Consolidated Financial Statements of

TORONTO COMMUNITY HOUSING CORPORATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2023



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Toronto Community Housing Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Toronto Community Housing Corporation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023
- the consolidated statement of operations for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2023, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated changes in net assets, its consolidated remeasurement of gains and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Emphasis of Matter - Comparative Information

We draw attention to note 11 to the financial statements ("Note 11"), which explains that certain comparative information presented for the year ended December 31, 2022 has been restated.

Note 11 explains the reason for the restatement and also explains the adjustments that were applied to restate certain comparative information.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matter - Comparative Information

As part of our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, we also audited the adjustments that were applied to restate certain comparative information presented for the year ended December 31, 2022. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

• the information, other than the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, included in the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information, other than the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, included in the annual report as at the date of this auditor's report.

If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.



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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group Entity to express an opinion on the financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

April 22, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (In thousands of dollars)

December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023		2022
		(Restated -
			note 11)
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,067	\$	86,497
Investments (notes 2, 16 and 21(a))	264,872		245,295
Restricted cash for externally restricted purposes (note 5(d))	5,831		5,538
Accounts receivable (notes 5(a), 6 and 21(d))	118,763		72,816
Loans receivable (note 4)	9,107		10,033
Grants receivable (note 14(b))	14,305		51,949
Prepaid expenses, deposits and other assets	19,096		16,100
	517,041		488,228
Loans receivable (note 4)	65,502		65,660
Grants receivable (note 14(b))	8,172		9,244
Investments in joint ventures (note 3)	5,370		10,094
Receivable from the City of Toronto (note 5(b))	15,325		18,325
Housing projects acquired or developed (note 7)	1,756,713		1,718,724
Improvements to housing projects (note 8)	2,493,164		2,335,627
Assets held for sale or transfer (note 9)	802		1,361
Prepaid lease	579		634

\$ 4,862,668	\$ 4,647,897

	2023	2022
		(Restated -
		note 11
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Bank loan and bank indebtedness (notes 10 and 21(b)(iii)) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 110,500	\$ 58,000
(notes 5(a), 6 and 21(b)(iii)) Tenants' deposits and rents received in advance	196,478	223,833
(note 21(b)(iii))	15,055	16,024
Deferred revenue	30,879	27,707
Project financing and debenture loans (note 13)	64,096	63,023
	417,008	388,587
Deferred revenue on long-term leases	23,534	24,381
Deferred revenue on land sale	3,553	12,349
Employee benefits (note 12)	69,188	74,073
Long-term payable TSHC (note 6)	4,181	4,181
Asset retirement obligation (note 11)	479,525	479,525
Project financing and debentures loans (note 13)	1,840,107	1,786,226
Deferred capital contributions (note 14(a))	1,508,501	1,369,888
	4,345,597	4,139,210
Net assets:		
Share capital:		
Authorized and issued:	4	4
100 common shares	1 280,038	1 268,348
Internally restricted funds (note 16) Accumulated remeasurement gains	7,483	200,340
Contributed surplus	5,136	5,136
Unrestricted surplus	224,413	235,202
Office the total surplus	517,071	508,687
Contingencies (note 17)		
Commitments and contractual obligations (note 20)		
	\$ 4,862,668	\$ 4,647,897

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Operations (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
		(Restated -
		note 11)
Revenue:		
Subsidies (note 5(c))	\$ 292,277	\$ 281,233
Rent:		
Residential	359,369	352,808
Commercial	19,258	18,609
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 14(a))	86,957	79,180
Parking, laundry and cable fees	17,157	17,969
Investment income	19,198	8,075
Joint venture (note 3)	14,784	9,283
Safe Restart program (note 5(c))	25,022	, <u> </u>
Gain on sale of housing projects, land and	,	
other capital assets (note 18)	41,716	36,204
Plant and other	21,023	24,408
	896,761	827,769
Expenses:		
Operating and maintenance	267,760	256,332
Utilities	141,006	130,332
Municipal taxes	19,347	19,495
Depreciation	267,653	248,954
Interest (note 13)	78,992	75,322
Community safety services	38,983	37,066
Corporate services	73,620	73,888
Plant and other	6,336	6,148
Non-recurring item (note 19)	6,378	20,129
(900,075	867,666
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (3,314)	\$ (39,897)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

2023	hare apital	Internally restricted funds	Contributed surplus	Unrestricted surplus	Tot		
Net assets, January 1, 2023 Deficiency of revenue over expenses Net change in unrealized gains on portfolio investments Change in internally restricted funds (note 16)	\$ 1 - -	\$ 268,348 - 4,215 7,475	\$ 5,136 - - -	\$ 235,202 (3,314) - (7,475)	\$ - 7,483	\$	508,687 (3,314) 11,698
Net assets, December 31, 2023	\$ 1	\$ 280,038	\$ 5,136	\$ 224,413	\$ 7,483	\$	517,071

2022 (Restated -note 11)	hare apital	Internally funds	Contributed surplus	Unrestricted surplus	Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	Total
	 				g	
Net assets, January 1, 2022	\$ 1	\$ 268,470	5,136	726,975	_	\$ 1,000,582
Adoption of asset retirement obligation standard (1(m))	_restric	ted _	_	(439,305)	_	(439,305)
Net assets, as restated, January 1, 2022	1	268.470\$	5.136\$	287.670\$	_	561,277
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	_		_	(39,897)	_	(39,897)
Reallocation of unrealized gains (losses) attributable to portfolio				(, ,		(, ,
investments held for internally restricted purposes	_	(12,693)	_	_	12,693	_
Net change in unrealized gains on portfolio investments	_	·	_	_	(12,693)	(12,693)
Change in internally restricted funds (note 16)	-	12,571	_	(12,571)		
Net assets, December 31, 2022	\$ 1	\$ 268,348	\$ 5,136	\$ 235,202	\$ -	\$ 508,687

Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ _	\$ _
Net change in unrealized gains attributable to portfolio investments	7,483	_
Accumulated remeasurement gains, end of year	\$ 7,483	\$

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023		2022
		(F	Restated - note 11)
			note i i
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in):			
Operating activities: Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (3,314)	\$	(39,897)
Items not involving cash:	φ (3,314)	φ	(39,097)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 14(a))	(86,957)		(79,180)
Depreciation	267,653		248,954
Gain on sale of housing projects, land and other capital			
assets (note 18)	(41,716)		(36,204)
Imputed interest on loan (note 13)	40		39
Joint venture income (note 3)	(14,784)		(9,283)
Employee benefit obligations (note 12)	(4,885)		(6,667)
Capital assets impairment (note 19) Changes in non-cash operating working capital:	_		5,031
Accounts receivable	(25,868)		14.737
Prepaid expenses	(2,826)		(1,704)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	19,059		6,850
Tenants' deposits and rents received in advance	(969)		(1,649)
Deferred revenue	(3,675)		3,202
	101,758		104,229
Financing activities:			
Borrowing of bank loan (note 10)	52,500		15,300
Decrease in long-term receivable	2,000		· –
Deferred financing cost (note 13)	242		227
New project financing and debenture loans (note 13)	117,021		82,147
Repayment of project financing (note 13)	(62,349)		(60,734)
Restricted grants for housing projects	251,417		237,034
	360,831		273,974
Capital activities:	(()		
Acquisition of housing projects	(92,488)		(47,788)
Proceeds on sale of housing projects (note 18)	598		3,365
Proceeds on sale of land (note 18)	36,673		694
Improvements to housing projects	(418,753) (473,970)		(359,610) (403,339)
	(473,970)		(403,339)
Investing activities:	(4.005)		40.004
Receipts (issuance) of loans receivable Increase in investments	(1,085) (7,879)		49,004 (9,334)
Contributions to joint ventures and shared costs (note 3)	(159)		(3,334)
Distributions from joint ventures (note 3)	19,367		7,055
Increase (decrease) in restricted cash (note 13(c))	(293)		314
	9,951		47,024
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,430)		21,888
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	86,497		64,609
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 85,067	\$	86,497
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,		,
Supplemental cash flow information:	φ /AC AAC\	•	10 205
Change in accrued capital expenditures	\$ (46,416)	\$	10,385
Other non-cash expenditures Issuance of loans receivable (note 4(c))	256 5.236		581 45 300
issuance of loans receivable (note 4(c))	5,236		45,300

