

2016 Census: Families, households and marital status; Language

Date Prepared: August 3, 2017 (Revised September 14, 2017)

The 2016 Census was held on May 10, 2016. On August 2, 2017, Statistics Canada released data from the 2016 Census of Population on families, households and marital status, and on language.

On August 31, 2017, Statistics Canada released a revision to the language data that had been released. The data correction primarily affected French language speakers, and this backgrounder has been revised to reflect the updated data.

KEY POINTS

- The number of families and households continues to grow in Toronto, but the City's proportion in the Greater Toronto Area continues to decline slightly.
- Common-law couples are the family type that has grown the fastest since the last Census. The percentage of couples with children continues to drop. This trend is seen across the City and the Greater Toronto Area. Over the past two decades, the number of married couples has remained stable in Toronto, while increasing significantly in the rest of the GTA.
- More people are living on their own. One-person households continue to increase.
- Multigenerational households (those with at least three generations of the same family) have seen significant increases in most areas of the GTHA with the exception of Toronto.
- Toronto continues to be a mosaic of languages. According to the 2016 Census, 43.9% of Toronto residents had a mother tongue other than English or French.
- Just over one half of all Toronto residents reported English as their mother tongue. An additional 3.4% of Toronto residents identified English and a non-official language as their multiple mother tongues.

Families, Households and Marital Status

Families

- In 2016 there were 718,755 census families in Toronto (up 28,415 or 4.1% from 2011) and 1,767,145 in the Greater Toronto Area (GTA) – up 101,945 (or 6.1%) over 2011. Toronto housed 40.7% of the GTA total, but the City's proportion continues to decline slightly, from 44.0% in 2006 and 41.5% in 2011.

- Family structure continues to change. Since 2011, the number of common-law couples in Toronto increased by 21.6%, lone-parent families by 3.8%, whereas married couples showed a slight increase of 1.6%. The number of lone-parent families in the rest of the GTA, which had surpassed the total in the City of Toronto in 2011, continued to grow at a faster rate of 10.9%.
- Within Toronto, the largest concentrations of lone-parent families can be found in the Jane-Weston corridor in the city's northwest and in mid-Scarborough (see Map 1).
- The number of couple families with children in Toronto reversed the trend of decline seen in the past decade and grew slightly, at a rate of 1.4% since 2011, reaching a total of 316,070. However, because the number of couples without children grew at a faster rate (8.0%), the percentage of couples with children continued to drop. In Toronto in 2016, 55.8% of couples had children, down from 57.4% in 2011. In the rest of the GTA, the percentage of couple families with children also followed this downward trend, falling to 64.9% from 66.0% in 2011.
- Couples without children grew by 8.0% in Toronto and 10.5% in the rest of the GTA between 2011 and 2016. In the GTA outside of Toronto, most of the growth in the number of census families without children has been due to an increase in seniors 65 and older. Within Toronto, the increase in childless couples corresponds to an increase not only in seniors but also to an increase in the working age population (25-44 year olds).

Households

- In 2016, the number of Toronto households stood at 1,112,930 growing 6.2% since 2011.
- Toronto households consist of 38.5% non-family households, 58.7 % single-family households and 2.8% multiple-family households. Since 2011, non-family households increased by 9.5%, single-family households increased by 4.4% while multiple-family households grew by 1.5%.
- As a percentage of all GTHA households, the highest proportion of non-family households is in Toronto (58.7%) while the highest proportion of single-family (61.6%) and multiple-family (69.2%) households are in the rest of the GTHA. The multiple-family household type was the fastest growing type of household across the GTHA over the past five years.
- In 2016, the number of one-person households in Toronto was 359,960 and the number of two-person non-family households was 68,010 which represented 58% of all one-person households and 65% of all two-person non-family households in the GTHA.
- In 2016, one quarter of all one-person households in Toronto were located in the Downtown and Centres. As can be seen in Map 3, the largest concentration of one-person households is in the Downtown, but can also be found in other areas of the City. (e.g., Liberty Village, Sheppard corridor east, Etobicoke Mimico area).
- The number of one-person households in Toronto grew by 28,780 (8.7%) between 2011 and 2016. Toronto's share of the increase in one-person households represented 52% of the growth in this household type across the GTHA.

