-2)



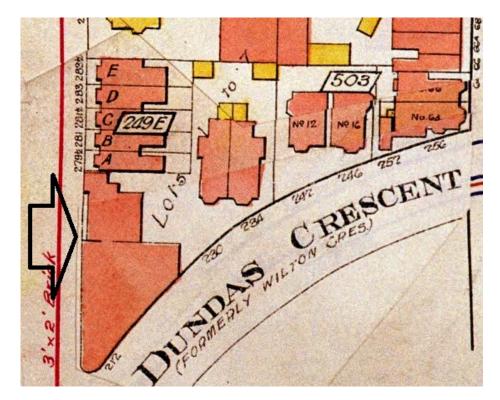
4. <u>Boulton's Atlas, 1858:</u> the subject property is undeveloped on the first fire insurance atlas depicting Toronto.



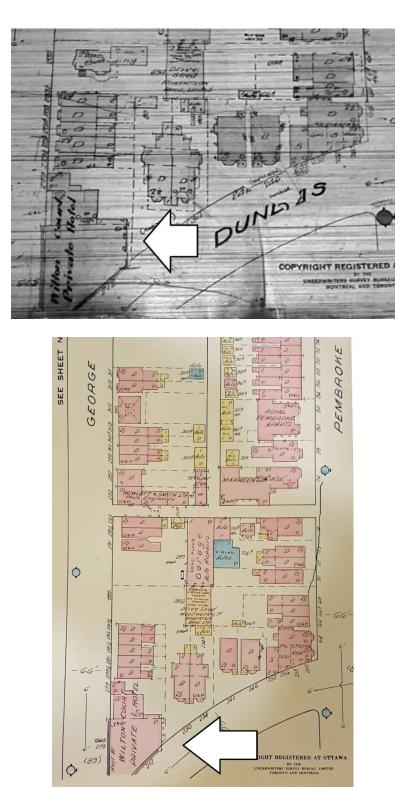
5. <u>Goad's Atlas, 1880:</u> the inaugural Goad's Atlas illustrates the house completed for Henry Tasker in 1874.



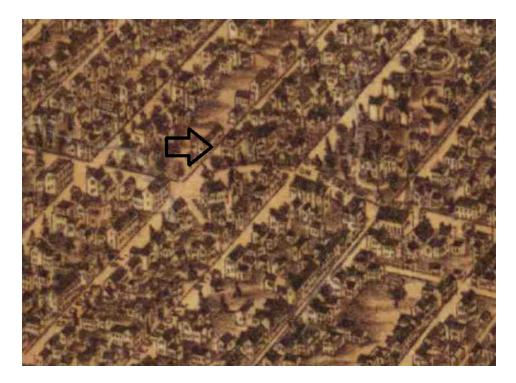
6. <u>Goad's Atlases, 1884 and 1894:</u> the 1884 atlas (left) indicates that the house form building has been extended to the north while, a decade later, the atlas (right) illustrates the removal of the extension to facilitate the construction of row houses on George Street.



7. <u>Goad's Atlas, 1910 revised to 1923:</u> the update to the atlas shows the south addition that was designed as apartments and operated as an apartment hotel, which retained the Henry Tasker House at the rear (north).



8. <u>Underwriters' Survey Bureau Atlases, 1921 revised to 1943 (above) and 1964</u> (below): the atlases illustrate the "Wilton Court Private Hotel" on the subject property.



9. <u>Gross's Bird's Eye View of Toronto, 1876:</u> the Henry Tasker House with is mansard roof is depicted on the northeast corner of Wilton Crescent and George Street.

BUILDING F No. DEPARTMENT OF CITY I SUPERINTENDENT OF Permission is hereby granted to Mr. 201	Toronto,				
Address giD ording terto en					
with plans and specifications approved by this Architect	department. Estimated Cost, \$ 40,000 Permit Fee, \$				
NOTICE—To obtain permission to occupy the street or sidewalk during construction, present this permit at the office of the City Engineer.					
This permit is granted on the express condition that the said building, etc., shall in all respects conform to the provisions to By-Law 480] of the City of Toronto, regulating the construction of buildings, etc. This permit lapses on the expiry of six months from the date linear unless active work under it is sooner commenced.	Ly. Itor Superioritation of Building				

10. <u>Building Permit 1427, April 14, 1913:</u> issued to J. T. Benor for the three-storey "addition to rooming house" and identifying Symons and Rae as the architects for the project.



11. <u>Newspaper Advertisement, The Globe, September 28, 1915:</u> advertising the new "Wilton Court" hotel.



 Archival Photograph, Dundas and George, 1923: following the extension of Dundas Street east of Yonge Street and the renaming of Wilton Crescent as "Dundas Crescent," the subject building with the "Private Hotel" sign is shown on the left (City of Toronto Archives, Series 71, Item 2538).



13. <u>Archival and Contemporary Photographs, Filmores Hotel, 1980s and undated:</u> showing the entrance adjoining the northeast corner of Dundas and George streets (left) and the rooftop sign (right) (City of Toronto Archives, Series 1465, Item 7, and www.tripadvisor.ca).



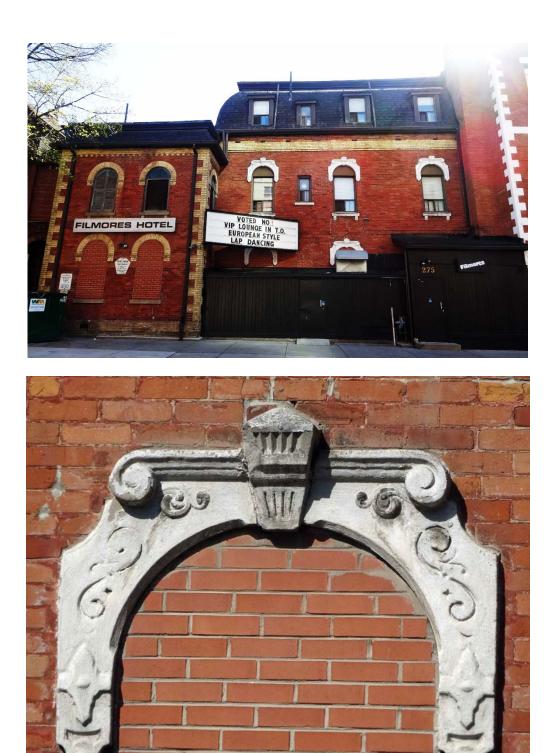


14. <u>Current Photographs, 212 Dundas Street East, 2016</u>: showing the southwest corner and the south elevation (above left), the south and east elevations of the hotel with the house behind (above right), and the extended south elevation on Dundas Street East (below) (Heritage Preservation Services).





15. <u>Current Photographs, 212 Dundas Street East, 2016</u>: showing the west elevations of the Wilton Court Hotel and the Henry Tasker House on George Street (above), and the east elevation and part of the rear (north) wall of the hotel where it adjoins the house and wing (below) (Heritage Preservation Services).



16. <u>Current Photographs, 212 Dundas Street East, 2016</u>: view of George Street and the west elevations of the Henry Tasker House (above), and the stone detailing on one of the window openings on the east elevation (below) (Heritage Preservation Services).