

An Update on COVID-19 Presentation for the Board of Health

Dr. Eileen de Villa

Medical Officer of Health Toronto Public Health

September 21, 2020



Overview: How We Got Here, Where We Are

Toronto Public Service Week



Goals of the COVID-19 Response

- Minimize loss of life to COVID-19
- Conserve the capacity of the healthcare system to minimize loss of life and maximize chance of recovery
- Minimize adverse effects on our economy and our general health, well-being and quality of life

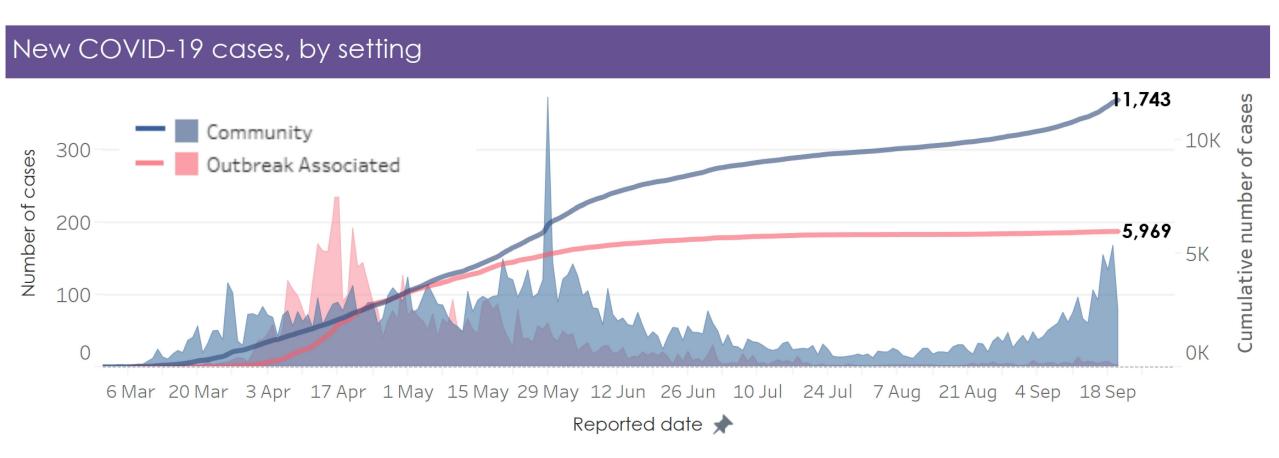








Epidemic Curve – Overview



Data as of Sept 19, 2020 6



Current Data and Trends



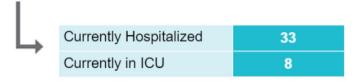
COVID-19 Cases in Toronto

SUMMARY OF COVID-19 CASES IN TORONTO

All Cases



Case Count*	17,528
Recovered Cases	15,322
City Incidence Rate per 100,000 People	591
Fatal Cases	1,178
Ever Hospitalized	1,985
Ever in ICU	426



As of September 19, 2020

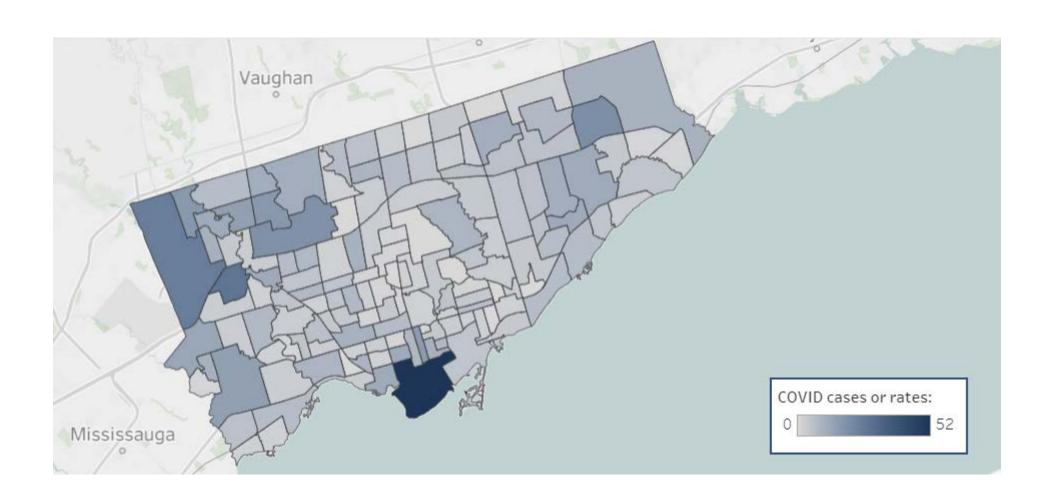
CASES IN THE COMMUNITY	66%		
Recovered Cases	10,348		
Median Age At Time of Illness	44		
Percent Female	49%		
Percent Male	51%		
Fatal Cases	257		
Median Age of Deaths	72		
OB ASSOCIATED CASES**	34%		
Recovered Cases	4,974		
Median Age At Time of Illness	61		
Percent Female	61%		
Percent Male 36%			
Fatal Cases	921		
Median Age of Deaths	88		