- The number of two-person non-family households also grew more in Toronto than in the rest of the GTHA combined between 2011 and 2016. Toronto's share of the increase in two-person non-family households represented 72% of the growth in this household type across the GTHA.
- Multigenerational households (those with at least three generations of the same family) have seen significant increases in most areas of the GTHA while Toronto has seen a marginal increase since 2011. In Toronto, multigenerational households represent only 3.7% of all households. Between 2011 and 2016, the share of multigenerational households in Toronto dropped from 3.9% whereas all other GTHA regions saw increases in this household type.

Marital status

- Toronto is home to 481,125 married couples, 85,030 common-law couples, and 152,600 lone-parent families. Over the past two decades, the number of married individuals had remained stable in Toronto, while increasing significantly in the rest of the GTA. This trend continued but at a slower pace in 2016, with couple families in Toronto increasing at 1.6%, compared to 6.6% for the rest of the GTA.
- From 2011 to 2016 in Toronto, the number of legally married people age 15 and older increased by 19,485 (or 2.0%), while the number of people living in common law relationships increased by 30,095 (or 21.5%).
- Toronto's number of single (and never married) people rose by 60,080 (up 8.1%). The number of divorced people also rose by a similar percentage, 8.4% (or 11,760 people). The number of separated and widowed people in Toronto dropped between 2011 and 2016, by 885 (-1.3%) for separated, and by 1,285 (-1.0%) for widowed people.
- Data about same-sex couples was released only at the Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) level. In the Toronto CMA in 2016, there were 9,750 same-sex married spouses and 16,675 same-sex common-law partners. This comprises 20.0% of all same-sex married spouses in Canada and 17.2% of all same-sex common-law partners in Canada, while the Toronto CMA population as a whole comprises 16.9% of the population of Canada.

Family characteristics of children aged 0 to 14

- Children under the age of 15 in Toronto live in a variety of family settings. The 2016 Census identified 396,880 children under the age of 15 in Toronto. The majority of these children (73.5%) live in families where they are the biological or adopted child of both partners in a couple family. A further 3.3% live in a family with one biological or adoptive parent and one step-parent. Nearly a quarter, 22.2%, of children in Toronto live in a lone parent family. Of those, 88.5% (78,055 children) live with a female lone parent. Additionally, 1,360 (0.3%) children live with their grandparents without a parent present ("skip generation families"), and 2,105 (0.5%) live in other "non-census family" arrangements, such as, with other relatives, or foster families.
- A larger proportion of children in Toronto live in lone parent families than in other regions of the GTA. The 22.2% in Toronto is higher than the rest of the GTA

municipalities, with Durham the next closest at 19.1%, followed by Peel at 16.4%, and York and Halton much lower at 12.2% and 11.8% respectively.

- Older children (age 10 to 14) in Toronto were more likely to be living in a lone parent family (26.3%), and less likely to be living with two biological or adoptive parents (67.8%). This trend is typical and not specific to Toronto.

Family characteristics of young adults (aged 20 to 34)

- In Toronto, just over one third of single young adults aged 20 to 34 (34.3% or 222,655 people) were living within their parents' household. This proportion is almost unchanged from 2011, when 34.6% of single young adults lived with their parents. This rate is lower than the province of Ontario (39.5%), as well as the other GTA municipalities (52.3%), especially Peel Region (53.5%) and York Region (58.6%). With the City of Toronto, more young adults living with parents in the suburban areas of the city, with much lower rates of adults living at home in the downtown and centres (see Map 2).

