PH16.5 Attachment 1

HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan Implementation Plan



Presented for Council Consideration September 2020



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Introduction

Safe, adequate, affordable housing is an important social determinant of health and also improves social and economic outcomes for individuals and families. It is the cornerstone of vibrant and healthy neighbourhoods and is key to the success of our city, region and country as a whole.

Recognizing the importance of affordable housing and the critical need to help residents in Toronto's challenging housing market, in December 2019, City Council adopted the HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan (HousingTO Plan). The HousingTO Plan provides a blueprint for action across the full housing spectrum – from homelessness to rental and ownership housing to longterm care for seniors. This new Plan sets an aggressive housing agenda focused on improving the lives of Toronto residents over the next decade. It also aligns with other City policies such as the Poverty Reduction Strategy, Resilience Strategy, TransformTO, the Seniors Strategy and the Citywide Real Estate Strategy.

About the HousingTO Plan

The Vision

Toronto is a city with a diverse range of housing opportunities. It is a place where families and individuals live in safe, well-maintained and affordable housing with respect and dignity and where people have equal opportunities to succeed.

Mission

To provide Torontonians with housing that is safe, affordable and suitable to their needs.

Key Guiding Principles

The HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan is based on the following key guiding principles:

- 1. Identify the needs of individuals and groups based on evidence and trends;
- 2. Provide equitable and measurable housing opportunities that promote better health, social and economic outcomes for people;
- 3. Advance partnerships and collaboration across the housing spectrum to create innovative and long-lasting solutions to the housing crisis; and
- 4. Promote the strategic alignment of resources and actions by all orders of government to provide housing opportunities and effectively address homelessness.

Key Strategic Directions

The HousingTO Plan sets out 13 key strategies to help over 340,000 households access and/or maintain good quality, safe, affordable housing options. The 13 key strategic directions are:





Implementing the HousingTO Plan



The Implementation Plan

In adopting the HousingTO Plan, City Council requested staff to report back in mid-2020 with details for implementing the HousingTO Plan (Implementation Plan). Following Council's direction, this Implementation Plan was developed.

The Implementation Plan is a "living" document which sets out an accountability framework outlining roles and responsibilities for internal and external partners, plus actions planned actions over the next 10 years. The Implementation Plan also includes outcomes and measures to monitor progress towards achieving the targets in the HousingTO Plan.

Successful implementation of the HousingTO Plan will require ongoing monitoring, tracking and reporting to ensure transparency and accountability. Annual updates will be provided to Council on progress and will also identify any risks and opportunities, plus recommendations to "change course", if needed.

This Implementation Plan was developed with input from various City divisions, agencies and corporations. It also reflects the invaluable input from our external stakeholders including Indigenous Housing Providers/Funders; community sector partners, including those involved in the delivery of housing and homeless services; and members of the HousingTO External Advisory Committee.

Ingredients for Successful Implementation

The HousingTO Plan is premised on collaboration, coordination and partnerships. In order to achieve success over the next 10 years, the City will need:

- A **coordinated approach** and streamlined organizational structure to support increased accountability for quick, informed decision-making and "ownership" for the delivery of actions.
- A **robust financial plan** based on strong partnerships, and which identifies a range of tools and resources available or needed to achieve the targets outlined in the HousingTO Plan. In particular, delivery of this plan is contingent on significant investments from the federal and provincial governments.
- **Strong collaboration** with partners from the non-profit and private housing sectors; the federal, provincial and regional governments; Indigenous communities and organizations; and people with lived experience, including Black and people of colour.
- Commitment to **accountability and transparency** on how the HousingTO plan is being implemented, as well as its impact on residents.



Organizational Structure

Residents expect that governments will have programs and systems in place to effectively and efficiently address their housing needs. The City of Toronto acknowledges this public expectation and has committed to streamlining the way it plans and delivers housing services for its residents.

The City is also committed to putting in place a transparent Housing Delivery Framework. This includes an accountability mechanism that outlines how the City develops and delivers housing policies and programs; and how resources are allocated towards housing and homelessness. This Framework will reflect the City's commitment to the progressive realization of the right to adequate housing, as outlined in the HousingTO Plan and the Toronto Housing Charter. Streamlining the housing delivery processes through organizational and functional changes within the City is an important step forward towards fulfilling the City's commitments.

Within the City's organizational structure, there are over 10 divisions within four service groups and other service agencies and corporations that form the City's "housing system". These include:

City Divisions



- 1. Service Group Community and Social Services
 - a. Housing Secretariat (formerly called the Affordable Housing Office)
 - b. Shelter, Support and Housing Administration (SSHA)
 - c. Social Development and Finance Administration (SDFA)
 - d. Seniors Services and Long-Term Care (SSLTC)
 - e. Toronto Employment and Socials Services (TESS)



- 2. Service Group Infrastructure & Development Services
 - a. City Planning
 - b. Municipal Licensing & Standards
 - c. Toronto Building



- 3. Service Group Corporate Services
 - a. City-Wide Real Estate Transformation
 - b. Real Estate Services



- 4. Service Group Finance & Treasury Services
 - a. Corporate Finance
 - b. Financial Planning
 - c. Revenue Services

Service Agencies and Corporations



- 1. CreateTO
- 2. Toronto Public Health
- 3. Toronto Community Housing Corporation (TCHC)

Each of these divisions, agencies and corporations has varying levels of involvement and diverse roles and responsibilities related to regulation, planning and delivery of housing and homelessness services, policies and programs.

The City is in the process of retaining a consultant to undertake a review of its organizational structure and the way it plans and delivers housing programs and services. The scope of work is to identify opportunities for efficiencies, enhanced service delivery and ultimately improve service to the public. This includes providing recommendations on an updated organization structure and staffing framework to better coordinate and streamline the City's efforts in the way housing services are planned and delivered.





Financial Overview

Implementation of the full 10-year HousingTO Plan is estimated to cost all three orders of government a combined \$23.4 billion. The Plan calls for new and enhanced investments to achieve this goal. The federal and provincial governments will be required to invest a combined \$14.9 billion. Ongoing annual operating funding will also be required to provide housing benefits and support services to help residents in affordable and supportive housing. The City itself will invest \$8.5 billion over 10 years, with \$5.5 billion already committed through capital and operating funding, and other financial tools.

In addition to funding through the City's capital and operating budgets, municipal funding and policy tools such as Section 37 Density Bonusing and the Large Sites Policy are important sources of funding to help deliver affordable housing.

The Province recently introduced the new Community Benefits Charges (CBC) authority intended to fund municipal infrastructure for community services, such as land for parks, affordable housing and child care facilities to support growth. The CBCs are proposed to combine and replace three municipal funding tools - Section 42 Parkland Dedication, Section 37 Density Bonusing and "soft service" development charges (e.g. childcare, shelters, affordable housing) with a single charge that would be capped based on a maximum percentage of land value for a particular development. While additional information is needed from the province to determine the full impact of the new CBC once implemented, funding through this source remains essential to supporting the delivery of new affordable housing.

Other future policy and financial tools that will be necessary to ramp up the supply of affordable rental housing across the city includes a vacant homes tax and the implementation of inclusionary zoning. Provincial support for required policy changes to increase the supply of new affordable housing, as well as direct financial contributions from both the federal and provincial governments will be necessary to complement City investments and to deliver the HousingTO Plan.

The current COVID-19 pandemic highlights both the urgency and the opportunity for all governments to make investments in permanent housing and accelerate commitments for delivering the HousingTO Plan. Such investments can save lives during the pandemic by providing people with safe, secure homes, while at the same time, also drastically improving outcomes for people and reducing cost to governments.

Given the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the City acknowledges the substantial financial pressures that all governments now face. As such, the City has proposed a COVID-19 Housing and Homelessness Recovery Response Plan to supplement the HousingTO Plan. The purpose of this response plan is to encourage the federal and provincial governments to fast-track the resources already committed under the National Housing Strategy and other existing federal and provincial funding programs, while also increasing investments in permanent housing to expedite recovery and support our most vulnerable and marginalized residents from the life-threatening virus.



City Financial Tools

An essential component of the Implementation Plan is a 10-year financial plan that outlines funding requirements for successful implementation of the HousingTO Plan in partnership with the federal and provincial governments.

Capital Funding

The **City will invest \$2.1 billion in capital funding** from various sources through a range of initiatives identified in the HousingTO Plan. This includes capital funding for building new affordable and supportive housing; redeveloping long-term care facilities in partnership with the province; and undertaking major capital repairs in Toronto Community Housing buildings.

Operating Funding

The **City will invest \$2.6 billion in operating funding** over the next 10 years to help Toronto residents avoid evictions and maintain housing stability; to help Toronto Community and Housing maintain its operations; and to assist other landlords with building improvements through various initiatives and loan programs.

Financial Incentives

About 50% of the City of Toronto's revenues come from **taxes on real property** (residential and non-residential property taxes, municipal land transfer tax, development charges and other user fees). In the absence of new revenue and policy tools from other orders of government, the City will continue to be challenged to use its limited resources to fund housing programs and other competing priorities.

Despite these challenges, the City is committed to contributing its share to deliver the HousingTO Plan. In addition to operating and capital funding, the City will support new affordable housing development through its land, and providing an exemption from development charges, building permit and planning application fees, and the deferral of property taxes. In support of providing housing opportunities across the continuum, the HousingTO Plan also recommends that the City extend its development charges exemption program to non-profit long-term care providers. This will be explored as part of future years' work plan.

The estimated value of the City financial incentives to deliver its share of the HousingTO Plan is **\$3.8 billion**. As the value of fees and charges change over time, the City's share of investment in the HousingTO Plan will also increase.

Federal Funding Programs

 The federal government, through the National Housing Strategy, makes funding available for municipalities, private and non-profit housing developers and operators. Funding through the National Housing Strategy programs are intended to increase the supply of affordable and market rental housing, and preserve existing supply.

National Housing Strategy Co-Investment Fund – New Construction

The National Housing Strategy Co-Investment Fund – New Construction stream provides capital contributions and low-cost repayable loans to housing organizations to develop energy-efficient, accessible and socially inclusive affordable housing. While the City does not receive direct allocations through this funding program, the HousingTO Plan recognizes the importance of this program in supporting the development of new affordable housing in Toronto.

National Housing Strategy Co-Investment Fund – Repair and Renewal

The National Housing Strategy Co-Investment Fund - Repair and Renewal stream provides grants and low-cost loans for repair and renewal of existing community and affordable housing to make them more sustainable. Sustainability is viewed from a community, environmental and financial perspective.

Toronto Community Housing received **\$1.34 billion** in forgivable loans (grants) and repayable loans for the repair and renewal of all 58,860 TCHC units. As part of its co-investment requirement, the City has committed to a permanent funding model for TCHC over the next 10 years which provides \$160 million in capital towards TCHC's capital repair plan and an estimated \$250 million in operating funding per year.

Rental Construction Financing Initiative

The Rental Construction Financing Initiative provides low-cost loans to encourage the construction of rental housing across Canada. It supports sustainable apartment projects in areas where there is a need for additional rental supply. The initiative has a total of **\$13.75 billion** in available loans, and is open from 2017 to the end of 2027. However, additional investments in this progam will be essential to keep up with current demand and to help support City programs such as the Housing Now Initiative.

The HousingTO Plan recognizes the importance of creating purpose-built rental housing in Toronto where the rental vacancy rates hovered around 1.1% to 1.5% over the past 10 years. The City will also be looking to establish a rental housing

target for Toronto. Such a target will help the City in shifting development trends away from high-end condominium to moderately priced rental housing more affordable to middle and moderate-income households.

Provincial Government

The provincial government plays a critical role in funding for long-term care beds and operating funding for supportive housing. The province also cost-matches several federal housing programs:

Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit (COHB)

As part of the National Housing Strategy, the Government of Canada will invest **\$2 billion** in the Canada Housing Benefit across the country, which will be costmatched by provinces and territories for a total \$4-billion investment over 8 years, starting in spring 2020. In Ontario, the cost-matched, COHB will help to increase the affordability of rental housing by providing an income-tested, portable housing benefit payment directly to eligible households in housing need that are on, or are eligible to be on, social housing waiting lists, with priority for vulnerable populations including survivors of domestic violence and human trafficking, indigenous households, and people with disabilities. The COHB launched in the second quarter of 2020 and Toronto has been allocated **\$9.9 million** over two years in incremental funding (i.e. \$7.5 M in 2020-21, \$2.4 M in 2021-22) which is anticipated to assist over 900 households.

As part of the HousingTO Plan, the City has requested federal and provincial governments to allocate a higher percentage of the new COHB (approx. **\$1.5 billion** over 10 years) recognizing the scale and scope of need and the realities of Toronto's expensive housing market.



Provincial Territorial Priority Funding

 This initiative provides **\$1.1 billion** (with Provincial cost matching) in both capital and operating funding across Canada. The three capital components are new rental housing construction, home repair funding and home-ownership loan funding. The two operating components are rental assistance (housing allowance/ rent supplement programs) and a new housing support services component.

In Ontario, this initiative is a continuation of the 2011-2015 Investment in Affordable Housing Program and its 2014-2020 Extension.

- Toronto has received \$70 million through the Ontario Priorities Housing Initiative (OPHI). Through the City's 2019 OPHI funding allocation, a total of \$17.9 million in capital funding was allocated to non-profit organizations to support the development, acquisition, or renovation of 292 non-profit apartment units and rooming house dwelling rooms.
- A total of **\$25.3 million** has been allocated through OPHI funding to assist approximately 3,200 households with housing allowances.

Canada Ontario Community Housing Initiative

COCHI provides **\$4.3 billion** (with Provincial cost matching) in funding to preserve and expand community housing supply, protect housing affordability for tenants (Rent-Geared-to-Income subsidy), and support repair and regeneration of community housing stock.

• Toronto has received \$90 million in three- year funding in 2019 through the Canada-Ontario Community Housing Initiative.



Update the "Toronto Housing Charter – Opportunity for All"

What do we want to achieve?

This HousingTO Plan updated the Toronto Housing Charter to support the progressive realization of the right to adequate housing as recognized in international law. It is consistent with the new federal National Housing Act; responds to the evidence from persons with lived experience of housing discrimination; and reflects the extensive input received from housing and human rights experts and other public stakeholders.

The HousingTO Implementation Plan aims to combat housing discrimination, review the City's programs and policies to ensure Toronto is fulfilling its responsibilities, and to ensure that the City's Policy as stated in the Toronto Housing Charter is realized. It also provides an approach to appoint a Housing Commissioner to oversee the City's work in this area.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- Council adopted an updated "Toronto Housing Charter Opportunity for All" in December 2019.
- Ongoing engagement with the Right2HousingTO Campaign to discuss options and opportunities to advance the progressive realization to the right to housing in Toronto and explore options for establishing a Housing Commissioner role or function, as directed by Council.
- Engagement with the Office of the Federal Housing Advocate to explore alignment opportunities between the federal government and the City of Toronto right to housing functions.
- Staff recommended options and framework to establish the Housing Commissioner role/ function, to be reviewed by Committee and Council later this year.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Implement the Council-approved actions to establish the Housing Commissioner role/function.
- Conduct training and build awareness of the revised Toronto Housing Charter across all City divisions involved in the delivery of housing services. This is to ensure that future policies and programs incorporate and reflect the City of Toronto's commitments as outlined in the Charter.
 - Develop a work plan for all City divisions, agencies and corporations involved in the delivery of housing services. Review existing key housing policies and programs with a progressive realization of the right to adequate housing lens.
 - Update staff report templates to include an Equity Impact section outlining how recommendations in housing-related reports will contribute to the progressive realization of the right to adequate housing as outlined in the Toronto Housing Charter.

Complete a review of key housing policies and programs delivered by City of Toronto agencies, boards, and corporations with a progressive realization of the right to adequate housing lens.



How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Began implementation of a human rights-based approach to housing in Toronto.

