

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE
BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA**

**Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

DECEMBER 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the
Board of Management for Regal Heights Village Business Improvement Area

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Regal Heights Village Business Improvement Area (BIA), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

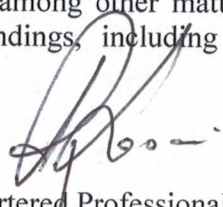
Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

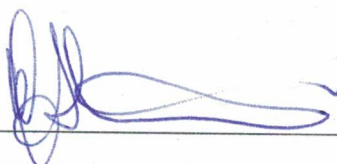
Toronto, Ontario
November 12, 2024

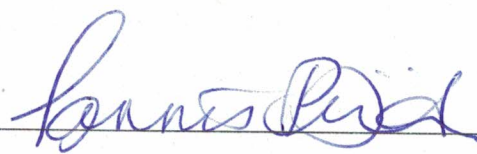

Chartered Professional Accountant
Licensed Public Accountant

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	161,178	108,080
Short-Term Investments	-	100,000
Accounts receivable		
City of Toronto – special charges (Note 3)	846	-
Other	15,331	7,777
	<u>177,355</u>	<u>215,857</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
City of Toronto– special charges (Note 3)	-	391
Other	1,557	1,482
	<u>1,557</u>	<u>1,873</u>
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	175,798	213,984
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 4)	<u>10,013</u>	<u>-</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	<u>185,811</u>	<u>213,984</u>

Approved on behalf of the Board of Management:


Chair


Treasurer

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023 \$ Budget (Note 8)	2023 \$ Actual	2022 \$ Actual
REVENUE			
City of Toronto – special charges	22,540	22,540	-
Interest and Other	18,500	4,000	-
	<u>41,040</u>	<u>26,540</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENSES			
Administration	31,628	24,270	7,786
Promotion and advertising	49,000	13,744	3,473
Maintenance	46,300	13,375	16,652
Capital (Note 7)	7,500	-	-
Amortization	-	2,503	-
Provision for uncollected special charges (Note 3)	2,462	821	238
	<u>136,890</u>	<u>54,713</u>	<u>28,149</u>
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	(95,850)	(28,173)	(28,149)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>213,984</u>	<u>213,984</u>	<u>242,133</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	<u>118,134</u>	<u>185,811</u>	<u>213,984</u>

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
 REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Surplus (Deficit) for the year	(28,173)	(28,149)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(12,516)	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,503	-
	(38,186)	(28,149)
Balance - Beginning of year	213,984	242,133
Balance - End of year	175,798	213,984

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
 REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus for the year	(28,173)	(28,149)
Non-cash changes to operations		
Adjustment for non-cash item		
Amortization	2,503	-
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in		
Accounts receivable - City of Toronto – special charges	(846)	728
Accounts receivable – other	(7,554)	(2,919)
Accounts payable – City of Toronto – special charges	(391)	391
Accounts payable - City of Toronto	-	-
Accounts payable – other	75	-
Cash Provided By (Used in) Operations	(34,386)	(29,949)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(12,516)	-
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	100,000	(100,000)
Cash, Beginning of Year	108,080	238,029
Cash, End of Year	161,178	108,080

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS

The Regal Heights Village Business Improvement Area (BIA) is established as a Business Improvement Area under the management and control of a Board of Management appointed by Council of the City of Toronto.

The Board is entrusted with the improvements, beautification and maintenance of municipally owned lands, buildings and structures in the area, together with the promotion of the area as a business or shopping area. Funding is provided by property owners of the BIA who are levied a special charge based on an annual operating budget prepared by the Board and approved by Council under Section 220(17) of the Municipal Act, as amended.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for local governments as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), the most significant of which are as follows:

Revenue recognition:

The BIA receives special charges from its members which are levied and collected by the City of Toronto. It also receives cash donations and sponsorships from corporate and private donors and grants from local, provincial and federal governments for events and festivals. Revenue is being recorded upon the signing of contracts and when collection can be reasonably ascertained.

Short-term Investments:

Short-term investments are highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities greater than three months but less than one year and are classified as "short-term" investments. BIA classifies short-term investments as current assets and reports them at their fair market value.

Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Lighting	5 years	Baskets	5 years
Signs	5 years	Flags, Banners & Poles	3 years

Contributed services:

Services provided without charge by the City of Toronto and others are not recorded in these financial statements.

Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at the approximated fair value.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
 REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Use of estimates:

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include determining the useful lives of tangible capital assets for amortization, the allowance for uncollectible levies and accounts receivable and contingent liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates; as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. CITY OF TORONTO – SPECIAL CHARGES

Special charges levied by the City are collected and remitted to the Board by the City. The total special charges outstanding consist of amounts collected by the City not yet remitted to the Board and amounts uncollected by the City.

The Board records special charges receivable (payable) net of an allowance for uncollected amounts. The special charges receivable from (payable to) the City of Toronto are comprised of:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Total special charges outstanding	1,546	(391)
Less: allowance for uncollected special charges	(7,00)	-
Special charges receivable (payable)	846	(391)

The provision for uncollected levies reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus comprises:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Special charges written-off	121	538
Change in provision for losses on assessment appeals	700	(300)
	821	238

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
 REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2023		
	Flower Baskets	Banners	Total
Cost			
Beginning	-	14,246	14,246
Additions	12,516	-	12,516
Disposals	-	-	-
Ending	12,516	14,246	26,762
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	-	14,246	14,246
Amortization	2,503	-	2,503
Disposals	-	-	-
Ending	2,503	14,246	16,749
Net Book Value	10,013	-	10,013

	2022		
	Flower Baskets	Banners	Total
Cost			
Beginning	-	14,246	14,246
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Ending	-	14,246	14,246
Accumulated Amortization			
Beginning	-	11,822	11,822
Amortization	-	2,424	2,424
Disposals	-	-	-
Ending	-	14,246	14,246
Net Book Value	-	-	-

**THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR
REGAL HEIGHTS VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

5. INSURANCE

The Board is required to deposit with the Treasurer, City of Toronto, insurance policies indemnifying the City against public liability and property damage in respect of the activities of the Board. Insurance coverage providing \$5,000,000 for each occurrence or accident has been obtained by the Board through the City of Toronto.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of the BIA's financial instruments approximates their values.

7. CAPITAL EXPENSES

In order to finance major capital expenses, the BIA annually budgets certain amounts and accumulates them as surplus. Once adequate funds have accumulated, the BIA undertakes cost-shared capital improvement projects with the City. For this reason, the actual expenses in a given year could significantly differ from the amount budgeted for the year. Any excess actual capital expenses are financed out of the accumulated surplus.

8. BUDGET

Budget Figures are provided for comparative purposes only and have not been subject to audit procedures.