Family characteristics of older adults (aged 65 and older)

- There were 107,215 adults age 65 and over living alone in private households in Toronto in 2016, an increase of 12.6% over the 2011 Census. This translates into 26.7% of the population age 65 and older, which is a very slight 0.1% decrease from the 2011 of 26.8%.
- Toronto continues to have the highest share of people age 65+ living alone in the GTA (26.7% in Toronto, versus 16.4% in the rest of the GTA). However, at 26.6%, Hamilton has a comparable share of people aged 65 and over living alone.

Language

Knowledge of Official Languages

- 4.9% of Torontonians had no knowledge of either official language, down slightly from 5.3% in 2011. Within the city, there is a high concentration of people with no knowledge of either official languages in north-west Scarborough (north of the 401 expressway, west of Markham Rd, east of the Don Valley and south of Steeles). This area is one of the City's traditional immigrant reception areas. Other smaller pockets can be found in the downtown such as Regent Park area; North York centre; and north Etobicoke (see Map 4).

Mother Tongue

- Toronto continues to be a mosaic of languages. According to the 2016 Census, 43.9% of Toronto residents had a mother tongue other than English or French. This represents a decrease from the 2011 figure of 44.6%.
- The City of Toronto, York Region, and Peel Region have the highest proportion of non-official mother tongues in the Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area. Statistics Canada has identified over 140 mother tongues in the Toronto Census Metropolitan

Area. This is a conservative estimate given the exclusion of some languages and dialects that are suppressed due to sampling purposes.

- Just over one half of all Toronto residents (50.9%) reported English as their mother tongue. An additional 3.4% of Toronto residents identified English and a non-official language as their multiple mother tongues.

Languages spoken regularly at home (Home Language)

- 25.9% of people in Toronto regularly spoke a language other than English or French at home (down from the 2011 figure of 28.3%).
- 245,950 people, or 9.1% of Toronto residents reported regularly speaking multiple languages at home, up from 7.1% in 2011
- There are notable shifts among the number of speakers of Toronto's most spoken home languages. French saw an increase of 26% in speakers at home, despite only an 8% increase in native tongue French speakers. Losses in Tamil and Italian native speakers were accompanied by even larger drops in the number using these languages as their primary home language.
- Mandarin, Cantonese, Tagalog, Tamil, and Spanish were the top non-English languages spoken at home.

GLOSSARY

- Statistics Canada maintains a [Census Dictionary](http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm) for the Census of Population, 2016, available online at: <http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm>. Many more terms associated with the Census can be found there.
- **Age:** The age of a person on the day of the Census, May 10, 2016.
- **Census family:** is any of (1) a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; (2) a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or (3) a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.
- **Census Metropolitan Area (CMA):** one or more adjacent municipalities centred on a core population centre. To be included in a CMA, the adjacent municipalities must have a high degree of integration with the core. Integration is measured by commuting flows.
- **Census Tract (CT):** a small, geographic area, typically with a population smaller than 10,000 persons. Their geography is relatively stable over time to allow for comparison of changes from Census to Census.