Measures:

- Establishment of a Housing Commissioner position to oversee the implementation of the Toronto Housing Charter
- Number of new housing-related policies/ services/decisions assessed based on principles in the Housing Charter
- Number of divisions/agencies/boards/ corporations completing the review of their existing housing-related policies/services/ decisions based on principles in the Housing Charter



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- City Manager's Office
- All City of Toronto divisions, agencies, boards, and corporations involved in the delivery of housing

External

- Human rights experts and Right to Housing Advocacy organizations
- Office of the Federal Housing Advocate
- Ontario Human Rights Commission
- People with Lived Experience

D 2 Enhance Partnerships with Indigenous Community Partners

What do we want to achieve?

Toronto is on the traditional territories of the Mississaugas of the Credit, the Huron-Wendat, the Haudenosaunee and home to many diverse First Nations, Inuit and Métis peoples. The City of Toronto is committed to truth and reconciliation and supporting Indigenous Peoples' right to self-determination by working inclusively with Indigenous communities to achieve equitable outcomes within their communities and in their day to day lives.

The City is committed to supporting Indigenous community partners through the implementation of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan and working together to co-develop Indigenous-led solutions to their unique and growing housing challenges. The Plan calls for the further advancement and expansion of the Meeting in the Middle Indigenous Engagement and Action Plan and the co-creation of a Toronto-specific Indigenous Housing Strategy recognizing that many Indigenous Canadians live in urban centres.

In recognition of the need for Indigenous-specific and Indigenous-led solutions, the City will strengthen collaboration with the Indigenous Community Advisory Board (CAB), Toronto Aboriginal Support Services Council, the Aboriginal Labour Force Development Circle and other Indigenous housing and service providers.

Staff-Recommended Target:

Approve **2,400** new supportive homes for Indigenous peoples experiencing homelessness and **2,800** new supportive and affordable rental homes ¹

¹ See page 76– Staff-recommended targets are based on 20% of the 12,000 supportive homes dedicated to people experiencing homelessness, and 10% of 28,000 supportive and affordable homes to be approved by 2030.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- Two meetings were held to date with Indigenous Housing organizations in 2020. The purpose of these meetings was to:
 - Seek input on targets and delivery approach as part of the Implementation Plan.
 - Learn about and assist Indigenous housing projects planned or under consideration.
 - Consider upcoming affordable housing projects to identify those with the potential to be leased to Indigenous housing providers and households.
- \$472,000 grant from the Poverty Reduction Strategy office provided to the Toronto Aboriginal Support Services Council. The grant is to develop the Tkaronto Prosperity Plan.
- Continued work on meeting the commitments in the Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy and Action Plan in Fall 2020, including:
 - Implementation of a dedicated allocation of Canada-Ontario Housing Benefits (185 benefits, approximately 20% of total available benefits) for Indigenous people, working in partnership with the Toronto Indigenous Community Advisory Board.
 - Approval for a funding stream of dedicated Indigenous grants specifically for housing and homelessness supports.
 - Collaborated with the Toronto Indigenous Community Advisory Board for homelessness services (TICAB) to establish an Indigenous Coordinated Access program coordinator to work in as part of an integrated team with SSHA through a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU).
 - Commitment to hold an annual gathering in Fall 2020 to update on progress on Meeting in the Meeting actions and commitments.
- Opening of 24 non-profit homes developed by Aboriginal housing provider Wigwamen for Indigenous seniors at 14 Spadina Road in September 2020.



What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Review the priority target groups for social housing to reflect the increasing need among Indigenous communities for social and affordable housing.
- Annual presentation of progress report for Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy and Action Plan.
- Adopt the Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy in the implementation of the HousingTO Plan.
- Incremental increase to Indigenous investments funding stream for Reaching Home program.
- Co-develop a Toronto Indigenous Affordable Housing Strategy and Action Plan with Indigenous partners that outline an acceptable minimum target (over 10 years) for new affordable housing.
- Advocate for sufficient funding for wrap-around services and supports as well as the delivery of such funding. Delivery should be through an Indigenous agency with experience in delivering housing development and support dollars within the City of Toronto.

Ongoing



• 20% of grants program funding to be dedicated to an Indigenous investment funding stream.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Indigenous people experiencing homelessness have prioritized access to new and existing affordable and supportive housing opportunities.



Outcome:

Share of Indigenous people in the homeless population is reduced (compared to their share of population).



- Number of Indigenous people moved from shelters to permanent housing
- Dollar amount of funding provided to Indigenous organizations for reducing homelessness



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Indigenous Affairs Office
- Social Development, Finance & Administration (Poverty Reduction Team)

External

- The Indigenous Community as represented through:
 - Aboriginal Labour Force
 Development Circle
 - Toronto Indigenous Community
 Advisory Board
 - Toronto Aboriginal Support Services
 Council
 - Other Indigenous-led housing organizations

Prevent Homelessness and Improve Pathways to Housing Stability

What do we want to achieve?

While Toronto has a robust system of homelessness and housing stability services in place, available data shows that the number of households experiencing homelessness continues to remain high. It is estimated that there are more than 9,000 people experiencing homelessness (sheltered and unsheltered) on any given night in Toronto.

Increasingly scarce affordable housing, low vacancy rates, low incomes, high cost of housing, precarious employment, global migration patterns as well as Toronto's increasing population are significant contributors to homeless system pressures. Of particular concern is the overrepresentation of Indigenous Peoples and youth in Toronto's homeless population.

The HousingTO Plan commits to reducing homelessness through a greater focus on prevention and diversion from homelessness, an increase in supportive and affordable housing, the development a coordinated access system that leverages data to prioritize those with the highest needs, and providing client-focused services that meet the unique needs of specific populations.



Targets:

Prevent 10,000 evictions for low-income households

Provide support services to **10,000** individuals and families in supportive housing

End chronic homelessness and achieve functional zero by 2030 by providing **18,000** affordable and supportive housing opportunities for individuals experiencing homelessness and for those that may be at risk of becoming homeless

How much does it cost?

Prevent 10,000 evictions for low-income households

531.1M TOTAL COST \$33M 0% 100% Total \$33N TOTAL COST \$0 \$G \$233.4M 0% 100% -ederal Total \$116.6M Total \$116.6M ^orovincial

Provide support services to 10,000 individuals and families in supportive housing

What progress has been made in 2020?

- Increased Rent Bank funding by \$2 million to support approximately 750 households in rental arrears with no-interest loans of up to \$4,000 to remain in their homes.
- Invested \$1.9 million in funding for the Eviction Prevention in Community (EPIC) program.
 Prevented 120 evictions for low-income households as of April 30. On-track to reach at least 375 prevented evictions by the end of 2020.
- Advocated to the justice sector during the COVID-19 pandemic to support people being discharged from provincial institutions without discharge plans, and would otherwise likely end up without a home.
- Supported over 800 people experiencing homelessness in moving from outdoor encampments to indoor spaces.
- Assisted more than 239 households (320 individuals) in moving to permanent housing through rapid rehousing as of September 1st.



- Worked with health and community partners to ensure that people continued to receive supports during the COVID-19 pandemic particularly health supports.
- Demonstrated progress in establishing the byname list of all people experiencing homelessness based on Shelter Management Information System data, and piloted implementation of a common assessment tool to support prioritization of homeless populations with greatest needs to access housing and supports.
- Advanced the work to develop the Landlord Engagement program model by the end of 2020 and recruit staff for the Landlord Engagement team.
- Opened 30 new shelter beds, bringing the cumulative total to 471 beds since the start of the project to provide an additional 1,000 as part of Council's capital plan.



- Expedited the Modular Housing Initiative to create 250 modular supportive homes by Spring 2021, with 100 units opening in the Fall of 2020. Worked with community agencies to expedite other supportive housing already further along in the planning process.
- Collaborating with the youth services sector to study the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on Toronto youth experiencing homelessness.



- Worked with Accessibility Groups to provide input into the Housing Now Initiative. Work continues with the establishment of an Accessibility Working Group to improve policy directions and delivery of new accessible homes.
- SSHA engaged Immigration, Refugees, and Citizenship Canada (IRCC) on potentially extending the support they have provided under IRCC's Interim Housing Assistance Program. There has been a reduced flow of refugees and asylum claimants to Toronto's overnight services system due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Province provided \$39.2 million to the City under the Social Services Relief Fund (SSRF) (distributed via the Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI)) of which 20% flows through the City to community agencies (\$7.9 million). The Province has also committed a further \$118 million to the City under a subsequent phase of funding through the SSRF. Shelter, Support & Housing Administration and Housing Secretariat divisions are currently developing a business case to request the funding, as required by the Province, and use the opportunity to pivot away from costly emergency measures to more sustainable permanent housing.
- Supplementary to the HousingTO Plan:
 - Developed and implemented the Plan to Create Supportive Housing Opportunities work plan to create 600 units of supportive housing on an annual basis starting in 2020. This target is to be expanded to 1,800 homes per year with federal and provincial support as outlined in the HousingTO Plan.
 - Presented the business case to the Federal and Provincial governments to provide capital and operating funding to build and operate 2,000 supportive housing units over the next 2 years as an urgent response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

 Plan to convene a regional roundtable by end of 2020 focused on collaborative discharge planning across the federal and/or provincial child welfare, corrections social services, immigration and health systems. This roundtable aims to monitor and reduce the rates of homelessness upon leaving such systems.



What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Complete program review and changes to the Tenant Defense Fund to better support eviction prevention and develop new tools (i.e. tenant rights webinars and videos) for tenants).
- Continue to implement the new housing-focused service model at new shelter sites. The focus for 2020 was to leverage the processes and tools used, lessons learned, and client outcomes to inform further shelter system transformation.
- Continue working with the community sector and provincial government to address the practice of discharging individuals directly from provincial health and corrections facilities into homelessness by ensuring all individuals have a housing plan in place including referrals to support services.
- Expand the new housing-focused shelter service model across the shelter system.
- Conduct a portfolio review of existing shelter sites to identify options to convert current shelter sites to permanent housing infrastructure for long-term shelter users.
- Fully implement the Coordinated Access System by 2022 to meet federal Reaching Home funding requirements.
- In collaboration with the private sector and community partners, implement the Landlord Engagement program, drawing on promising practices from the Landlord Engagement Toolkit.

Short-term Continued (2021-2022)



- Launch of reporting on data measures from the by-name list that capture the duration and recurrence of homelessness as part of the requirements for the Reaching Home program for mandatory annual public reporting. Continue to enhance the Shelter Management Information System to improve data tracking and reporting capabilities.
- Evaluate the pilot project to convert current shelter sites to permanent housing infrastructure for long-term shelter users considering client outcomes and cost-benefit analysis. Evaluate the use of rent payment and housing allowances to assist clients in covering their housing costs under this model.
- Enter a public-private partnership to add 15 supportive homes for clients with developmental disabilities in a new 50-unit project.
- Construct a 22-unit addition to an existing building targeted to clients experiencing homelessness.

Medium-term (2023-2025)



Ongoing



- Continue advocacy and issue management for youth homelessness and eviction prevention.
- Implement a pilot project that would convert a vacant long-term care home to supportive housing, consistent with provincial policies.
- Implement the supportive housing work plan in partnership with community partners and other orders of government.
- Continue mitigation strategies to prevent people from becoming homeless when leaving the federal and/or provincial child welfare, corrections social services, immigration and health systems.
 Continue to measure the rate at which it is occurring.
- Implement the Shelter Health Services Framework in all new and existing shelter locations, in partnership with community health leads identified by Toronto Central Local Health Integration Network. This framework lays out how health services are provided to clients in shelters and respite sites.
- Implement the measures developed in partnership with TAEH, and report the results publicly.
- Continue to explore opportunities to leverage existing shelter properties for the development of supportive housing.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

New inflow to shelters has been reduced.

Measures:

- Number of people diverted from shelters
- Number of evictions prevented
- Number of tenancies stabilized

Outcome:

The experience of homelessness is rare, brief, and non-recurring.

Measures:

- Brief: Average length of stay at shelters reduced
- Non-recurring: Number of clients with repeat period of homelessness reduced
- Rare: Decreasing number of people experiencing homelessness



EVICTION

Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Social Development, Finance & Administration
 - Poverty Reduction Strategy Office
 - Tower & Neighbourhood Revitalization
 - Youth Development Unit
- City Manager's Office
- Toronto Community Housing
- Indigenous Affairs Office

External

- Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness
- Right to Housing Campaign
- Housing service providers (e.g. Housing Help Centres)
- Housing advocacy organizations (e.g. Centre for Equality Rights in Accommodation)
- Youth service agencies
- Landlords and landlord associations
- Government of Canada Ministry of Families, Children and Social Development
- Government of Ontario Ministry of Health and Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services

C A Provide Pathways to Support Women

What do we want to achieve?

The HousingTO Plan, like the National Housing Strategy, recognizes the importance of prioritizing investments in affordable housing for women and girls. Women often face unique challenges and systemic barriers to accessing safe, suitable, affordable housing options. They are also disproportionately represented among single-parent households and low-wage earners resulting in income inequality.

The COVID-19 pandemic has intensified housing inequality and those related to gender, and other factors, such as race, culture, language, economic status, and other intersecting elements of our identities. Since the pandemic began, women across the country have experienced steeper job losses than men. More women work in industries such as hospitality and food services, retail trade, educational services, health care and social assistance, that were affected early on in the pandemic. With women facing barriers to return to work, specifically as related to managing childcare and elder-care responsibilities, they will be at higher risk of eviction, domestic violence and homelessness.

Recognizing the unique challenges women face related to housing, the City of Toronto will work with partners to ensure that 25% of new rental homes are dedicated to women and girls, as outlined in the HousingTO Plan. Additionally, a gender equity lens will be applied to housing program and policy development – with consideration also given to how gender, gender-identity, race, socio-economic status intersect to further impact to access to safe, adequate and affordable housing.

Target:

Approve **10,000** new affordable rental and supportive homes dedicated to women and girls, including female-led households ²

² See page 76 – this target is based on 25% of the 40,000 new affordable rental and supportive homes to be approved by 2030.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- A Request for Proposals to select a non-profit housing provider to operate 389 Church Street was awarded to YWCA. This will provide 120 supportive homes for women.
- Modernization of the properties located at 13 19 Winchester Street is underway to create 35 self-contained apartments for women with integrated onsite supportive services.



What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)

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- Develop an action plan to meet the target in consultation with the Violence Against Women (VAW) sector. Leverage the VAW network engaged through Shelter, Support & Housing Administration's existing Memorandum of Understanding as well as members of the HousingTO External Advisory Committee. Partnerships will focus on organizations that work with women and girls, and female survivors of domestic violence.
- Develop tenant access plans for approved development projects,
 in coordination with the VAW sector and development partners,
 to facilitate access to new affordable and supportive homes for
 women and women-led households.
- Use promising practices, data and research to better understand the experience of women's homelessness.
Ongoing



- Continue approving 1,000 affordable and supportive housing opportunities for women in partnership with private and non-profit housing providers.
- Continue advocating for the federal and provincial governments to secure funding for housing solutions for women and girls.
- Work with the City's Anti-Black Racism Office, Indigenous Affairs Office and Equity and Diversity Office to engage partners to address additional inequities Indigenous women, Black women and women of colour face in accessing housing.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

The core housing need for women and female-led households has been reduced.

Measures:

- Number of affordable and supportive homes approved or targeted for women and female-led households increased
- Number of female-led households receiving housing benefits increased (various programs)
- Dollar amount (and % of the whole) invested by the City in housing solutions for women and female-led households (new housing and affordability measures)
- Dollar amount (and % of the whole) invested by the federal and provincial governments in housing solutions for women and female-led households increased



Note: According to **CMHC data** 54.5% of female-led single-parent households who rent in Toronto CMA (44,745) are in core housing need and 32.4% of women living alone who rent in CMA (25,935) are in core housing need.

Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- City Manager's Office
- Social Development and Finance Administration - Anti-Black Racism team
- Indigenous Affairs Office
- Equity and Diversity Office

External

- Organizations that work with women and girls, such as Gender Equality Network Canada
- Organizations that work to address violence against women and girls, such as the Woman Abuse Council of Toronto
- Right2HousingTO Campaign



D5 Maintain and Increase Access to Affordable Rents

What do we want to achieve?

