Appendix AU

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for the Roncesvalles Village Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Roncesvalles Village Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards (CAS) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario April 3, 2021 Chartered Professional Accountant
Licensed Public Accountant

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

	202 0 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		•
Cash	171,650	174,293
Short-term investment (Note 10) Accounts receivable	70,015	70,015
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 3)	20,627	30,661
Other	48,769	46,611
	311,061	321,580
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	•	
Other	58,114	25,045
	58,114	25,045
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	252,947	296,535
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	1,918	2,877
Accumulated Surplus	254,865	299,412

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

Treasurer

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Revenue	2020 \$ Budget (Note 8)	2020 \$ Actual	2019 \$ Actual
City of Toronto – special charges Grant, Festival and other Revenue	323,910 38,250 362,160	324,055 72,631 396,686	318,415 330,348 648,763
EXPENSES			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance Capital (Note 7) Amortization Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special charges (Note 3)	137,238 337,700 79,916 60,750 - 4,089 619,693	174,128 183,590 68,287 959 14,269 441,233	148,713 354,384 63,399 3,453 959 (2,842) 568,066
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(257,533)	(44,547)	80,697
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	299,412	299,412	218,715
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	41,879	254,865	299,412

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(44,547)	80,697
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	959	959
	(43,588)	81,656
Balance - Beginning of year	296,535	214,879
Balance - End of year	252,947	296,535

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating act	ivities		
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		(44,547)	80,697
Non-cash changes to operatio	ns		•
Add: Non-cash item Amortization		959	959
Increase (decrease) resulting fro		40.004	(= 40=)
Accounts receivable - City		10,034	(7,127)
Accounts receivable – othe		(2,158)	(12,197)
Accounts payable - City of	I oronto	-	(400)
Accounts payable – other		33,069	(108)
Cash Provided By (Used In) O	perations	(2,643)	62,224
Investing activities			(=0.04=)
(Increase) decrease in shor	t-term investment		(70,015)
Cash, Beginning Of Year		174,293	182,084
- -			
Cash, End Of Year		171,650	174,293
•			

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Roncesvalles Village Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Banners 3 years Streetscape 5 years Hanging Flower Baskets 5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Total special charges outstanding Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	28,227 (7,600)	37,461 (6,800)
Special charges receivable	20,627	30,661

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Special charges written-off	13,469	(842)
Change in provision for uncollected levies	800	(2,000)
	14,269	(2,842)

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2020	
	Street Furniture	Total
Cost		
Beginning	4,795	4,795
Additions		-
Disposals	-	<u>.</u>
Ending	4,795	4,795
Accumulated Amortizat	ion	
Beginning	1,918	1,918
Amortization	959	959
Disposals	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ending	2,877	2,877
Net Book Value	1,918	1,918

	2019	
	Street Furniture	Total
Cost		
Beginning	<u>-</u>	÷
Additions	4,795	4,795
Disposals		-
Ending	4,795	4,795
Accumulated Amortization		
Beginning	959	959
Amortization	959	959
Disposals		-
Ending	1,918	1,918
Net Book Value	2,877	2,877

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE RONCESVALLES VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values.

7. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as operating surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

8. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

9. COMMITMENTS

The Board, in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The Projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. As at December 31, 2020, the Board in conjunction with the City was committed to capital improvement projects amounting to \$84,078 of which the Board's share was \$42,039 (2019 - \$nil).

10. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT

Short-term investment consists of a cashable guaranteed investment certificate with the Credit Union. This investment bears interest at the rate of 0.36% per annum and will be maturing in 2021.