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

Toronto Community Housing Corporation was incorporated under the provisions of the Ontario Business Corporations Act on December 14, 2000 as Metro Toronto Housing Corporation. On October 9, 2001, articles of amendment were filed to affect a name change to Toronto Community Housing Corporation ("TCHC"). TCHC is wholly owned by the City of Toronto (the "City"). The City includes all organizations that are accountable for administration of their financial affairs and resources to City Council and are controlled by the City. In establishing TCHC, the City approved a Shareholder Direction that set guiding principles, high-level objectives and expected accountability to the City. The Shareholder Direction establishes TCHC as operating at arm's length from the City, under the direction of an independent Board of Directors.

TCHC owns and manages housing for low and moderate income tenants.

TCHC is a municipally-owned corporation as it is owned by the City of Toronto and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under paragraph 149(1)(d.5) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

On March 11, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. Since the first quarter of 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted the global economy environment due to government-imposed lockdowns and social distancing requirements. The economic conditions and TCHC's response to the COVID-19 pandemic continued to have an operational and financial impact on TCHC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS"), including accounting standards that apply to government not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are summarized below:

(a) Basis of consolidation:

These consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities and results of operations of TCHC and its wholly owned subsidiaries:

- 2001064 Ontario Inc.
- Regent Park Development Corporation ("RPDC")
- Toronto Community Housing Enterprises Inc. ("TCHE")
- Railway Lands Development Corporation ("RLDC")
- Allenbury Gardens Development Corporation ("AGDC")
- Regent Park Energy Inc. ("RPEI")
- Alexandra Park Development Corporation ("APDC")
- Leslie Nymark Development Corporation ("LNDC")

All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

These consolidated financial statements also include TCHC's interest in the following joint ventures, which have been accounted for using the modified equity method:

- Dundas and Parliament Development Corporation ("DPDC")
- Parliament and Gerrard Development Corporation ("PGDC")
- Library District Inc. ("LDI")
- Allenbury Gardens Revitalization General Partnership ("AGP")
- Alexandra Park Phase I Partnership ("APPI")
- Alexandra Park Phase II Partnership ("APPII")
- Leslie Nymark Partnership ("LNP")

Under the modified equity method, investments are initially valued at cost and the carrying value is adjusted thereafter to include TCHC's contributions and it's pro rata share of net income (loss) less distributions received.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Revenue recognition:

TCHC follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions, which include subsidies, are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized unless the contributions are restricted for the purchase of capital assets when they are recognized as revenue on the same basis as the capital assets are amortized. Externally restricted net investment income is deferred in the appropriate reserve and is recognized as revenue on the same basis as externally restricted contributions as the restrictions are met.

Rent, parking, laundry, cable fees and other revenue are recorded when services are provided and collection is reasonably assured.

(c) Financial instruments:

At initial recognition, TCHC records financial instruments at the transaction price and classifies them in the following categories, depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

	Category	Measurement
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash Investments Accounts receivable Receivable from the City of Toronto Loans receivable Grants receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Tenants' deposits	Category Cash and cash equivalents Portfolio investments Loans and receivables Loans and receivables Loans and receivables Loans and receivables Financial liabilities Financial liabilities	Amortized cost Fair value Amortized cost
Bank loan and bank indebtedness	Financial liabilities	Amortized cost
Project financing and debenture loans Long-term payable TSHC	Financial liabilities Financial liabilities	Amortized cost Amortized cost

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Investment income and fair value adjustments generated from the investments that were apportioned to various internally restricted funds will be allocated as follows:

- Annual investment return of up to 3.13% on the sinking fund is allocated to the sinking fund:
- Annual investment return in excess of 3.13% is allocated to the working capital reserve;
 and
- A claw back from the working capital reserve will be made in a year where the returns are less than 3.13% for allocation to the sinking fund.

(d) Investments and investment income:

The value of investments recorded in the consolidated financial statements is determined as follows:

- short-term notes and treasury bills cost plus accrued income, which approximates fair value;
- publicly traded bonds most recent bid prices in an active market; and
- investments in pooled funds valued at their reported net asset value per unit to reflect fair value.

Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Investment income includes interest, pooled fund distributions and realized gains and losses. Investment income is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations when earned. Investment income earned on internally restricted funds is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations and subsequently is allocated to the sinking fund reserve and the working capital reserve as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in net assets. The unrealized gain or loss from investments are recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position, statement of changes in net assets and statement of remeasurement gains.

Investment income and fair value adjustments generated from the investments that were apportioned to various internally restricted funds will be allocated as follows:

- Annual investment return of up to 3.13% on the sinking fund is allocated to the sinking fund:
- Annual investment return in excess of 3.13% is allocated to the working capital reserve;
 and
- A claw back from the working capital reserve will be made in a year where the returns are less than 3.13% for allocation to the sinking fund.

(e) Financing costs:

Financing costs of the debenture loans and project financing are presented as a reduction from the carrying value of the related debt and are amortized using the effective interest rate method over the terms of the debt to which they relate.

(f) Housing projects acquired and developed and improvements to housing projects:

Housing projects acquired and developed are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes the original cost of land, buildings, asset retirement obligations, other related costs (including capitalized interest) and net operating expenses during the development period until the asset is substantially complete. The costs of major improvements necessary to renovate and refurbish buildings are also included in housing project costs. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method and is based on the estimated useful lives of the buildings up to a maximum of 50 years.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

When a capital asset no longer has any long-term service potential to TCHC, the excess of its net carrying value over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Any write downs are not reversed.

Guaranteed equity units consist of rights that include membership in the equity corporation and the right to occupy a particular suite in the building, which were sold to seniors under terms guaranteeing the repurchase of each unit by TCHC at the purchase price plus, for some, an inflation factor related to the consumer price index. This asset is reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position as a housing project, with an associated liability for the repurchase obligation. No gain or loss is recorded on sale or repurchase of a guaranteed equity unit.

Improvements to housing projects are recorded at cost with depreciation calculated using the straight-line method, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Improvements to land and buildings Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements 4 to 25 years 4 to 15 years Over the term of the lease

(g) Assets retirement obligations:

Asset retirement obligations ("ARO") are recorded in the period during which a legal obligation associated with the retirement of a capital assets is incurred and when a reasonable estimate of this amount can be made. The asset retirement obligation is initially measured based on internal management assessments and/or third-party estimates and engineering reports. Asset retirement obligations relate to the asbestos at TCHC buildings and are depreciated over their estimated remaining useful lives, on a straight-line basis. A liability continues to be recognized until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Under the modified retroactive method, the assumption used on initial recognition are those as of the date of adoption of the standard. Due to the uncertainty as to the future retirement date of the buildings, TCHC has chosen not to discount the future liability.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The estimated amounts of future costs to retire the assets are reviewed annually and adjusted to reflect the best estimate of the liability. In subsequent years, the liability will be adjusted for changes resulting from the passage of time and revision to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of the undiscounted cash flows. These changes are recognized as an increase or decrease in the carrying amount of the asset retirement obligation, with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the related assets. If the related asset is no longer in productive use, all subsequent changes in the estimate of the liability for asset retirement obligations are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

(h) Deferred capital contributions:

Capital contributions for the purpose of acquiring depreciable capital assets are deferred and amortized on the same basis, and over the same periods, as the related capital assets.