^{*}Includes confirmed and probable cases

^{**}Outbreak associated cases include persons with COVID-19 within a defined group or setting. These are generally in healthcare (e.g., long-term care homes, hospitals) and residential or congregate settings (e.g., homeless shelters, group homes), but can also be in workplaces and other settings Gender was unknown or other for some cases



Neighbourhood Map - Sporadic Case Counts in Last Three Weeks





Recovery Indicators - Monitoring Dashboard

COVID-19 Monitoring Dashboard

Current Overall Status: Yellow

Indicators Need Attention

Red

Yellow

Green



Virus Spread & Containment

Status: Yellow



Laboratory Testing

Status: Yellow



Health System Capacity

Status: Green

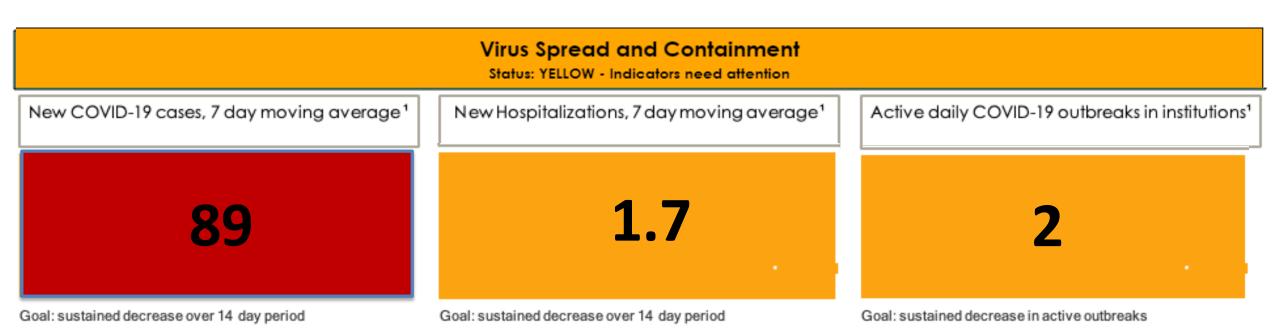


Public Health System Capacity

Status: Green



Monitoring Dashboard – Virus Spread



Data as of Sept 17, 2020 11



Monitoring Dashboard - Laboratory Testing

Laboratory Testing

Status: YELLOW - Indicators need attention

Percent of new COVID-19 tests with a turnaround time of 24hrs¹

Percent of new COVID-19 tests with a turnaround time of 48hrs¹

COVID-19 Laboratory Tests Percent Positivity, previous week average²

25%

within 24 hours (7 day moving average) **81**%

within 48 hours (7 day moving average)

Goal: ≥80% within 48 hours

1.3%

See technical notes for updated indicator definition (as of June 15)

Goal: <10% positivity

Goal: ≥ 60% within 24 hours

Monitoring Dashboard – Health System Capacity

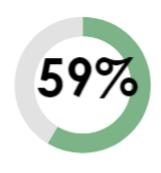


Status: GREEN - Indicators at goal

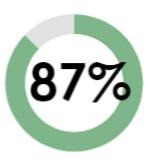
ICU bed occupancy rate³

ICU-ventilator bed occupancy rate³

Acute bed occupancy rate³







Goal: <90% occupancy

Goal: <60% occupancy

Goal: <90% occupancy

Estimated number of days of PPE available, Toronto Hospitals4

N95 Masks

Surgical Masks

PPE Eyeware



Gloves

484



114

177

79

Monitoring Dashboard – Public Health Capacity

Public Health System Capacity

Percent of newly reported confirmed COVID-19 cases reached within 24 hours

Percent of newly reported contacts successfully reached within 24 hours

92.6% eptember 13 to September 15, 2020

Goal: > 90% contacted



Goal: >90% successfully reached

What Are We Observing?

