

Financial Statements

Board of Management for Community Centre 55

December 31, 2025

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Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Board of Management (the "Board") for Community Centre 55 (the "Centre") are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The preparation of the financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Centre's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting. The Board reviews the Centre's financial statements and discusses any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to the approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Doane Grant Thornton LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the City of Toronto's City Council, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Centre's financial statements.

_____ Chairperson

_____ Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto and the Board of Management of
Community Centre 55

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Community Centre 55 (the "Centre"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Centre as at December 31, 2025, and its results of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in *the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Centre in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Centre or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Centre's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Centre to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Doane Grant Thornton LLP

Toronto, Canada
May 26, 2026

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Community Centre 55

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31

2025

2024

Assets

Current assets

Cash	\$ 6,832	\$ 31,883
Due from City of Toronto – deficit (Note 5)	9,082	76,281
Accounts receivable	<u>66,039</u>	<u>112,594</u>
	81,953	220,758

Due from City of Toronto (Note 3) 330,353 346,247

\$ 412,306 **\$ 567,005**

Liabilities

Current liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	\$ 81,953	\$ 57,734
Due to Community Centre 55 Charity (Note 7)	<u>-</u>	<u>163,024</u>
	81,953	220,758

Post-employment benefits liability (Note 3) 330,353 346,247

412,306 **567,005**

Net assets

- -

\$ 412,306 **\$ 567,005**

On behalf of the Board of Management

Signed by:



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Chair

Signed by:



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Treasurer

Community Centre 55**Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets**

Year ended December 31,

20252024

Revenue

City of Toronto funding		
Administration (Note 5)	\$ 1,026,376	\$ 896,479
Post-employment benefits (Note 3 and 5)	<u>15,894</u>	<u>25,821</u>
	<u>1,042,270</u>	<u>922,300</u>

Expenses

Salaries and wages	686,676	548,152
Employee benefits (Note 4)	178,973	167,988
Purchase of services	88,014	72,689
Materials and supplies	72,713	107,650
Post-employment benefits (Note 3 and 5)	<u>15,894</u>	<u>25,821</u>
	<u>1,042,270</u>	<u>922,300</u>

**Excess of revenue over expenses and net assets,
beginning and end of year**

\$ -	\$ -
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Community Centre 55

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31,

2025

2024

Increase (decrease) in cash

Operating activities

Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ -	\$ -
Adjustment for non-cash items:		
Post-employment benefits liability	<u>(15,894)</u>	<u>(25,821)</u>
	<u>(15,894)</u>	<u>(25,821)</u>

Net change in non-cash working capital items:

Accounts receivable	46,555	(20,115)
Due from City of Toronto - deficit	67,199	(17,195)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	24,219	8,672
Due to Community Centre 55 Charity	<u>(163,024)</u>	<u>60,000</u>
	<u>(40,945)</u>	<u>5,541</u>

Financing

Long-term amount due from City of Toronto	<u>15,894</u>	<u>25,821</u>
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Increase (decrease) in cash (25,051) 31,362

Cash, beginning of year 31,883 521

Cash, end of year \$ 6,832 \$ 31,883

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

1. Nature of operations

The City of Toronto Act, 1997 continued the provisions of By-law No. 1995 - 0448 dated June 26, 1995 to reflect Chapter 25, Community and Recreation Centres of the Corporation of the City of Toronto Municipal Code. Chapter 25 amended all previous By-laws and established part of the premises at 97 Main Street, Toronto, as a community recreation centre under the authority of the Municipal Act, known as Community Centre 55 (the "Centre"). The Centre is a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income tax.

The Municipal Code provides for a Council appointed Board of Management which, among other matters, shall:

- (a) endeavour to manage and control the premises in a reasonable and efficient manner, in accordance with standard good business practices, and
- (b) pay to the City of Toronto (the "City") any excess of administration expenditure funds provided by the City in accordance with its approved annual budget, but may retain any surplus from program activities.

2. Significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations ("PSAS-GNPO"), including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Revenue recognition

The Centre follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized and are recorded as deferred contributions on the statement of financial position.

Financial instruments

The Centre initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

The Centre subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, due from City of Toronto, and long-term amounts due from City of Toronto. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include due to City of Toronto, accounts payable, and due to Community Centre 55 Charity.

Contributed material and services

Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed materials and services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee related costs

The Centre has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

- (a) The City of Toronto offers a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan to the Centre's employees. Due to the nature of the Plan, the Centre does not have sufficient information to account for the Plan as a defined benefit plan; therefore, the multi-employer defined benefit pension plan is accounted for in the same manner as a defined contribution plan. An expense is recorded in the period in which contributions are made.
- (b) The Centre also offers its employees a defined benefit sick leave plan, a post-retirement life, health and dental plan, a long-term disability plan and continuation of health, dental and life insurance benefits to disabled employees. The accrued benefit obligations are determined using an actuarial valuation based on the projected benefit method prorated on service, incorporating management's best estimate of future salary levels, inflation, sick day usage estimates, ages of employees and other actuarial factors.