(i) Employee related costs:

TCHC has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

- TCHC's contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan and other postemployment benefit plans are expensed as contributions come due;
- the costs of terminating benefits and compensated absences that do not vest or accumulate are recognized when an event that obligates TCHC occurs; costs include projected future income payments, health-care continuation costs and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis;
- the costs of other employee benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation, expected health-care costs and plan investment performance. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service lives;
- employee future benefit liabilities are discounted using the average expected borrowing rate of TCHC over the period during which benefits are expected to be earned;

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- past service costs from plan amendments are expensed as incurred; and
- the costs of workplace safety and insurance obligations are actuarially determined and expensed. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as incurred.

(j) Measurement uncertainty:

A provision for assets retirement obligations is subject to a high degree of measurement uncertainty due to long-term nature of the liabilities and often indeterminate settlement date. The degree of measurement uncertainty resulting from the estimation of the provision cannot reasonably determined.

(k) Use of estimates:

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting year. Significant estimates include determining the amounts for future employee benefits, the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, contingent liabilities and asset retirement obligations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(I) Liability for contaminated sites:

A contaminated site is a site at which substances occur in concentrations that exceed the maximum acceptable amounts under an environmental standard. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when: TCHC is directly responsible or accepts responsibility; it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and a reasonable estimate for the amount can be made. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC has not recorded any liability in the consolidated financial statements as no sites have met the recognition criteria.

TCHC will continue to review contaminated sites on an annual basis and when the criteria for recognition have been met, a liability will be recorded.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(m) Change in accounting policy:

On December 31, 2022, TCHC adopted Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations. This new standard establishes standards for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets and replaces PS 3270, Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability.

TCHC adopted this standard on a modified retroactive basis with restatement, beginning in this fiscal year. The effects of this change include an increase in liabilities of nil (2022 - \$479,525) and increase in housing projects of nil (2022 - \$35,934), a decrease in unrestricted surplus - beginning of year of \$439,305 (2022 - \$439,305), and an increase in depreciation expense of \$3,639 (2022 - \$4,286)

2. Investments:

Current investments consist of \$264,872 (2022 - \$245,295) of pooled equity funds, fixed income securities and high interest rate saving bank account, which are restricted internally for internally restricted funds. The fixed income securities consist of corporate and Canadian government fixed income securities with nominal coupon rates between 0.80% and 7.79% (2022 - 0.50% and 7.20%) and have maturity dates ranging from 2024 to 2083 (2022 - 2023 to 2081). These securities are considered to be highly liquid (notes 16 and 21).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

3. Investments in joint ventures and other interests:

								2023	2022
	DPDC	PGDC	LDI	AGP	APPI	APPII	LNP		Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
Balance, January 1,									
per joint venture	\$ 1,613	\$ (700)	\$ 32	\$ 7,084	375	\$ 15,525	30,682Total \$		\$ 38,450
Net income (loss)	317	411	33	10,383	38	(284)	3,963	14,861	9,350
Contributions	159		_	-\$	_	-\$	_	159	17,926
Distributions	(355)	(415)	_	(13,900)	_		(4,697)	(19,367)	(11,115)
Balance, December 31,									
per joint venture	1,734	(704)	65	3,567	413	15,241	29,948	50,264	54,611
Exchange amount of land	,	,		,		•	,	,	•
transferred to joint venture	(112)	_	_	_	_	(17,910)	(27,018)	(45,040)	(45,039)
Carrying value of land	,					(, /	(, /	(-,,	(-,,
transferred to joint venture	22	_	_	_	_	124	_	146	445
Pre-development costs		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	77
Balance, December 31	\$ 1,644	\$ (704)	\$ 65	\$ 3,567	\$ 413	\$ (2,545)	\$ 2,930	5,370	\$ 10,094

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

3. Investments in joint ventures and other interests (continued):

									2023	202
	DPDC	PGDC	LDI	AGP	APPI	APPII	LNP			Tot
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)			
Joint ventures' assets, liabilities and cash flows at 100% share							To	otal		
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 5,563 2,105	\$ 13,071 15,202 \$	122 3 \$	24,145 12,535 \$	1,604 778	\$ 78,597 49,186 \$	10,312 4,450	\$	133,414 84,259 \$	310,74 227,64
Cash flow from (used in) operating activities Cash flow from (used in)	\$ 427	1,868	(1)	\$ 119,498	(1,660)	\$ (2,322)	\$ 63,738		181,548	21,08
financing activities	(456\$	(1,428)\$	_	(104,801)\$		3,579	(58,446)\$		(161,552)\$	(19,8
Cash flow from (used in) investing activities	_	43	-	(2,316)	_	_	_		(2,273)	(7
Net income (loss) per joint venture Write off pre-development	\$ 317	\$ 411	\$ 33	\$ 10,383	\$ 38	(284)	\$ 3,963		14,861	9,3
costs associated with market units that have sold	_	_	_	(77)	\$ -	_	\$ -		\$ (77)	(6
Net income (loss) per TCHC	\$ 317	\$ 411	\$ 33	\$ 10,306	\$ 38	\$ (284)	\$ 3,963	\$	14,784	\$ 9,28

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

3. Investments in joint ventures and other interests (continued):

- (a) On October 31, 2006, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, RPDC, entered into a co-tenancy agreement with a developer for the construction of certain properties in Regent Park. The co-tenancy operates through a nominee corporation, DPDC. The value of RPDC's equity investment in DPDC differs from the balance reported by the co-tenant. This difference is due to RPDC recording contributions of land to DPDC at the carrying value of the land whereas DPDC has recorded the contributed land at an exchange amount that has been agreed to by the two co-tenants. The difference between the exchange amount and the carrying value of the land of \$89 (2022 \$89) will be recognized on the closing of market units that have been developed by DPDC.
- (b) On January 12, 2009, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, RPDC, entered into a co-tenancy agreement with a developer for the construction of certain properties in Regent Park. The co-tenancy of the development operates through a nominee corporation, PGDC.
- (c) On May 22, 2009, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, RLDC, entered into a co-tenancy agreement with a developer for the construction of certain properties. The co-tenancy operates through a nominee corporation, LDI.
- (d) On February 5, 2013, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, AGDC, entered into a partnership agreement with a developer, thus forming AGP for the revitalization of certain properties in Allenbury Gardens. The value of AGDC's equity investment in AGP differs from the balance reported by the co-tenant. As at December 31, 2023, the difference is due to AGDC recording contributed pre-development costs of \$77 (2022 - \$77), which will be written off in the year market units are closed.
- (e) On July 19, 2013, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, APDC, entered into a partnership agreement with a developer, forming APPI, for the revitalization of certain properties in Alexandra Park. APDC and the developer have equal interests in the partnership, which operates through a nominee corporation, Alexandra Park Condominium Residences Inc. ("APCRI"), which holds legal title to the real property as a bare trustee for APDC and the development partner to whom beneficial ownership of the property is transferred on closing.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

3. Investments in joint ventures and other interests (continued):

- (f) On June 30, 2020, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, APDC, entered into a partnership agreement with a developer, forming APPII, for the revitalization of certain properties in Alexandra Park. APDC and the developer have equal interests in the partnership, which operates through a nominee corporation, Dundas Alexandra Park Residences Inc. ("DAPRI"), which holds legal title to the real property as a bare trustee for APDC and the development partner to whom beneficial ownership of the property is transferred on closing.
- (g) On October 2, 2015, TCHC's wholly owned subsidiary, LNDC, entered into a partnership agreement with a developer, forming LNP, for the revitalization of certain properties. LNDC and the developer have equal interests in the partnership, which operates through a nominee corporation, Scala Residences Inc. Scala Residences Inc. holds legal title to the real property as a bare trustee for LNDC and the development partner to whom beneficial ownership of the property is transferred on closing.

