Financial Statements of

TORONTO SENIORS HOUSING CORPORATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Toronto Seniors Housing Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Toronto Seniors Housing Corporation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- · the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *"Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"* section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Page 2

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Page 3

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

April 29, 2025

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,111,346	\$ 1,132,550
Accounts receivable	178,797	232,464
Due from TCHC (note 3(a)(ii))	9,803,892	4,862,487
Due from the City of Toronto (note 3(b))	_	703,461
Prepaid expenses	568,634	626,803
	12,662,669	7,557,765
Capital assets (note 4)	12,869	19,304
Due from TCHC (note 3(a)(i))	4,015,051	4,180,700
	\$ 16,690,589	\$ 11,757,769

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		2024		2023
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$	3,328,241	\$	3,478,170
Due to TCHC (note 3(a)(ii))	·	6,702,006	·	2,585,227
Due to the City of Toronto (note 3(b))		_		76,078
		10,030,247		6,139,475
Employee benefits (note 7)		6,037,600		5,187,400
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		622,742		430,894
	\$	16,690,589	\$	11,757,769

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Revenue:		
City of Toronto grant (notes 3(b) and 6)	\$ _	\$ 3,943,678
Revenue from TCHC (note 3(a)(ii))	51,514,906	37,123,449
Interest	179,051	267,396
Other	12,797	_
	51,706,754	41,334,523
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	32,909,318	30,833,412
Professional services	337,180	866,979
Supplies and other operating		
(note 3(a)(ii))	13,043,453	11,150,945
	46,289,951	42,851,336
Surplus fund (payable)/receivable		
to/from TCHC	(5,224,955)	1,784,209
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 191,848	\$ 267,396

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 191,848	\$ 267,396
Change in non-cash operating		
working items:		
Accounts receivable	53,668	(104,924)
Due from TCHC (note 3(a)(ii))	(4,775,756)	(3,651,674)
Due to TCHC	4,116,779	914,867
Prepaid expenses	58,169	(4,926)
Amortization	6,434	6,434
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(149,929)	320,866
Deferred grant revenue (note 6)	_	(3,118,831)
Employee benefits (note 7)	850,200	1,270,300
	351,413	(4,100,492)
Financing activities:		
Due from the City of Toronto (note 3(b))	703,461	(703,461)
Due to the City of Toronto	(76,078)	(16,389)
	627,383	(719,850)
Investing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets (note 4)	_	(25,738)
Increase (decrease) in cash	978,796	(4,846,080)
Cash, beginning of year	1,132,550	5,978,630
Cash, end of year	\$ 2,111,346	\$ 1,132,550

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

Toronto Seniors Housing Corporation ("TSHC") was incorporated under the provisions of the Ontario Business Corporations Act on June 23, 2021 with the City of Toronto (the "City") as its sole shareholder. In establishing TSHC, the City approved a Shareholder Direction that set guiding principles, high-level objectives and expected accountability to the City. The Shareholder Direction establishes TSHC as operating at arm's length from the City, under the direction of an independent Board of Directors.

Effective June 1, 2022, TSHC operates as an affordable rental and social housing provider for low and moderate-income senior households.

TSHC and Toronto Community Housing Corporation ("TCHC") entered into a transition agreement on June 1, 2022 to operate the 83 buildings owned by TCHC. In return, TCHC advances to TSHC the net monthly cash collected on these properties for market rent and rent geared to income less utilities, property taxes, mortgages, security patrols, and facilities management. TCHC continues to own the buildings and be responsible for major capital repairs and improvements. TSHC and TCHC amended the agreement in 2024 to adjust for additional time through 2025 to determine future agreement terms. In a future agreement, TSHC intends to be responsible for minor capital and maintenance and will be focused on tenant facing issues, including health and social supports.

TSHC and TCHC entered into a service delivery agreement for IT Support, and other back office administration as of June 1, 2022.

TSHC is a municipally-owned corporation as it is owned by the City and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under paragraph 149(1)(d.5) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

Under the Residential Tenancies Act, 2006, rental units located in a not-forprofit housing project, which are developed under a prescribed federal or provincial program, are exempt from residential rent controls.