Net actuarial gains and losses that arise are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

The Centre recognizes an accrued benefit liability on the statement of financial position, which is the net of the amount of the accrued benefit obligations and the unamortized actuarial gains/ losses.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PSAS-GNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes accounting estimates when determining significant accrued liabilities, the post-employment benefits liabilities and the related costs charged to the statement of operations. Actual results could differ from those estimates, the impact of which would be recorded in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

3. Post-employment benefits liability and long-term receivable

The Centre participates in a number of defined benefit plans provided by the City including pension, other retirement and post-employment benefits to its employees. Under the sick leave plan for management staff with ten years of service as of July 1, 2008, unused sick leave accumulates, and eligible retirees are entitled to a cash payment when they leave the Centre's employment. The liability for these accumulated days represents the extent to which they have vested and could be taken in cash by the employee upon termination, retirement, or death. This sick bank plan was replaced by a Short-Term Disability Plan (STD) effective March 1, 2008, for all non-union employees of the City of Toronto. Upon the effective date, the sick banks were locked with no further accumulation. Grandfathered management staff remain entitled to payout of frozen, banked time, as described above. Under the new STD plan, management employees are entitled to 130 days annual coverage with salary protection at 100 or 75 percent, depending upon years of service. Non-management employees continue to receive sick bank time as stipulated in the applicable Collective Agreement, which specifies no financial of unused sick leave.

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

3. Post-employment benefits liability and long-term receivable (continued)

The Centre also provided health, dental, accidental death and disability, life insurance and long-term disability benefits to eligible employees. Depending upon length of service and an individual's election, management retirees are covered either by the former City of Toronto retirement benefit plan or by the current retirement benefit plan.

Due to the complexities in valuing the benefit plans, actuarial valuations are conducted on a periodic basis. The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2024 with projections to December 31, 2027. Assumptions used to project the accrued benefit obligation were as follows:

- Long-term inflation rate 2.0%
- Assumed health care cost trends – range from 3.0% to 6.0%
- Rate of compensation increase 3.0% to 3.5%
- Discount rates – post-retirement 4.7%, post-employment 4.1%, sick leave 4.2%

Information about the Centre's employee benefits, other than the multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan noted below, is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Post-retirement benefits	\$ 159,354	\$ 161,681
Less: unamortized actuarial gain	<u>170,999</u>	<u>184,566</u>
Post-employment benefit liability	<u>\$ 330,353</u>	<u>\$ 346,247</u>

The continuity of the accrued benefit obligation is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 346,247	\$ 320,426
Current service cost	9,496	18,342
Interest cost	7,038	10,287
Amortization of actuarial gain	(17,442)	(2,808)
Benefits paid during the year	<u>(14,986)</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 330,353</u>	<u>\$ 346,247</u>

A long-term receivable of \$330,353 (2024 - \$346,247) from the City has resulted from the recording of post-retirement benefits. Funding for these costs continues to be provided by the City as benefit costs are paid and the City continues to be responsible for the benefit liabilities of management staff that may be incurred by the Centre.

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

4. Multi-employer pension plan

The Centre also makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of most of its employees. The OMERS plan (the "Plan") is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employer contributions to this pension plan amounted to \$55,900 in 2025 (2024 - \$47,910).

The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan as at December 31, 2025 indicates the Plan is in a deficit position and the Plan's December 31, 2025 financial statements indicate a net deficit of \$6,127 million (a deficit of \$1,322 million plus adjustment of \$4,805 million of unrecognized investment returns above or below the discount rate that is being smoothed and recognized over a five-year period). The Plan's management is monitoring the adequacy of the contributions to ensure that future contributions together with the Plan's assets and future investment earnings will be sufficient to provide for all future benefits. At this time, the Centre's contributions accounted for an insignificant portion of the Plan's total employer contributions. Additional contributions, if any, required to address the Centre's proportionate share of the deficit will be expensed during the period incurred.

5. Funds provided by the City of Toronto

Funding for administration expenditures is provided by the City according to Council approved budgets. Surplus amounts in administration are payable to the City. Deficits, excluding those accruals for long-term employee benefits, are funded by the Centre unless Council approval has been obtained for additional funding.

	Budget 2025 (unaudited)	2025	2024
Administration expenses:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 686,700	\$ 686,676	\$ 548,152
Employee benefits	179,441	178,973	167,988
Materials and supplies	74,637	72,713	107,650
Purchase of services	93,711	88,014	72,689
Post-employment benefits	-	15,894	25,821
	<u>\$ 1,034,489</u>	<u>\$ 1,042,270</u>	<u>\$ 922,300</u>
Centre's actual administration revenue:			
Administration budget		<u>\$ 1,034,489</u>	<u>\$ 879,284</u>

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

5. Funds provided by the City of Toronto (continued)

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Centre's actual administration expense:		
Administration expenses	1,042,270	922,300
Adjustments for:		
Post-employment benefits, not funded by the City until paid, that are included in long-term receivable -		
Due from City of Toronto	<u>(15,894)</u>	<u>(25,821)</u>
	<u>1,026,376</u>	<u>896,479</u>
Administration expenses under (over) approved budget	<u>\$ 8,113</u>	<u>\$ (17,195)</u>
The due from City of Toronto balance is comprised of:		
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
2022 surplus payable	\$ -	\$ (18,900)
2023 deficit receivable	-	77,986
2024 deficit receivable	17,195	17,195
2025 surplus payable	<u>(8,113)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 9,082</u>	<u>\$ 76,281</u>

6. Government remittances payable

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil) related to payroll deductions.

