

Presentation to Toronto Accessibility Advisory Committee

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Project Overview

The Challenge

There is growing demand to convert existing roads into pedestrian-only spaces, <u>but</u> staff have no clear policy, standards, or implementation strategy to determine where, how, and by whom this should be done.





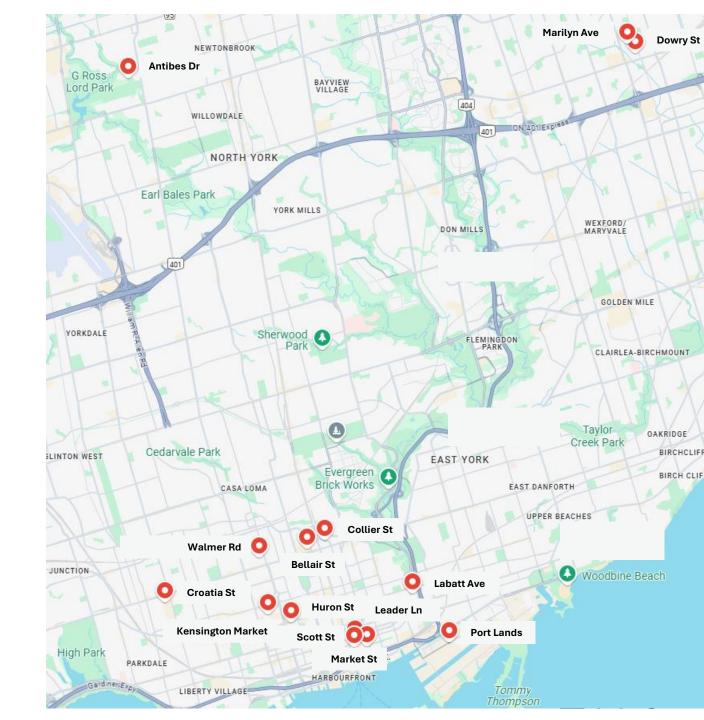


Pedestrianization opportunities and requests arise across the city from a variety of sources and for a variety of reasons.

This map identifies some locations which are either currently pedestrianized on a seasonal basis or in various stages of evaluation and consideration in response to external requests.

Street (ward)

- Marilyn Ave (22)
- **Dowry St** (22)
- **Port Lands** (14)
- Labatt Ave (13)
- Market St (13)
- Scott St (13)
- **Leader Ln** (13)
- Walmer Rd (11)
- Collier St (11)
- Kensington Market (11)
- Huron St (11)
- Bellair St (11)
- Croatia St (9)
- Antibes Ave (6)



Reasons to Pedestrianize

Create **accessible** places for passive or active uses (public space)

Support local **businesses** and business districts (placemaking)

Enhance the **pedestrian network** (new walkways)

Improve traffic **safety** on local streets (traffic management)











Policy Alignment

Existing City Policies & Guidelines

- Official Plan
- TMC, Chapters 743 and 886
- Toronto Walking Strategy
- TransformTO Net Zero Strategy
- Complete Streets Guidelines
- Vibrant Streets Guidelines
- Vision Zero Road Safety Plan
- On-Street Bikeway Design Guidelines
- Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines
- Neighbourhood Greenways Guide
- Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act

Policy Objectives

- Creating safe, attractive, high-quality public spaces that foster social interaction
 Promote walkability and reduce auto dependence
- Boost local economies
- Enhance safety and accessibly for pedestrians in the public realm
- Create public spaces that serve diverse users and uses



Goal & Objectives



The Goal

The City has a clear policy framework for responding to requests and opportunities to enhance pedestrian experience, safety, and comfort on streets.

Objectives

- 1. Establish guidelines to determine if full pedestrianization of a particular street is feasible and desirable, or whether alternative design solutions are more appropriate
- Create an operational strategy to define key tasks, roles, and responsibilities for planning, implementation and management of pedestrianized streets



Policy Needed



Seasonal street closure

Permanent street closures

- Public plaza
- Pedestrian pathway
- Activated laneway

Other Solutions



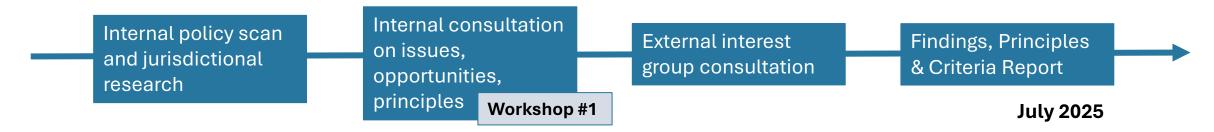


- Street Event
- Curbside parklets
- Traffic management Closure
- Shared Street
- Complete Street
- Sidewalk Expansions