Torontonians are struggling to find affordable rental housing in the city. This is evident by the more than 100,000 households on the waitlist for social housing and the fact that almost half of Toronto renter households spend more than 30 percent of their before-tax income on housing. The affordability challenge is felt even more acutely by low-income residents including the more than 240,000 Ontario Works (OW) and Ontario Disability Support Program (ODSP) beneficiaries in Toronto. The shelter portion of OW and ODSP which is \$390 and \$479 respectively per month, is unrealistic and inadequate given that the 2020 Average Market Rent of a one-bedroom apartment is \$1,374 per month while a bachelor is \$1,148. The affordability challenge in Toronto has become even more acute with thousands of people losing their jobs during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The HousingTO Plan has committed to increasing affordability in Toronto. Specifically, the Plan has committed to increasing affordability through the implementation of the Canada Housing Benefit, to modernizing the waitlist to access social and affordable housing, to protecting the affordability of existing non-profit and cooperative housing, to advocating for the elimination the RGI rent scales for households on social assistance, and to advocating for increasing shelter allowances for those on social assistance.

Targets:



How much does it cost?

Maintain continuity of housing allowances for 9,000 renter households



Distribute the Canada –Ontario Housing Benefit (COHB) to 31,000 renter households (up to \$4,800 per household annually)



Maintain affordability for 2,300 non-profit rental homes after their current operating agreements expire

What progress has been made in 2020?

- City Council approved the Community Housing Partnership Renewal Program, a new program designed to incentivize housing providers with expired operating agreements to enter into new agreements with the City to secure affordability in exchange for a property tax exemption. By end of 2020, City Council approval will be sought to exempt property tax for three non-profit housing providers (approximately 267 units) helping them to reduce operating expenses and maintain affordability.
- Issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) and evaluated submissions to transfer 600 singlefamily homes from Toronto Community Housing to the non-profit housing sector. Will submit a report to Council in October 2020 to obtain final approvals for this transfer.
- Demonstrated progress towards the implementation of a new choice-based service model for the centralized social housing waiting list by conducting organizational change management and stakeholder engagement across the community sector, social housing applicant groups, housing providers, and staff.
- Distribution of the COHB to 930 renter households and housing allowances to 6,900 renter households (increased from 5,600 renter households) underway.

- Made requests to the federal and provincial governments to increase Toronto's allocation through the COHB program and provide funding for 2,000 additional renter households to be assisted by the end of 2021.
- Met targets (such as call answer time and quality of customer service) for the implementation of the Human Services Integration project. Streamlined access to a range of benefits and services, including housing subsidies.
- Continued advocating for the provincial government to eliminate the rent-geared-to-income (RGI) rent scales for social assistance recipients.
- Used the Coordinated Access System, to ensure that up to 100 modular homes are prioritized for people experiencing chronic homelessness, and who are particularly vulnerable individuals.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Launch an upgraded social housing waitlist management system and a choice-based online platform for applicants.
- Continue to develop and implement the Coordinated Access System to match shelter users with new affordable housing opportunities.
- Implement a streamlined access system for new affordable housing that creates a one-window approach for prospective renters to apply for new affordable housing opportunities.
- Work with the Ontario Non-Profit Housing Association and Cooperative Housing Federation of Toronto to identify non-profit and housing co-ops reaching end of their leases with the City and develop work plans to negotiate long-term leases.

Ongoing



• Continue to provide housing benefits to households burdened with affordability.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Improved housing affordability for vulnerable households.

Measures:

- Number of households assisted through COHB and housing allowances
- Reduction in households from the Centralized Waiting List for social housing
- Dollar amount of COHB benefits housing allowances provided
- Number of housing providers assisted and affordable units secured through the Community Housing Partnership Renewal (CHPR) program



Outcome:

Access to Human Services (child care, income support and housing subsidies) will have been streamlined and simplified for those in need.



Outcome:

Harmonized the shelter benefits for recipients of Ontario Works (OW) and Ontario Disability Support Program (ODSP) living in rent-geared-to-income (RGI) housing with those who live in the private market housing through the elimination of RGI rents scales in the Housing Services Act (HSA).



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Social Development, Finance & Administration
- City Manager's Office
- Corporate Real Estate Management
- Toronto Employment & Social Services
- Toronto Community Housing

External

- Private landlords
- Non-profit housing operators
- Housing co-operatives
- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario

D6 Meet the Diverse Housing Needs of Seniors

What do we want to achieve?

Over the coming years, the city will experience unprecedented growth in the number of seniors 65 years of age and older. Over the next decade, the City will need to provide a full range of housing and accommodation options with supports and services for this growing and diverse group which, by 2030, will increase by 59% or some 700,000 seniors.

This challenge has been further complicated since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. Seniors have been disproportionately represented the majority of deaths as a result of the pandemic. In response, the Province of Ontario recently announced a redesigned five-year funding model in the amount of \$1.75 billion to build additional modern long-term care homes.

The HousingTO Plan was drafted before the pandemic and calls for the co-location of housing and long-term care; advocacy to secure funding to build and redevelop long-term care homes; the creation of 18,000 supportive homes including homes for seniors³; and better collection of data and service coordination. In implementing the HousingTO Plan in a post-COVID-19 environment, the City's response to will need to reflect lessons learned from challenges experienced in current longterm care facilities and the likely shift in trends and housing choices that seniors may make as a result of the pandemic.

³ Find more information about creating new supportive housing in Key Strategic Action #10

Targets:



How much does it cost?

Provide property tax relief for 6,000 lowincome senior homeowners

Provide home repair and accessibility modification assistance for 300 low-income senior homeowner households



Redevelop 1,232 existing City of Toronto longterm care beds and develop 978 new beds by 2035



Support the creation of 1,500 new non-profit long-term care beds

What progress has been made in 2020?

- Ongoing planning for the George Street Revitalization project. This project will create 378 long-term care beds in addition to shelter beds and affordable/supportive housing.
- Developing a program model for a specialized Resident Home Area within the George Street Revitalization project.
- Currently undertaking a review of City services for seniors.
- Ongoing delivery of Homemakers & Nurses Services, Supportive Housing, and Adult Day programs for seniors living at home.
- Continued development of an Integrated Service Model for housing with increased supports in Toronto Community Housing's seniors' buildings.
- \$1.75 billion province-wide investment announced to create more long-term care beds and redevelop older ones. This includes a per-diem construction funding subsidy.
- Funding approved for the redevelopment of 205 existing City long-term care beds and development of 223 new beds for a total of 428 beds at Carefree Lodge.

- Advanced a staff report to the September meeting of Council to request incentives to support the creating of 303 new affordable, accessible rental homes with supports for seniors at 1250 Markham Road. The project is focused on "aging in place" to help seniors maintain independence through a range of clinical and non-clinical supports.
- Extension of the deadline to apply for the Property Tax, Water & Solid Waste Relief Program for low-income seniors and people with disabilities moved to October 30, 2020, in response to COVID-19.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Explore the development of a City program to enable deferral of development charges to support the development of new long-term care facilities.
- Activate existing non-profit and private long-term care sites and create new affordable and supportive housing for seniors.
- Explore the development of a new seniors' affordable rental building on City-owned land, including through Toronto Community Housing Corporation revitalization projects.
- Continue the implementation of the George Street Revitalization project.
- Continue working with the provincial government to secure funding for the redevelopment of the remaining City of Toronto long-term care beds, including the addition of new beds.
- Finalize review of services for seniors and provide recommendations to improve seniors' access to coordinated services.

Medium-term (2023-2025)

- ÖÖ
- Completion of the George Street Revitalization project in 2025.

Ongoing



- Continue to deliver, review, and improve Homemakers & Nurses Services, Supportive Housing and Adult Day programs.
- Monitor and evaluate the Integrated Service Model.
- Maintain and continuously improve seniors' services delivery model. Address gaps in data, coordination, and access.
- Continue to advocate for the provincial government to provide increased long-term care funding.
- Advance the redevelopment of 1,232 existing City of Toronto longterm care beds.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

The affordability rate for senior-led households (both homeowners and renters) has been increased.



Note: According to **CMHC data**, 45% of senior-led renter households and 22% of senior-led owner households in Toronto CMA pay more than 30% of their income on housing.

Outcome:

Access to long-term care beds for seniors has been increased/improved (The current long-term care waitlist is estimated at 14,500 people with current capacity at 14,992 beds).

Measures:

- Number of non-profit long-term care beds supported through deferral of development charges
- Total dollar amount/value of development charge deferred
- Number of City-operated long-term care beds redeveloped and created
 - Completion of 64-bed care unit at George Street Revitalization project
- Number of long-term care beds developed
 specifically to support formerly homeless seniors
- Dollar amount/value of funding provided by the federal and provincial governments to increase access to long-term care beds





Outcome:

Improved access to seniors' services has been facilitated.

Measures:

- Number of seniors supported to age in place in their own homes through Homemakers & Nurses Services, Supportive Housing and Adult Day programs (this includes seniors in TCHC's seniors' buildings)
- Qualitative input from seniors and organization partners that validates improved coordination of services to seniors



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Senior Services & Long-Term Care
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- City Manager's Office
- Toronto Community Housing

External

- Seniors' service providers
- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario

DDD Ensure Well-Maintained and Secure Homes for Renters

What do we want to achieve?

Almost half of Toronto residents live in a diverse range of rental homes across the city including privately-owned rental buildings, non-profit and co-operative housing, secondary-suites, rooming houses and rented condominium units. The rental housing stock is one of the most valuable assets in Toronto providing safe, secure and affordable housing for households who cannot afford to or choose not to purchase their own homes.

The HousingTO Plan proposes steps to promote good quality homes. It aims to protect existing homes through measures such as the City's rental demolition and replacement Official Plan policy as well as policies to address the loss of dwelling rooms. Actions are proposed to regulate short-term rentals to limit their negative impact on the City's rental housing supply. Actions are also outlined to support improving building performance and energy efficiency.

Another important element of the HousingTO Plan is the protection of tenants in rental buildings. This has become increasingly important with the onset of COVID-19 and the increased threat of evictions for many households that have job and income losses and fallen into arrears. The need to inform tenants of their rights and responsibilities is of utmost importance, particularly at this time. Additionally, the need is growing for increased support in eviction prevention programs. Now more than ever, it is essential to help people stay in their homes to reduce public health risks and prevent an increase in homelessness across the city.

Targets:

Bring **2,340** private rental homes to state-of-good repair: Extend Tower Renewal loans

How much does it cost?

Extend Tower Renewal loans



What progress has been made in 2020?

- Started a review of the RentSafeTO program's evaluation process, options for an apartment building rating system, and standard operating procedures for compliance tools.
- Completed the Urban Land Institute Resilience Towers partnership focusing on the next steps for tower retrofits in Toronto.
- Provided approximately \$800,000 in low-cost financing through the Tower Renewal Program to the operator(s) of two buildings, comprising 74 homes.
- An Advisory Committee on the Protection of Affordable Housing was established comprised of People with Lived Experience, Tenant Advocacy Groups, and Legal Clinics. A Landlord Group was also created.
- The City made a submission to the Provincial government on the Bill 184, Protecting Tenants and Strengthening Community Housing Act, 2020 with recommendations on the protection of affordable rental housing; access to justice for tenants and landlords; eviction prevention and compensation; enforcement and oversight; data collection and dissemination; and Landlord & Tenant Board (LTB) administrative improvements.



• The City's Customer Experience Transformation and Innovation (CXi) team in partnership with the Housing Secretariat and input from the Advisory Committee on the Protection of Affordable Housing, stakeholders and staff, developed a new tenant portal for the website to highlight tenant rights and responsibilities, tenant-related programs and policies and more.

- Report planned for Planning and Housing Committee and Council in November 2020 on recommended zoning bylaw amendments and proposed amendments to the licensing framework for multi-tenant houses, informed by housing as human right principles in the Toronto Housing Charter.
- Investment of approximately \$10 million in Ontario Priorities Housing Initiative underway to repair over 1,900 beds/units in multi-tenant homes.
- The Housing Secretariat worked with the Federation of Canadian Municipalities to help develop the newly created Sustainable Affordable Housing Initiative for capital repair funding support:
 - Through targeted communication, non-profit and co-operative housing providers were encouraged to apply to the Sustainable Affordable Housing Initiative.
 - The City's Environment & Energy Division is offering energy modeling support and advice and letters of support for applicants.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Improve the RentSafeTO building evaluation process, including greater alignment with by-law compliance, the updated weighting of categories, and exploring the potential for new inputs and categories.
- Launch a colour-coded apartment building rating system, similar to the City's DineSafe program for eating establishments, based on Council direction and extensive public consultation.
- Revise and/or develop new RentSafeTO standard operating procedures and staff training on various compliance tools (e.g. evaluations, audits, remedial action).
- Ongoing RentSafeTO education and outreach for tenants and landlords.
- Explore the development of a RentSafeTO pilot project to align enforcement, compliance, and programs to bring buildings to a state of good repair.
- Work with the federal government to ensure building retrofits are part of the COVID-19 recovery plan.

Short-term Continued (2021-2022)



- Support improvement in six buildings, approximately 800 units, through the Tower Renewal Program, including financing offerings.
- Zoning By-law Amendment for multi-tenant housing approved by Council.
- Advance and resolve appeals before the Local Planning Appeal Tribunal (LPAT) on the Dwelling Room Replacement policy.
- Enforce property standards and health and safety standards for multi-tenant houses.
- Develop an acquisition strategy for multi-unit dwellings and low-rise apartments as part of the City's affordable housing portfolio.
- Consider a right-of-first-refusal policy to support the protection of multi-tenant houses and security of tenure.
- Develop a database that collects data on such factors as aboveguideline rent increases, evictions, and asking rent prices for rental housing.

Medium-term (2023-2025)



- Support improvements in nine buildings, approximately 1,300 units, through the Tower Renewal Program, including financing offerings.
- Undertake a review of the Official Plan rental demolition and replacement policy, including implementation approaches.

Long-term (2025-2030)



Support improvements in 15 buildings, approximately 2,000 units, through the Tower Renewal Program, including financing offerings.

Ongoing



Continue refining the RentSafeTO program.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

The rate of compliance with the RentSafeTO: Apartment Building Standards increased.

Measures:

- Number of Notices of Violation and Orders to Comply issued
- Number of remedial actions undertaken
- Number of complaints closed/investigated
- Percent improvement of overall evaluation scores
- Percent reduction of buildings with failing score

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Note: In 2019, 13 Notices of Violation, 108 Orders to Comply, and 84 charges were issued to rental landlords.



Outcome:

Rental building quality improved for residents through the Tower Renewal Program.

Measures:

- Number of private rental homes (units) and buildings benefiting from retrofits supported by the Tower Renewal Program
- Rate of reduction in utility consumption and greenhouse gas emissions (GHGs) in buildings from improvements supported by the Tower Renewal program
- Number of units and buildings supported by the Tower Renewal program that are located in Neighbourhood Improvement Areas (NIAs), lowincome census tracts, or non-profit buildings
 - The total amount of investment in the program



Outcome:

Security of tenure improved for renters in the private market.

Measures:

- Number of multi-tenant homes licensed, providing safe and secure tenancy for their residents
- Number of illegitimate eviction efforts halted through educating tenants about their rights and responsibilities and City programs
- Number of rental homes protected and replaced through the Rental replacement policy



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Social Development, Finance & Administration - Tower and Neighbourhood Revitalization Unit
- City Planning
- Municipal Licencing & Standards
- Toronto Building
- Revenue Services and Office of the Controller
- Environment & Energy
- City Manager's Office Resilience Team

External

- Tenants and Tenant Advocacy groups
- Landlord Associations
- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario

08 Support Toronto Community Housing Corporation and its Residents

What do we want to achieve?

Toronto Community Housing Corporation (TCHC) owns and operates housing for nearly 60,000 low-and-moderate-income households across the city. The largest challenge facing TCHC has been the growing backlog of capital repairs since the transfer of social housing from the Province in the 1990s. During the past two decades, the backlog of repairs has ballooned to \$3.1 billion. This has resulted in a growing number of residents living in homes that require urgent repairs, and the permanent closure of some properties.