TSHC received the determined municipality status as of March 2023 from the Canada Revenue Agency for the purposes of Part IX of the Excise Tax Act, retroactively to June 23, 2021.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS"), including accounting standards that apply to government not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are summarized below:

(a) Revenue recognition:

TSHC follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions for PSAS. Grants and funding designated for TSHC's mandate are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Interest income is recorded when earned.

(b) Expenses:

In the statement of operations, TSHC presents its expenses by function. Expenses are recognized in the year incurred and recorded in the function to which they are directly related.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Capital assets and amortization:

Capital assets are recorded at cost with amortization calculated using the straight-line method, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Furniture and equipment

4 years

(d) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition and are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value.

(e) Employee related costs:

TSHC has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

- TSHC's contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefit plans are expensed as contributions come due;
- the costs of terminating benefits and compensated absences that do not vest or accumulate are recognized when an event that obligates TSHC occurs; costs include projected future income payments, health-care continuation costs and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis;

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- the costs of other employee benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation, expected health-care costs and plan investment performance. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service lives;
- employee future benefit liabilities are discounted using the average expected borrowing rate of TSHC over the year during which benefits are expected to be earned;
- past service costs from plan amendments are expensed as incurred; and
- the costs of workplace safety and insurance obligations are actuarially determined and expensed. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as incurred.

(f) Use of estimates:

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian PSAS and accordingly, require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The significant estimates in the financial statements include the collectability of receivables, deferred contributions, and the amount of certain accrued liabilities in the year they become known.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

2. New accounting standards:

The new accounting standards listed below came into effect in 2024 and management has assessed them and determined that there is no material impact on the financial statements of TSHC.

They are:

- (a) PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships;
- (b) PS 3400, Revenue; and
- (c) Sector Guideline 8, Purchased Intangibles.

3. Related party transactions:

- (a) Account balances with TCHC:
 - (i) Employee future benefits:

On June 1, 2022, 256 staff from TCHC seniors housing unit were transferred to TSHC inauguration and start of operation per the transition agreement. As result of the transfer of staff from TCHC to TSHC, post-retirement benefits were transferred from TCHC's book to TSHC. The post-retirement benefits of \$4,180,700 remained as a long-term receivable from TCHC due to the legacy employees that was part of TCHC and the City, and the arrangement made on the benefits payment as instalment from the City. In 2024, \$165,649 was transferred to short-term receivable, and reducing the long-term receivable to a balance of \$4,015,051.

(ii) Transition and service delivery agreements:

On June 1, 2022, TSHC entered into a transition agreement with TCHC to service the 83 properties. Revenue received by TCHC from the properties less costs related to the running of these properties are provided to TSHC as net revenue on a monthly basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Related party transactions (continued):

The following are balances and transactions with TCHC as at and for the year:

	2024	2023
Net revenue received Net revenue due from TCHC	\$ 43,660,872 7,854,034	\$ 34,266,596 2,856,853
Revenue from TCHC	\$ 51,514,906	\$ 37,123,449
Due from (to) TCHC include:		
Net revenue receivable COVID cost recovery (note 2(b)) Seconded staff cost	\$ 7,854,034 _ _	\$ 2,856,853 121,386 100,039
Subsidies due from TCHC Post-retirement benefit receivable	1,784,209 165,649	1,784,209
Due from TCHC	\$ 9,803,892	\$ 4,862,487
Net revenue payable Surplus revenue payable Harmonized sales tax Others	\$ (1,443,725) (5,224,955) – (33,326)	\$ (1,443,725) - (187,684) (953,818)
Due to TCHC	\$ (6,702,006)	\$ (2,585,227)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Related party transactions (continued):

As part of this agreement, TSHC pays to TCHC information technology services and back-office administration costs. The monthly operating costs are included in the supplies and other operating expense line of \$11,389,950 (2023 - \$9,676,431).