4. Loans receivable:

	2	2023	2022
DPDC (a)	\$ 1	,814	\$ 1,878
AGP (b)		_	8,155
Lawrence Heights development partner (c)	14	,708	9,181
Don Summerville (d)	47	,041	45,300
Mortgages receivable (e)	11	,046	11,179
	74	,609	75,693
Less current portion	9	,107	10,033
	\$ 65	,502	\$ 65,660

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

4. Loans receivable (continued):

(a) The DPDC loans receivable consists of:

On August 31, 2010, TCHC provided a \$500 revolving demand facility and a \$2,500 non-revolving term loan to the co-tenancy, which consists of three credit facilities:

- Facility 1 revolving demand facility to \$500. The facility bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 0.5% per annum and is repayable five days following demand for repayment by the lender.
- Facility 2 non-revolving term loan to \$2,000. The facility bears interest at 6.0% per annum and is repayable on demand.
- Facility 3 non-revolving term loan to \$500. The facility bears interest at 6.0% per annum and is repayable on demand.

The three credit facilities are secured by the co-tenancy's land and assets and are guaranteed by the co-tenancy partner. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC has advanced \$1,814 (2022 - \$1,878) to DPDC.

- (b) On August 15, 2018, TCHC transferred land with a carrying value of \$108 to Verde Residences Inc. in exchange for a promissory note for \$8,155. The promissory note of \$8,155 was repaid in 2023.
- (c) On July 11, 2018, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$726 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$2,137 and a loan receivable of \$4,986, bearing interest at a rate of 3% per annum with a maturity date of April 30, 2022 and a loan receivable of \$3,000, bearing no interest with a maturity date of March 31, 2024. The loan amount of \$5,672, including interest, was repaid in 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

4. Loans receivable (continued):

On December 20, 2021, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$90 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$1,154 and a loan receivable of \$4,039, bearing interest at a rate of 3% per annum with a maturity date of December 20, 2024. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized interest receivable of \$253 (2022 - \$127), which is included in loans receivable.

As per the multi-year commitment dated in October 2013, on October 13, 2022, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$47 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$572 and a loan receivable of \$2,002, bearing interest at a rate of 3% per annum with a maturity date of October 13, 2025. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized interest receivable of \$74 (2022 - \$13), which is included in loans receivable.

On March 22, 2023, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$1,046 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$2,247 and a loan receivable of \$5,236, bearing interest at a rate of 3% per annum with a maturity date of May 8, 2026. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized interest receivable of \$104, which is included in loans receivable.

- (d) As per the multi-year commitment dated October 2019, on February 17, 2022, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$151 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$100 and a loan receivable of \$46,050, the term of this loan is 10 years bearing interest at a rate of 3% per annum, which interest shall accrue until the principal amount of this loan is fully repaid. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized interest receivable of \$991, which is included in loans receivable.
- (e) The mortgages receivable consist of three mortgages, which are related to a sales-type lease from 2010 to 2057 for commercial space in a TCHC building. The first mortgage has a maturity date of May 11, 2037 and bears interest at 4.877%. The other two mortgages have a term starting on May 11, 2037 and ending on May 11, 2057, and the interest rate will be equal to the negotiated debenture coupon rate at the expiry of the Debenture Series A bonds (note 13(f)(i)) that are due on May 11, 2037.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

5. Account balances with the City:

- (a) TCHC enters into transactions with the City in the normal course of business and receives payments for various services and supplies. Included in accounts receivable is \$52,864 (2022 - \$27,190) receivable from the City and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$5,271 (2022 - \$5,392) payable to the City as a result of these transactions.
- (b) The City has agreed to fund certain employee benefit costs relating to the former Toronto Housing Corporation ("THC"), as the former company previously contributed to the City's Sick Pay Reserve Fund and Payroll Benefits Plan Reserve Fund. TCHC has recorded a receivable in connection with the expected recoveries of these employee benefit costs from the City.
 - Included in the long-term receivable from the City is \$4,269 (2022 \$4,269) for sick leave benefits (note 12(a)) and \$11,056 (2022 \$14,056) for post-retirement (note 12(a)) and disability benefits (note 12(a)).
- (c) During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City provided gross subsidies of \$292,277 (2022 \$281,233), and safe restart funding of \$25,022 (2022 nil), which are reflected on the consolidated statement of operations as revenue. Subsidies include Regent Park Block 17N mortgage principal and interest of \$2,456 (2022 \$2,456) recognized as revenue following completion of construction. In 2023, TCHC recognized expenditures incurred with the City which include \$40,181 (2022 \$39,268) for hydro, \$60,511 (2022 \$59,818) for water and waste, \$19,347 (2022 \$19,515) for property taxes and \$4,078 (2022 \$4,176) for the mortgage interest charges paid to the City.
- (d) The City provided funds that it received under Section 37 of the Planning Act to TCHC for capital improvements in specific developments, including design work, associated labour costs and capital maintenance. As at December 31, 2023, accumulated grants of \$10,308 (2022 - \$10,308) were received and the accumulated capital expenditures were \$5,126 (2022 - \$4,437). The funds available for future capital expenditures are \$5,038 (2022 -\$4,889), including \$154 (2022 - \$68) accumulated interest, invested as restricted cash as at December 31, 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

6. Account balances with Toronto Senior Housing Corporation ("TSHC"):

On June 1, 2022, TCHC and TSHC formalized an interim plan to transfer the responsibility of operating the 83 senior-designated TCHC properties to TSHC.

TCHC enters into transactions with the TSHC in the normal course of business and receives payments for various services and supplies due to the transition. Revenue received from the senior designated properties less operating costs related to the properties was provided to TSHC as a monthly net revenue advance totaling to \$39,592 (2022 - \$20,596). This has been recognized as an operating and maintenance expense during the year. During 2023, TCHC recognized \$9,676 (2022 - \$5,453) in other revenue from shared services provided to TSHC.