The HousingTO Plan proposed that the City of Toronto commit to a permanent operating and capital funding model for TCHC starting in 2020. It also called for continued federal and provincial advocacy to secure a cost-sharing capital funding agreement to maintain TCHC properties in a state of good repair. An integral part of the organization's capital repair plan is the revitalization of various TCHC communities across the city. This includes the creation of complete communities with a range of housing opportunities, improved access to transit and access to amenities and services

Targets:

Repair 58,500 TCHC units

Add 14,000 new market and affordable homes and replace 5,000 rent-geared-to-income homes as part of revitalization of 8 Toronto Community Housing (TCHC) communities

How much does it cost?

Repair 58,500 TCHC units

Add 14,000 new market and affordable homes and replace 5,000 rent-geared-to-income homes as part of the revitalization of 8 Toronto Community Housing (TCHC) communities





What progress has been made in 2020?

- The City committed to a permanent capital and operating funding model for TCHC comprising of \$160 million in capital and over \$250 million in operating annually, with approval through the annual budget process. Implementation for new model started in 2020.
- As part of the revitalization of TCHC communities and to augment development plans, a Social Development Plan is required to guide the social development of revitalized communities and promote social inclusion. In 2020, the City invested:
 - \$500,000 in the Regent Park Social Development Plan.
 - \$75,000 in the Alexandra Park Social Development Plan.
 - \$75,000 in the Lawrence Heights Social Development Plan.
- The City approved the Don Summerville revitalization project which will create 766 new residential units including 120 replacement social housing units plus 100 net new affordable rental homes.
- The City issued an RFP and evaluated submissions to transfer 600 single-family homes from TCHC to the non-profit housing sector. Will submit a report to Council in October 2020 to obtain final approvals for this transfer.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Continue implementation of the Social Development Plans in Regent Park, Alexandra Park, and Lawrence Heights.
- Advocate for the provincial government to contribute a one-third share or \$1.34 billion in capital funding to address TCHC's capital repair backlog.
 - Advance the transfer of over 700 TCHC scattered units to non-profit housing providers.

Ongoing



- TCHC will continue to implement its 10-Year Capital Plan which requires support from all orders of government.
- Explore public and private investment opportunities for the revitalization of TCHC communities.
- Monitor and evaluate the Social Development Plans for the revitalization of the 8 TCHC communities.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

TCHC residents live in homes that are well-maintained and safe.

Measures:

- Number of TCHC units brought to a state of good repair
- Number of new affordable and market rental homes created on TCHC sites
- Number of rent-geared-to-income units replaced
- Number of calls and work orders related to requests for maintenance
- Tenant satisfactory rates related to property conditions, as outlined in TCHC tenant survey



Outcome:

Improved social and economic outcomes for tenants in revitalized communities (including employment, training, access to recreation etc.).

Measures:

- Number of TCHC tenants connected to employment opportunities
- Number of improved and/or new amenity spaces created for TCHC residents including service hubs and indoor/outdoor recreation spaces
- Number of new partnerships and/or expansion of existing partnerships with social service agencies that serve TCHC tenants

Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- Social Development, Finance & Administration
- Shelter, Support & Housing Administration
- Toronto Community Housing
- CreateTO

External

- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario
- Toronto Community Housing tenants

O P Continue the Revitalization of Neighbourhoods

What do we want to achieve?

Revitalization provides an opportunity to renew neighbourhoods and improve the quality of life for current and future residents. Through revitalization, homes that are beyond beyond economic repair are replaced. A new range of housing options is then added. Revitalized neighbourhoods often benefit from increased access to amenity spaces, new services onsite, improved access to transportation and local employment opportunities.

There are a range of new opportunities to revitalize and create new affordable housing in Toronto. Opportunities include the implementation of Secondary Plans and Site and Area Specific Policies for areas expected to experience redevelopment.

The HousingTO Plan aims to improve the geographic distribution of growth across the city. To achieve this, the City will use various policy and program levers to encourage revitalization in areas where residents are not currently benefiting from growth. This includes exploring expanding permissions for duplexes and low-rise walk-up apartments, the so-called 'Missing Middle' housing form, in Toronto neighbourhoods.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- "Expanding Housing Options in Neighbourhoods" work plan adopted by Council.
- Issued 88 building permits for the construction of laneway suites with another 24 building permits under review. The City has also approved 103 applications for Development Charges Deferral Program for Laneway Suites.
- Approval of the Don Summerville revitalization project which will create 766 new residential units including 120 replacement social housing units plus 100 net new affordable rental homes.
- Completed market offering for first two Housing Now sites at 50 Wilson Heights Boulevard and 777 Victoria Park Avenue:

- A total of 1,992 residential units including affordable and market rentals, condominiums plus new amenity and commercial spaces close to transit will be developed at these sites.
- Six (6) new sites under the Housing Now Initiative approved by Council. These new sites are estimated to add an additional 1,455 to 1,710 new residential units, including approximately 620 affordable rental units plus new amenity and commercial spaces.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)

•



- Advance analysis and public engagement on increasing permissions for additional residential dwelling units within existing buildings, increasing permissions for other forms of low-rise housing in areas designated as Neighbourhoods, along major streets, and allowing garden suites, coach houses, through-lot suites, and other forms of additional units in accessory buildings.
- Continue to roll out of and expand the Housing Now Initiative to created mixed-income, mixed-use, complete communities on City-owned sites.
- Continue TCHC Revitalization program.
- Continue with planning studies with integrated community development and inclusive economic development components in Jane-Finch, Dundas and Sherbourne and Golden Mile projects.

Medium-term (2023-2025)



- Complete studies needed to advance permissions or facilitate development and advance Official Plan and Zoning By-law amendments.
- Test the new permission in small-scale pilot and demonstration projects.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Toronto residents have increased access to a variety of housing options in neighbourhoods across the city.

Measures:

- Number of residential units (and tenure) approved as part of the Housing Now Initiative
- Number of residential units (and tenure) approved as part of TCHC Revitalization projects
- Number of planning applications approved, and number of residential units (and tenure) to be developed on private land across the city.



Outcome:

The "Expanding Housing Options in Neighbourhoods" work plan is advanced in consultation with public and stakeholders.

Measures:

- Number of engagement sessions held
- Results of engagement sessions incorporated in the advancement of the work plan
- Number of funding applications for laneway housing received and approved by the Housing Secretariat
- Number of permits issued for laneway homes, garden suites, coach houses
- Number of permits issued for duplexes and triplexes



Outcome:

Increased investments to support the social and economic objectives of neighbourhood revitalization projects.

Measures:

- Number of residents engaged in programing
- Number of agencies engaged in the For Public Benefit sector
- Amount of investment in programming for these revitalization neighbourhoods
- Amount of investment in capital improvements
- Number of units and sites improved



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- City Planning
- Toronto Building
- Social Development, Finance & Administration
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Toronto Community Housing Corporation
- CreateTO

External

- Residents' Associations
- Development Industry

10 Create New Rental Housing Responsive to Residents' Needs

What do we want to achieve?

There is an urgent need for all orders of government to support the construction of purpose-built rental homes. This is vital given that rental housing vacancy rates are at unhealthy levels and Toronto's population is forecasted to grow by up to one million more residents by 2030. The City has established a target of 40,000 affordable rental homes approvals by 2030 including 18,000 supportive homes to help address the current and future needs of residents.

Since the HousingTO Plan was adopted by Council in late 2019, the need to increase the supply of new rental homes has become even more pressing due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As the pandemic has clearly shown, having a home is critical to keeping safe. Temporary solutions such as emergency shelters are inadequate to keep the spread of infection at bay. Furthermore, the cost of securing and operating alternative spaces with new physical distancing standards is more expensive than providing permanent housing solutions. This highlights the need to shift investments away from shelters to permanent housing solutions as outlined in the HousingTO Plan. The City's recently released COVID-19 Housing & Homelessness Plan, which complements the HousingTO Plan, outlines the business case for accelerated investments in permanent housing solutions and outlines opportunities such as modular housing and strategic acquisitions.

The HousingTO Plan also commits to establishing a new income-based definition of affordable housing, establishing a land banking initiative, co-locating housing with City facilities, and exploring new complementary funding and financing initiatives.

Targets:

Approve **40,000** new affordable rental homes, of which **18,000** will be supportive homes for vulnerable residents, ncluding people who are homeless or at risk of being homeless

How much does it cost?

Approve 40,000 new affordable rental homes, of which 18,000 will be supportive homes for vulnerable residents, including people who are homeless or at risk of being homeless



What progress has been made in 2020?

- Overseeing 66 affordable housing projects representing 8,686 affordable rental homes, 1177 of which are under construction in 2020.
- Proposed breakdown of the 40,000 affordable and supportive homes approvals reflecting a human rights-based approach and to provide transparency on who will benefit from housing investments (see Figure 2).
- Identified 6 new sites for the Housing Now initiative including up to 620 new affordable rental units bringing the total number of affordable rental homes approved on City-owned sites to 4,520.
- Worked with CreateTO to collect feedback from Phase 1 of the Housing Now Initiative to inform future phases.

- Worked with CreateTO to develop a portfolio delivery plan including timing and investment requirement for the program.
- Approved 250 modular supportive homes to be developed on City-owned sites with funding from the City and the federal government (through the Affordable Housing Innovation Fund).
- 2020 Open Door Call for Applications to be issued in Fall 2020 with new measures to prioritize non-profit housing applications, applications proposing lower rents and longer affordability periods.
- Proposed a revised income-based definition of affordable rental housing for public and stakeholder consultation.
- Proposed policy and zoning changes to implement Inclusionary Zoning for public and stakeholder consultation.
- Issued 88 building permits for the construction of laneway suites with another 24 building permits under review. The City has also approved 103 applications for Development Charges Deferral Program for Laneway Suites.
- The federal government provided \$420 million in financing through the Rental Construction Financing Initiative toward the construction of 1,663 purpose-built rental homes in three projects in Toronto.
- Develop a supportive housing plan with health partners to activate their land for the development of an integrated health and housing model.
- Started implementation of short-term rental regulations including a requirement for short-term rental companies and operators to register with the City.
- The Concept 2 Keys team began work to transform the City's development review process. The aim is to increase efficiencies and consistency in the review of applications, improve customer service and reduce approval timelines. Ultimately, this will help get new affordable homes built quicker.
- Conducted early discussions with CreateTO, non-profit housing organizations and other stakeholders to develop requirements and principles for a land acquisition strategy.
- Anticipated report to Committee and Council on the feasibility of establishing a new Vacant Home Tax in December.

Who is afforable rental housing for?



Early Childhood Educator Median Annual Income: \$35,997



Retired/Pensioner Median Annual Income: \$38,400



Construction Labourer Median Annual Income: \$39,000



Licensed Practical Nurse Median Annual Income: \$51,675

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Consider the development of template building plans for laneway and/or prefabricated homes to expedite City approvals and reduce costs for homeowners.
- Obtain Council approval on the revised definition of affordable housing.
- Obtain Council approval on Inclusionary Zoning policy and Zoning Bylaw.
- Implement Inclusionary Zoning in Protected Major Transit Station Areas.
- Identify supportive housing opportunities including small sites, in collaboration with CreateTO.
- Explore a Memorandum of Understanding with faith-based organizations to activate their surplus land for affordable rental and supportive housing development with St. Luke's United Church as a pilot project.
- Support the Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness in their asset mapping project to identify opportunities to increase the supply of affordable and supportive housing.
- Work with the non-profit and co-op sector to identify further opportunities for intensification in response to the expiry of operating agreements and leases.
- Work with key stakeholders to establish a framework for the strategic acquisition of land for city building purposes including for affordable housing.
- Explore co-location opportunities for including affordable housing in the redevelopment of other City facilities.
- Update Open Door program measures in consultation with key stakeholders to prioritize applications by non-profit, co-ops, and multi-faith organization.
- Commission a study to develop options for third-party housing funds to supplement existing government funding programs.
Ongoing



Continue advocating for the federal and provincial governments for Toronto to receive a fair share of investments under the National Housing Strategy.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Low and moderate-income households earning under the 60th percentile have more housing opportunities affordable to and appropriate for them.

Measures:

- Number of supportive homes approved
- Number of supportive homes approved for people experiencing homelessness to reduce chronic homelessness
- Number of modular supportive homes approved
- Number of new affordable rental homes approved
- For households earning under the 30th percentile
- For households earning between 30th and 60th percentiles
- Number of affordable rental homes completed and ready for occupancy
- Number of affordable rental homes approved in partnership with the non-profit housing sector
- Number of perpetually affordable rental homes approved
- Funding secured from federal and provincial funding for affordable rental housing in Toronto



Outcome:

Toronto households have increased access to rental housing near transit and services (As part of Housing Now, at least two-thirds of total units are planned as rental).



Outcome:

Access to family-sized and accessible affordable rental homes improved (Housing Now sites achieve a minimum of 20% accessible affordable rental units and 15% accessible market rental units plus fully barrier-free common areas; affordable rental homes created as part of Housing Now to include approximately 40% 2-bedrooms and 20% 2-bedroom units for families).



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- City Planning
- CreateTO
- Corporate Real Estate
- Toronto Building
- Environment & Energy
- Corporate Finance
- Shelter, Support and Housing Administration
- Social Development and Finance Administration
- Municipal Licencing and Standards

External

- Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness (TAEH)
- Non-profit and for-profit housing organizations
- Multi-Faith Organizations
- Building Industry, Land Development and Real Estate Associations
- Toronto Board of Trade
- Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC)
- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario



Help People Buy, Stay in and Improve Their Homes

What do we want to achieve?

The key to a healthy housing market is movement along the housing continuum for residents. Residents should have the ability to own their home if they choose so. While 53% of Toronto households (587,000 households) own their home, the dream of homeownership has become increasingly difficult for many to achieve.

Today, Toronto is a city increasingly divided between residents who own their homes and those destined to be long-term renters due to the high cost of housing in relation to incomes. Renters are increasingly shut out of the benefits of homeownership including the security of tenure and the ability to build equity. As a consequence, additional pressure is placed on the city's already tight rental market. In the COVID-19 context, recognizing the need to shelter in place and the challenges associated with the current built-form of long-term care facilities, it is more important than ever to assist people to stay in their homes and create movement along the housing spectrum by incentivizing homeownership.

Targets:

Create **4,000** new affordable, non-profit homeownership opportunities for first-time homebuyers Help **150,000** first-time homebuyers afford the purchase of their homes through the First-Time Municipal Land Transfer Tax Rebate Program -

How much does it cost?

Create 4,000 new affordable, non-profit homeownership opportunities for first-time homebuyers

Help 150,000 first-time homebuyers afford the purchase of their homes through the First-Time Municipal Land Transfer Tax Rebate Program

What progress has been made in 2020?

- 57 new affordable ownership homes, with program loan funding approved in prior years, ready for occupancy.
- 8,468 first-time homebuyers assisted through the Land Transfer Tax Rebate Program valued at \$34.4 million.
- On track to assist 22 households through the Home Energy Loan Program (HELP) disbursing approximately \$700,000 in loans.
- Applied to the Federation of Canadian Municipalities to receive four-year funding under the Community Efficiency Financing to recapitalize the Home Energy Loan Program.



What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- An anticipated 244 program-funded affordable ownership homes, approved in prior years, will be ready for occupancy.
- Refine the Home Energy Loan Program to support deeper retrofit projects and organizations that home vulnerable, low-income residents.

Medium-term (2023-2025)



Complete an anticipated 469 new program-funded affordable ownership homes, approved in prior years, for occupancy.

Ongoing



- Explore ways to support homeowners to create and rent secondary suites in their homes.
- Continue providing a range of financial assistance and incentives to homeowners to make improvements to their homes, including highquality retrofits.



How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Affordable ownership opportunities increased for Toronto residents including first-time home buyers.



Outcome:

Completing energy efficiency improvements are made affordable for homeowners.

Measures:

 Value of financial assistance provided to homeowners through HELP and the Basement Flooding Protection Program



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- City Planning
- Corporate Finance
- Environment & Energy
- Toronto Water
- Toronto Building

External

- Non-profit and for-profit ownership housing providers
- Government of Canada
- Government of Ontario

12 Improve Accountability and Transparency in Delivery of Housing Services to Residents

What do we want to achieve?

