

DRAFT #3
April 29, 2026

Financial Statements of

TO LIVE

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of TO Live

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of TO Live (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025
- the statement of operations and changes in net deficit for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2025, and its results of operations, its changes in net deficit and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the **"Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"** section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

TO LIVE

DRAFT Statement of Financial Position (In thousands of dollars)

December 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 15,220	\$ 23,102
Accounts receivable	1,567	2,205
Prepaid expenses	405	554
	17,192	25,861
Capital assets (note 4)	5,196	4,852
Art collection	29	29
	\$ 22,417	\$ 30,742

Liabilities and Accumulated Net Deficit

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,457	\$ 11,871
Due to the City (note 3)	2,816	2,469
Deferred revenue	3,498	3,743
Advance ticket sales	6,955	8,312
	17,726	26,395
Deferred capital contributions (note 6)	4,821	4,474
Unrestricted net deficit:		
Accumulated net deficit	(130)	(127)
	\$ 22,417	\$ 30,742

Commitments and contingencies (note 8)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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DRAFT Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Deficit (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025 Budget	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
Revenue:			
Operating:			
Performance	\$ 7,620	\$ 4,154	\$ 8,728
Rental	13,422	15,594	14,881
Ancillary	9,297	8,448	8,224
Other recoveries	517	865	622
Interest and other (note 10)	804	717	827
City of Toronto investment (note 3)	6,148	6,148	5,599
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 6)	857	1,102	1,162
Transfer from:			
Facility Fee Reserve Fund (note 2)	4,232	775	375
State of Good Repair Program	2,314	1,437	1,881
Toronto Live Foundation	300	300	300
	45,511	39,540	42,599
Expenses:			
Salaries, wages and benefits (note 5)	22,884	22,482	21,516
Presentation and production	7,929	6,185	10,363

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DRAFT Statement of Cash Flows

(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025, with comparative information for 2024

	2025	2024
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (3)	\$ (3)
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 6)	(1,102)	(1,162)
Amortization of capital assets	1,105	1,165
Gain on disposal of capital assets	—	(10)
Change in non-cash working capital balances (note 7)	(8,229)	3,722
Due to the City (note 7)	(209)	(128)
	(8,438)	3,584
Financing activities:		
Due to the City (note 7)	556	(142)
Capital contributions received (note 6)	1,449	1,321
	2,005	1,179
Investing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(1,449)	(1,321)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	—	10
	(1,449)	(1,311)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(7,882)	3,452
Cash, beginning of year	23,102	19,650
Cash, end of year	\$ 15,220	\$ 23,102

TO LIVE

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

TO Live (the "Board") is continued as a city board pursuant to the provisions of the City of Toronto Act, 2006. The Board is a corporate body, and its purposes are the operation, management and maintenance of the City of Toronto (the "City") owned theatres known as Meridian Hall, St. Lawrence Centre for the Arts and Meridian Arts Centre (collectively, the "theatres"), as theatres and auditoriums and as centres for meetings, receptions and displays, on behalf of the City.

The City is responsible for the Board's operating deficit and is entitled to its operating surplus. The Board may not borrow money without the approval of City Council. The Board has an operating line of credit with the City not to exceed \$1.25 million repayable before December 31 in any year.

The Board is a registered charitable organization and, as such, can issue tax receipts and is not subject to income taxes under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Board have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS"), including accounting standards that only apply to government not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are summarized below.

(a) Cash:

Cash represents cash on hand and cash at the bank.

(b) Financial instruments:

The Board's financial instruments included in the statement of financial position comprise cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to the City. The financial instruments are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

For certain financial instruments, comprising cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying values approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

All financial instruments are assessed annually for impairment. When a financial asset is impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the statement of operations and changes in net deficit. A write-down is not subsequently reversed for a subsequent increase in value.

For financial instruments measured using amortized cost, the effective interest rate method is used to determine interest revenue or expense.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Stage equipment	10 years
Computer equipment	4 years
Other equipment	5 years
Building improvements	12 years
Furniture	5 years

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Major facilities of the theatres, including the land and building in which the Board operates, are recorded in the accounts of the City. Expenditures for significant improvements to the building are charged to the City's capital program and the corresponding funding is withdrawn from the State of Good Repair Program ("SOGR"). These improvements are not recorded as assets of the Board.

Art collection is carried at cost and not amortized due to the nature of the underlying asset.

(d) Leases:

Operating lease costs are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

(e) Employee benefit plan:

The employee benefit plan is the multi-employer pension plan (note 5). The Board has adopted the following policies with

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Revenue recognition:

The Board follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Contributions, including grants, are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Externally restricted contributions for amortizable capital assets are deferred and amortized over the life of the related capital asset. Performance and rental revenue is recognized on the date of the attraction or event. Ancillary revenue is generally recognized at the point of sale.

Deferred revenue consists of the Board's advance ticket sales for its presentations, unredeemed gift certificates, event deposits, sponsorship revenue and donation revenue for which no tax receipt has been issued attributable to future periods of benefit.