Included in accounts receivable is \$2,585 (2022 - \$1,483) receivable from TSHC and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$4,862 (2022 - \$1,211) payable to TSHC. TCHC also recorded long term payable to TSHC of \$4,181 (2022 - \$4,181) for post-retirement benefit obligation as part of the transition on June 1, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

7. Housing projects acquired or developed:

Housing projects acquired or developed consist of the following:

	De	Cost, ecember 31, 2022	Additions	Transfer ⁽ⁱ⁾	Disposal/ write-off/	Completed during the year	De	Cost, ecember 31, 2023	Accumulated depreciation ⁽ⁱ⁾	De	Net book value, cember 31,	De	Net book value, ecember 31,
	(Restated ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾)		(note 9)									(Restated - note 11)
Land Buildings	\$	366,909 2,303,620 _€	22 (493)	\$ (723) ran \$ fer (959)	(80) (2,010)	\$ -	\$	366,128 2,300,158 _¢	_ (1,155,439 ½	\$ 023	366,128 1,144,71920	\$ 022	366,909
Guaranteed Equity Housing projects Plant		7,606 ⁹ 72,198	1,065		(261)	_		7,345 ⁹ 73,263	(4,115) (21,464)		3,230 51,799		3,486 52,989
Housing projects under construction		100,749	91,049	_	(961)	_		190,837			190,8371,	194,	591
	\$	2,851,082	\$ 91,643	\$ (1,682) \$	(3,312)	\$ _	\$	2,937,731	\$ (1,181,018)	\$	1,756,713	\$	1,718,724

100,749

(ii)

	Cost, ecember 31, 2022 s previously	ARO	Cost, December 31,
	reported	adjustment (note 11)	(Restated)
Land Buildings Guaranteed Equity Housing projects Plant Housing projects under construction	\$ 366,909 2,267,686 7,606 72,198 100,749	35,934 - - - -	\$ 366,909 2,303,620 7,606 72,198 100,749
	\$ 2,815,148	\$ 35,934	\$ 2,851,082

⁽i) Included in transfers and accumulated depreciation is the cost and accumulated depreciation of land and buildings transferred to assets held for sale (note 9).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

7. Housing projects acquired or developed (continued):

The guaranteed equity housing project units are repurchased on termination of the project in 2042 or earlier based on the terms of the arrangement. During the year ended December 31, 2023, TCHC repurchased 4 (2022 - 2) units and holds 62 (2022 - 58) repurchased units as at December 31, 2023. The associated cost and accumulated depreciation of \$256 (2022 - \$422) of the repurchased units was transferred to housing projects acquired or developed and rented at the market rate. As at December 31, 2023, an obligation of \$8,045 (2022 - \$8,561) for the repurchase of guaranteed equity units has been recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

8. Improvements to housing projects:

Improvements to housing projects consist of the following:

	Cost, December 31, 2022	Additions ⁽ⁱ⁾	Disposal/ write-off ⁽ⁱ⁾	Reclass	De	Cost, ecember 31, 2022	Accumulated depreciation ⁽ⁱ⁾	Net book value, December 31, 2023	Net book value, December 31, 2022
Improvements to land and buildings ⁽ⁱ⁾ Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 3,725,160 309,920 3,006	\$ 346,738 26,621 -	\$ (112) - -	\$ (20,367) 20,367 –	\$	4,051,419 356,908 3,006	\$ (1,667,591) (247,599) (2,979)	\$ 2,383,828 109,309 27	\$ 2,248,200 87,396 31
	\$ 4,038,086	\$ 373,359	\$ (112)	\$ _	\$	4,411,333	\$ (1,918,169)	\$ 2,493,164	\$ 2,335,627

⁽i) Included in additions, disposal/write-off and accumulated depreciation is the cost and accumulated depreciation of Improvement to buildings transferred to assets held for sale (note 9).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

9. Assets held for sale or transfer:

During 2018, the Board of Directors resolved to transfer the ownership of the TCHC Agency Houses, Scattered Homes and Uninhabitable Homes portfolio to non-profit corporations as approved by City Council.

As of December 31, 2023, TCHC classified 20 (2022 - 14) Scattered Homes and 29 (2022 - 39) agency home as assets held for sale following City Council's motion. The transfer price of \$802 is based on bids from top-ranked proponents.

The assets which are expected to be transferred within 12 months have been classified as held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	Dece	Cost, ember 31, 2022	Additions	Disposal	Dec	Cost ember 31, 2023	umulated preciation	umulated pairment	Net book value, mber 31, 2023	Net book value, ember 31, 2022
Land Buildings Improvement to buildings	\$	1,637 1,454 310	\$ 723 959 220	\$ (1,637) (1,454) (261)		723 959 269	\$ - (168) (40)	\$ (561) (203) (177)	\$ 162 588 52	\$ 831 399 131
	\$	3,401	\$ 1,902	\$ (3,352)	\$	1,951	\$ (208)	\$ (941)	\$ 802	\$ 1,361

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

10. Bank loan and bank indebtedness:

TCHC has a committed revolving credit facility of \$200,000 (2022 - \$200,000) that is available for short-term advances and letters of credit, with standby charges of 0.2%. Short-term advances are available by way of a prime loan at the Canadian prime rate and bankers' acceptances ("BA") at the bank's BA rate plus 1.10%. Short-term advances of \$110,500 (2022 - \$58,000) have been used and are repayable on demand. The amount available under the facility is \$79,195 (2022 - \$131,695), which is net of outstanding letters of credit of \$10,305 (2022 - \$10,305).

11. Adoption of PS 3280, Assets Retirement Obligations:

Effective January 1, 2022, TCHC adopted Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations. Using the modified retroactive application, the comparative information has been restated accordingly. The related significant accounting policy and impact are included in note 1(g) and (m), respectively. The adjustment to opening net assets as at January 1, 2022 is disclosed in the restated consolidated statement of changes in net assets, with a corresponding change in asset retirement obligation liabilities and housing projects acquired or developed.

TCHC owns and operates many buildings that are known to contain asbestos, which represents a health hazard upon demolition of the buildings and there is a legal obligation to remove it.

The information below summarizes the effect of the adoption of the new standard as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	As previously reported, December 31, 2022	Adjustment	As restated December 31 2022
Housing projects acquired or developed Depreciation Asset retirement obligations Deficiency of revenue over expenses Unrestricted surplus	\$ 1,682,790	\$ 35,934	\$ 1,718,724
	244,668	4,286	248,954
	-	479,525	479,525
	(35,611)	(4,286)	(39,897)
	678,793	(443,591)	235,202

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

12. Employee benefits:

TCHC has the following employee benefits plans:

(a) Non-pension post-retirement and post-employment benefit plans (other benefits):

TCHC provides post-retirement benefit plans for medical, dental and life insurance benefits. Post-employment benefit plans provide income benefits for employees on long-term disability and the continuation of benefits (medical, dental, life insurance and income replacement benefits) in respect thereof; accumulated sick leave benefits; accumulated termination benefits; and self-insured Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ("WSIB") Benefits (for Schedule 2 employers).

(i) Post-retirement medical, dental and life insurance benefits:

The former THC participated in a payroll benefits plan reserve fund established by the City to provide for future post-retirement benefits and disability benefits to all City employees and retirees. An amount of \$11,056 (2022 - \$14,056), representing the liability portion relating to the former THC, is recorded as a long-term receivable from the City (note 5(b)).

(ii) Accumulating sick leave benefits:

This past service liability was set up as a result of the former THC participation in a reserve fund established by the City. TCHC recorded a receivable from the City equal to the liability of the former THC of \$4,678 (2022 - \$4,678), less \$409 (2022 - \$409), which is an amount funded internally by TCHC. At the time of amalgamation of Metropolitan Toronto Housing Corporation, a long-term disability obligation was transferred to TCHC from the City. As at December 31, 2023, the liability was recorded as \$200 (2022 - \$297).

The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2021. The next actuarial valuation is scheduled to be performed on December 31, 2024.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

12. Employee benefits (continued):

(b) Supplementary employee retirement plan ("SERP"):

In 2006, TCHC established the SERP for current eligible employees whose pension benefits were frozen in the Public Service Pension Plan or the Ontario Public Service Employees' Union Pension Plan as at January 1, 2001. A current eligible employee is one who was an active employee on February 15, 2006 (the date this benefit was approved by the Board of Directors) and had transferred employment on January 1, 2001 from the Metropolitan Toronto Housing Authority to TCHC and became a member of the Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund ("OMERS"). This plan provides a supplementary benefit so that the total pension benefit on retirement would have been the same as that received had the employee been able to transfer his or her pension to OMERS.

The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2023. The next actuarial valuation is scheduled to be performed on December 31, 2026.

