THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2022

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CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for The Waterfront Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of The Waterfront Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2022 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
 or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern.
 If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's
 report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate,
 to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of
 my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to
 continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario April 27, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	852,323	678,549
Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable	279,005	276,833
City of Toronto- Special charges (Note 4)	203,965	-
Other	24,039	45,551
	1,359,332	1,000,933
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		
City of Toronto – Special charges (Note 3)	-	141,725
- Other	148,927	-
Other	54,129	51,102
	203,056	192,827
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,156,276	808,106
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	138,536	209,792
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5)	155,943	32,880
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	1,450,775	1,050,778

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

Treasurer

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenue	2022 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2022 \$ Actual	2021 \$ Actual
City of Toronto – special charges Grants, sponsorships, interest and other	1,890,913 52,500 1,943,413	2168,599 134,749 2,303,348	1,697,517 97,223 1,794,740
EXPENSES			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance Capital (Note 8) Amortization Provision for uncollected special charges (Note 4)	709,850 947,640 220,000 407,451 - 205,086 2,490,027	681,325 787,585 246,073 - 51,314 137,074 1,903,371	628,700 872,657 173,212 70,000 17,538 236,826 1,998,933
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(546,614)	399,977	(204,193)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,050,778	1,050,778	1,254,971
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	504,164	1,450,775	1,050,778

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	399,977	(204,193)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(174,377)	(49,320)
Disposal of tangible capital assets		8,163
Increase in prepaid expenses	71,256	(130,442)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	51,314	17,538
	348,170	(358,254)
Balance - Beginning of year	808,106	1,166,360
Balance - End of year	1,156,276	808,106

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Surplus (deficit) for the year	399,977	(204,193)
Non-cash changes to operations Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets	51,314	17,538
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in Accounts receivable - City of Toronto Accounts receivable – other Prepaid expenses	(203,965) 21,512 71,256	93,493 (43,726) (130,442)
Accounts payable – City of Toronto Accounts payable – other	7,202 3,027	141,725 34,806
Cash Provided By Operations	350,323	(90,799)
Investing Activities Purchase of tangible capital assets Disposal of capital assets (Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(174,377) (2,172)	(49,320) 8,163 4,689
Cash, Beginning of Year	678,549	805,816
Cash, End of Year	852,323	678,549

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THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Waterfront (Formerly known as Queens Quay Harbourfront) Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Banners	3 years	Computers	3 years
Office Furniture	5 years	Wayfinding Signs	5 years
Street Signs	3 years	Waterfront Re Conne	ect 5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificate with the Scotiabank. These investments bear interest at the rate of ranging from 0.95% to 3.47% per annum and will be maturing in 2023

4. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable / payable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable (payable) from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	410,165	(30,125)
Less: Allowance for uncollected special charges	(206, 200)	(111,600)
Special charges receivable / payable	203,965	(141,725)
	Name of Street, or other Designation of the Owner, which is not the Owner, whi	and the second se

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

2022 \$	2021 \$
42,474	236,726
94,600	100
137,074	236,826
	\$ 42,474 94,600

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE WATERFRONT BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	2022						
	Street Signs	Computers	Banners	Office Furniture	Wayfinding Signs	Waterfront RE Connect	Total
Cost							
Beginning	-	24,383	89,853	43,704	-	-	157,940
Additions	9,715				69,662	95,000	174,377
Disposals							
Ending	9,715	24,383	89,853	43,704	69,662	95,000	332,317
Accumulated Amo	ortization						
Beginning	-	21,574	59,782	43,704	-	-	125,060
Amortization	1,943	1,404	15,035		13,932	19,000	51,314
Disposals							
Ending	1,943	22,978	74,817	43,704	13,932	19,000	176,374
Net Book Value	7,772	1,405	15,036	-	55,730	76,000	155,943

		2021					
	Street Signs	Computers	Banners	Office furniture	Wayfinding Signs	Waterfront RE Connect	Total
Cost							
Beginning	-	20,169	44,747	51,867	-	-	116,783
Additions		4,214	45,106				49,320
Disposals				(8,163)			(8,163)
Ending	- 1	24,383	89,853	43,704	-	4	157,940
Accumulated Ame	ortization						
Beginning	-	18,809	44,747	43,966	-	-	107,522
Amortization		2,7365	15,035	(262)			17,538
Disposals							
Ending	-	21,574	59,782	43,704		-	125,060
Net Book Value		2,809	30,071	-	-	-	32,880

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6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared Capital Improvement projects with the City for this reason the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

10.COMMITMENTS

The Board, in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. The Board is committed to capital improvement projects of which the Board's share of \$205,024 (2021 -\$139,325) was outstanding as at December 31, 2022.