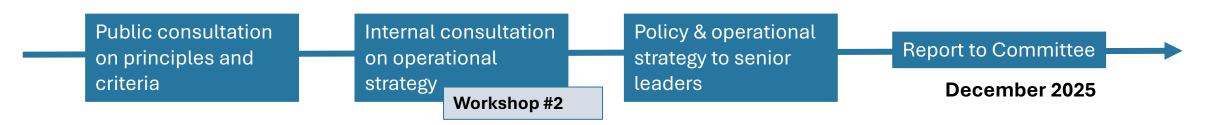


Project Timeline

Phase 1 – Decision Making Framework | Q1 - Q2 2025



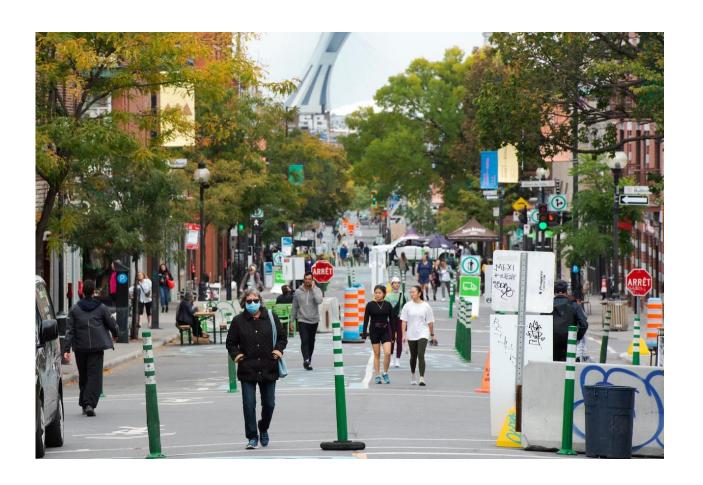
Phase 2 - Operational Strategy | Q2 2025 - Q1 2026



Lessons Learned From Other Cities

Montreal

Pedestrian and Shared Streets Program



- 25 streets pedestrianized from 2020-2025
- 3-5 projects selected annually
- \$12M funding for 2025–2027
- Successful seasonal streets are made permanent
- Only commercial streets pedestrianized, generally for one block (40-80m)

New York City

NYC Plaza Program







- 94 plazas in total 46 have been reconstructed
- Defined "pedestrian plaza" as a third right-of-way type, enabling unique standards and a new regulatory framework
- City typically receives 5-10 applications per year
- \$30 million program funded by Department of Transportation
- Four supporting programs for plaza partners

Lessons Learned

- 1. Successful examples used a program-based approach with dedicated funds, resources, and defined staff roles
- 2. Strong external partnerships and collaboration for maintenance and programming
- Extensive community consultation and engagement during planning and pilot phases
- 4. Phased implementation and temporary pilots to test and refine concepts before making permanent changes

Accessibility Lessons Learned

Planning & Consultation

 Require consultation and site visits with people living with disabilities during site selection and design processes

Design & Programming

- Incorporate universally accessible furniture (and placement)
- Use durable and even surface materials
- Maintain minimum 2.1m clearway
- Provide ramps at regular intervals for mobility device access
- Use visual and tactile detectable elements

Site Access

- Relocate accessible parking spaces if impacted
- Include accessible ramps at entry points
- Include accessible pick-up and drop-off zones







Emerging Directions

Key Questions

Phase 1



Why?

Define desired outcomes of pedestrianizing a street



Where?

Establish transparent evaluation criteria



How?

Confirm consistent approach for planning, implementation and maintenance



Who?

Define implementation and maintenance roles and responsibilities

Principles





Site Access







Vibrancy





Decision Making Framework

*for discussion purposes

Feasibility Requirements (must have for all)

- Maintenance plan and standards
- Alignment with capital program
- Property access is maintained or diverted
- Access for property loading, waste collection, and other servicing is maintained or diverted
- Safe egress point for vehicles
- Fire and emergency services access is maintained or diverted
- Utilities are accessible for scheduled and emergency maintenance, or relocated

Decision Making Framework

*for discussion purposes

Considerations (applied based on the desired outcomes)

- Traffic Management and Pedestrian Network Improvements
 - Existing traffic, pedestrian, and cyclist volumes warrant intervention
 - Proximity to homes, schools, daycares, etc that may benefit from pedestrianization
 - Community support

- Public Space Improvements and Economic Development
 - Manageable traffic and parking impact
 - BIA and Councillor support
 - Active commercial frontages
 - Pedestrian volumes
 - Programming partner
 - Stewardship plan

Next Steps

- 1. Refine the decision-making framework, incorporating input from staff and other key interest groups, and circulate for feedback
- 2. Re-engage relevant staff on operational strategy this summer
- Coordinate with ongoing updates to Development Infrastructure Policy & Standards, Streetscape Manual, and other related initiatives

Phase 2 - Operational Strategy | Q2 2025 - Q1 2026