(c) OMERS:

Employees are members of OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan. The plan is a defined benefit plan and specifies the amount of the retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and the highest five years' average earnings. Employees and employers contribute jointly to the plan.

In 2023, the OMERS funded ratio stands at 97% (2022 - 95%) and the primary plan ended 2023 with a funding deficit of \$4.2 billion (2022 - funding deficit \$6.7 billion). As OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surplus or deficit is the joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees. TCHC does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit.

Depending on the individual's normal retirement age and pensionable earnings, 2023 contribution rates were 9% to 14.6% (2022 - 9% to 14.6%). Total employee contributions amounted to \$16,227 (2022 - \$16,168). Total employer contributions amounted to \$16,227 (2022 - \$16,187).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

12. Employee benefits (continued):

Employee benefits liabilities of TCHC:

	2023	2022
Post-retirement benefits (a)(i)	\$ 17,781	\$ 17,146
Sick leave benefits (a)(ii)	12,030	11,631
Termination benefits	1,547	1,480
Disability benefits	4,420	5,242
WSIB obligation	6,029	6,746
Unamortized actuarial gain	230	213
Other benefits	42,037	42,458
SERP (b)	27,151	31,615
	\$ 69,188	\$ 74,073

Additional information about TCHC's SERP and other benefit plans as at December 31 is as follows:

			SEF	RP		Othe	r be	nefits			Гota	I
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Accrued benefit obligation	\$	27.878	\$	27.857	\$	38.058	\$	38,439	\$	65.936	\$	66,296
Plan assets Unamortized	Ψ	(2,706)	Ψ	(2,516)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(2,706)	Ψ	(2,516)
actuarial gain		1,979		6,274		3,979		4,019		5,958		10,293
Accrued benefit												
liability	\$	27,151	\$	31,615	\$	42,037	\$	42,458	\$	69,188	\$	74,073

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

12. Employee benefits (continued):

Continuity of TCHC's accrued benefit liabilities:

	Ç	SERP	Other b	penefits	Tot	al
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Balance, beginning						
of year	\$ 31,615	\$ 35,627	\$ 42,458	,,	\$ 74,073 \$	- ,-
Transfer to TSHC	_	(1,061)	_	(3,120)	_	(4,181)
Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid Actuarial gain	146 1,204 – (6,393)	173 1,079 - (8,287)	2,005 1,117 (1,981) (5,541)	2,400 986 (2,682) (8,439)	2,151 2,321 (1,981) (11,934)	2,573 2,065 (2,682) (16,726)
Funding contributions Unamortized	(1,400)	(2,190)	_	-	(1,400)	(2,190)
actuarial gain	1,979	6,274	3,979	4,019	5,958	10,293
Balance, end of year	\$ 27,151	\$ 31,615	\$ 42,037	\$ 42,458	\$ 69,188 \$	74,073

TCHC's employee benefits expense:

		,	SER	RP.		Othe	r be	nefits			Tota	ıl
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Current service	Φ.	440	•	470	•	0.005	•	0.400	•	0.454	•	0.570
cost Interest cost Amortization of	\$	146 1,204	\$	173 1,079	\$	2,005 1,117	\$	2,400 986	\$	2,151 2,321	\$	2,573 2,065
actuarial gain Settlement gain		(4,414) –		(2,013) (1,061)		(1,560) –		(4,089) (3,451)		(5,974) –		(6,102) (4,512)
	\$	(3,064)	\$	(1,822)	\$	1,562	\$	(4,154)	\$	(1,502)	\$	(5,976)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

12. Employee benefits (continued):

Actuarial assumptions:

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring TCHC's accrued benefit obligations and the benefit costs for the SERP and other employment and post-employment benefits are as follows:

	S	ERP	Other	benefits
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Discount rates for benefit obligations:				
Post-retirement and sick leave	_	_	4.10%	4.10%
Post-employment	_	_	3.80%	3.90%
Pension	4.30%	4.40%	0.0070	0.5070
Discount rates for benefit costs:	4.0070	4.4070		
Post-retirement and sick leave	_	_	2.50%	2.50%
Post-employment	_	_	1.90%	1.90%
Pension	4.40%	2.68%	1.30 /0	1.30 /0
Rate of compensation increase	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Inflation rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Healthcare inflation - select	n/a	n/a	5.16%	5.22%
Healthcare inflation - ultimate	n/a	n/a	4.00%	4.00%
Expected rate of return on				
plan assets	_	_	_	_
Actual rate of return on plan assets	_	_	_	_

For measurement purposes, a 6.55% annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health-care benefits was assumed. The rate is assumed to decrease gradually to 4.00% by 2040 and remain at that level thereafter.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

13. Project financing and debenture loans:

Project financing consists of mortgages, loans payable to the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC"), City, Infrastructure Ontario ("IO") and others and debentures. The changes in project financing for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	New project financing	Impu inte on lo	rest	a	lortgages and loans payments	Defe finan		Dec	ember 31, 2023
Canada Mortgage and Housing											
Corporation ("CMHC") (a)	\$	334,183	\$ 117,021	\$	_	\$	(18,243)	\$	45	\$	433,006
Other mortgages (b)		79,329	_		_		(12,369)		_		66,960
Long-term loans payable to the City (c)		109,566	_		40		(5,517)		_		104,089
Long-term loans payable to others (d)		14,325	_		_		(2,542)		1		11,784
Long-terms loans payable to IO (e)		865,615	_		_		(23,679)		33		841,969
Debenture loans used in project											
financing (f)		446,231	_		_		_		164		446,395
		1,849,249	117,021		40		(62,350)		243		1,904,203
Less current portion		63,023	_		_		_		_		64,096
	\$	1,786,226								\$	1,840,107

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

13. Project financing and debenture loans (continued):

For the year ended December 31, 2023, interest incurred on long-term debt totaled \$78,992 (2022 - \$75,322) has been recorded as interest expense in the consolidated statement of operations.

Principal repayments are due as follows:

								ebenture ans used	_
			Other		Other		i	n project	
	CMHC	mo	rtgages	City	loans	IO	t	financing	Total
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)	
2024	\$ 19,789	\$	11,797	\$ 5,330	\$ 2,629	\$ 24,551	\$	_	\$ 64,096
2025	20,680		12,329	5,524	2,719	25,454		_	66,706
2026	20,695		11,437	5,725	2,813	26,391		_	67,061
2027	21,229		10,441	5,022	2,910	27,362		_	66,964
2028	22,133		7,694	5,203	495	28,369		_	63,894
2029 and thereafter	328,490		13,262	77,302	226	711,273		450,000	1,580,553
Deferred financing charges on project									
financing	(10)		_	(17)	(8)	(1,431)		(3,605)	(5,071)
	\$ 433,006	\$	66,960	\$ 104,089	\$ 11,784	\$ 841,969	\$	446,395	\$ 1,904,203

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

13. Project financing and debenture loans (continued):

(a) CMHC mortgages bear interest at rates between 0.64% and 11% (2022 - 0.64% and 11.00%). These mortgages mature between 2024 and 2053.

On December 20, 2019, a financing agreement was signed between TCHC and CMHC. TCHC expects to receive loans up to \$1,341,058 to fund eligible expenditures under the capital repair program between 2020 and 2027. The loans contain a repayable amount up to \$813,546 and a forgivable amount up to \$527,512.

Pursuant to the financing arrangement with CMHC, TCHC submitted claims and received a total amount of \$659,017 (2022 - \$470,612) comprised: (i) repayable loans of \$373,147 (2022 - \$256,126) and (ii) forgivable loans of \$285,870 (2022 - \$214,486) which includes \$15,000 pertaining to 2027 and was advanced in 2023.

