FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

DECEMBER 31, 2021

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Rosenswig McRae Thorpe LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Associated worldwide with CPA Associates International, Inc

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Michael Rosenswig Jeff McRae Tony Rosso Lorraine Varga Michelle Koscec Dustin Jainaraine

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Directors for the Toronto Downtown West Business Improvement Area:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Toronto Downtown West Business Improvement Area ("the BIA"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and the statements of operations, net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2021 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing these financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada May 9, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Rosenswig McRae Thorpe LLP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	2021	<u>2020</u>
Cash Investments (Note 3)	\$ 3,643,608 2,778,410	\$ 2,775,845 2,986,818
Accounts receivable		
City of Toronto - special charges (Note 4) Other (Note 5)	475,690 <u>527,196</u>	260,439 136,291
other (Note 3)		
	7,424,904	6,159,393
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto Other	706 117,547	4,826 97,456
Deferred revenue	25,000	25,000
	143,253	127,282
Net financial assets	_7,281,651	6,032,111
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS	,	
Description of the second		12.002
Prepaid expenses Tangible capital assets (Note 6)	335,682	12,992 <u>378,371</u>
	335,682	391,363
Accumulated surplus (Note 7)	\$ <u>7.617,333</u>	\$ <u>6,423,474</u>
Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:		
, Chair Jame	3. Advida	, Treasurer
3	V	

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021		<u>2020</u>
	Actual	Budget	
D.		(Note 10)	
Revenue	Ф 2 227 060	Ф 2 00 <i>7 7</i> (1	Ф 2 004 07 <i>С</i>
City of Toronto - special charges	\$ 3,237,069	\$ 3,085,761	\$ 3,084,076
Interest income Grants	62,885 50,000	70,000	85,054
Other income	2,206	-	807
Other meonie		_	
	3,352,160	3,155,761	3,169,937
Expenses			
Repairs and maintenance	683,539	754,052	600,732
Streetscape improvements	637,689	1,057,716	589,645
Salaries and benefits	471,730	486,902	432,798
Marketing and promotion	199,401	570,277	179,518
Occupancy costs	83,107	127,154	120,221
Professional fees	40,618	58,070	31,391
General office	15,726	26,000	18,625
Insurance	12,855	8,993	8,908
Memberships	5,000	5,000	5,000
Consultants	4,921	19,334	6,504
Interest and bank charges	1,822	2,077	1,761
Travel	7	1,600	32
Meeting expenses	- (40,002)	15,450	1,796
(Recovery of) provision for levies in appeals	(40,803)	280,524	25,792
Amortization	42,690		56,564
	2,158,302	3,413,149	2,079,287
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ <u>1,193,858</u>	\$ <u>(257,388</u>)	\$ <u>1,090,650</u>

STATEMENT OF NET FINANCIAL ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Annual surplus	\$ 1,193,858	\$ 1,090,650
Amortization of tangible capital assets Change in prepaid expenses and other assets	42,690 12,992	56,564 (2,052)
Change in net financial assets	1,249,540	1,145,162
Net financial assets, beginning of year	6,032,111	4,886,949
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ <u>7,281,651</u>	\$ <u>6,032,111</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash from operating activities Annual surplus Adjustment for:	\$ 1,193,858	1,090,650
Amortization	42,690	56,564
	1,236,548	1,147,214
Changes in non-cash working capital balances: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable City of Toronto - special charges Other Decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities City of Toronto Other	(215,251) (390,905) 12,992 es (4,120) 20,091 659,355	5 88,701 (2,052) 2,381 (51,899) 1,184,350
Cash flows used in investing activities Maturity (purchase) of investments	208,408	(131,115)
Increase in cash position	867,763	1,053,235
Cash, beginning of year	2,775,845	1,722,610
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>3,643,608</u>	\$ <u>2,775,845</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