- **Centre:** as seen in the attached Maps, Centres are defined in the City of Toronto Official Plan. They play an important role in how the City manages growth. The Scarborough, North York, Etobicoke and Yonge-Eglinton Centres are places with excellent transit accessibility where jobs, housing and services will be concentrated in dynamic mixed use settings with different levels of activity and intensity. More information can be found in the [Toronto Official Plan](#).
- **Economic family:** a broader definition of family than the census family concept, meaning a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or a foster relationship. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. By definition, all persons who are members of a census family are also members of an economic family. Examples of the broader concept of economic family include: two co-resident census families who are related to one another are considered one economic family; co-resident siblings who are not members of a census family are considered as one economic family; and, nieces or nephews living with aunts or uncles are considered one economic family.
- **GTA** refers to the Greater Toronto Area. This area is comprised of the single-tier municipality of Toronto, the regional municipalities of York, Durham, Peel, and Halton, and the cities and towns within the GTA regional municipalities. This is not the same geography as the Toronto Census Metropolitan Area as defined by Statistics Canada.
- **GTHA** refers to the Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area. This area is comprised of the single-tier municipalities of Toronto and Hamilton, the regional municipalities of York, Durham, Peel, and Halton, and the cities and towns within the GTHA regional municipalities. This is not the same geography as the Toronto Census Metropolitan Area as defined by Statistics Canada.
- **Home language:** Language spoken most often at home or on a regular basis at home.
- **Household:** refers to the division of living arrangements into census family and non-family households. **Family household** refers to a household that contains at least one census family. **One-family household** refers to a single census family (with or without other persons) that occupies a private dwelling. **Multiple-family household** refers to a household in which two or more census families (with or without additional persons) occupy the same private dwelling. Family households may also be divided based on the presence of persons not in a census family. **Non-family household** refers to either one person living alone in a private dwelling or to a group of two or more people who share a private dwelling, but who do not constitute a census family. **Multigenerational household** refers to a household with three or more generations. These households have at least one person who is the grandparent and the parent of someone in the household
- **Mother tongue:** First language learned at home in childhood and still understood at the time of the Census.
- **Undercoverage:** is the number of persons excluded by the Census who should have been counted, as determined by Statistics Canada. Although Statistics Canada makes a great effort to count every person, in each Census a notable number of people are left out for a variety of reasons. For example, people may be traveling,

some dwellings are hard to find, and some people simply refuse to participate. Overcoverage can also occur, when people are counted more than once or should not have been counted in a given population. Undercoverage is generally more common than overcoverage. The total impact of the coverage errors is the net undercoverage.

NOTES

All data in this backgrounder are based on geographic boundaries available at time of writing. In the event of any future boundary revisions, some data totals may change. This is especially the case for small area units such as Census Tracts.

The age and sex figures in this Backgrounder are not adjusted for undercoverage. See the Glossary for an explanation of undercoverage.

All figures in this backgrounder are randomly rounded to multiples of 5 by Statistics Canada as a privacy measure.

The information previously collected by the long-form Census questionnaire was collected in 2011 as part of the voluntary National Household Survey. In 2016, Statistics Canada restored the mandatory long-form Census questionnaire in an effort to improve data collection. The data reported in this backgrounder are based on the mandatory short-form component of the Census for both 2011 and 2016, and therefore can be compared.

This backgrounder was revised from a previous version in order to correct an error in Tables 6 and 7. Please use this version.

WARD PROFILES AND NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILES

Ward Profiles are based on a series of custom tabulations from the Census. City Planning staff will update the Ward Profiles when Statistics Canada can provide the necessary custom tabulations based on 2016 data, beginning in late 2017. The current Ward Profiles can be found at: <http://app.toronto.ca/wards/jsp/wards.jsp>

Neighbourhood Profiles are being redesigned to better respond to the information needs of the community. New profiles are anticipated to be available in late 2017. In the meantime, 2016 Census data will be made available via the Wellbeing online mapping application, available at: <http://www.toronto.ca/wellbeing>. The current Neighbourhood Profiles can be found at: <http://www.toronto.ca/demographics>.

FUTURE CENSUS RELEASES

The City of Toronto will be releasing more backgrounders coinciding with each Census release, except for the Census of Agriculture. The Census release schedule is available from Statistics Canada, online at: <https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/index-eng.cfm>. The City of Toronto will be preparing backgrounders for the following releases:

September 13, 2017	Income
October 25, 2017	Immigration and ethnocultural diversity Housing Aboriginal peoples
November 29, 2017	Education Labour Journey to work Language of work Mobility and migration

REFERENCES

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Table 1: Census Families by Family Structure, Toronto & GTA, 1996-2016