- (b) Other mortgages bear interest at rates between 1.82% and 12.75% (2022 1.82% and 12.75%). These mortgages mature between 2024 and 2048.
- (c) Long-term loans payable to the City consists of the following:
 - (i) Zero-interest term loans matured on October 1, 2023 to finance the building renewal and energy retrofit measures of certain properties.
 - (ii) On December 1, 2014, TCHC received \$52,411 non-revolving credit facility at a fixed interest rate of 4.5% for a 30-year term from the City to refinance loans of 37 properties. \$57 (2022 \$54) of the loan proceeds is included in externally restricted cash.
 - (iii) Beginning 2018, TCHC has a non-revolving, 20-year loan of \$35,948 at a fixed interest rate of 3.7% with the City to finance the implementation of 9 energy efficiency projects at TCHC facilities.
 - (iv) Beginning 2019, TCHC has a non-revolving, 20-year loan of \$24,000 at a fixed interest rate of 2.6% with the City to finance the implementation of 40 energy efficient generators at TCHC facilities.
 - (v) Other loans from the City bear interest at rates between 3.92% and 4.12% (2022 3.92% and 4.12%). These loans mature between 2026 and 2042.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

13. Project financing and debenture loans (continued):

- (d) Long-term loans payable to others primarily consist of a non-revolving, 10-year loan of \$11,784 (2022 \$14,325) at a fixed interest rate of 3.39% with National Bank of Canada.
- (e) Infrastructure Ontario loans bear interest at rates between 2.76% and 4.53% (2022 2.76% and 4.53%). These loans mature between 2043 and 2051.

TCHC incurred financing costs of \$2,479 (2022 - \$2,479) related to the origination and maintenance of the IO funding with an unamortized deferred financing cost of \$1,431 (2022 - \$1,465) as of December 31, 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, TCHC repaid \$23,681 (2022 - \$22,842) towards the principle of the loans.

- (f) TCHC has entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), dated May 11, 2007, with the TCHC Issuer Trust (the "Trust"), which in turn entered into an agreement with various agents to issue bonds. The Trust has advanced all proceeds of the bond offerings to TCHC as a loan having the same interest rate and term as the debenture.
 - (i) In 2007, \$250,000, 4.877% Debentures Series A bonds due on May 11, 2037:

TCHC incurred financing costs of \$3,297 which are amortized over the term of the debt. Amortization of \$106 (2022 - \$101) and interest expense of \$12,193 (2022 - \$12,193) were recorded.

(ii) In 2010, \$200,000, 5.395% Debentures Series B bonds due on February 22, 2040:

TCHC incurred financing costs of \$2,121, which are amortized over the term of the debt. Amortization of \$58 (2022 - \$54) and interest expense of \$10,790 (2021 - \$10,790) were recorded.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

14. Deferred capital contributions and grants receivable:

(a) Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of restricted contributions received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of deferred capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations on the same basis as the asset to which they relate is depreciated.

The changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year Restricted grants for housing projects ((b)(ii)) Amortization of deferred capital contributions Disposal of properties with unamortized deferred	\$ 1,369,888 225,780 (86,957)	\$ 1,242,998 207,989 (79,180)
capital contributions (note 18)	(210)	(1,919)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,508,501	\$ 1,369,888

(b) As at December 31, 2023, the grants receivable comprise:

	2023	2022
Provincial affordability housing grants (i)	\$ 9,245	\$ 10,270
Contributions receivable from the City (ii)	13,232 22,477	50,923 61,193
Less current portion	14,305	51,949
	\$ 8,172	\$ 9,244

- (i) Provincial affordability housing grants for the development of five projects are to be paid monthly over 20 years from the date of grant through to various dates in 2029 to 2034. As at December 31, 2023, \$9,245 (2022 \$10,270) has been set up as a grant receivable.
- (ii) In 2023, the City approved funding of \$131,780 (2022 \$160,000), Support & Housing Administration ("SSHA") to TCHC to address its state of good repair backlog for 2023. TCHC received the contribution of \$169,471 in 2023 (2022 \$173,960) and expect to receive \$13,232 (2022 \$50,923) in 2024 for eligible work performed in 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

15. Funds under administration:

The following funds are administered by TCHC on behalf of the City and accordingly have not been included in these consolidated financial statements:

	202	23	202	22
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Toronto Affordable Housing Fund	\$ 11,425	\$ 8,495	\$ 11,049	\$ 8,505

The programs provide financial support to qualified individuals to purchase eligible homes. The funding agreement was signed with the City on April 30, 2009, for which principal and interest shall be paid to the City and all outstanding mortgages shall be assigned to the City on April 30, 2029, unless otherwise determined by the City.

16. Internally restricted funds:

Internally restricted funds are held for specific purposes as resolved by TCHC's Board of Directors. These funds, and the investment income allocated towards them, are not available for TCHC's general operating expenses.

On April 14, 2023, the Investment Advisory Committee ("IAC") passed a resolution which approved the merger of the State of Good Repair fund into the Capital Risk Reserve fund. The merging the State of Good Repair fund into the Capital Risk Reserve fund was completed in May 2023.

	Capital risk reserve	State of good repair		Sinking fund of public	Working capital reserve	
	fund	fund	de	ebentures	fund	Total
Balance, January 1, 2023 Contributions Fair value reclassification Net investment income Withdrawal Transfer	\$ 55,132 - - - - - 19,217	\$ 19,217 - - - - - (19,217)	\$	145,631 9,091 - 4,558 - -	\$ 48,368 - 4,215 6,891 (13,065)	\$ 268,348 9,091 4,215 11,449 (13,065)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 74,349	\$ _	\$	159,280	\$ 46,409	\$ 280,038

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

16. Internally restricted funds (continued):

As at December 31, 2023, the funds comprise cash and cash equivalents of nil (2022 - \$223) and investments of \$265,178 (2022 - \$245,528), including \$306 (2022 - \$233) of accrued investment income recorded in accounts receivable.

										2023		2022
		Capital		State of		Sinking		Working				
		risk		good		fund of		capital				
		reserve		repair		public		reserve				
		fund		fund	d	ebentures		fund		Total		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	223
Investments		52,005		_		159,280		53,893		265,178		245,528
B. I. O. 1. 0000	•	50.005	•		Φ.	450.000	Φ.	50.000	•	005 470	Φ.	045.754
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$	52,005	\$	_	\$	159,280	\$	53,893	\$	265,178	\$	245,751

As at December 31, 2023, the capital risk reserve fund have a shortfall of \$22,344 (2022 - \$18,994). The working capital reserve investment is higher than reserve due to the unrealized gain of \$7,484 (2022 - \$3,603) which is reported under the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains. The shortfall in the capital risk reserve fund can be funded from TCHC's revolving credit facilities (note 10) should expenditures relating to the fund arise.