(b) Account balances with the City of Toronto:

Payable to the City is nil (2023 - \$76,078) representing cost of seconded staff to TSHC and a receivable of nil (2023 - \$824,847) for funding related to COVID-19 costs incurred by TSHC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. Capital assets:

	Cost December 31, 2023	Add	ditions	Accumulated amortization	Net book value December 31, 2024	Net book value December 31, 2023
Furniture and equipment	\$ 25,738	\$	_	\$ 12,869	\$ 12,869	\$ 19,304

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	2024	2023
Salaries and benefits Others	\$ 2,774,627 553,614	\$ 2,996,090 482,080
	\$ 3,328,241	\$ 3,478,170

6. Deferred grant revenue:

TSHC received funding from the City, as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Revenue recognized	\$ _ _	\$ 3,118,831 (3,118,831)
Balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ _

7. Employee benefits:

On June 1, 2022 the employees of TCHC Seniors Housing Unit were transferred to TSHC as part of the transition agreement. Along with the transfer of staff, the post-retirement liability obligations were transferred to TSHC from TCHC. TSHC also adopted a number of benefit plans from TCHC, including Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund ("OMERS") Pension Plan, and other health benefit plans.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

The following are TSHC employee benefit plans:

(a) Non-pension post-retirement and post-employment benefit plans (other benefits):

The following benefit plan liabilities as at December 31, 2024 are based on the most recent actuarial valuation that has been completed as of December 31, 2024:

(i) Post-retirement medical, dental and life insurance benefits:

TSHC provides health, dental and life insurance benefits to certain employees. The same health, dental and life insurance benefits are provided to some retirees until age 65 and reduced benefits are provided thereafter.

The former Toronto Housing Corporation ("THC") participated in a payroll benefits plan reserve fund established by the City to provide for future post-retirement benefits and disability benefits to all city employees and retirees. The reserve fund is currently with TCHC and recorded as a long-term receivable with the City. This was not transferred to TSHC during the transition.

(ii) Accumulating sick leave benefits:

The accrued benefit obligation is based on the most recent actuarial valuation that was completed as at December 31, 2024. Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and bargaining unit employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave TSHC's employment. The liability for the accumulated sick leave represents both vested and unvested amounts that could be paid to bargaining unit employees on termination. The amount is currently accrued with TCHC and was not transferred to TSHC as of June 1, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

This past service liability was set up as a result of the former THC participation in a reserve fund established by the City. TCHC recorded a receivable from the City equal to the liability of the former THC. The amount is currently accrued with TCHC and was not transferred to TSHC as of June 1, 2022.

(b) Supplementary employee retirement plan ("SERP"):

The following benefit plan liabilities as at December 31, 2024 are based on the most recent actuarial valuation that has been completed as at December 31, 2023:

In 2006, TCHC established the SERP for current eligible employees whose pension benefits were frozen in the Public Service Pension Plan or the Ontario Public Service Employees' Union Pension Plan as at January 1, 2001. A current eligible employee is one who was an active employee on February 15, 2006 (the date this benefit was approved by the Board of Directors) and had transferred employment on January 1, 2001 from the Metropolitan Toronto Housing Authority to TCHC and became a member of the OMERS. This plan provides a supplementary benefit so that the total pension benefit on retirement would have been the same as that received had the employee been able to transfer his or her pension to OMERS.

The next actuarial valuation is scheduled to be performed on December 31, 2026.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

(c) OMERS:

Employees are members of OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan. The plan is a defined benefit plan and specifies the amount of the retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and the highest five years' average earnings. Employees and employers contribute jointly to the plan.

In 2024, the OMERS funded ratio stands at 98.0% and the primary plan ended 2024 with a funding deficit of \$2.9 billion. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surplus or deficit is the joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees. TSHC does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit.

Depending on the individual's normal retirement age and pensionable earnings, 2024 contribution rates were 9.0% to 14.6% (2023 - 9.0% to 14.6%).