Number of Census Families by Family Structure, Toronto, 1996-2016

	Toronto				
	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Total Couple Families	502,655	532,310	533,960	543,355	566,155
Total Couple Families without Children	201,065	212,780	219,345	231,595	250,085
Total Couple Families with Children	301,590	319,530	314,615	311,760	316,070
Married Couples	460,630	476,430	472,410	473,445	481,125
Common Law Couples	42,025	55,880	61,550	69,910	85,030

Change in Census Family Structure, Toronto, 1996-2016

	Toronto				
	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	2011-2016	1996-2016
Total Couple Families	+5.9%	+0.3%	+1.8%	+4.2%	+12.6%
Total Couple Families without Children	+5.8%	+3.1%	+5.6%	+8.0%	+24.4%
Total Couple Families with Children	+5.9%	-1.5%	-0.9%	+1.4%	+4.8%
Married Couples	+3.4%	-0.8%	+0.2%	+1.6%	+4.4%
Common Law Couples	+33.0%	+10.1%	+13.6%	+21.6%	+102.3%

Number of Census Families by Family Structure, Rest of Greater Toronto Area, 1996-2016

	Rest of the GTA				
	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Total Couple Families	545,590	636,740	742,440	826,580	884,005
Total Couple Families without Children	174,425	208,400	244,230	280,990	310,425
Total Couple Families with Children	371,165	428,340	498,210	545,590	573,585
Married Couples	507,185	584,640	680,960	756,240	806,145
Common Law Couples	38,405	52,100	61,480	70,340	77,865

Change in Census Family Structure, Rest of Greater Toronto Area, 1996-2016

	Rest of the GTA				
	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	2011-2016	1996-2016
Total Couple Families	+16.7%	+16.6%	+11.3%	+6.9%	+62.0%
Total Couple Families without Children	+19.5%	+17.2%	+15.1%	+10.5%	+78.0%
Total Couple Families with Children	+15.4%	+16.3%	+9.5%	+5.1%	+54.5%
Married Couples	+15.3%	+16.5%	+11.1%	+6.6%	+58.9%
Common Law Couples	+35.7%	+18.0%	+14.4%	+10.7%	+102.7%

Table 2: Lone Parent Families in the GTHA, 1996-2016

Number and Change in Lone Parent Families, Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area, 1996-2016

	Number					Percent Change		
	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2001-2006	2006-2011	2011-2016
Toronto								
All Census Families	619,995	663,180	670,105	690,340	718,755	+1.0	+3.0	+4.1
Lone Parent Families	117,340	130,875	136,135	146,985	152,595	+4.0	+8.0	+3.8
Lone Parents as % of all	18.9	19.7	20.3	21.3	21.2			
Rest of GTA								
All Census Families	618,265	732,310	863,555	974,860	1,048,390	+17.9	+12.9	+7.5
Lone Parent Families	72,665	95,545	121,115	148,290	164,385	+26.8	+22.4	+10.9
Lone Parents as % of all	11.8	13.0	14.0	15.2	15.7			
Durham								
All Census Families	127,800	143,540	160,410	174,635	186,135	+11.8	+8.9	+6.6
Lone Parent Families	16,715	21,065	25,720	30,830	33,850	+22.1	+19.9	+9.8
Lone Parents as % of all	13.1	14.7	16.0	17.7	18.2			
Peel								
All Census Families	233,020	276,090	324,115	361,975	386,185	+17.4	+11.7	+6.7
Lone Parent Families	30,250	39,945	49,600	59,770	65,665	+24.2	+20.5	+9.9
Lone Parents as % of all	13.0	14.5	15.3	16.5	17.0			
York								
All Census Families	161,135	204,530	252,400	294,280	319,535	+23.4	+16.6	+8.6
Lone Parent Families	15,455	22,275	30,570	38,805	43,940	+37.2	+26.9	+13.2
Lone Parents as % of all	9.6	10.9	12.1	13.2	13.8			
Halton								
All Census Families	96,310	108,150	126,630	143,970	156,535	+17.1	+13.7	+8.7
Lone Parent Families	10,245	12,260	15,225	18,885	20,930	+24.2	+24.0	+10.8
Lone Parents as % of all	10.6	11.3	12.0	13.1	13.4			
Hamilton								
All Census Families	127,960	135,980	140,810	144,120	149,355	+3.6	+2.4	+3.6
Lone Parent Families	19,725	22,545	25,085	27,220	28,635	+11.3	+8.5	+5.2
Lone Parents as % of all	15.4	16.6	17.8	18.9	19.2			
GTA								
All Census Families	1,238,260	1,395,490	1,533,660	1,665,200	1,767,145	+9.9	+8.6	+6.1
Lone Parent Families	190,005	226,420	257,250	295,275	316,980	+13.6	+14.8	+7.4
Lone Parents as % of all	15.3	16.2	16.8	17.7	17.9			
GTHA								
All Census Families	1,366,220	1,531,470	1,674,470	1,809,320	1,916,500	+9.3	+8.1	+5.9
Lone Parent Families	209,730	248,965	282,335	322,495	345,615	+13.4	+14.2	+7.2
Lone Parents as % of all	15.4	16.3	16.9	17.8	18.0			

