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Carbon Budget

January 15, 2025





Carbon Budget: Basis and Purpose

- In May 2023, Council adopted a Carbon Accountability governance system (<u>2023.IE3.4</u>), codified in the <u>Climate Change Goals and Governance</u> by-law (Mun Code, Ch. 669)
 - Among other things, this system requires a Carbon Budget report in each budget cycle that addresses key questions such as:
 - What is the budget's impact on GHG reduction?
 - What is the budget's impact on fossil fuel dependencies?
- The <u>Carbon Budget Baseline</u> was released with the 2024 Capital and Operating Budget. Unlike previous years, this report focused on the **impact** of City-led GHG reduction actions & fossil fuel dependencies in Corporate service delivery
- Starting in 2024: Carbon Budget Prioritization Process
 - Proactively identify new and enhanced actions that could reduce GHGs and be included in 2025 proposed budget, providing additional impact on top of baseline actions that continue year-over-year
 - Culminates in Carbon Budget reporting (BN on staff-proposed budget, Staff Report on Counciladopted budget)

2021-2025: Climate Briefing Note Evolution

2021 Greenhouse Gas and Climate Resilience Investment Summary

✓ Project identification via tagging – capital projects that reduce GHGs and/or increase Climate Resilience

2022 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Reduction and Climate Resilience Investment Summary 2023 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Reduction and Climate Resilience Investment Summary

- ✓ Refinement of tagging instructions with a standardized list of objective criteria
- ✓ Helped build public awareness of climate-related spending in the capital budget
- ✓ No measure of progress on "climate action"
 - Will identified spending reduce GHG emissions and by how much? Will it enable achievement of Council-set GHG targets?

2024 Carbon Budget Baseline

- Focus on GHG reduction impact and include operating budget: estimated GHG reduction potential for each key City-led action (projects and programs) in annual budget
- ✓ Assessment of budget alignment with progress on Net Zero Strategy goals
- ✓ Track fossil fuel dependencies in the City's operating and capital budget proposals

<u>NEW for 2025</u>: Carbon Budget Prioritization process to identify new/enhanced actions that can help accelerate toward Council-set GHG goals

2025: Carbon Budget Prioritization Process

Annual process to identify and prioritize new/enhanced GHG reduction actions for inclusion in budget

ACTION GUIDANCE



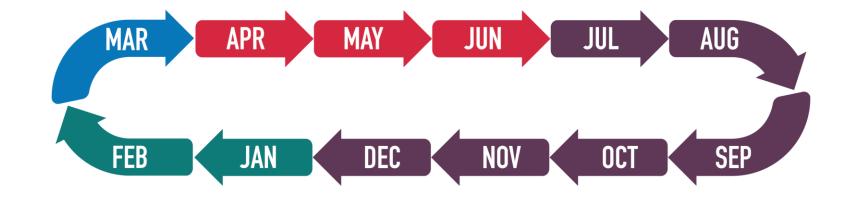
City Manager and CFO issue direction on key areas for new/enhanced GHG reduction actions.

NEW IDEAS



Divisions and Agencies work with Environment & Climate and Financial Planning on estimates of GHG and financial impact of ideas for new/ enhanced GHG reduction actions.

Budget 2025 contains 31 new/enhanced GHG reduction actions with an estimated annual GHG reduction impact of 65,858 t CO2e in 2025, growing to 244,615 t CO2e annually once fully implemented



ANNUAL CARBON BUDGET



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Annual Carbon Budget Report published with Staff-proposed budget in January. Then in March, reporting on the impact (if any) of the Council-approved budget on proposals in the Carbon Budget Report.

3 PRIORITIZATION



Prioritization screen of GHG reduction actions for inclusion in next year's budget.