Given the importance of having access to safe, secure and affordable housing, Toronto residents expect that governments will work effectively and efficiently in addressing their needs. With the urgency of the housing crisis in Toronto, only compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic, the public is also expecting action and results. As such, the City has taken several actions to streamline the way it plans and delivers housing services across the continuum. The City has also made several changes to its governance structure to improve transparency, accountability and the way it operates.

The HousingTO External Advisory Committee, which was established to help guide the development of the HousingTO Plan, will be made permanent with an updated structure and mandate to monitor the delivery of the HousingTO Plan and to ensure that it responds to the evolving needs of residents.

Internally, the City's Housing Lead Committee, comprised of senior staff involved in the delivery of housing, will be updated on the progress of the plan's implementation and be called on to remove barriers as needed. The Plan has also committed to reviewing and improving how housing services are delivered by the City, to improve customer services for residents.

The City's Housing Secretariat will also provide annual reports to Council, beginning in 2021, outlining progress against the performance targets outlined in the Implementation Plan, including a summary of investments received from the federal and provincial governments towards delivery of the HousingTO Plan, and to recommend any amendments to the targets based on changing conditions, including internal and external factors.

From a broader system and structural perspective, the Toronto Housing Commissioner role or function, once established, will assess, monitor and report to Council on delivery of the HousingTO Plan, as well as identify systemic any barriers, and recommend changes, as necessary.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- The Implementation Plan was developed in consultation with City divisions to set an accountability framework outlining roles and responsibilities for internal and external partners. The Plan also includes actions for the next 10 years and outcomes and measures to monitor the progress towards achieving Council approved targets.
- To streamline and improve the delivery of the HousingTO Plan, a Request for Proposals was issued to retain a consultant to review the City's current housing delivery framework from an organizational structure perspective. The findings and recommendations of this review will be used to inform staff recommendations for Council consideration as part of the 2021 operating budget process.



- A staff report outlining the recommended framework for establishing the Housing Commissioner role or function will be presented to Committee and Council for consideration this later this year.
- Statistics Canada has rolled out its National Housing Statistics Program. The Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation is also now collecting more information on housing through the National Household Survey. Together, these data sets will provide greater insight into the state of Toronto's housing market.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



- Continue the HousingTO External Advisory Committee, with an updated structure and mandate, to monitor delivery of the HousingTO Plan and ensure that it responds to evolving needs of residents.
- Work with Indigenous housing providers, academic institutions and other key stakeholders to explore opportunities for holding annual Community Housing Summits.

Ongoing



Annual reporting on the progress made to-date, funding secured from federal and provincial governments, and any proposed changes to the implementation plan reflecting macro-environmental factors, as well as changing priorities and available resources.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

HousingTO actions are prioritized and resourced appropriately, so they can be implemented in a timely manner to deliver real results for Toronto residents.

Measures:



Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- All impacted City divisions, agencies, boards and corporations
- City Manager's Office
- Corporate Finance
- Financial Planning

External

- People with lived Experience
- HousingTO External Advisory Committee
- Housing sector partners

13 Enhance Partnerships and Intergovernmental Strategy

What do we want to achieve?

The HousingTO Plan can only succeed with enhanced partnerships and investments across all orders of government. Formal intergovernmental working groups are being initiated to ensure regular collaboration on key issues. Complex housing issues also require innovation that comes from community agencies, civil society and housing partners. The City is committed to working closely with government and external partners to realize the goals outlined in the HousingTO Plan.

What progress has been made in 2020?

- In response to COVID-19, City staff focused intergovernmental efforts on resolving operational issues such as the need to quickly expand the shelter system and manage inflows (such as from provincial institutions), as well as longer-term recovery including the need to quickly accelerate modular housing.
- The federal government provided funding directly to women's shelters and programs for domestic violence (approximately \$21 million under the Reaching Home program to the City of Toronto), as well \$18.75 million in grants and loans to the City to help fund 250 permanent modular supportive housing units.
- The Province of Ontario put a temporary moratorium on residential evictions, advanced the roll-out of the Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit, and provided \$39.2 million to the City under the Social Services Relief Fund (SSRF) (distributed via the Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI)) of which 20% flows through the City to community agencies (\$7.9 million). The Province has also committed a further \$118 million to the City under a subsequent phase of funding through the SSRF.
- Developed the Housing and People Action Plan and the COVID-19 Interim Shelter Strategy, as the basis of the City's intergovernmental requested partnership on housing and homeless as it relates to COVID-19 response and recovery.

- In 2019, CMHC extended the Rental Construction Financing Initiative (RCFI) to 2027-2028.
- The City has initiated a request for an all-government working group to form, with a focus on housing and homelessness. This includes avoiding discharging Torontonians into homelessness from hospitals, corrections facilities and foster care.

What other supporting actions are planned?

Short-term (2021-2022)



The City, through the Intergovernmental Working Group, to continue advocating for:

- Expanding the urgent delivery of the Canada Housing Benefit
- Establishing dedicated funding for a Modular Rental Housing Program
- Establishing an Acquisitions and Renovations/Conversions Fund
- Considering Right of First Refusal Authority/Approach for Strategic Acquisitions

Medium-term (2023-2025)



• Complete an anticipated 469 new program-funded affordable ownership homes, approved in prior years, for occupancy.

Ongoing



- Accelerated and expanded funding for new affordable Homes under the National Housing Strategy including housing for Indigenous peoples by Indigenous peoples
- Operating funding to create supportive housing

Continue advocating for:

- Increased investments in housing retrofit programs
- Hold biannual meetings with municipal regional housing partners to address regional housing challenges, starting in 2021.

How will we measure our performance?

Outcome:

Governments' actions and investments are increased and better coordinated to improve housing opportunities and affordability across the housing spectrum in Toronto and across the GTHA.

Measures:

- Investments secured from federal and provincial governments
- Number of shelters opened across the region
- Number of affordable new homes (rentals and ownership) built across the region

Who are the partners?

Internal

- Housing Secretariat
- City Manager's Office
- CreateTO
- Corporate Finance
- Financial Planning

External

- Government of Ontario
 - Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing

City

ederal

- Ministry of Health
- Government of Canada
 - Canada Mortgage and Housing
 Corporation
 - Ministry of Families, Children, and Social Development
- Municipal and regional governments across the GTHA

HousingTO Plan 2020 Action Progress Tracker

Key Strategic Action #1: Update the "Toronto Housing Charter – Opportunity for All"

Pro	gress Status Complete 🐼 In Progress	🧿 Up	Actions coming # City # Federal/ Provincial	
#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
1	Adopt an updated Toronto Housing Charter – Opportunity for All		 What progress has been made in 2019? Council adopted an updated "Toronto Housing Charter - Opportunity for All" in December 2019. 	 Ongoing Implement Toronto Housing Charter throug activities.
2	Review the establishment of a Housing Commissioner of Toronto to address, within the City's jurisdiction, systemic discrimination and barriers to the progressive realization of the adequate right to housing recognized in international law which may exist in the development or administration of any current or future City policies or programs.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Ongoing engagement with the Right2HousingTO Campaign and other human rights experts and City divisions to discuss options and opportunities to advance the progressive realization to the right to housing in Toronto, and explore options for establishing a Housing Commissioner role/function, as directed by Council. Engagement with the Office of the Federal Housing Advocate to explore alignment opportunities between the federal government and the City of Toronto right to housing functions. Staff recommended options and framework to establish the Housing Commissioner role/function, to be reviewed by Committee and Council later this year. 	Short-term (2021-2022)

oporting Actions

ough a rights-based approach to all housing

s to establish the Housing Commissioner role/

HousingTO Implementation Plan

Actions

Progress Status

0

City Council direct City 3 Divisions and Agencies, request the Toronto Police Services Board and the Toronto Library Board, and, acting as the Shareholder, direct City Corporations to review proposed City decisions, policies, services and programs that impact housing to ensure that the City's Policy as stated in the Toronto Housing Charter is achieved and not negatively impacted.

Progress To-Date

What progress has been made in 2020?

• Future action to commence in 2021.

Short-term (2021-2022)

- outlined in the Charter.
- progressive realization of the right to adequate housing lens.
- Update staff report templates to include an Equity Impact section outlining how of the right to adequate housing as outlined in the Toronto Housing Charter.

Medium-term (2023-2025)

housing lens.

• Conduct training and build awareness of the revised Toronto Housing Charter across all City divisions involved in the delivery of housing services. This is to ensure that future policies and programs incorporate and reflect the City of Toronto's commitments as

Develop a work plan for all City divisions, agencies and corporations involved in the delivery of housing services. Review existing key housing policies and programs with a

recommendations in housing-related reports will contribute to the progressive realization

• Complete a review of key housing policies and programs delivered by City of Toronto agencies, boards, and corporations with a progressive realization of the right to adequate



Future Supporting Actions

government to develop an Indigenous-led urban, rural and northern housing strategy.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
5	Continue to work with	×	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	Indigenous community partners to implement the Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy and Action Plan, and co-develop new/updated Toronto- specific Indigenous housing strategies by:		 \$472,000 grant from the Poverty Reduction Strategy office provided to the Toronto Aboriginal Support Services Council. The grant is to develop the Tkaronto Prosperity Plan. Continued work on meeting the commitments in the Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy and Action Plan in Fall 2020, including: Implementation of a dedicated allocation of Canada-Ontario Housing Benefits (185 benefits, approximately 20% of total available benefits) for Indigenous people, working in partnership with the Toronto Indigenous Community Advisory Board. Approval for a funding stream of dedicated Indigenous grants specifically for housing and homelessness supports. Collaborated with the Toronto Indigenous Community Advisory Board for homelessness services (TICAB) to 	
a.	Developing a dedicated Indigenous grants funding stream for housing and homelessness supports.	(establish an Indigenous Coordinated Access program coordinator to work in as part of an integrated team with SSHA through a MOU. Commitment to hold an annual gathering in Fall 2020 to update on progress on Meeting in the Meeting actions and commitments. What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	Short-term (2021-2022) • Incremental increase to the Indigenous in Home program. Ongoing

program funding, to be dedicated to an Indigenous investment funding stream.

for Meeting in the Middle Engagement Strategy

ement Strategy in implementation of the

s investments funding stream for the Reaching

• Work with Indigenous partners to establish an allocation out of the overall City grants

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
b.	Developing a dedicated		What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	allocation of the 40,000 new affordable rental and supportive homes		• Two meetings were held to-date with Indigenous Housing organizations in 2020. The purpose of these meetings was	 Review the priority target groups for social increasing need among Indigenous comm
	approvals over the next 10 years to First Nations, Inuit and Métis peoples		 to: Seek input on targets and delivery approach as part of the Implementation Plan. 	 Co-develop a Toronto Indigenous Affordal Indigenous partners that outline an accep affordable housing.
	through collaboration with housing providers and on sites suitable for developing		 Learn about and assist Indigenous housing projects planned or under consideration. 	 Advocate for sufficient funding for wrap-a delivery of such funding. Delivery should b
	culturally appropriate affordable rental and supportive housing.		 Consider upcoming affordable housing projects to identify those with the potential to be leased to Indigenous housing providers and households. 	in delivering housing development and su
			 Agreement, in principle, on allocation with further work to be completed in 2020 in partnership with Indigenous organizations and funders. 	
			Other related work:	
			 Opening of 24 non-profit homes developed by Aboriginal housing provider Wigwamen for Indigenous seniors at 14 Spadina Road in September 2020. 	
6	The federal government	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	to work with Indigenous community partners to develop and implement a National Indigenous Housing Strategy and increase investments in Indigenous-led housing solutions.		• Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Advocacy strategy to be co-developed wit

oporting Actions

cial housing and change as needed to reflect the nmunities for social and affordable housing.

dable Housing Strategy and Action Plan with eptable minimum target (over 10 years) for new

o-around services and supports as well as the d be through an Indigenous agency with experience support dollars within the City of Toronto.

with Indigenous partners.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
7	The federal and provincial governments to provide a set-aside through the Canada Housing Benefit to improve rental affordability for Indigenous households.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Advocacy strategy to be co-developed with
8	The provincial government to continue implementing the Ontario Urban Indigenous Action Plan and develop policies and programs with dedicated resources and funding that better respond to the unique needs and priorities of urban and rural Indigenous communities and the organizations that serve them.		What progress has been made in 2020? • Future action with work to commence in 2021.	Short-term (2021-2022) Advocacy strategy to be co-developed with

vith Indigenous partners.

vith Indigenous partners.

Progress Status Actions Complete *****) In Progress Upcomina # Federal/ Provincial Citv Progress # **Progress To-Date** Actions **Future Supporting Actions** Status 9 Focus on upstream interventions that prevent people from becoming (see below) homeless by: Short-term (2021-2022) Developing and What progress has been made in 2020? а. * implementing innovative • Increased Rent Bank funding by \$2 million to support Complete program review and changes to the Tenant Defense Fund to better support new eviction prevention and approximately 750 households in rental arrears with noeviction prevention and develop new tools (i.e. tenant rights webinars and videos) for shelter diversion services interest loans of up to \$4,000 to remain in their homes. tenants). and strategies. Building on successful What progress has been made in 2020? Short-term (2021-2022) b. prevention approaches Invested \$1.9 million in funding for the Eviction Prevention Continue implementing the EPIC program and refining program measures as needed. through extending and in Community (EPIC) program. Prevented 120 evictions for expanding the Eviction low-income households as of April 30. On-track to reach at Prevention in the least 375 prevented evictions by the end of 2020. Community (EPIC) program. Increasing coordination What progress has been made in 2020? Short-term (2021-2022) C. and integrated service Continue working with the community sector and provincial government to address the Advocated to the justice sector during the COVID-19 approaches with federal pandemic to support people being discharged from practice of discharging individuals directly from provincial health and corrections facilities and/or provincial child provincial institutions without discharge plans, and would into homelessness by ensuring all individuals have a housing plan in place, including welfare, corrections social referrals to support services. otherwise likely end up without a home. services, immigration and health systems to Initiate tri-government working group with a mandate Ongoing reduce discharges into that includes reviews of discharges into homelessness, homelessness. Continue mitigation strategies to prevent people from becoming homeless when leaving especially from government-funded organizations and the federal and/or provincial child welfare, corrections social services, immigration and institutions. health systems. Continue to measure the rate at which it is occurring.