17. Contingencies:

- (a) TCHC will be liable to repay certain CMHC, federal, provincial and City loans not yet formally forgiven, which are included in deferred capital contributions (note 14), should it fail to adhere to the terms and conditions under which the loans were originally granted. As at December 31, 2023, the amount of forgivable loans is \$383,413 (2022 \$319,151).
- (b) The nature of TCHC's activities is such that there is often litigation pending or in progress. With respect to claims as at December 31, 2023, it is management's position that TCHC has valid defences and appropriate insurance coverage in place. In the unlikely event any claims are successful, such claims are not expected to have a material impact on TCHC's consolidated financial position.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

18. Gain on sale of housing projects, land and other capital assets:

- (a) In August 2018, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$108 in exchange for a promissory note for \$8,155. As of December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized a net gain on land sale of \$8,047 after closing on the market units.
- (b) In February 2022, TCHC transferred land to a developer. As of December 2023, TCHC recognized additional loan receivable and gain on land sale of \$750.
- (c) In February 2023, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$300, TCHC received cash and cash equivalents of \$27,018. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized a net gain on land of \$26,718.
- (d) In March 2023, TCHC transferred land to a developer with a carrying value of \$84 and housing projects under construction of \$961, TCHC recorded a loan receivable of \$5,236 (note 4(c)) and cash and cash equivalents of \$2,247. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized a net gain on land of \$6,438.
- (e) During 2023, TCHC sold 39 agency houses to non-profit organizations with a carrying value of \$951 and received cash and cash equivalents of \$598. As at December 31, 2023, TCHC recognized a net loss on sale of properties of \$353.
- (f) For the year ended December 31, 2023, TCHC disposed of other capital assets and recognized a gain of \$116.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

19. Non-recurring item:

On May 27, 2022, the underside of a structural concrete panel detached and fell in a bedroom of a townhouse unit in Block H of the Swansea Mews community (the "Swansea incident").

TCHC recognized Swansea incident as a non-recurring item which includes an expense of \$6,378 (2022 - \$15,098) and an impairment loss of nil (2022 - \$5,031).

Non-recurring expense comprise the following:

	2023	2022
Cost contractors (shoring, engineering and abatement) Capital impairment Cost for temporary accommodation Cost of daily living support provided to eligible households Other	\$ 5,814 - 307 36 221	\$ 8,397 5,031 2,747 1,735 2,219
	\$ 6,378	\$ 20,129

In 2023, TCHC submitted application to demolish the buildings according to external engineer's recommendation. The amount reported for ARO liability includes \$2,047 (2022 - \$2,047) abatement costs estimate for Swansea Mews demolishing.

20. Commitments and contractual obligations:

(a) TCHC is obligated under the terms of operating leases and other commitments to the following annual payments:

	Ор	erating lease	Other (b)	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 and thereafter	\$	1,847 1,748 1,171 1,171 1,171 781	\$ 13,356 120,335 67,149 4,364 6,797 23,866	\$ 15,203 122,083 68,320 5,535 7,968 24,647
	\$	7,889	\$ 235,867	\$ 243,756

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

20. Commitments and contractual obligations (continued):

(b) As at December 31, 2023, TCHC has commitments and contractual obligations of \$13,356 to vendors for capital repairs and services to be performed over the next 12 months.

21. Fair value and risk management:

(a) Fair value measurement:

The following classification system is used to describe the basis of the inputs used to measure the fair values of financial instruments in the fair value measurement category:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 market based inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data; assumptions are based on the best internal and external information available and are most suitable and appropriate, based on the type of financial instrument being valued in order to establish what the transaction price would have been on the measurement date in an arm's-length transaction.

The following table illustrates the classification of TCHC's financial instruments that are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy:

2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments and restricted investments	\$ 139,518	\$ 38,818	\$ 86,536	\$ 264,872

2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments and restricted investments	\$ 136,306	\$ 36,174	\$ 72,815	\$ 245,295

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

21. Fair value and risk management (continued):

(b) Risk management:

TCHC is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. TCHC's overall financial risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on TCHC's financial performance.

(i) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that either future cash flows or the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. TCHC is exposed to significant interest rate risk as a result of cash and cash equivalents balances, fixed rate and floating rate investments carried at fair value, and floating rate debt.

(a) Fixed income investments:

TCHC is exposed to the risk of fluctuation in the fair value and cash flows from its fixed income investments due to changes in interest rates.

TCHC mainly invests in debt instruments with terms to maturity of one year or less or other short-term fixed income securities and as such has minimal sensitivity to changes in interest rates since these debt instruments have short maturity profiles and are usually held to maturity. For every 1% increase in the investment rate of return, the investments held by TCHC as at December 31, 2023 would have increased by \$383 (2022 - \$358). For every 1% decrease in the investment rate of return, the investments held by TCHC as at December 31, 2023 would have decreased by \$383 (2022 - \$358).

TCHC utilizes an investment manager to manage the investment portfolio with the performance of the portfolio being assessed in relation to pre-established benchmarks and the risks associated with the investment portfolio are reviewed on a bi-annual basis by TCHC's Investment Advisory Committee, which reports to TCHC's Building Investment, Finance and Audit Committee.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

21. Fair value and risk management (continued):

(b) Floating interest rate risk - short-term borrowing:

As at December 31, 2023, the effect on unrestricted surplus of a 50 basis point absolute change in the market interest rate of the floating rate debt obligations is \$553 (2022 - \$290).

The risk of increases in the floating interest rate on TCHC's short-term borrowing, if unmitigated, could lead to decreases in cash flow and excess of expenses over revenue. As at December 31, 2023, floating rate debt represented 5.48% (2022 - 3.04%) of total debt obligations.

(ii) Credit risk:

(a) Fixed income credit risk:

TCHC has investments in fixed income securities issued by corporations and government entities. TCHC mitigates its risk by limiting its investment portfolio to investments in BBB grade or higher. TCHC conducts the following so as to mitigate credit risk: TCHC's investment portfolio is limited to investments in BBB grade or higher; an investment manager manages the investment portfolio on behalf of TCHC, and investment performance is assessed in relation to pre-established benchmarks; and the performance and risks associated with the investment portfolio are reviewed on a bi-annual basis by TCHC's Investment Advisory Committee, which reports to TCHC's Building Investment, Finance and Audit Committee. There are no amounts past due on the fixed income investment portfolio.

(b) Loans receivable credit risk:

Credit risk in the event of non-payment by the development partners is not considered to be significant as agreements outlining repayments are in place and there are no past due balances as at December 31, 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

21. Fair value and risk management (continued):

(c) Accounts receivable from the City credit risk:

TCHC recorded the long-term receivable from the City in 2001. TCHC and the City mutually agreed to a repayment schedule. The City acknowledges the amount payable. TCHC believes it is not exposed to significant credit risk as a result of non-payment.

(d) Accounts receivable credit risk:

TCHC is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-payment by tenants.

As at December 31, 2023, the following is the aging of accounts receivable:

					Over		
	30 days	60 days	90 days	120 days	120 days	Total	
Accounts receivable	\$ 101,475	\$ 2,712	\$ 139	\$ 143	\$ 14,294	\$ 118,763	

Total accounts receivable of \$118,763 (2022 - \$72,816) comprises the City and other receivables of \$111,811 (2022 - \$66,244) and tenant accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, of \$6,952 (2022 - \$6,572).

(iii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk results from TCHC's potential inability to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities as they come due. TCHC monitors its operations and cash flows to ensure current and future obligations will be met. TCHC has access to an undrawn revolving credit facility of \$79,195 to meet its current and future obligations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023

21. Fair value and risk management (continued):

The table below is a maturity analysis of TCHC's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2023:

					2023	2022
		N	More than			
			1 year			
	Up to		up to	More than		
	1 year		5 years	5 years	Total	Total
Bank loan and bank						
indebtedness Accounts payable	\$ 110,500	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 110,500	\$ 58,000
and accrued liabilities Tenants' deposits and	196,478		_	-	196,478	223,833
rents received in advance Project financing	15,055		_	_	15,055	16,024
including interest	139,765		538,489	2,191,157	2,869,411	2,828,818
	\$ 461,798	\$	538,489	\$ 2,191,157	\$ 3,191,444	\$ 3,126,675

22. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.