Over the past month:

- Increasing trend in cases since Stage 3 reopening July 31st 2020
- Infections are widely spread across the City
- 2/3 of cases have been less than 40 years old

What We Are Observing (Continued)

- Approximately 50% of COVID-19 cases reported to date are confirmed as having acquired the illness from a close contact
 - This includes exposure in the household, at social events, in workplaces
- About 20% of cases are from community transmission, meaning the infection cannot be traced to a known link

 About 13% of cases list travel as their source of infection, many of these cases are linked to travel within Canada



Responding to Resurgence

How Toronto Public Health is Responding

- 1. Adapt our organization to meet the response
- 2. Adjust Public Health Strategies throughout resurgence
- 3. Immunization: Flu and COVID-19
- 4. Operate Toronto COVID-19 Isolation Centre
- 5. Adjust COVID-19 messaging
- 6. Advocate for Provincial Policy & Extend local by-law for physical distancing, bars/restaurants and masks
- 7. Work with the Province to Strengthen the System



1. Adapt Our Organization to Meet the Response

PHIM/ MOH: Dr. Eilean de Ville								
PHIM/ MOH: Dr. Eileen de Villa								
Public Health Programs	COVID-19: Operations	COVID-19: Planning	COVID-19: Liaison	COVID & Non-COVID: Finance & Administration	COVID & Non-COVID Strategy Support fo PHIM and MOH			
Dr. Melvin Hsu Dr. Rita Shahin	Dr. Howard Shapiro Karen Beckermann	Dr. Michael Finkelstein Effie Gournis	Nicole Welch Dr. Vinita Dubey	Althea Hutchinson Teresa Defina	Gayle Bursey J. Figliano-Scott			
 Healthy Environments Environmental Health Risk Assessment, Inspection and 	Community Case and Contact Outbreak: Long-term	Epidemiology and Data Analytics Unit Situational Assessment	Emergency Operations Centre Leads: Interdivision	Safety Logistics & Supplies	Communication and COVID Emergency Information Manageme			
Investigation Food Safety Vector borne illness	Care & Retirement Homes	Evaluation and Quality Improvement	COVID-19 Enforcement Team	Human Resources Information Technology	Strategic Support for COVID response: Board Health, Council, Strate			
Communicable Disease Control	Outbreak: Congregate Settings	Mass Immunization Planning	School COVID-19 Response Team	Finance	Command, Provincial Federal Issues Management			
 Communicable Disease Notification Unit Communicable Infectious 	Data Management		Community Engagement and Outreach	Hotline/Call Centres	Strategic Support for			
 Disease Infection Control (Blood borne, Infection, Prevention and Control 			General Liaison and Recovery	Information Management & COVID Documentation	Critical Public Health Programs: Board of Hea Council, Provincial &			
 Infectious Disease Program Communicable Disease Liaison Unit, Personal Service Setting Inspections) 				Granting Programs e.g. Toronto Urban Health Fund and Student	Federal Issues Management			
 Sexual Health Clinics Sexually Transmitted Infections Tuberculosis Program 				Nutrition Program	Policy Development			
Harm Reduction ServicesSexual Health Information								
Online Ontario Dental & Oral Health								



1. Adapt Our Organization to Meet the Response

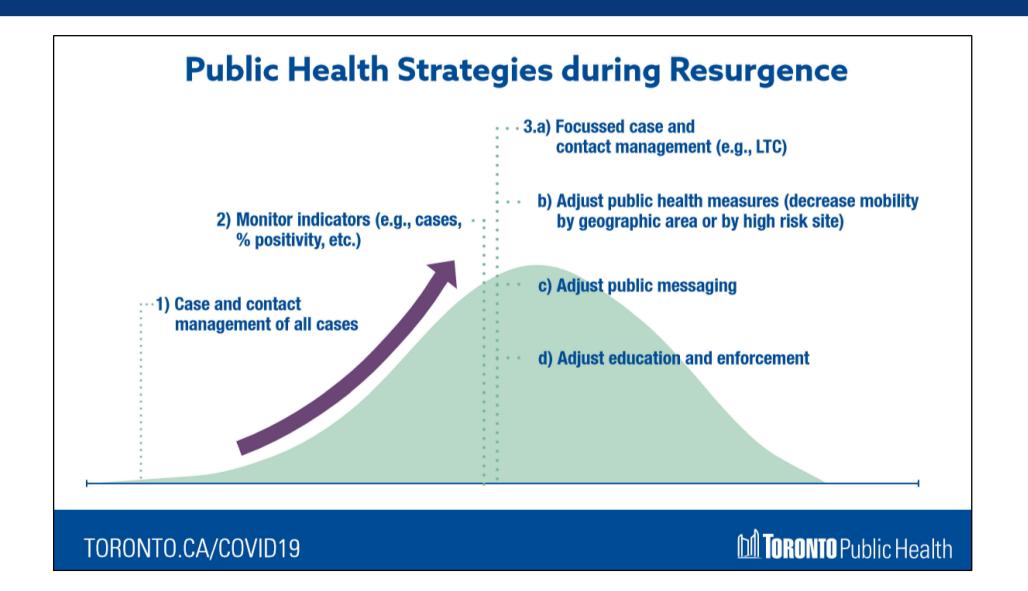
Work with the province and stakeholders to develop strategies to support staff to meet the competing demands related to COVID-19 response and critical public health programs.

