# **Appendix AJ**

# THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

# **DECEMBER 31, 2020**

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CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for the LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS Business Improvement Area

#### **Opinion**

I have audited the financial statements of LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

RAFIQ DOSANI, B. Comm., CPA, CA.	
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT	

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

Toronto, Ontario April 7, 2021

## THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash		573,842	427,280
Accounts receivable			
City of Toronto (Note 3)		19,543	36,435
Other		10,174	12,942
		603,559	476,657
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT			
Accounts payable and accrue	ed liabilities		
City of Toronto		-	-
Other		2,990	3,729
		2,990	3,729
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		600,569	472,928
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			

Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	,	11,825	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		612,394	472,928

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

carlos Dornelas, RPALFMA Treasurer

Chair

# THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$ Budget (Note 8)	2020 \$ Actual	2019 \$ Actual
Revenue			
City of Toronto – special charges Investment Income Grants, festivals and other	326,929 6,000 173,500 506,429	324,517 6,137 78,900 409,554	323,408 4,861 164,008 492,277
Expenses			
Administration Promotion and Marketing Maintenance Capital (Note 5) Amortization Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special charges (Note 3)	106,944 292,700 110,700 57,500 - (3,815) 564,029	82,221 89,139 83,350 - 4,713 10,665 270,088	53,518 275,463 82,056 - - (2,711) 408,326
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(57,600)	139,466	83,951
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	472,928	472,928	388,977
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	415,328	612,394	472,928

# THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		•	
		2020 \$	2019 \$
Surplus for the year		139,466	83,951
Acquisition of tangible capital	lassets	(16,538)	
Amortization of tangible capit	al assets	4,713	
		127,641	83,951
Balance - Beginning of year		472,928	388,977
Balance - End of year		600,569	472,928

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# THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating transactions		· . ·
Surplus for the year	139,466	83,951
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	4,713	-
Accounts receivable – City of Toronto	16,892	(1,361)
Accounts receivable – Other	2,768	978
Accounts payable – City of Toronto	(700)	-
Accounts payable - Other	(739)	(1,107)
Cash Provided By Operations	163,100	82,461
		02,101
Investing Astivities		
Investing Activities Purchase of tangible capital assets	(16,538)	
Increase in Short-term investments	(10,550)	-
Cash, Beginning Of Year	427,280	344,819
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Cash, End Of Year	573,842	427,280
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### THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### **1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS**

The Little Portugal on Dundas Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

#### **Revenue recognition:**

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

#### Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

#### Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Street signage	5 years
Flags and banners	3 years
Streetscape	5 years

#### **Contributed services:**

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### **Financial instruments:**

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

### THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

#### 3. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	27,043	48,135
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(7,500)	(11,700)
Special charges receivable	19,543	36,435

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Special charges written-off	14,865	2,389
Change in provision for assessment appeals	(4,200)	(5,100)
	10,665	(2,711)

### THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE LITTLE PORTUGAL ON DUNDAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### 4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2020		
	Flags and Banners	Street scape	Total
Cost		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Beginning	-	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Additions	10,538	6,000	16,538
Disposals		- -	-
Ending	10,538	6,000	16,538
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	-		-
Amortization	3,513	1,200	4,713
Disposals	-	- '	-
Ending	3,513	1,200	4,713
Net Book Value	7,025	4,800	11,825

#### 5. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as operating surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus

#### 6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability & property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence/accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

#### 8. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.