THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for the Riverside District Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Riverside District Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2018 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario May 21, 2019 Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	86,780	105,461
Short-term Investment (Note 3) Accounts receivable	41,236	41,236
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 4)	70,117	11,635
Other	46,754	23,922
	244,887	182,254
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities City of Toronto Other	71,380 73,945	15,041 2,710 17,751
	70,010	17,701
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	170,942	164,503
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5)	56,336	22,221
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	227,278	186,724

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair Treasurer

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Revenue	2018 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2018 \$ Actual	2017 \$ Actual
City of Toronto – special charges Sponsorships and contributions	313,603 47,700	313,603 77,637	307,905 47,234
	361,303	391,240	355,139
Expenses			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance	95,142 151,345	100,790 194,520	105,874 148,594
Capital (Note 8)	81,270 20,000	73,497 -	67,188 -
Amortization Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special	-	25,023	17,512
charges (Note 4)	15,343	(43,144)	19,933
	363,100	350,686	359,101
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(1,797)	40,554	(3,962)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	186,724	186,724	190,686
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	184,927	227,278	186,724

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	40,554	(3,962)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(59,138)	(15,040)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	25,023	17,512
	6,439	(1,490)
Balance - Beginning of year	164,503	165,993
Balance - End of year	170,942	164,503

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities	40.554	(2.000)
Surplus (deficit) for the year	40,554	(3,962)
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	25,023	17,512
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	(58,482)	34,252
Accounts receivable – other	(22,832)	28,627
Accounts payable - City of Toronto	56,339	11,340
Accounts payable – other	(145)	380
Cash Used In Operations	40,457	88,149
Investing Activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(59,138)	(15,040)
(Increase) decrease in short-term investment	-	271
Cash, Beginning Of Year	105,461	32,081
Cash, End Of Year	86,780	105,461

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The The Danforth Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Lamp Posts5 yearsPlanters5 yearsFlags & Banners3 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT

Short-term investment consists of funds invested with Edward Jones, these funds are recorded at fair market value and are cashable on demand.

4. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding		93,217	40,735
Less: allowance for uncollected	special		
charges	_	(23,100)	(29,100)
Special charges receivable (payable)		70,117	11,635

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

2018	2017
\$	\$
(37,144)	18,433
	1,500
(6,000)	
(43,144)	19,933
	\$ (37,144) (6,000)

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL AS		2018			
	Banners	Planters	Lamp Posts	Lights	Total
Cost					
Beginning	10,157	79,485	11,888	15,040	116,570
Additions				59,138	59,138
Disposals					
Ending	10,157	79,485	11,888	74,178	175,708
Accumulated Amortization					
Beginning	9,224	72,390	9,727	3,008	94,349
Amortization	933	7,095	2,161	14,834	25,023
Disposals		·	·	·	•
Ending	10,157	79,485	11,888	17,842	119,372
Net Book Value		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	56,336	56,336
	;	2017			
	Banners	Planters	Lamp Posts	Lights	Total
Cost			····		
Beginning	10,157	79,485	11,888	-	101,530
Additions	-	-	-	15,040	15,040
Disposals	-	-	•	-	-
Ending	10,157	79,485	11,888	15,040	116,570
Accumulated Amortization					
Beginning	8,292	61,195	7,350	-	76,837
Amortization	932	11,195	2,377	3,008	17,512
Disposals	•	-,	-	-	
Ending	9,224	72,390	9,727	3,008	94,349
•					

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE THE DANFORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments recognized in the statement of financial position consist of cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as operating surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

10. COMMITMENTS

The Board, in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. The Board is committed to capital improvement projects of which the Board's share of \$48,032 (2017 - \$1,050) was outstanding as at December 31, 2018.