1. Establishment of operations

The Toronto Downtown West District Business Improvement Area was designated as a business improvement area through By-Law 125-2008 enacted on January 30, 2008. The appointment of members to a Board of Management ("Board") to manage the Business Improvement Area ("BIA") was approved by Council of the City of Toronto on February 12, 2008. The BIA formerly operated as "Toronto Entertainment District Business Improvement Area" prior to its name change in March 2021.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge, through property tax billings, based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council as required by Section 220 (17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the BIA are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("CPSAS") as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. The significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

a) Accrual basis of accounting

The BIA follows the accrual method of accounting for revenues and expenses. Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby they are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which they have been incurred, whether or not such transaction have been finally settled by the payment of money.

b) Investments

Investments are recorded at cost which approximates their fair value on the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

- c) Revenue recognition
 - i) City of Toronto special charges The City of Toronto levies special charges to land owners within the BIA boundaries through the property tax system. Special charges revenue is recognized when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
 - ii) Interest and other income revenue is recognized when earned.
 - iii) Restricted revenues are initially recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with CPSAS require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

e) Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated at a rate that, in the opinion of management, allocates the cost of such assets over their estimated useful lives. The BIA records amortization using the following annual rates and methods:

Streetscape fixtures - 3-30 year straight-line

Leasehold improvements - over the remaining lease life

Furniture and equipment - 5 year straight-line Computer equipment - 3 year straight-line

- f) Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.
- g) Cost-share expenditures

The Board, in co-operation with the City, agrees to cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually incorporated in a multi-year tender by the city. The BIAs share of the cost are not invoiced by the City until contracts are closed. The BIA accrues the costs in the financial statements when the invoices are received from the City. These amounts are identified in Note 8.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

3. Investments

Investments consist of amounts invested in guaranteed investment certificates (GIC) with maturity dates between April 2022 to January 2024 earning interest between 0.6% to 2.9%.

4. City of Toronto - special charges

Special charges levied by the City of Toronto ("City") are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding (owing) consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Total special charges outstanding Less: Allowance for special charges in appeals	\$_	675,990 (200,300)	\$_	628,739 (368,300)
Special charges receivable	\$_	475,690	\$_	260,439

The City decreased allowances for special charges by \$168,000 (2020 - decreased by \$127,400) for uncollectable amounts. The City also wrote off \$127,197 of levies during the year (2020 - \$153,192).

5. Other accounts receivable

Included in other accounts receivable is \$148,925 (2020 - nil) due from 101273926 Saskatchewan Ltd. ("AnyCard") as the estimated reimbursement of unspent funds under an e-gift card agreement.

Also included in other accounts receivable is \$268,311 (2020 - nil) due from the City. Subsequent to year end, \$65,824 was received. The remaining balance of \$202,487 relates to the King Street infrastructure project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

6.	Tangible capital assets	2020	2021	
	Cost	Opening	Additions Disposals	Closing
	Streetscape fixtures Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	\$ 767,680 51,485 70,769 19,365	\$ - \$ - (51,485) - (70,769) - (12,546) -	\$ 767,680 - - 6,819
		\$ <u>909,299</u>	\$ <u>(134,800)</u> \$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>774,499</u>
		2020	2021	
	Accumulated Amortization	Opening	<u>Disposals</u> <u>Amortization</u>	Closing
	Streetscape fixtures Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	\$ 395,407 46,503 70,770 18,249	\$ - \$ 36,591 - (46,503) - (70,770) - (11,430)	\$ 431,998 - - - 6,819
		\$ <u>530,929</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>(92,112)</u>	\$ <u>438,817</u>
	Net Book Value		2020 2021	
	Streetscape fixtures Leasehold improvements Computer equipment		\$ 372,273 \$ 335,682 4,982 - 1,116 -	
			\$ <u>378,371</u> \$ <u>335,682</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

7. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus	2021			
	Unrestricted surplus	Internally restricted surplus	Invested in capital assets	Total
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year Annual surplus Amortization and other	\$ 4,076,086 898,285 42,690	\$ 1,969,017 295,573	\$ 378,371 - (42,689)	\$ 6,423,474 1,193,858 1
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ <u>5,017,061</u>	\$ <u>2,264,590</u>	\$ <u>335,682</u>	\$ <u>7,617,333</u>
		20	020	
	Unrestricted surplus	Internally restricted surplus	Invested in capital assets	Total
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year Annual surplus Amortization	\$ 2,928,872 1,090,650 56,564	\$ 1,969,017 - -	\$ 434,935 - (56,564)	\$ 5,332,824 1,090,650
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ <u>4,076,086</u>	\$ <u>1,969,017</u>	\$ <u>378,371</u>	\$ <u>6,423,474</u>

The board of directors have internally restricted reserves for John Street maintenance, public realm contingencies, appeal provisions, Adelaide Street maintenance and post-COVID re-opening initiatives.

