THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA DECEMBER 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management for Bloor Annex Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Bloor Annex Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Toronto, Ontario September 12, 2024

Chartered Professional Accountant Licensed Public Accountant THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	111,277	35,838
Short-term investments Accounts receivable	-	79,609
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 3)	86,496	104,697
Other	53,890	62,537
	251,663	282,681
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities City of Toronto – special charges		***
City of Toronto - Other Other	246,342 5,700	246,342 5,550
	252,042	251,892
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEFICIT)	(379)	30,789
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	492,160	560,866
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	491,781	591,655

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:

Chair

Tleasurer

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023 \$ Budget (Note 9)	2023 \$ Actual	2022 \$ Actual
REVENUE			
City of Toronto – special charges Interest, grant and other	276,825 17,500 294,325	276,825 11,932 288,757	276,827 17,443 294,270
EXPENSES			
Administration Promotion and advertising Maintenance Capital (Note 7) Amortization Provision for uncollected special charges (Note 3)	97,084 40,032 95,386 3,000 - (21,702) 213,800	104,251 33,803 129,141 - 124,843 (3,407) 388,631	79,663 41,534 109,391 - 117,128 26,521 374,237
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	80,525	(99,874)	(79,967)
OPERATING SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	591,655	591,655	671,622
OPERATING SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	672,180	491,781	591,655

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	202 3	2022 \$
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(99,874)	(79,967)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(56,137)	
Amortization of tangible capital assets	<u>124,843</u> (31,168)	<u>117,128</u> 37,161
Balance - Beginning of year	30,789	(6,372)
Balance - End of year	(379)	30,789

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(99,874)	(79,967)
Non-cash changes to operations		
Add: Non-cash item Amortization of capital assets Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in	124,843	117,128
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto	18,201	(46,724)
Accounts receivable – other	8,647	(20,989)
Accounts payable - City of Toronto	-	3 -
Accounts payable – other	150	(16,200)
Cash Provided By Operations	51,967	(46,752)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(56,137)	_
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	79,609	(35,243)
Cash, Beginning Of Year	25.020	447.000
,	35,838	117,833
Cash, End Of Year	111,277	35,838
	111,211	00,000

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Bloor Annex Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Streetscape

10 years

Lights

5 years

Snow Plow & Trailers

5 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. CITY OF TORONTO - SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable (payable) net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from (payable to) the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2023	2022 \$
Total special charges outstanding Less: allowance for uncollected special	88,096	107,197
charges	(1,600)	(2,500)
Special charges receivable	86,496	104,697

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises of:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Special charges written-off Change in allowance for uncollected special	(2,507)	41,021
charges	(900)	(14,500)
	(3,407)	26,521

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE BLOOR ANNEX BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

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2023					
	Snow Plow & Trailers	Street Scape	Lighting	Total	
Cost					
Beginning	37,011	1,097,656	_	1,134,667	
Additions	8 °	35,124	21,013	56,137	
Disposals	-	_	_	-	
Ending	37,011	1,132,780	21,013	1,190,804	
Accumulated Amortization					
Beginning	14 904	FF9 007			
Amortization	14,804	558,997	4 202	573,801	
Disposals	7,402	113,238	4,203	124,843	
Ending	22,206	672,235	4,203	698,644	
Net Book Value	14,805	460,545	16,810	492,160	
	2022				

	Snow Plow & Trailers	Streetscape	Lighting	Total
Cost				
Beginning	37,011	1,097,656	-	1,134,667
Additions	_	_	_	-,201,007
Disposals	-	_	-	_
Ending	37,011	1,097,656	-	1,134,667
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning	7,402	449,271	-	456,673
Amortization	7,402	109,726		117,128
Disposals	-	_	_	-
Ending	14,804	558,997	-	573,801
Net Book Value	22,207	538,659	-	560,866

5. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values. The BIA is subject to an interest rate risk with respect to its investments; however, as these instruments are short-term investments the risk is minimal.

7. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

8. COMMITMENTS

The Board, in co-operation with the City, has implemented cost-shared capital improvement projects on publicly owned property for several years. The projects are long-term in nature and are usually completed subsequent to the year of Council's approval. The Board is committed to capital improvement projects of which the Board's share of \$129,466 was outstanding as at December 31, 2023.

9. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.

RAFIQ DOSANI, B.Comm. CPA, CA

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

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September 12, 2024

Mr. Daniel Quintas, Chair/ Bloor Annex Business Improvement Area Toronto, Ontario

Dear Mr. Quintas:

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The audit of the financial statements of the Bloor Annex Business Improvement Area (BIA) for the year ended December 31, 2023 has been completed. The primary purpose of the audit was to express an opinion on the financial position of the BIA as at that date and on the results of its operations for the year then ended.

Given the test nature of my audit, you will appreciate that reliance must be placed on adequate methods of internal control as the Board's principal safeguard against irregularities which a test examination may not disclose.

This letter provides my observations and recommendations on matters arising from the 2023 audit for your consideration.

Cheque Signing Procedures

Observation:

The City of Toronto Economic Development Division and the Toronto Association of Business Improvement Areas (TABIA) have issued a Toronto BIA Operating Handbook which specifically states that all cheques issued by a BIA should be signed by two independent authorized signing officers. It was noted cheques issued by the BIA had only the Manager's signature. Also the cheques paid to the Manager for reimbursement of expenses had only his signature although all reimbursement of expenses had appropriate supporting documents.

Recommendation:

1. It is recommended that under no circumstances should officers be signing cheques issued to themselves. All cheques should be signed by two independent signing officers. It is a good business practice to have three cheque signing officers so that there are two independent officers always available in order to avoid conflicts.

Management Response:

It is part of the General Manager's duties to dispense the budget in a diligent and timely manner. It is a result of Administrative convenience that BIA cheques are routinely signed by one entity. This is with the approval of the Board and the bank from which the funds are drawn. There is more than one cheque signer.

Thank you for observing that all expenses you examined had the requisite supporting documents.

I will be available to discuss my observations and recommendations with the Board members at a mutually convenient time.

Yours truly,

Kafiq Dosani