Key Strategic Action #3: Prevent Homelessness and Improve Pathways to Housing Stability

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
10	Ensure an effective and housing-focused emergency response to homelessness by:	(see below)		
a.	Continuing to provide street outreach and overnight accommodation that offers a safe, temperature controlled indoor space and connections to other supports to meet the immediate needs of people experiencing homelessness.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Supported over 800 people experiencing homelessness in moving from outdoor encampments to indoor spaces. 	Ongoing Continue providing street outreach and a homelessness.
b.	Together with community partners, continuing to ensure that people experiencing homelessness are provided client-centred, high quality, housing focused services.	K	 What progress has been made in 2020? Assisted more than 239 households (320 individuals) in moving to permanent housing through rapid rehousing. 	Ongoing Continue providing housing-focused ser
C.	Continuing to implement the new housing-focused service model at new shelter sites and explore opportunities to expand implementation to all shelters.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Continue to implement the new housing focus for 2020 was to leverage the procoutcomes to inform further shelter system. Expand the new housing-focused shelter

l overnight accommodation to people experiencing

rvices to people experiencing homelessness.

g-focused service model at new shelter sites. The cesses and tools used, lessons learned, and client tem transformation.

er service model across the existing shelter system.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
d.	Increasing partnerships with health service providers and improve coordination and integration of health services within shelter, 24- hour respite and outreach services.	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? Worked with health and community partners to ensure that people continued to receive supports during the COVID-19 pandemic - particularly health supports. 	 Ongoing Implement the Shelter Health Services F in partnership with community health lea Integration Network. This framework lay shelters and respite sites.
11	Better connect people experiencing homelessness to housing and supports by:	(see below)		
a.	Implementing a coordinated access system that includes a by-name list of all people experiencing homelessness, a common assessment approach, and prioritization of populations with greatest needs.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Demonstrated progress in establishing the by-name list of all people experiencing homelessness based on Shelter Management Information System data, and piloted implementation of a common assessment tool to support prioritization of homeless populations with greatest needs to access housing and supports. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Fully implement the Coordinated Access funding requirements.
b.	Developing a coordinated approach in partnership with the Greater Toronto Apartment Association to encourage private sector landlords to provide more supportive and affordable rental housing options and help people maintain their housing.	K	What progress has been made in 2020? • Advanced the work to develop the Landlord Engagement program model by the end of 2020 and recruit staff for the Landlord Engagement team.	 Short-term (2021-2022) In collaboration with the private sector a Engagement program, drawing on promited to a construct the private sector a construct the priv

Framework in all new and existing shelter locations, eads identified by Toronto Central Local Health ys out how health services are provided to clients in

s System by 2022 to meet federal Reaching Home

and community partners, implement the Landlord nising practices from the Landlord Engagement

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppor
C.	Building an integrated service delivery system and establish data sharing protocols within the housing and homelessness sector to improve service planning and client-centred program delivery.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop work plan to advance building an irr data sharing protocols within the housing a
d.	Developing and regularly reporting on specific performance indicators and targets that measure progress towards ensuring that when homelessness does occur, the experience is rare, brief and non- recurring.		What progress has been made in 2020? • Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Short-term (2021-2022) Launch of reporting on data measures from recurrence of homelessness as part of the for mandatory annual public reporting. Com Information System to improve data trackin Ongoing Implement the measures developed in part publicly.
12	Increase availability of supportive housing by:	(see below)		
a.	Completing Council's capital plan to provide an additional 1,000 shelter beds and shift all future investments toward developing permanent housing including supporting Council's target of 18,000 supportive homes approvals over 10 years.	K	What progress has been made in 2020? • Opened 30 new shelter beds, bringing the cumulative total to 471 beds since the start of the project to provide an additional 1,000 as part of Council's capital plan.	Short-term (2021-2022) • Review existing plan and recommend any recontext.

an integrated service delivery system and establishing and homelessness sector.

rom the by-name list that capture the duration and the requirements for the Reaching Home program Continue to enhance the Shelter Management cking and reporting capabilities.

partnership with TAEH and report the results

ny required to changes in light of current COVID-19

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
b.	Exploring opportunities to	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	leverage existing shelter properties for development of supportive housing.	0	• Future action to commence in 2021.	
				Ongoing
C.	Piloting innovative supportive housing opportunities with support from the federal, provincial	portunities with support	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
			 Expedited the Modular Housing Initiative to create 250 modular supportive homes by Spring 2021, with 100 units opening in the Fall of 2020. Worked with community agencies to expedite other supportive housing already further along in the planning process. 	
	governments and in partnership with the non-			-
	• P fc th	oroni nousing sector.	Plan to convene a regional roundtable by the end of 2020 focused on collaborative discharge planning across	
		the federal and/or provincial child welfare, corrections social services, and immigration and health systems.	Long-term (2025-2030)	
			This roundtable aims to monitor and reduce the rates of homelessness upon leaving such systems.	
13	Develop strategies and programs that meet the needs of specific populations by:	(see below)		

oporting Actions

nelter sites to identify options to convert current structure for long-term shelter users.

rent shelter sites to permanent housing s, considering client outcomes and cost-benefit ent and housing allowances to assist clients in model.

erage existing shelter properties for the

1 15 supportive homes for clients with init project.

ng building targeted to clients experiencing

overnments for funding to support additional in Toronto.

nvert a vacant long-term care home to supportive sies.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
a.	Developing specific	٥	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	interventions for equity- seeking and vulnerable groups with specific needs i.e. survivors of domestic violence, victims of human trafficking, LGBTQ2SAI+ people, youth, seniors, people with disabilities, refugees and newcomers.		 As part of Council approval of the HousingTO Plan, allocated 25% of all new housing to women, girls and women-led households. Worked with accessibility advocates and groups to identify areas for improvement in the Housing Now Initiative to increase accessibility and focus and incorporate universal design features in new developments. Obtained Council approval for changes. Work continues with the establishment of an Accessibility Working Group to improve policy & delivery of the number of new accessible homes. Continued engagement with members of the Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness and other stakeholders with respect to addressing needs of specific groups through City housing programs. Additional future actions with work to commence in 2021. 	
b.	Working with the youth services sector to develop and test effective youth homelessness prevention strategies.	Ö	 What progress has been made in 2020? Collaborating with the youth services sector to study the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on Toronto youth experiencing homelessness. 	 Medium-term (2023-2025) Continue advocacy and issue management prevention.
14	The federal and provincial governments to develop a coordinated regional response and provide additional ongoing resources to respond to the sustained flow of refugees and asylum claimants requiring temporary shelter and housing, starting with \$76.9 million in 2020.		 What progress has been made in 2020? SSHA engaged Immigration, Refugees, and Citizenship Canada (IRCC) on potentially extending the support they have provided under IRCC's Interim Housing Assistance Program. There has been a reduced flow of refugees and asylum claimants to Toronto's overnight services system due to the COVID-19 pandemic. 	Short-term (2021-2022) • Continued intergovernmental advocacy.

porting Actions

nd report to Council with recommendations to velopments based on this work.

s from equity-seeking and vulnerable groups and interventions appropriate to their specific needs.

nent for youth homelessness and eviction

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
15		×	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	governments to provide funding to community organizations and service agencies to provide in situ support for vulnerable residents.		 The Province provided \$39.2 million to the City under the Social Services Relief Fund (SSRF) (distributed via the Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative [CHPI]) of which 20% flows through the City to community agencies (\$7.9 million). The Province has also committed a further \$118 million to the City under a subsequent phase of funding through the SSRF. The Shelter, Support & Housing Administration and Housing Secretariat divisions are currently developing a business case to request the funding, as required by the Province, and use the opportunity to pivot away from costly emergency measures to more sustainable permanent housing. 	Continued intergovernmental advocacy.
16	The federal and provincial	(Å)	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	governments to provide capital and ongoing operating funding to support the creation and delivery of 18,000 supportive housing homes over the next 10-years, which are anticipated to	s to provide ongoing nding to creation of 18,000 ousing homes t 10-years,	Supplementary to the HousingTO Plan:	Implement the HousingTO Plan and sup
			 Developed and implemented the Plan to Create Supportive Housing Opportunities work plan to create 600 units of supportive housing on an annual basis starting in 2020. This target is to be expanded to 1,800 homes per year with federal and provincial support as outlined in the HousingTO Plan. 	community partners and other orders of go
	cost a total of \$6.4 billion in capital costs and \$300 million in ongoing annual operating costs.		 Developed and presented business case to the Federal and Provincial governments to request capital and operating funding to build and operate 2,000 supportive housing units over the next 2 years as an urgent response to the COVID-19 pandemic. 	
17	The federal and provincial	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	governments to introduce reforms to child welfare, corrections and health services to reduce the number of households being discharged into homelessness.		• Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Develop advocacy strategy with key stakeh

portive housing work plan in partnership with f government.

keholders.



apartments for women with integrated onsite supportive

services.

supportive homes for women and women-led households.

Ongoing

• partnership with private and non-profit housing providers.

Future Supporting Actions

• Work with the City's Anti-Black Racism Office, Indigenous Affairs Office and Equity and Diversity Office to engage partners to address additional inequities Indigenous women,

Develop an action plan to meet the target in consultation with the Violence Against Women (VAW) sector. Leverage the VAW network engaged through Shelter, Support & Housing Administration's existing Memorandum of Understanding as well as members of the HousingTO External Advisory Committee. Partnerships will focus on organizations that

Develop tenant access plans for approved development projects, in coordination with the VAW sector and development partners, to facilitate access to new affordable and

Continue approving 1,000 affordable and supportive housing opportunities for women in

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
20	The federal government to support Toronto by investing capital and operating funding to support the development and future operation of 10,000 new affordable rental and supportive homes for women by 2030.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Request made to the federal government to support the delivery of the HousingTO Plan and complementary City of Toronto 24-month plan to expedite investments to urgently support 3,000 vulnerable and marginalized residents. 	

provincial governments to secure funding for



Future Supporting Actions

Federation of Toronto to identify non-profit and housing co-ops reaching end of their



#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
C.	Transferring over 600 single family homes from Toronto Community Housing Corporation to the non- profit housing sector while ensuring that they continue to remain part of the City's affordable housing stock in the long term.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) and evaluated submissions to transfer over 600 single-family homes from Toronto Community Housing to the non-profit housing sector. Report to be submitted to Council in October 2020 to obtain final approvals for this transfer. 	 Short- and Medium-term (2021-2025) Administrative and legal work in coordinat Community Housing to transfer properties
22	Modernize and simplify access to social and affordable housing by:	(see below)		
a.	Implementing a new choice- based service model for the centralized waiting list for social housing that will empower applicants to make informed housing choices and better connect them to available housing units that meet their needs.	Ō	 What progress has been made in 2020? Demonstrated progress towards the implementation of a new choice-based service model for the centralized social housing waiting list by conducting organizational change management and stakeholder engagement across the community sector, social housing applicant groups, housing providers, and staff. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Launch an upgraded social housing waitli online platform for applicants.
b.	Developing and implementing a transparent access system for new affordable rental and supportive housing opportunities and housing benefits which strategically aligns new housing opportunities with population specific needs and targets.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Used the Coordinated Access System to ensure that up to 100 modular homes are prioritized for people experiencing chronic homelessness, and who are particularly vulnerable individuals. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Continue to develop and implement the Cousers with new affordable housing opport Implement a streamlined access system to one-window approach for prospective remopportunities.

nation with successful proponent and Toronto ies.

tlist management system and a choice-based

Coordinated Access System to match shelter prtunities.

n to new affordable housing that creates a enters to apply for new affordable housing

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
23	Deliver housing benefits that improve affordability for vulnerable households by:			
		(see below)		
a.	Delivering portable housing benefits, including the housing allowance program and the Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit program, in partnership with other orders of government, to improve housing stability and increase access to affordable housing.		What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
			 Distribution of the Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit (COHB) to 930 renter households and housing allowances to 6,900 renter households (increased from 5,600 renter households) underway. 	Continue to provide housing benefits to ho
				 Continue to advocate to the federal and proflexibility of the COHB program to support requested under the HousingTO Plan requested
b.	Continuing the implementation of Human Services Integration to provide streamlined access to a range of benefits and services, including housing subsidies.	(Ring)	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
			 Met targets (such as call answer time and quality of customer service) for the implementation of the Human Services Integration project. 	Continue to implement and refine the Hum
			 Streamlined access to a range of benefits and services, including housing subsidies. 	
24	The federal and provincial governments to implement the Canada-Ontario Housing Benefit and provide flexibility to help address local needs, including increasing per household allocation to \$4,800 annually (\$400 per month)		What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
			 Made requests to the federal and provincial governments to increase Toronto's allocation through the COHB program and provide funding for 2,000 additional renter households to be assisted by end of 2021. 	 Continued advocacy with federal and provision make it more flexible to serve a wider rang

households burdened with affordability.

provincial governments to expand and increase ort 31,000 households in Toronto, as previously quests to both governments.

uman Services Integration model.

ovincial governments to enhance program and nge of needs.



#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
25	The provincial government to eliminate the RGI rent scales for social assistance recipients, or at a minimum, set the rents scales to the newly established minimum rent level and similarly index them annually by the rent control guideline.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Continued advocating for the provincial government to eliminate the rent-geared-to-income (RGI) rent scales for social assistance recipients. 	Short- and Medium term (2021-2025) Continued advocacy, as needed.
26	The provincial government to provide increased benefits to households receiving social assistance (i.e. OW/ODSP) at rates that recognize the higher rental costs in major cities.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Request made to the provincial government to eliminate the rent-geared-to-income (RGI) rent scales for social assistance recipients. 	Short-term (2021-2022) Develop advocacy strategy with key stake

oporting Actions

keholders.

HousingTO Implementation Plan



Future Supporting Actions

Explore the development of a City program to enable deferral of development charges to

Explore the development of a new seniors' affordable rental building on City-owned land, including through Toronto Community Housing Corporation revitalization projects.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
а.	Work with the Province and long-term care providers who are required to redevelop their homes to determine the feasibility of converting some of these facilities to affordable and supportive housing.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Ongoing planning for the George Street Revitalization project. This project will create 378 long-term care beds in addition to shelter beds and affordable/supportive housing. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Activate existing non-profit and private los supportive housing for seniors.
30	Create opportunities for formerly homeless seniors to access long-term care that better meets their care needs through:	(see below)		
a.	Create a 16-bed pilot program to test models of service for formerly homeless seniors.	٥	What progress has been made in 2020?Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Short-and Medium- term (2021-2025) Develop work plan to advance the pilot provide th
b.	Develop a 64-bed specialized care unit within the George Street campus for formerly homeless seniors with complex needs.	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? Ongoing planning for the George Street Revitalization project. This project will create 378 long-term care beds in addition to shelter beds and affordable/supportive housing. Developing a program model for a specialized Resident Home Area within the George Street Revitalization project. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Continue the implementation of the Georet Medium-term (2023-2025) Completion of the George Street Revitalization

ong-term care sites and create new affordable and

program.

orge Street Revitalization project.

ization project in 2025.
#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppor
31	Work with seniors' service providers and the Province to address data gaps which will improve co-ordination of services to seniors.	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? Undertaking a review of City services for seniors, to identify opportunities to integrate services and improve access for seniors. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Finalize review of services for seniors and paccess to coordinate services. Ongoing Maintain and continuously improve seniors coordination, and access.
32	The Province to provide the City, seniors serving organizations and support agencies with the necessary resources and programs to assist low-income seniors in rental and ownership housing through support services and home modifications.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Ongoing delivery of Homemakers & Nurses Services, Supportive Housing, and Adult Day programs for seniors living at home. Continued development of an Integrated Service Model for housing with increased supports in Toronto Community Housing's seniors' buildings. 	 Ongoing Continue to deliver, review, and improve How Housing and Adult Day programs. Monitor and evaluate the Integrated Service
33	The Province to work with the City and long-term care providers to expedite the replacement of existing long-term care homes.	K	 What progress has been made in 2020? Funding approved for the redevelopment of 205 existing City long-term care beds and development of 223 new beds for a total of 428 beds at Carefree Lodge. Advanced a staff report to the September meeting of Council to request incentives to support the creating of 303 new affordable, accessible rental homes with supports for seniors at 1250 Markham Road. The project is focused on "aging in place" to help seniors maintain independence through a range of clinical and non-clinical supports. 	Ongoing (2023-2025) • Advance the redevelopment of 1,232 existing

nd provide recommendations to improve seniors'

ors' services delivery model. Address gaps in data,

Homemakers & Nurses Services, Supportive

vice Model.

isting City of Toronto long-term care beds.



the per-diem allocation, so that it covers the full capital cost of building new long- that it covers the full capital cost of building new long-	#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
	34	the current long-term care funding formula, including the per-diem allocation, so that it covers the full capital cost of building new long-	X	 \$1.75 billion province-wide investment announced to create more long-term care beds and redevelop older ones. This includes a per-diem construction funding 	 Continue working with the provincial gover of the remaining City of Toronto long-term Ongoing Continue to advocate for the provincial go

vernment to secure funding for the redevelopment rm care beds, including the addition of new beds.

government to provide increased long-term care



Future Supporting Actions

Further develop work plan to implement relevant recommendations related to tower

Improve the RentSafeTO building evaluation process, including greater alignment with bylaw compliance, the updated weighting of categories, and exploring the potential for new

• Launch a colour-coded apartment building rating system, similar to the City's DineSafe program for eating establishments, based on Council direction and extensive public

Revise and/or develop new RentSafeTO standard operating procedures and staff training

Explore the development of a RentSafeTO pilot project to align enforcement, compliance,