8. Contractual commitments

The Board, in co-operation with the City, agrees to annual cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. As at December 31, 2021 the BIA has \$58,618 (2020 - \$59,609) of commitments outstanding relating to their ongoing capital improvement projects to be completed in 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

9. Insurance

The Board is required to deposit with the City Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board, through the City of Toronto.

10. Financial instruments risks

a) Fair value

The financial instruments recognized in the statement of financial position consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of investments disclosed in Note 3.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the BIA will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The BIA manages its liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient readily available funds in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

11. 2021 Budget

The 2021 budget figures on the statement of operations are presented for information purposes only and are not commented on by the opinion of Rosenswig McRae Thorpe LLP dated May 9, 2022.

12. Annual surplus

The City of Toronto requires the BIA to budget tangible capital assets as annual expenditures. Through the year as assets are purchased they are capitalized and amortized over their useful lives. No capital assets were purchased during the year that were capitalized. The amortization of tangible capital assets during the year amounted to \$42,690 which reduced the annual surplus (2020 - \$56,564). The amount of surplus not invested in tangible capital assets for the year is \$1,236,548 (2020 - \$1,147,214).

13. COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global health emergency due to the outbreak of the Coronavirus also known as COVID-19. This has resulted in governments worldwide, including the Canadian, Ontario and municipal governments, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus which have caused material disruptions to businesses globally and in Ontario. The impact on the BIA is uncertain and will depend on the duration of the measures put in place. An estimate of the financial effect is not practicable at this time.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Streetscape improvements and maintenance	\$ 637,689	\$ 589,645
Administration		
Salaries and benefits	321,755	290,616
Occupancy costs	76,690	110,359
Professional fees	40,618	31,391
General office	15,726	18,625
Insurance	12,855	8,908
Utilities	6,417	9,861
Memberships	5,000	5,000
Consultants	4,921	6,504
Interest and bank charges	1,822	1,761
Travel	7	32
Meeting expenses		1,796
	485,811	484,853
Advertising, marketing and promotion		
Marketing and promotion	183,599	164,056
Salaries and benefits	76,175	70,644
Events	15,802	15,462
	275,576	250,162
Maintenance		
Repairs and maintenance	683,539	600,730
Salaries and benefits	73,800	71,541
	757,339	672,271
(Recovery of) provision for levies in appeals	(40,803)	25,792
Amortization	42,690	56,564
	\$ <u>2,158,302</u>	\$ <u>2,079,287</u>

Rosenswig McRae Thorpe LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Associated worldwide with CPA Associates International, Inc

May 10, 2022

Michael Rosenswig Jeff McRae Tony Rosso Lorraine Varga Michelle Koscec Dustin Jainaraine

Board of Directors Toronto Downtown West Business Improvement Area 157 Adelaide Street W, Suite 414 Toronto, Ontario M5H 4E7

Dear Board of Directors:

As part of our annual audit of your financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 we wish to report to you on our findings.

We wish to thank Janice Solomon and the organization's staff for assisting us during the audit. Based on our materiality of \$50,000, there were no identified items that have not been adjusted for.

Related party transactions

We have not identified any related party transaction in the course of our audit.

Internal controls

We have not noted any significant internal control matters. Though the segregation of duties is important to having a high degree of internal controls, we understand that this may not be feasible due to the limited number of personnel in the accounting and finance areas.

Yours very truly,

ROSENSWIG McRAE THORPE LLP

Lorraine Varga, CPA, CA

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