Table 3: Change in persons in Census Families without Children, GTA, 2011-2016

Change in Persons in Census Families without Children, GTA, 2011-2016

Age Group	Toronto		Durham		York		Peel		Halton	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	+36,985	+8.0%	+8,895	+7.9%	+25,060	+15.4%	+19,520	+10.3%	+5,400	+5.5%
15-24	+050	+0.4%	-400	-16.4%	-210	-9.4%	-840	-20.4%	-315	-19.7%
25-44	+20,020	+13.0%	+385	+1.7%	-630	-1.7%	+760	+1.6%	-1,615	-7.0%
45-64	-1,810	-1.2%	-825	-1.7%	+3,070	+4.9%	-575	-0.8%	-820	-2.2%
65+	+18,715	+12.3%	+9,715	+26.3%	+22,820	+37.7%	+20,170	+31.4%	+8,160	+22.9%

Figure 1: Households by Household Type, City of Toronto, 2016

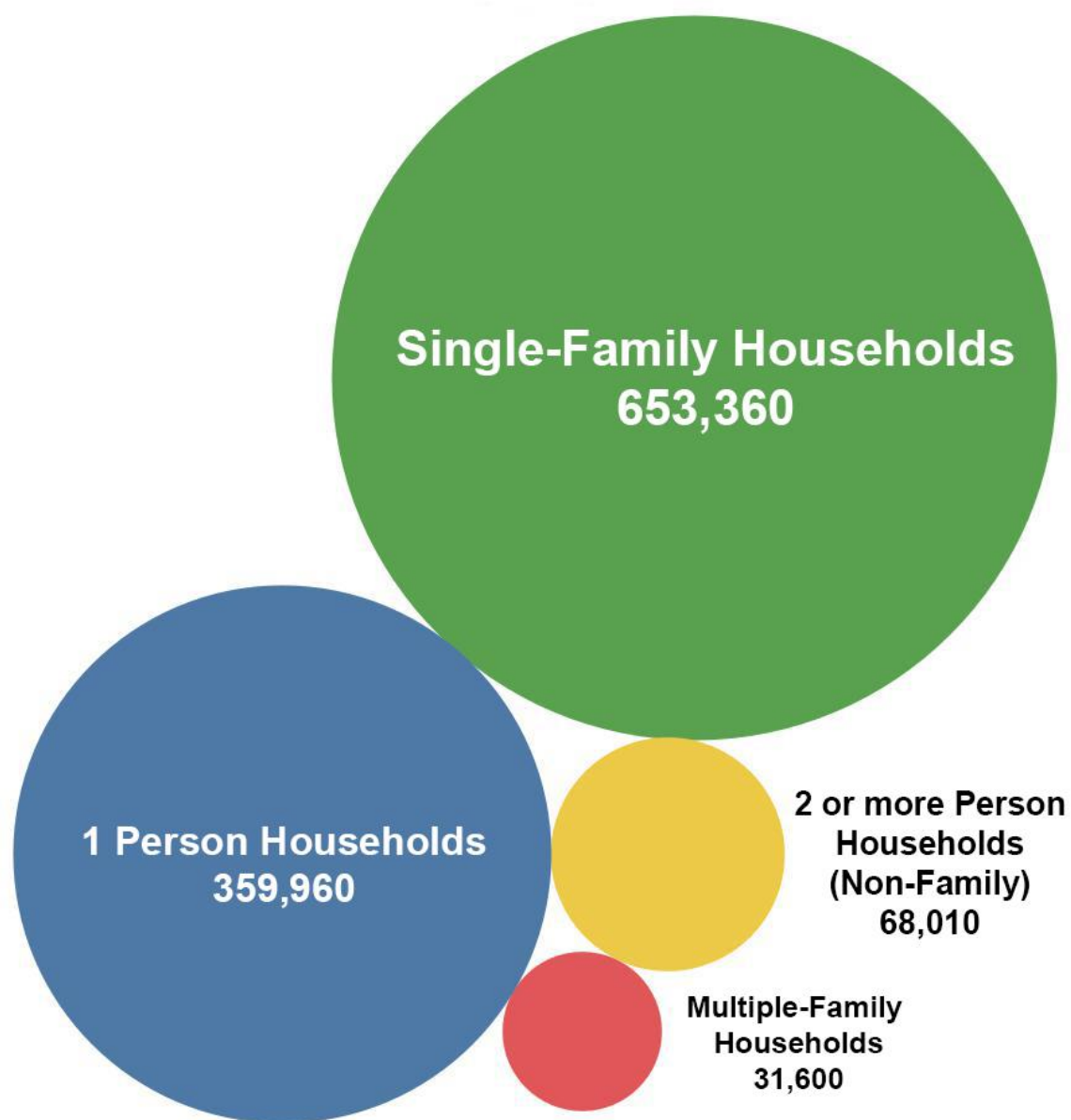


Table 4: Households by Household Type, GTHA, 2006 to 2016

2006	All Households		Non-Family		Single-Family		Multiple-Family		Non-Family			
									1 Person		2+ Persons	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
GTHA	2,160,400	100.0	575,360	100.0	1,502,700	100.0	82,340	100.0	499,805	100.0	75,555	100.0