7. Due to Community Centre 55 Charity

The Board of Management for the Centre have the same Board as the Community Centre 55 Charity's (the "Charity") Board, except for two board members, therefore the Board of Management for the Centre and the Charity are considered to have significant influence over the other, due to the commonality of the Boards.

Balance owing to Community Centre 55 Charity is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Cash advance from the Charity for cash flow purposes	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 163,024</u>

All transactions with the Charity occur in the normal course of operations and are recorded at their exchange amount which is the amount agreed upon by the related parties. All advances from the Charity are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no specified terms of repayment.

8. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The following disclosures provide information to assist users of the financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to the Centre's financial instruments.

Community Centre 55

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2025

8. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk

The Centre is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Centre's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash and accounts receivable. The Centre's cash is deposited with Canadian chartered banks and as a result management believes the risk of loss on this item to be remote. Management believes that the Centre's credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited. The organization manages its credit risk by reviewing accounts receivable aging and following up on outstanding amounts.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the adverse consequence that the Centre will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities, which are comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Centre manages liquidity risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements on a regular basis. The Centre believes its overall liquidity risk to be minimal as the Centre's financial assets are considered to be highly liquid.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

i) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Centre's financial instruments are all denominated in Canadian dollars and the Centre transacts primarily in Canadian dollars. As a result, management does not believe it is exposed to significant currency risk.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Centre's cash earns interest at prevailing market rates. As a result, management believes that the interest rate exposure related to these financial instruments is negligible.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. Management does not believe the Centre is exposed to significant other price risk.

Changes in risk

There have been no significant changes in the Centre's risk exposures from the prior year.

April 27, 2026

Management and the Board of Management
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In connection with our audit of the financial statements of Community Centre 55 (the "Centre") as of December 31, 2025 and for the year then ended, we considered internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing appropriate audit procedures. The purpose of our audit was to express an opinion on the financial statements, not to identify internal control matters. Therefore, we express no opinion on the effectiveness of internal control and it would be inappropriate to conclude that no internal control matters, including significant control deficiencies, exist beyond those included in this communication.

A deficiency in internal control exists where the design, implementation, operation or absence of a control means that internal controls are unable to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements in the financial statements on a timely basis. The Canadian Auditing Standards require that, where we identify internal control deficiencies during an audit, we assess their importance and severity and communicate them to management and those charged with governance, as appropriate. Deficiencies that are of sufficient importance to merit the attention of those charged with governance are described as "significant deficiencies".

Significant control deficiencies

Segregation of duties

In common with other organizations with a small accounting team, we noted an issue surrounding segregation of duties. We noted that the Finance & Business Director has administrative access and the ability to post and approve journal entries in the accounting software while also being involved in the financial reporting process. Also, there is no formal review of manual journal entries. Segregation of duties is a key control designed to prevent employees from both being able to commit and conceal errors or irregularities in the normal course of their duties. The ideal segregation of duties occurs when different employees initiate, authorize, record, verify, and report transactions, and have custody of assets. Adequate segregation of duties is required in order to ensure that the Centre's assets are properly safeguarded.

Management Response

All Cheque requests are submitted by department heads and are review and signed off on by The Finance and Business Director, The Executive Director and the Treasurer. The bookkeeper pays the cheque request and attaches the back up to the payment. He/She also input the payment into the Journal entries. The Finance and Business Director review and posts. The Finance and Business Director does not handle cash or give receipts for payments. Reception or downstairs staff receives payments and records in the receipt book before putting in the safe. From there the Bookkeeper prepares the banking. There is a payroll clerk that handles payroll, the Head of each department approves the time cards. We are a small department of 3 people and segregate as much as we can.

Other deficiencies

Formal risk assessment process

We noted that there is no formal risk assessment process in place. It is best practice to have a formal risk assessment process whereby the Board of Management reviews all risks that impact the Centre as a whole.

Management comments

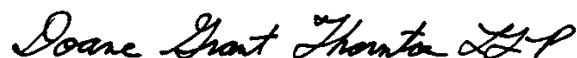
Management will seek further advice and training so that the business and financial risks can be identified and reported to the Centre's Board on a regular basis.

Conclusion

The matters reported in this communication are limited to those deficiencies we identified during the audit that we considered to be of sufficient importance to communicate to management and, in the case of significant deficiencies, those charged with governance. Had we performed more extensive procedures on internal control, including procedures subsequent to April 27, 2026, we might have identified more deficiencies or reached different conclusions about the deficiencies included in this communication.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, those charged with governance, and others within the Centre and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours sincerely,
Doane Grant Thornton LLP

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Doane Grant Thornton LLP".

David Fioretti, CPA, CA
Principal