

Application to Remove a Private Tree – 36 Rayside Drive

Date: December 27, 2023

To: Etobicoke York Community Council

From: Director, Urban Forestry, Parks, Forestry and Recreation

Wards: Etobicoke Centre - 2

SUMMARY

This report requests that Etobicoke York Community Council deny the request for a permit to remove one privately owned tree located at 36 Rayside Drive. The applicant indicates the reason for requesting removal of the tree is due to concerns over the tree or a large branch failing, resulting in potential property damage.

The honey locust tree (*Gleditsia triacanthos*) measures 76 cm in diameter. The City's Tree By-laws do not support the removal of this tree as it is healthy and maintainable. The permit was denied and the applicant is appealing the decision. Community Council has delegated authority from City Council to make a final decision as to whether a permit may be issued when an applicant wishes to appeal the denial of a permit of a tree protected under the By-laws.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Director, Urban Forestry, Parks, Forestry and Recreation recommends that:

1. Etobicoke York Community Council deny the request for a permit to remove one privately owned tree located at 36 Rayside Drive.

FINANCIAL IMPACT

There are no financial implications resulting from the adoption of this report.

DECISION HISTORY

There is no decision history related to this tree removal permit application.

COMMENTS

Parks, Forestry and Recreation received an application for a permit to remove one privately owned tree located in the front yard at 36 Rayside Drive. The honey locust tree (*Gleditsia triacanthos*) measures 76 cm in diameter. The applicant indicates the reason for requesting removal of the tree is due to concerns over the tree or a large branch failing, resulting in potential property damage.

The arborist report that accompanied the application described the tree to be in good condition. This report notes that the canopy has been well maintained, well pruned of any deadwood, and that visible pruning wounds have compartmentalized well. This report noted some concerns, namely, a buried root flare and a narrow branch union that may contain included bark where the main trunk splits into three branches.

City staff inspected the tree and at the time of inspection determined that it is healthy and maintainable. Staff noted that there was some deadwood and non-structural defects that were considered minor issues and not assessed to be critical defects. Pruning and the performance of routine tree maintenance, in accordance with good arboricultural practices and monitoring, will reduce the risk of limb or tree failure.

The City's Tree By-laws do not support the removal of this tree as it is healthy and maintainable. Through the inspection and review of the arborist report, a permit to remove the tree was denied by Parks, Forestry and Recreation. The applicant is appealing this decision. Community Council has delegated authority from City Council to make a final decision as to whether a permit may be issued when an applicant wishes to appeal the City's decision to deny a tree permit.

As required under *Section 813-19, of City of Toronto Municipal Code, Chapter 813, Trees, Article III*, a notice of application sign was posted on the subject property for the minimum 14-day period in order to provide an opportunity for comment by the community. No comments were received in support, nor in opposition to the application to remove the tree in question.

The City has reaffirmed its canopy target of 40 per cent by 2050. One approach to support achieving this target is to protect healthy trees from injury and removal whenever possible.

Protecting the urban forest is critical in building climate resilience as urban centres continue to face increasing development, impacts due to climate change in the form of extreme weather events, and other natural threats such as invasive pests. Toronto's urban forest provides \$55 million in ecosystem services and benefits annually. Services such as air pollution removal, reduction of storm water runoff, and carbon sequestration

all contribute to climate resilience. Protecting and expanding tree cover helps to mitigate exposure to extreme heat events through shade and transpiration.

A sustainable and expanding urban forest also supports the City of Toronto's goals to improve quality of life and well-being of its residents. A higher density of trees in a neighbourhood has been shown to significantly improve physical and mental well-being by reducing blood pressure, decreasing stress levels, and by promoting physical activity. Economic benefits include enhancements to property values, increased tourism and consumer spending.

In keeping with the City's Strategic Forest Management Plan, Toronto's Official Plan, Toronto's Biodiversity Strategy, and the Tree Protection By-laws, the honey locust tree at 36 Rayside Drive is a valuable part of the urban forest, providing numerous aesthetic, social and economic benefits to the property owner and the local community and therefore should not be removed.

Parks, Forestry and Recreation recommends Etobicoke York Community Council deny the request for a permit to remove one privately owned tree located at 36 Rayside Drive. Should Etobicoke York Community Council grant this request for tree removal, the following recommendation may be adopted, in accordance with the City's Tree By-law permit requirements:

1) Etobicoke York Community Council approve the request for a permit to remove one privately owned tree located at 36 Rayside Drive, and require the applicant to provide five replacement trees which can be achieved in a combination of on-site planting and cash-in-lieu of planting to the satisfaction of the General Manager of Parks, Forestry and Recreation.

CONTACT

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SIGNATURE

Kim Statham
Director, Urban Forestry, Parks, Forestry and Recreation

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 – Figure 1: Staff photograph showing the honey locust tree at 36 Rayside Drive; June 5, 2023

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