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

2. Funds of the Board held by the City:

(a) Facility Fee Reserve Fund ("FFRF"):

In October 2011, the City updated its administrative amendments to the Board's FFRF. Contributions to the FFRF can now include the facility fee surcharge, which is applied to most tickets sold for attractions at the theatres at a rate determined by the Board; capital salvage; corporate and naming right contributions for a capital purpose; developer capital contributions; other recoveries of a capital nature; and any other contributions directed by City Council. The FFRF is banked by the City and is recorded on the City's books.

The changes in the Board's FFRF are as follows:

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

3. Related party transactions:

(a) Due to the City:

	2025	2024
Operating surplus	\$ 20	\$ 12
Transfer to FFRF	2,297	2,410
Trade payables	6	5
Capital advances payable/(receivable)	373	(183)
Transfer to Programming Reserve Fund	120	225
Balance, end of year</		

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

3. Related party transactions (continued):

(c) Facility Fee Reserve Fund ("FFRF"):

The FFRF can be used to fund maintenance, state of good repair, heritage preservation and renovation of the theatres as well as repayment of advances and/or loans - principal and interest - made by the City to the Board (note 2). The total amount expended in 2025 was \$2,218 (2024 - \$1,696).

These intercompany balances are non-interest bearing.

(d) City of Toronto investment:

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

4. Capital assets (continued):

During 2025, the Board disposed of capital assets with an original cost of \$4 (disposals in 2024 were \$22) and accumulated amortization of \$4 (accumulated amortization in 2024 was \$22). Proceeds from the disposal of assets in 2025 were nil (2024 - \$10).

5. Employee benefits:

The Board makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer pension plan, on behalf of many of its employees. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

6. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent unamortized amounts of capital contributions. These contributions comprise of capital assets donated by corporations, the Board's FFRF and contributions in-kind. The most significant sources of the balance are contributions from the City's Capital Reserve Fund. The changes in deferred capital contributions during the year are as follows:

	2025	2024
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 4,474	\$ 4,315
Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets	1,449	1,321
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		

TO LIVE

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

7. Statement of cash flows (continued):

The changes in due to the City for operating activities constitute the following:

	2025	2024
Increase (decrease) in due to the City:		
Transfer from Programming Reserve Fund	\$ (105)	\$ (75)
Operating surplus/deficit - current fiscal year	8	(468)
Trade payables	1	(10)
Surcharge payable	(113)	425
	\$ (209)	\$ (128)

The changes in due to the City for financing activities constitute the following:

	2025	2024
Due to the City:		
Advances from City (FFRF and SOGR)	\$ 556	\$ (142)

8. Commitments and contingencies:

(a) Leases:

The Board is committed under the terms of equipment operating leases approximately as follows:

2026	\$ 11
2027	11
2028	11
2029	2
	\$ 35

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

8. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

(b) Contingencies:

From time to time, the Board is named in lawsuits relating to its activities. These claims are at various stages and, therefore, it is not possible to determine the merits of these claims or to estimate the possible financial liability, if any, to the Board. Accordingly, no material provisions have been made for loss in these financial statements, but in management's view, these claims should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Board.

9. Financial risk management:

The main risks to which the Board's financial instruments are exposed are as follows.

(a) Foreign exchange risk:

Foreign exchange risk is the risk due to fluctuations in foreign exchange prices. Realized exchange losses of \$2 are included in the statement of operations and changes in net deficit for the year ended December 31, 2025 (2024 - losses of nil).

The Board is exposed to gains/(losses) that arise with respect to the degree of volatility of foreign exchange rates. The Board believes it has a low exposure to foreign exchange risk given the value of its foreign denominated assets.

(b) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Accounts that are receivable result in exposure to credit risk since there is a risk of counterparty default. The Board provides for an allowance for doubtful accounts to absorb potential credit losses where required. As at December 31, 2025, 6 accounts represent 86% of the total accounts receivable balance (2024 - 5 accounts represent 89%).

The Board believes it has low exposure to credit risk.

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DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2025

9. Financial risk management (continued):

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk of the inability of an entity to meet its current obligations from proceeds of current assets.

The Board manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and other activities and maintains credit facilities with the City to ensure it has sufficient available funds to meet current and foreseeable financial requirements.

10. Interest and other revenue:

Interest and other revenue of \$717 (2024 - \$827), includes \$467 related to interest (2024 - \$744), and \$250 related to settlements, claims and miscellaneous items (2024 - \$83).

11. Toronto Live Foundation:

In 2018, the Toronto Live Foundation (the "Foundation") was established to support and raise funds for the Board initiatives and special projects. The Foundation is a separate corporation without share capital and with its own Board of Directors. It is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act (Canada). These financial statements do not include the net assets or revenue and expenditures of the Foundation.

The Foundation acquires, owns, holds in trust and applies funds to assist in the development of programming for the benefit of the Board. In 2025, the Board transferred nil to the Foundation (2024 - nil). The fund balances held by the Foundation as at December 31, 2025 totaled \$4,918 (2024 - \$4,949). During the year, the Foundation received \$239 in donations (2024 - \$2,470) and granted \$300 (2024 - \$300) in support of ongoing operations. The Foundation's revenue over expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$5 (2024 - \$2,191) resulting from income generated from investments.