Redeploy as many staff aspossible, including those on secondment, to sustain the response.

Carefully assess how resources are deployed and look to partners for additional support.



2. Adjust Public Health Strategies



3. Immunization: Flu and COVID-19



4. Operate COVID-19 Isolation Centre

Toronto COVID-19 Isolation Centre

- Partnered with Public Health Agency of Canada and Health Canada
- Received \$13.9 Million dollars to fully fund the isolation centre for one year
- Isolation Centre opened September 12 and can house up to 140 people at a time,
- The site will provide isolation space for people with COVID-19, or those at risk of COVID-19, who are not able to adequately self-isolate at home. Individuals volunteer to stay at site.
- While at the site, an individual is provided with lodging, daily meals and incidentals, and daily checkins by phone from TPH Communicable Disease Investigator.

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5. Adjust Messages to Evolving Situation

- As much as possible, limit your contact with people who don't live with you
- Three steps for self-protection:
 Watch your distance, Wear your mask, Wash your hands
- Think about where you're going and whether it is necessary

6. Advocate for change in Provincial Policy and Local By-Laws

Clarify "Social Gatherings" and discuss additional options

Support Enhanced Enforcement on Existing Restrictions

Extend local By-laws for Distancing, Bars/Restaurants and Mask Requirements



7. Working with the Province to Strengthen the System

Toronto Public Health continues to work with the Province to:

- Explore new testing technologies and develop a clear testing strategy aimed at:
 - Suspected cases, contacts and high-risk/high-need situations
 - Mobile testing for school community
- Improve the turnaround time for laboratory tests
- Identify indicators/triggers to rapidly shift to new approaches, using objective criteria to respond to resurgence



Recommendations



Recommendation One: Implement strategies to mitigate health inequities

- Toronto Public Health is conducting surveys and consultations to further develop tailored responses to meet the needs of marginalized communities, including those related to social determinants of health.
- Toronto Public Health is employing multilingual outreach workers to increase awareness and understanding of COVID-19 and to enhance the health promotion capacity of community agencies.

The Medical Officer of Health recommends that the Board of Health:

Request the Medical Officer of Health work with the Executive Director of Social Development, Finance and Administration, the Executive Director of the Housing Secretariat and the General Manager of Toronto Employment and Social Services to explore how to implement strategies such as those identified in this report, to address the social determinants of health for the City of Toronto's most vulnerable populations who have been adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.



Recommendation Two: Ask the Ministry of LTC to invest in on-site infection control expertise

- Given the challenges during wave one related to maintaining infection control and prevention support in the long-term care home sector, it is important going forward to ensure adequate resources are in place for the homes to implement effective infection prevention and control measures.
- While long-term care homes are mandated to provide on-site infection control it is challenging for homes to ensure that there are dedicated staff to provide this function.

The Medical Officer of Health recommends that the Board of Health:

Urge the Ministry of Long-Term Care to fund on-site, dedicated infection control specialized expertise at each long-term care facility and invest in training for existing practitioners to contribute to system-wide improvements related to infection control within each site.



Recommendation Three: Ask the Government of Canada to improve quarantine data-sharing system

- At a federal level, there exists a significant delay between the time a returning traveller provides
 destination information to the Canada Border Services Agency and its subsequent transfer to the
 Public Health Agency of Canada.
- This prevents timely enforcement of the Isolation Order by appropriate bodies including, Toronto Police Service. There exists opportunity for e-solutions to improve timeliness and result in improved ability for local enforcement to gain compliance with the Isolation Order.

The Medical Officer of Health recommends that the Board of Health:

Urge the Federal Government to utilize a data system that will quickly transmit information about arriving international travellers to local enforcement authorities to support compliance with the Quarantine Act.

Going Forward

Recognizing that this is the challenge of our lifetime, going forward we need to:

- Evaluate and create innovative strategies to respond to resurgence
- Plan to deliver mass immunization when COVID-19 vaccines are widely available
- Continue to provide strong case and contact management and policy change in order to:
 - Minimize adverse effects on our economy
 - Conserve the capacity of the healthcare system
 - Preserve general health and well being.