In 2024, total employee contributions were \$2,201,870 (2023 - \$2,055,101) and total employer contributions amounted to \$2,201,870 (2023 - \$2,055,101).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

Employee benefits liabilities of TSHC:

	2024	2023
Post-retirement benefits (a)(i)	\$ 3,147,000	\$ 2,293,000
Sick leave benefits (a)(ii)	1,532,400	1,520,400
Disability benefits	538,000	361,000
Other benefits	5,217,400	4,174,400
SERP (b)	820,200	1,013,000
	\$ 6,037,600	\$ 5,187,400

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

Additional information about TSHC's SERP and other benefit plans as at December 31 is as follows:

		SE	RP	Oth	er benefits		Total		
	2024		2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Accrued benefit obligation Unamortized	\$ 809,400	\$	850,500	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 4,775,000	\$ 4,209,400	\$ 5,625,500		
actuarial gain (loss)	10,800		162,500	1,817,400	(600,600)	1,828,200	(438,100)		
Accrued benefit									
liability	\$ 820,200	\$	1,013,000	\$ 5,217,400	\$ 4,174,400	\$ 6,037,600	\$ 5,187,400		

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

Continuity of TSHC accrued benefit liabilities:

		RP		Oth	er		Total				
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Balance, beginning of year Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid Actuarial loss (gain) Unamortized	\$ 1,013,000 2,100 35,200 (67,600) (173,300)	\$	1,087,100 12,400 44,300 (76,400) (216,900)		\$ 4,174,400 824,000 211,000 (205,000) (1,604,400)	\$	2,830,000 796,000 178,000 (36,600) 1,007,600	\$	5,187,400 826,100 246,200 (272,600) (1,777,700)	\$	3,917,100 808,400 222,300 (113,000) 790,700
actuarial gain (loss)	10,800		162,500		1,817,400		(600,600)		1,828,200		(438,100)
Balance, end of year	\$ 820,200	\$	1,013,000	,	\$ 5,217,400	\$	4,174,400	\$	6,037,600	\$	5,187,400

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

TSHC's employee benefits expense:

		RP	Oth	benefits	Total					
	2024		2023	2024		2023		2024		2023
Current service										
cost	\$ 2,100	\$	12,400	\$ 824,000	\$	796,000	\$	826,100	\$	808,400
Interest cost Amortization of actuarial	35,200		44,300	211,000		178,000		246,200		222,300
loss (gain)	(162,500)		(54,400)	213,000		407,000		50,500		352,600
Balance,										
end of year	\$ (125,200)	\$	2,300	\$ 1,248,000	\$	1,381,000	\$	1,122,800	\$	1,383,300

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

Actuarial assumptions:

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring TSHC's accrued benefit obligations and the benefit costs for the SERP and other employment and post-employment benefits are as follows:

	SERP		Other benefits	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
D :				
Discount rates for				
benefit obligations:				
Post-retirement				
and sick leave	_	_	4.20%	4.10%
Post-employment	_	_	3.40%	3.80%
Pension	4.40%	4.30%	_	_
Discount rates for				
benefit costs:				
Post-retirement				
and sick leave	_	_	4.10%	4.10%
Post-employment	_	_	3.80%	3.90%
Pension	4.30%	4.40%	_	_
Rate of compensation				
increase	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Inflation rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Healthcare				
inflation - select	_	_	5.14%	5.30%
Healthcare				
inflation - ultimate	_	_	4.00%	4.00%

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Employee benefits (continued):

For measurement purposes, a 5.14% (2023 - 5.30%) annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health-care benefits was assumed. The rate is assumed to decrease gradually to 4.00% by 2040 and remain at that level thereafter.

8. Financial risks:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. TSHC is exposed to this risk relating to its cash and accounts receivable. TSHC holds its cash accounts with a federally regulated chartered bank who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation.

TSHC assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. At year end, there were no amounts allowed for in accounts receivable.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that TSHC will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. TSHC mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and keeping accounts payable current throughout the year.

9. Impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

On March 11, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This had an effect on TSHC's operation. The cost impact was absorbed within the regular operational cost for cost incurred for staff wages and overtime due to extra cleaning as outlined by public health.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

10. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.