

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA**

**Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the
Board of Management for Wilson Village Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Wilson Village Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

RAFIQ DOSANI, B.Comm. CPA, CA.
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

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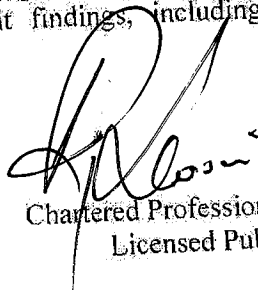
Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

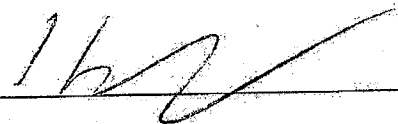
Toronto, Ontario
October 29, 2021


Chartered Professional Accountant
Licensed Public Accountant

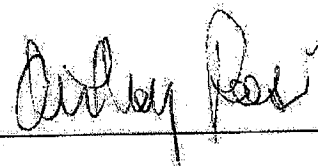
**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	2020 \$	2019 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	502,958	461,393
Short-term investment (Note 3)	260,247	257,977
Accounts receivable		
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 4)	24,582	43,240
Other	12,667	8,782
	<u>800,454</u>	<u>771,392</u>
 LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto	365,916	-
Other	13,886	5,951
	<u>379,802</u>	<u>5,951</u>
 NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	 420,652	 765,441
 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 5)	<u>292,733</u>	<u>2,132</u>
 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	 <u>713,385</u>	 <u>767,573</u>

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:



Chair



Treasurer

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	2020 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2020 \$ Actual	2019 \$ Actual
REVENUE			
City of Toronto – special charges	279,565	279,565	277,019
Interest and other		2,056	3,626
	<u>279,565</u>	<u>281,621</u>	<u>280,645</u>
EXPENSES			
Administration	69,824	88,568	60,384
Promotion and advertising	15,000	7,977	11,218
Maintenance	172,000	127,837	105,615
Capital (Note 8)	568,000	32,713	
Amortization	-	75,315	5,044
Provision for (recovery of) uncollected special charges (Note 4)	(15,259)	3,399	(2,745)
	<u>809,565</u>	<u>335,809</u>	<u>179,516</u>
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(530,000)	(54,188)	101,129
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>767,573</u>	<u>767,573</u>	<u>666,444</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	<u>237,573</u>	<u>713,385</u>	<u>767,573</u>

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(54,188)	101,129
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(365,916)	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	75,315	5,044
	(344,789)	106,173
Balance - Beginning of year	765,441	659,268
Balance - End of year	<u>420,652</u>	<u>765,441</u>

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(54,188)	101,129
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets	75,315	5,044
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	18,658	46,765
Accounts receivable – other	(3,885)	1,695
Accounts payable – City of Toronto	365,916	-
Accounts payable – other	7,935	1,479
Cash Provided By Operations	409,751	156,112
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(365,916)	-
(Increase) decrease in short-term investment	(2,270)	(3,626)
Cash, Beginning of Year	461,393	308,907
Cash, End of Year	502,958	461,393

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Wilson Village Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It may also receive cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Street & Christmas lights	5 years
Benches	5 years
Street Signs	5 years
Hanging Baskets	5 years
Flags & Banners	3 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT

Short-term investment consists a guaranteed investment certificate with the TD Bank. This investment bears interest at the rate of 0.3% per annum and will be maturing in 2021.

4. CITY OF TORONTO – SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	38,582	59,340
Less: Allowance for uncollected special charges	(14,000)	(16,100)
Special charges receivable	<u>24,582</u>	<u>43,240</u>

The provision for (recovery of) uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Special charges written-off	5,499	4,755
Change in provision for assessment appeals	(2,100)	(7,500)
	<u>3,399</u>	<u>(2,745)</u>

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

2020				
	Ancaster Streetproject	Signs	Hanging Baskets	Total
Cost				
Beginning	-	8,045	17,175	25,220
Additions	365,916			365,916
Disposals				
Ending	365,916	8,045	17,175	391,136
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	-	6,873	16,215	23,088
Amortization	73,183	1,172	960	75,315
Disposals				
Ending	73,183	8,045	17,175	98,403
Net Book Value	292,733	-	-	292,733
2019				
		Signs	Hanging Baskets	Total
Cost				
Beginning		8,045	17,175	25,220
Additions		-	-	-
Disposals		-	-	-
Ending		8,045	17,175	25,220
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning		5,264	12,780	18,044
Amortization		1,609	3,435	5,044
Disposals		-	-	-
Ending		6,873	16,215	23,088
Net Book Value		1,172	960	2,132

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE
WILSON VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

6. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

8. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as operating surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

10. COMMITMENTS

The Board, in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. The Board is committed to capital improvement projects of which the Board's share of \$48,248 was outstanding as at December 31, 2020.