Proposals sorted into priority tiers of impact for Net Zero Strategy, based on presence of <u>one or more</u> factors (GHG, Enabling, Inclusivity/Equity contribution):

| Priority tier | GHG reduction (est. annual, t CO ₂ e) | Enabling potential (indirect GHG reduction) | Contribution to inclusive/equitable NZ* |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| HIGH | 100s – 1,000s | High | High |
| MEDIUM | 10s – 100s | Moderate-High, though uncertain | Moderate |
| LOW | 0 – 10 | Insignificant | Insignificant |

*Analysis used was similar to framework for assessing high/med/low impact in 2024-25 Equity Responsive Budgeting manual, adapted to net zero context.

Investments in Climate Action

The 2025 Budget makes investments in climate mitigation and adaptation actions aimed at reducing ~160,725 tonnes/CO₂ while improving resilience to climate change. Key highlights across key sectors include:



Buildings

- 1
- Enhanced **Home Energy Loan Program** for modest income homeowners in low-rise buildings (incl. multi-unit)
- 2

New **bulk purchase program** for residential heat pump installations



Fuel switching and energy retrofits in cityowned buildings



- Bike Share Toronto
 expansion
- TTC green bus program continuation
- EV charging infrastructure
- Hybrid waste truck pilot for City-owned fleet



- Basement flooding protection program
- Organics diversion boost with upgrades at Dufferin Organics Processing Facility



- **Port Lands flood protection** through Don River naturalization
- Green streets infrastructure
- Stream restoration and erosion control
- Enhanced greenspaces
 for better cooling and water
 absorption



Other Highlights

- City's ongoing support of Toronto Hydro investments to ready the local electricity distribution grid for increasing electrification in the building and transportation sectors.
 - City will facilitate investments through:
 - a one-time special equity injections of \$50 million,
 - annual investments of \$25 million from 2025-2034, and
 - a targeted and phased down fixed dividend payment schedule by Toronto Hydro (2024.EX15.7)
- ✓ Increasing Climate Resilience
 - Program areas that contribute to increasing climate resilience have a planned capital investment of \$17,545 million over the next 10 years
 - Focus in 2025 to gather information to better understand overall costs of climate change to the City and prioritize climate-related risks for action

Corporate Fossil Fuel Dependencies



2025 Capital budget contains \$1,367M and 2025-2034 Capital plan contains \$10,066M for projects tagged as containing at least one "fossil fuel reliant" element (e.g. procurement of assets powered by fossil fuels) 2025 Operating budget contains \$50.3M for the purchase of fossil fuels to consume in Corporate operations (e.g. fossil natural gas to heat buildings; diesel and gasoline for vehicles). Projected consumption of fossil fuels in Corporate operations in the 2025 budget year would result in 332,007 t CO2e emissions.

Intergovernmental Dependencies

- Achieving net-zero requires sustained collaboration across governments, despite fiscal constraints, shifting public priorities, and election-driven policy uncertainties.
- Potential federal government change may impact key decarbonization policies (e.g., Carbon Pricing, Clean Fuel Regulation, EV Availability Standard).
- ✓ Ontario's energy plans (IRRP, IERP) will significantly influence decarbonization outcomes.
- ✓ Ontario's IERP will define the future of energy use, including electricity grid carbon intensity and fossil natural gas policies for the buildings sector.

Intergovernmental Dependencies (cont.)

✓ To meet the City's climate goals in the three largest emission categories will require leadership and assistance from other orders of government:



Buildings

- Pathways and standards to achieve net-zero emissions from new and existing buildings
- Financing and incentives to support building energy retrofits, with a focus on low and modest income households and small business



- Accelerated implementation of the Canada Public Transit Fund (before the 2026 budget year)
- Accelerated Electric Vehicle (EV) uptake with increased purchasing incentives or mandates from either federal or provincial governments
- Accelerated EV uptake through increased incentives to build out EV charging infrastructure guided by the City's approach and strategy of the Public Electric Vehicle Charging.



- Establishment of an implementation plan, with identified major transmission, distribution and generation infrastructure needed to achieve a net-zero, decarbonized grid
- Ambitious and achievable federal Clean Electricity Standards

Thank You

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