Appendix J

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

CABBAGETOWN

BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2019 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario May 17, 2021 Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS	20.242	E0 004
Cash Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable	90,113 110,997	56,031 40,940
City of Toronto - Levy (Note 4) Other	18,237 28,764	9,681 17,995
	248,111	124,647
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities City of Toronto		
Other	13,295	7,204
	13,295	7,204
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	234,816	117,443
Non-Financial Assets Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5)	575	7,370
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	235,391	124,813

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

Treasurer

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$ Budget (Note 10)	2020 \$ Actual	2019 \$ Actual
REVENUE		*	
Levy Festival and sponsorship Grants,interest and other	306,310 71,000 39,200 416,510	306,310 12,942 22,092 341,344	228,230 58,199 20,153 306,582
EXPENSES			
Administration Promotion, advertising & Cabbagetown Festival Maintenance Capital (Note 8) Amortization Provision for uncollected levy (Note 4)	120,480 144,410 75,000 56,000 - 20,620 416,510	106,595 52,458 52,854 - 6,795 12,064 230,766	109,289 125,587 47,564 - 6,795 6,191 295,426
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		110,578	11,158
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	124,813	124,813	113,657
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	124,813	235,391	124,813

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	110,578	11,156
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	6,795	6,795
	447.070	47.054
	117,373	17,951
Balance - Beginning of year	117,443	99,492
Balance - End of year	234,816	117,443

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$	
Cash flows from operating activities Surplus (deficit) for the year	110,578	11,156	
outplus (deficit) for the year	110,570	11,100	
Non-cash changes to operations Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets	6,795	6,795	
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	0,700	0,700	
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	(8,556)	(8,281)	
Accounts receivable – other	(10,769)	(12,401)	
Accounts payable - City of Toronto	-	(2,879)	
Accounts payable – other	6,091	2,328	
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operations	104,139	(3,282)	
Investing activities			
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	_	
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(70,057)	(3,372)	
Cash, Beginning of Year	56,031	62,685	
Cash, End of Year	90,113	56,031	

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Cabbagetown Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by levy from property owners of the BIA based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives levy from its members which is collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Street Signs

5 years

Planters

5 years

Parkettes

5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates; as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates with the TD Canada Trust and Meridian Credit Union. These investments bear interest at the rate ranging from 0.4% to 1.2% per annum and will be maturing in 2021.

4. CITY OF TORONTO - LEVY

The City collects levy from BIA members and remits the amount collected to the Board. The total levy outstanding consists of amounts collected by the City but not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records levy receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The levy receivable from the City of Toronto is comprised of:

	2020	2019
	. \$. \$
Total levy outstanding	31,337	33,081
Less: Allowance for uncollected levy	(13,100)	(23,400)
Levy receivable	18,237	9,681

The provision for uncollected levy reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

	2020	2019	
	\$	\$	
Levy written-off	22,364	6,391	
Change in allowance for uncollected levy	(10,300)	(200)	
	12,064	6,191	

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

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	Parkettes	Planters	Street Signs	Total	
Cost			·		
Beginning	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025	
Additions					
Disposals					
Ending	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025	
Accumulated Amortizatio	n .				
Beginning	24,880	1,725	6,050	32,655	
Amortization	6,220	575		6,795	
Disposals					
Ending	31,100	2,300	6,050	39,450	
Net Book Value	<u>-</u>	575	• •	575	

2019

	Parkettes	Planters	Street Signs	Total
Cost				
Beginning	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Additions	-	_	. —	_
Disposals	<u>-</u>			• =
Ending	31,100	2,875	6,050	40,025
Accumulated Amortization				-
Beginning	18,660	1,150	6,050	25,860
Amortization	6,220	575	-	6,795
Disposals	_	: . <u>-</u>	-	-
Ending	24,880	1,725	6,050	32,655
Net Book Value	6,220	1,150	- -	7,370

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE CABBAGETOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. COMMITMENTS

The Board is committed to annual rent payments for office space as follows:

2021		\$10,230
	•	\$10,230

10. BUDGET

Budget figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.