Appendix I:

DOVERCOURT VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

Financial Statements December 31, 2017

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Professional Corporation (Member of LAWCPA network) Terence Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US). CPA.CA Michele Chan MBA, CPA (ILL, US). CPA.CA Anne Law B.Comm, CPA.CA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of DOVERCOURT VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **DOVERCOURT VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA**, which comprise the statements of financial position as at **December 31, 2017** and the statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of DOVERCOURT VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA as at December 31, 2017 and the results of its operations, changes in accumulated surplus and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

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C.C.L

Chartered Professional Accountants Professional Corporation Authorized to practice public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

Toronto, Ontario May 30, 2018

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2017

	<u>2017</u> \$	<u>2016</u> \$
Financial Assets		
Cash Accounts receivable	20,137	21,854
- City of Toronto - special charges (note 3)	242	273
- Other	1,064	1,209
	21,443	23,336
Liabilities	е У	28 20
Accounts payable		4 924
- City of Toronto	27	4,834
- Other	1,700	2,450
Deferred Grant (note 5)	4.247	5,490
	<u> </u>	12,774
Net Financial Assets	15,496	10,562
Non-Financial Assets		484/4
Equipment (note 4)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Accumulated Surplus	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management

Chair , Treasurer

Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year ended December 31, 2017

		<u>2017</u> \$	2016 \$
Accumulated Surplus	12		
Balance, beginning of year		25,726	31,212
Deficit for the year		<u>(3,334</u>)	<u>(5.486</u>)
Balance, end of year		22,392	25,726

Statement of Operations Year ended December 31, 2017

5	Budget 2017 \$	<u>2017</u> \$	<u>2016</u> \$
Revenue			
City of Toronto - special charges City of Toronto - Grant (note 5) Other revenue	7,054 5,000 <u>12,054</u>	7,264 1,243 	6,984 1,243 25 8,252
Expenses			
Administration Amortization/Capital Insurance Professional fees	141 - 775 1,469 7,750	346 8,268 775 1,221 255	434 7,302 759 1,321 174
Promotion Repair and maintenance Provision for uncollected special charges	3,552 641 14,328	573 403 11.841	3,566 <u>182</u> <u>13,738</u>
Deficit for the year	(2,274)	(3,334)	<u>(5,486</u>)

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2017

		<u>2017</u> \$	<u>2016</u> \$
Funds provided (used):			
Operating Activities Deficit for the year		(3,334)	(5,486)
Item not affecting cash - amortization		8,268	7,302
Changes in other non-cash working capital components (1)	21	(<u>5,408</u>) (<u>474</u>)	<u>6,600</u> 8,416
Investing Activities			
Acquisition of equipment Deferred grant - mural	5. X	(<u>1.243</u>) (1.243)	(9,668) <u>3,590</u> <u>(6,078</u>)
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(1,717)	2,338
Cash, beginning of year		21,854	<u> 19,516</u>
Cash, end of year		<u> 20,137</u>	21,854
a.		2	4
 Changes in other non-cash working capital components represented by: 	6)		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto Accounts receivable - Other Accounts payable - City of Toronto Accounts payable - Other		31 145 (4,834) <u>(750)</u> (5,408)	12 404 4,834 6,600

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017

1. Nature of the Organization

DOVERCOURT VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA is a not-for-profit volunteer-based association dedicated to create a safe and competitive business area that attract shoppers and new businesses under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Organization follows Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) which include the following policies:

Revenue recognition:

The Organization receives special charges from the City of Toronto, cash donations from corporate sponsors and private donors, as well as grants for operating purposes and capital projects. Revenue are being recorded upon signing of contract, and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Equipment:

Equipment are stated at cost and amortized using straight-line basis over five years, which are the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in their financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for local governments requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017

3. City of Toronto - Special Charges

Special charges levied by the City are collected from BIA members and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
		\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	,	242	273
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The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations comprises of:

	2017	<u>2016</u>
•	\$	\$
Special charges written-off	403	182

4. Equipment

		Accumulated	N	et 🧋 👘
	Cost \$	<u>Amortization</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$	<u>2016</u> \$
Furniture and fixture	37,541	31,025	6,516	14,024
Murals	3,800	3,420	380	<u> 1.140</u>
	41,341	34,445	6.896	<u> 15.164</u>

5. Deferred Grant - Mural and Planter

Grant received from the City of Toronto for the mural and the planters are being deferred and amortized on the same basis of the Mural.

	<u>2017</u> \$	<u>2016</u> \$
Balance, beginning of year	5,490	1,900
Add: Grant received in the year for planter	-	4,833
Less : Amortization during the year	(1,243)	<u>(1,243</u>)
Balance at the year end	4,247	5,490

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017

6. Insurance

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

7. Budget

Budget figures are provided for comparative purpose only and have not been audited. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the budget figures.