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppor
b.	Continuing to invest \$2.5 million in low-cost financing through the Tower Renewal Program annually to provide low-cost financing to apartment building operators to revitalize aging towers		What progress has been made in 2020? Provided approximately \$800,000 in low-cost financing through the Tower Renewal Program to the operator(s) of two buildings, comprising 74 homes. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Support improvement in six buildings (approxemental Program, including financing offerior Medium-term (2023-2025) Support improvements in nine buildings (approxemental Program, including financing offerior Long-term (2025-2030) Support improvements in 15 buildings (approxemental Program, including financing offerior
C.	Working with public and private sector building owners to implement Toronto's newly launched Green Will Initiative to drive energy efficiency towards net-zero greenhouse gas emissions and improve resilience in buildings across the city.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	Short-term (2021-2022) • Work with key stakeholders to advance the i
d.	Encouraging application of City's back-up power guidelines for existing and new multi-unit residential buildings.	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020?Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop ideas and actions to encourage the for existing and new multi-unit residential but
36	Protect tenants in private rental buildings by:	(see below)		

pproximately 800 units) through the Tower fferings.

s (approximately 1,300 units) through the Tower fferings.

approximately 2,000 units) through the Tower fferings.

the implementation of the Green Will Initiative.

e the application of City's back-up power guidelines al buildings in collaboration with key stakeholders.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
а.	Establishing a Tenant Advisory Council to provide advice and guidance to the City on proactive actions to support residents living in vulnerable circumstances and make recommendations on measures to provide tenant supports.		 What progress has been made in 2020? The City made a submission to the Provincial government on the Bill 184, Protecting Tenants and Strengthening Community Housing Act, 2020 with recommendations on the protection of affordable rental housing; access to justice for tenants and landlords; eviction prevention and compensation; enforcement and oversight; data collection and dissemination; and Landlord & Tenant Board (LTB) administrative improvements. Established an Advisory Committee on the Protection of Affordable Housing, comprised of People with Lived Experience, Tenant Advocacy Groups, and Legal Clinics. A Landlord Group was also created. The City's Customer Experience Transformation and Innovation (CXi) team in partnership with the Housing Secretariat and input from the Advisory Committee on the Protection of Affordable Housing, stakeholders and staff, developed a new tenant portal for the website to highlight tenant rights and responsibilities, tenant-related programs and policies and more. 	 Ongoing Transition the Advisory Committee on the FAdvisory Council. Revise mandate in 2021 and extend the ter Development and implement work plan.
b.	Undertaking a review of the City's rental demolition and replacement Official Plan policy, including implementation approaches and practices including a review of affordability periods and eligibility criteria for new tenants.	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020? • Future action with work to commence in 2023.	 Medium-term (2023-2025) Undertake a review of the Official Plan rentation approaches.

ne Protection of Affordable Housing into a Tenant

term for members.

ental demolition and replacement policy, including

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
C.	Continuing to measure, protect and preserve multi- tenant dwelling homes including security of tenure for their tenants.	Ō	 What progress has been made in 2020? Report planned for the Planning and Housing Committee and Council in November 2020 on recommended zoning bylaw amendments and proposed amendments to the licensing framework for multi-tenant houses, informed by housing as human right principles in the Toronto Housing Charter. Investment of approximately \$10 million in Ontario Priorities Housing Initiative underway to repair over 1,900 beds/units in multi-tenant homes. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Zoning By-law Amendment for multi-tenar Advance and resolve appeals before the L Dwelling Room Replacement policy. Enforce property standards and health and Develop an acquisition strategy for multi-u the City's affordable housing portfolio. Consider a right-of-first-refusal policy to se security of tenure. Develop a database that collects data on se evictions, and asking rent prices for rental
37	The federal and provincial governments to establish a capital repair program dedicated to helping non- profit and co-operative housing providers purchase and address repair issues and building upgrades including making their existing portfolios more accessible and energy- efficient.		 What progress has been made in 2020? The Housing Secretariat worked with the Federation of Canadian Municipalities to help develop the newly created and federally-funded Sustainable Affordable Housing Initiative for capital repair funding support: Through targeted communication, non-profit and co-operative housing providers were encouraged to apply to the Sustainable Affordable Housing Initiative. The City's Environment & Energy Division is offering energy modelling support and advice and letters of support for applicants. 	 Ongoing advocacy and collaboration with other stakeholders for establishment of ca Protecting affordable rental housing owner providers essentially to ensuring deeply af

oporting Actions

- nant housing considered by Council.
- e Local Planning Appeal Tribunal (LPAT) on the
- and safety standards for multi-tenant houses.
- ti-unit dwellings and low-rise apartments as part of
- support the protection of multi-tenant houses and
- n such factors as above-guideline rent increases, tal housing.
- th the federal and provincial governments and capital repair programs.
- ned by non-profit and co-operative housing affordable homes in perpetuity.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
38	The federal and provincial governments to establish a supportive housing building and operating program dedicated to helping non-profit housing and co-operative housing providers acquire or re- purpose existing homes for use as supportive housing for individuals with support needs.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Request sent to both governments in 2020 as part of Council's direction following approval of the HousingTO Plan. Staff supported the Deputy Mayor to set up a Housing & People Action Team to deliver a COVID-19 response to housing & homelessness. This plan requested assistance from the federal and provincial governments to establish an acquisitions fund. Working group established with the non-profit sector to codevelop an Acquisitions Strategy. 	Ongoing • Continue to advocate and work with both on the supply of affordable rental housing the
39	The federal government to support the City's goal of retrofitting and making affordable multi-residential housing more resilient by:	٥	 What progress has been made in 2020? Request sent to both governments in 2020 as part of Council's direction following approval of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Advocacy strategy to be developed in cons City's requests for making multi-residentia federal recovery plans.
a.	Including retrofits which benefit resilience within class 43.2 (Capital Cost Allowances) in the Income Tax Act.	Ō	What progress has been made in 2020?Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Short- and Medium-term (2021-2025) Advocacy strategy to be developed in considerate to Federal government.
b.	Making grants available to fund at least 15% of the capital cost of retrofits that benefit resilience.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Work with the federal government to secure support retrofitting of buildings to support objectives.

th orders of government to increase and protect through acquisitions.

onsultation with key stakeholders to ensure the Itial units more resilient are considered as part of

onsultation with key stakeholders and request to be

cure funding and co-develop programs to ort the federal environmental and climate change

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
C.	Allocating funding to pilot demonstration projects to advance industry capacity for retrofits that benefit resilience.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Work with the federal government to see support retrofitting of buildings to support objectives.
d.	Allocating funding to portfolio-scale agreements for retrofits that benefit resilience and support the needs of groups of buildings.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Work with the federal government to sec support retrofitting of buildings to suppor objectives.
e.	Developing a funding approach for retrofits that benefit resilience in a way that meets the needs of large cities, including Toronto.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Work with the federal government to sec support retrofitting of buildings to suppor objectives.
40	The Provincial government to support the City's goal of retrofitting and making its affordable multi-residential housing more resilient and:	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Advocacy strategy to be developed in co City's requests for making multi-resident provincial recovery plans. Implement plan with provincial support.
a.	Make a minimum of 15% of the costs of retrofits that benefit resilience eligible for grants from the planned emission reduction fund using the planned Ontario Carbon Trust or other mechanisms.	×	 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Short-and Medium-term (2021-2025) Advocacy strategy to be developed in co provincial support. Assist province with initiative.

oporting Actions

cure funding and co-develop programs to ort the federal environmental and climate change

cure funding and co-develop programs to ort the federal environmental and climate change

cure funding and co-develop programs to ort the federal environmental and climate change

onsultation with key stakeholders to ensure the tial units more resilient are considered as part

onsultation with key stakeholders to request

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
b.	Exempt or delay retrofits that benefit resilience from being subject to property tax increases.	Ō	 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Ongoing Advocacy strategy to be developed in co provincial support. Assist province with initiative.
C.	Update the Building Code to address resilience in apartment buildings as part of the planned modernization of the Building Code described in the Made in Ontario Environmental Plan.	Ö	 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021 and continue for duration of plan. 	 Short- and Medium-term (2021-2025) Advocacy strategy to be developed in co provincial support. Assist province with initiative.

onsultation with key stakeholders to request

onsultation with key stakeholders to request

Key Strategic Action #8: Support Toronto Community Housing Corporation and its Residents



Future Supporting Actions

• TCHC will continue to implement its 10-Year Capital Plan which requires support from all

• TCHC will continue to implement its 10-Year Capital Plan which requires support from all

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
42	Continue revitalization of identified TCHC		What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	communities in partnership with TCHC and CreateTO.		 As part of the revitalization of TCHC communities and to augment development plans, a Social Development Plan 	 Continue implementation of the Social De and Lawrence Heights.
			is required to guide the social development of revitalized communities and promote social inclusion. In 2020, the	• Advance the transfer of over 700 TCHC so
			City invested:	Ongoing
			 \$500,000 in the Regent Park Social Development Plan. 	 Explore public and private investment opp communities.
		Plan.		 Monitor and evaluate the Social Developm Lawrence Heights, Alex Park, and 250 Day
			 \$75,000 in the Lawrence Heights Social Development Plan. 	
			 The City approved the Don Summerville revitalization project, which will create 766 new residential units, including 120 replacement social housing units plus 100 net new affordable rental homes. 	
single-fami sector. Will	 Issued a RFP and evaluated submissions to transfer 600 single-family homes from TCHC to the non-profit housing sector. Will submit a report to Council in October 2020 to obtain final approvals for this transfer. 			
43	The provincial government		What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	share or \$1.34 billion in capital funding to address TCHC's capital repair backlog.	 Re-iterated request to the provincial government through the HousingTO Plan to support their one-third share of TCHC capital repair Re-iterated request to the provincial government through the HousingTO Plan to support their one-third share of TCHC capital repair backlog. 	 Advocate for the provincial government to capital funding to address TCHC's capital 	

Development Plans in Regent Park, Alexandra Park,

scattered units to non-profit housing providers.

opportunities for the revitalization of TCHC

pment Plans for the revitalization of Regent Park, Davenport communities.

t to contribute a one-third share or \$1.34 billion in tal repair backlog.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
44	The federal and provincial governments to partner in the revitalization of TCHC communities by providing financial support	×	 What progress has been made in 2020? Requested both federal and provincial governments, through the HousingTO Plan, to support TCHC revitalization program. 	 Ongoing Advocacy strategy to be developed in con financial support required to add new affor revitalization projects.
	for the addition of new affordable rental homes in projects where land value is not sufficient to cover development costs.			 Work to continue with TCHC, the City, and support TCHC revitalization program and the city.

pporting Actions

consultation with key stakeholders to secure affordable and market rental homes as part of TCHC

and the federal and provincial governments to nd improve the lives of low-income resident across



HousingTO Implementation Plan

Future Supporting Actions

residential dwelling units within existing buildings, increasing permissions for other forms of low-rise housing in areas designated as Neighbourhoods, along major streets, and allowing garden suites, coach houses, through-lot suites, and other forms of additional

Continue to roll out and expand the Housing Now Initiative to create mixed-income, mixed-

Continue with planning studies with integrated community development and inclusive economic development components in Jane-Finch, Dundas and Sherbourne and Golden

• Complete studies needed to advance permissions or facilitate development and advance

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo	
46	The federal and provincial governments to provide	×	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing	
	financial support to create additional affordable			 Requested both federal and provincial governments, through the HousingTO 2020-2030 Plan, to invest in new affordable rental housing across the city. 	 Advocacy strategy to be developed in cons financial support required to increase the s
	rental homes in new developments.	anordable rental housing across the city.	 Work with the federal and provincial governing increase the supply of purpose-built rental 		

porting Actions

onsultation with key stakeholders to secure le supply of purpose-built rental housing.

vernments to help plan and deliver programs to tal housing in all neighbourhoods across the city.



Future Supporting Actions

- Explore new City program to incentivize development of purpose-built rental housing in all

Consider the development of template building plans for laneway and/or prefabricated

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
с. 48	Continue to ensure all new housing is built to be resilient to climate change and energy efficient through the Toronto Green Standard. Establish a 40,000 Land		 What progress has been made in 2020? Toronto Green Standard to be applied to new Housing Now sites offered on the market in 2020 (50 Wilson Heights Blvd. and 777 Victoria Park Avenue). 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Work with key stakeholders to ensure conhousing built. Continue to implement the Toronto Green other City programs.
	Banking Partnership Initiative and:	(see below)		
a.	Work with other orders of government, private and non-profit partners to identify and set aside lands appropriate for approving 40,000 affordable rental homes.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Overseeing 66 affordable housing projects representing 8,686 affordable rental homes, 1,177 of which are under construction in 2020. Proposed breakdown of the 40,000 affordable and supportive homes approvals reflecting a human rights-based approach and to provide transparency on who will benefit from housing investments. The Concept 2 Keys team began work to transform the City's development review process. The aim is to increase efficiencies and consistency in the review of applications, improve customer service and reduce approval timelines. Ultimately, this will help get new affordable homes built quicker. 	 Ongoing Develop partnerships with faith-based, he development of their land. Develop City acquisitions strategy to purce Work with City agencies and corporations to include affordable rental housing. Activate sites to increase affordable rental

ompliance with Toronto Green Standard in all new

en Standard through Housing Now, Open Door and

nospitals and non-profit organizations for

rchase land for future development.

ns to plan future redevelopment of City-owned land

tal housing opportunities.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
b.	Continue and expand the		What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	Housing Now Initiative to identify additional City- owned sites to create	0	 Identified six (6) new sites for the Housing Now Initiative including up to 620 new affordable rental units, bringing the total number of affordable rental homes approved on 	CreateTO.
	mixed-income communities.		City-owned sites to 4,520.	 CreateTO. Add new City-owned sites to Housing Nov Implement plan to create mixed-income, right Ongoing Work to continue with TCHC, the City, and support TCHC revitalization program and the city.
			 Worked with CreateTO to collect feedback from Phase 1 of the Housing Now Initiative to inform future phases. 	
			 Worked with CreateTO to develop a portfolio delivery plan including timing and investment requirement for the program. 	 Identify supportive housing opportunities i CreateTO. Add new City-owned sites to Housing Now Implement plan to create mixed-income, m city. Ongoing Work to continue with TCHC, the City, and is support TCHC revitalization program and it the city. Ongoing Continue to explore co-location opportunit redevelopment of City facilities. Implement development plans and add net Short-term (2021-2022) Work with key stakeholders to establish a factories of the stablish a factories of the stable of the stablish a factories of the stable of
C.	Continue implementing	R	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	Toronto Community Housing Corporation revitalizations and new infill development opportunities to create mixed-income communities including net new purpose-built rental and affordable rental housing.		 Approval of Don Summerville revitalization project which will create 766 new residential units including 120 replacement social housing units plus 100 net new affordable rental homes. 	support TCHC revitalization program and i
d.	Facilitate and plan for co-	R	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	location opportunities with other City facilities such as new libraries and civic centres.	• Worked with CreateTO to identify co-location of af	Worked with oreater o to identify oo location of anorable	
				Implement development plans and add ne
e.	Establish and implement a		What progress has been made in 2020?	Short-term (2021-2022)
	framework for the strategic acquisition of land for city building purposes including for affordable housing.	 Early discussions with CreateTO and stakeholders mg purposes including Early discussions with CreateTO and stakeholders with development of requirements and principles for 	with development of requirements and principles for	 Work with key stakeholders to establish a for city building purposes including for affe

es including small sites, in collaboration with

ow pipelines.

e, mixed-use, complete communities across the

nd the federal and provincial governments to nd improve the lives of low-income resident across

nities to include affordable housing in the

new affordable housing supply.

a framework for the strategic acquisition of land affordable housing.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
f.	Enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with faith- based groups to identify surplus land for affordable housing.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Early discussions with some faith-based organizations and currently discussion future partnership model. Established a working group with the non-profit sector to co-develop an Acquisition Strategy. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Explore a Memorandum of Understandin surplus land for affordable rental and sup United Church as a pilot project.
g.	Work with the Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness and other partners to identify sites suitable for intensification for supportive and affordable housing.	Ö	 What progress has been made in 2020? Developing a supportive housing plan with health partners to activate their land for the development of an integrated health and housing model. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Support the Toronto Alliance to End Horridentify opportunities to increase the support
h.	Facilitate partnerships with Toronto Developmental Services Alliance to create appropriate housing opportunities for people with developmental disabilities.	Ö	 What progress has been made in 2020? Future action with work to commence in 2021. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop a work plan in partnership with facilitate access to new affordable and s
49	Support non-profit and private organizations to create new affordable rental and supportive homes and:	(see below)	 What progress has been made in 2020? New non-profit housing to be supported through Open Door program; annual proposal call to be issued in September. Established a working group with non-profits to create an Affordable Housing Development strategy. 	 Ongoing Work with the non-profit and co-op sector intensification in response to the expiry of work with non-profit and co-op sector to residents and increase the supply of new sector to resident of the supply of the

ng with faith-based organizations to activate their upportive housing development with St. Luke's

melessness in their asset mapping project to pply of affordable and supportive housing.

Toronto Developmental Services Alliance to supportive homes

or to identify further opportunities for of operating agreements and leases.

o redevelop sites to improve condition of homes for w affordable housing.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
a.	Extend the Open Door Affordable Housing Program to 2030 to provide for waiver of fees, charges and property tax exemptions for 20,000 approved affordable rental and supportive housing projects.		 What progress has been made in 2020? 2020 Open Door Call for Applications to be issued in Fall 2020 with new measures to prioritize non-profit housing applications, applications proposing lower rents and longer affordability periods. 	Ongoing Continue to implement the Open Door Affordable rental housing being developed
b.	Create a new approvals stream through the Open Door Affordable Housing Program that prioritizes suitable applications from and incentives to non- profit and co-op housing providers, including faith- based organizations, to deliver increased affordable and supportive housing outcomes.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Completed value for money analysis of past two years of the program. Internal work ongoing to assess possible resource implications of creating a new approval stream. 	Short-term (2021-2022) Update program measures in consultation applications by non-profit, co-ops, and mutications
50	Create 1,000 modular supportive housing opportunities for homeless individuals and chronic shelter users by 2030.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Approved 250 modular supportive homes to be developed on City-owned sites with funding from the City and the federal government (through the Affordable Housing Innovation Fund). Advocated to federal and provincial governments to support the City's 24-month housing plan which proposes to accelerate government investments including 1,000 new modular supportive homes over the next 24 months as an urgent recovery response to COVID-19 pandemic. 	 Ongoing Continued advocacy with the federal and p HousingTO targets for modular housing. Work with the Toronto Alliance to End Hon implementation plan. Implement and increase the supply of period

Affordable Housing Program to support new ed by both the private and non-profit sectors.

ion with key stakeholders to prioritize Open Door nulti-faith organization .

d provincial governments to support the J.

lomelessness and other partners to develop

ermanent housing across the city.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
51	Commission a study in 2020 to develop options for third-party housing funds to supplement existing government funding programs.	Ö	What progress has been made in 2020?Future action with work to commence in 2021.	 Short-term (2021-2022) Commission a study to develop options f existing government funding programs.
52	Review options for a revised definition of affordable housing based on 30% of household gross income, consistent with the federal definition of affordable housing, in the delivery of new affordable housing.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Proposed a revised income-based definition of affordable rental housing for public and stakeholder consultation. Begin stakeholder engagement on new definition. 	Short-term (2021-2022) • Obtain Council approval on the revised de
53	Implement Inclusionary Zoning to ensure new housing opportunities are targeted to low and moderate-income households, and affordability is provided long-term.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Proposed policy and zoning changes to implement Inclusionary Zoning for public and stakeholder consultation. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Obtain Council approval on Inclusionary 2 Implement Inclusionary Zoning in Protect
54	The federal and provincial governments to provide preferential tax incentives for market and affordable rental housing development.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Requested the federal and provincial governments to support action as part of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Action Plan. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Continued advocacy to the federal and pressure of the federal and pressur

for third-party housing funds to supplement

definition of affordable housing.

Zoning policy and Zoning By-law.

cted Major Transit Station Areas.

provincial governments.

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
55	The federal and provincial governments to publicly identify and dedicate surplus lands in Toronto for the development of affordable and supportive housing.	K	 What progress has been made in 2020? City Council as part of adopting the second phase of the Housing Now Initiative requested the Federal Government to dedicate surplus lands in Toronto to be utilized for increasing the supply of affordable and purpose-built rental housing. 	 Continue to advocate for and work with the and development surplus lands to increase housing across the city.
56	The federal and provincial governments to commit to a multi-year capital and operating investment plan that supports the City and non-profit, and private housing providers in achieving 20,000 new affordable rental and supportive housing approvals.	K	What progress has been made in 2020? • Requested both federal and provincial governments to support delivery of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Plan and contribute their share of funding to increase the supply of new affordable rental housing.	Ongoing • Continue to advocate to the federal and pro- a share of investments under the National proportionate to the specific needs of residents

the federal and provincial governments to allocate ase the supply of new affordable and support

provincial governments for Toronto to receive nal Housing Strategy that is reflective of and esidents in the city.





130

Future Supporting Actions

An anticipated 244 program-funded affordable ownership homes, approved in prior years,

• Complete an anticipated 469 new program-funded affordable ownership homes, approved

Continue to explore ways to incentivize homeowners to create and rent secondary suites

Subject to Council approval, design program, implement, administer and report on results.

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
61	Continue to support low- income seniors and persons with disabilities through providing property tax relief for qualifying residents.	×	 What progress has been made in 2020? Extension of the deadline to apply for the Property Tax, Water & Solid Waste Relief Program for low-income seniors and people with disabilities moved to October 30, 2020 in response to COVID-19. 	Ongoing Continue to implement program over term housing stability.
62	Continue and expand existing programs to support residents to make improvements to their homes such as the HELP program and Basement Flooding Subsidy program.	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? On track to assist 22 households through the Home Energy Loan Program, disbursing approximately \$700,000 in loans. Applied to the Federation of Canadian Municipalities to receive four-year funding under the Community Efficiency Financing program to recapitalize the Home Energy Loan Program. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Refine the Home Energy Loan Program to organizations that home vulnerable, low-in Ongoing Continue providing a range of financial assessing provements to their homes, including his
63	The federal and provincial governments to extend the financial incentives that help low-income households to make required life safety repairs, accessibility modifications and energy retrofits.	×	 What progress has been made in 2020? Requested both federal and provincial governments to support delivery of the HousingTO Plan which includes this action. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop advocacy strategy with key stakel governments to extend the financial incent improvements to their homes. Ongoing Continue to implement program over duration Continue to implement program over duration
64	The federal and provincial governments to provide financial incentives to homeowners to maintain, create and make their secondary suites code- compliant (where required) for use as long-term rental homes.	0	 What progress has been made in 2020? Requested both federal and provincial governments to support delivery of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Plan which includes this action. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop advocacy strategy with key stakel governments to provide financial incentive their secondary suites code-compliant (whether the secondary suites code-compliant)

rm of plan to help vulnerable residents maintain

to support deeper retrofit projects and *i*-income residents.

assistance and incentives to homeowners to make high quality retrofits.

keholders to encourage federal and provincial entives for low-income households to make

uration of HousingTO plan.

keholders to encourage federal and provincial ives to homeowners to maintain, create and make (where required) for use as long-term rental homes.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
65	The federal government to address barriers that prevent take up of municipal energy loan programs for those with default-insured mortgages, including by directing Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation to provide guarantees for Local Improvement Charge financing programs.	(What progress has been made in 2020? • Requested both federal and provincial governments to support delivery of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Plan which includes this action.	Short-term (2021-2022) Develop advocacy strategy with key stake address barriers that prevent take up of n default-insured mortgages.
66	The provincial government to provide tax policy options to support homeowners in adopting measures to protect their homes against extreme weather events, such as ice and wind storms and home flooding as outlined in the Made in Ontario Environment Plan.	(What progress has been made in 2020? Requested both federal and provincial governments to support delivery of the HousingTO 2020-2030 Plan which includes this action. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Develop advocacy strategy with key stake to provide tax policy options to support he homes against extreme weather events, s as outlined in the Made in Ontario Enviror

akeholders to encourage the federal government to f municipal energy loan programs for those with

akeholders to encourage the provincial government t homeowners in adopting measures to protect their s, such as ice and wind storms and home flooding ronment Plan.



#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Supp
C.	Support and consider innovative housing and	(R)	What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing
	homelessness practices.		 Obtained Council approval and implemented the Toronto Modular Housing Initiative with first 100 permanent supportive housing units to open in Fall 2020. In implementing the Modular Housing Initiative, worked with Toronto Alliance to End Homelessness and healthcare partners to develop an integrated service model combining resources from various partners/programs. This fully integrated support service model will ensure that both clinical and non-clinical support services are provided onsite for residents – and to ensure the success of the program. 	 Continue to advocate to the federal and p operation of supportive housing. Continue to work community and healthc to future sites.
68	68 Report to Council and the public annually on the progress toward targets and:		 What progress has been made in 2020? To streamline and improve the delivery of the HousingTO Plan, a RFP was issued to retain a consultant to review the City's current housing delivery framework from an organizational structure perspective. The findings and recommendations of this review will be used to inform staff recommendations for Council consideration as part of the 2021 operating budget process. 	 Ongoing: Annual reporting on the progress made to provincial governments, and any proposed macro-environmental factors, as well as one of the provincial sectors.
		with City divisions to set an accountability framework	outlining roles and responsibilities for internal and external partners. The Plan also includes actions for the next 10 years and outcomes and measures to monitor the	
			 A staff report outlining the recommended framework for establishing the Housing Commissioner role/function will be presented to Committee and Council for consideration later this year. 	

provincial governments to support the delivery and

hcare partners to refine, improve and expand model

e to-date; funding secured from federal and used changes to the implementation plan reflecting as changing priorities and available resources.

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Sup
a.	Provide an interim report in 2025 outlining 5-year progress in implementing the plan, an evaluation of actions and priority setting for 2025-2030.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Implementation Plan developed and presented to Council for approval. Various actions ongoing or planned to begin in 2020 to support implementation. 	Ongoing: Implementation of HousingTO will contin 5-year review and recommendations to C
b.	Provide a final report in 2030 along with a new 10- year housing plan.		 What progress has been made in 2020? Implementation Plan developed and presented to Council for approval with targets and measures to monitor all actions in the HousingTO Plan. 	 Ongoing: Implementation of HousingTO will contint the Plan, with annual interim report to Content
69	The federal and provincial governments continue to measure the results of their investments in Toronto and monitor and report regularly on the state of Toronto's housing market.	R	 What progress has been made in 2020? Statistics Canada has rolled out its National Housing Statistics Program. The Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation is now collecting more information on housing through the National Household Survey. Together, these data sets will provide greater insight into the state of Toronto's housing market. 	 Ongoing: The City will continue to advocate to the implementation of HousingTO Plan. The City will continue to share information the impact of their investments in Toront

inue to be monitored and assessed to improve Council.

nue to be monitored and assessed over duration of ouncil.

e federal and provincial governments to support

on with both orders of government and highlight nto.



Future Supporting Actions

Formal tables to reconvene to ensure collaboration and information sharing to support

Federal and provincial partners to be invited to annual meetings in an effort to discuss

HousingTO Implementation Plan

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
d.	Develop a regional housing strategy that facilitates the mobility of people and their housing benefits across the region; addresses housing affordability in the Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area (GTHA); and addresses the shortage of supportive housing, long-term care and other housing types in the region.		What progress has been made in 2020? • Future action with work to begin in 2021.	Short-term (2021-2022) • Work with key stakeholders to develop a w
e.	Enter into a Memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the Toronto Region Board of Trade to share housing data and collaborate on housing issues.	Ō	 What progress has been made in 2020? Discussions with Toronto Board of Trade and City Divisions started in 2020. 	Short-term (2021-2022) • Finalize the MOU with the Toronto Region
71	Support marginalized groups to develop their own appropriate response to their housing needs and challenges and:	×	 What progress has been made in 2020? Continued engagement with people with lived experience through various City tables including the Advisory Committee for the Protection of Affordable Housing. 	 Short-term (2021-2022) Work with marginalize groups to develop housing needs.

a work plan for a regional housing strategy.

on Board of Trade.

o housing solutions appropriate for specific



#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo	
a.	Include and engage persons with lived experience in developing the HousingTO	R	What progress has been made in 2020?Advisory Committee on the Protection of Affordable	OngoingContinue to engage persons with lived exp	
	implementation plan.		Housing, comprised of People with Lived Experience created and met to develop recommendations to the City and other orders of government in several matters including illegitimate evictions, and unsafe building conditions. This work has been used to inform development of the Implementation Plan	Plan throughout duration of the plan.	
			 Members of the External Advisory Committee with lived experience also engaged on Implementation Plan. 		
72	Engage the business and non-profit community in identifying innovative solutions to challenges across the housing spectrum.		What progress has been made in 2020?	Ongoing	
			 Continued engagement with non-profit community partners and seek their advice and input to help advance various City housing programs including Housing Now and the Toronto Modular Housing Initiative. 	 Continue to engage the non-profit commu- implementation of the HousingTO Plan. 	
73	The federal and provincial governments to establish a housing policy and program coordination group to ensure effective delivery of current and future government investments and interventions.		 What progress has been made in 2020? In response to COVID-19, City staff focused intergovernmental efforts on resolving operational issues such as the need to quickly expand the shelter system and manage inflows (such as from provincial institutions), as well as longer term recovery including the need to quickly accelerate modular housing. 	Short-term (2021-2022)	
				• The City, through the Intergovernmental W	
				Expanding the urgent delivery of theEstablishing dedicated funding for a	
				 Establishing an Acquisitions and Ren 	
		 Developed the Housing and People Action Plan, as the basis of the City's intergovernmental requested partnership on housing and homeless as it relates to COVID-19 response and recovery. 	 Considering Right of First Refusal Au 		
			 The City has initiated a request for an all-government working group to form, with a focus on housing & homelessness. This includes avoiding discharging Torontonians into homelessness from hospitals, correctional facilities and foster care. 		

experience in the implementation of the HousingTO

nunity and seek their input and advice in the

Working Group, to continue advocating for:

- ne Canada Housing Benefit
- a Modular Rental Housing Program
- enovations/Conversions Fund
- Authority/Approach for Strategic Acquisitions

#	Actions	Progress Status	Progress To-Date	Future Suppo
74	The federal government to commit funding a National Housing Strategy beyond March 2027, which provides long-term sustainable funding for affordable housing development, supportive housing and housing repair and retrofits.	K	 What progress has been made in 2020? In 2019, CMHC extended the Rental Construction Financing Initiative (RCFI) to 2027-2028. The federal government provided funding directly to women's shelters and programs for domestic violence (approximately \$21 million under the Reaching Home program to the City of Toronto), as well \$18.75 million in grants and loans to the City to help fund 250 permanent modular supportive housing units. 	 Ongoing Continue advocating for: Accelerated and expanded funding for Housing Strategy including housing for Operating Funding to Create Supportion Increased investments in housing retrieved
75	The provincial government to make long-term sustainable investments in affordable and supportive housing, long-term care and support services.		 What progress has been made in 2020? The Province of Ontario put a temporary moratorium on residential evictions, advanced the roll-out of the Canada- Ontario Housing Benefit, and provided \$39.2 million to the City under the Social Services Relief Fund (SSRF) (distributed via the Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI)) of which 20% flows through the City to community agencies (\$7.9 million). The Province has also committed a further \$118 million to the City under a subsequent phase of funding through the SSRF. 	 Ongoing Continue advocating for: Accelerated and expanded funding for Housing Strategy including housing for Operating Funding to Create Supportion Increased investments in housing retrieved
76	The federal and provincial governments to work with the City of Toronto and its regional partners to address housing availability and affordability challenges faced by residents in the GTHA.	K	 What progress has been made in 2020? Ongoing discussions with the federal and provincial governments throughout 2020 to address immediate COVID-19 induced housing challenges. New COVID-19 investments received by Toronto and other municipalities in the GTHA to support efforts. As part of recovery planning, municipalities continue to request the federal and provincial governments to accelerate investments in permanent housing to expedite recovery from COVID-19, improve outcomes for people and reduce costs for governments. 	Ongoing • All orders of government to continue to tak increasing the supply of new affordable ho challenges faced by residents.

for new affordable Homes under the National g for Indigenous peoples by Indigenous peoples.

ortive Housing.

retrofit programs.

for new affordable Homes under the National g for Indigenous peoples by Indigenous peoples.

ortive Housing.

retrofit programs.

take measures and direct investments towards housing and addressing housing instability