Toronto	979,440	45.3	344,565	59.9	602,235	40.1	32,640	39.6	295,520	59.1	49,045	64.9
Rest of the GTHA	1,180,960	54.7	230,795	40.1	900,465	59.9	49,700	60.4	204,285	40.9	26,510	35.1
Durham	194,670	9.0	39,715	6.9	149,705	10.0	5,250	6.4	35,135	7.0	4,580	6.1
Peel	359,060	16.6	60,880	10.6	275,045	18.3	23,135	28.1	52,555	10.5	8,325	11.0
York	275,685	12.8	39,190	6.8	221,760	14.8	14,735	17.9	34,835	7.0	4,355	5.8
Halton	157,085	7.3	33,660	5.9	120,365	8.0	3,060	3.7	30,030	6.0	3,630	4.8
Hamilton	194,460	9.0	57,350	10.0	133,590	8.9	3,520	4.3	51,730	10.4	5,620	7.4

2011	All Households		Non-Family		Single-Family		Multiple-Family		Non-Family			
									1 Person		2+ Persons	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
GTHA	2,370,920	100.0	660,600	100.0	1,618,765	100.0	91,555	100.0	567,575	100.0	93,025	100.0
Toronto	1,047,880	44.2	390,920	59.2	625,820	38.7	31,140	34.0	331,180	58.3	59,740	64.2
Rest of the GTHA	1,323,040	55.8	269,680	40.8	992,945	61.3	60,415	66.0	236,395	41.7	33,285	35.8
Durham	213,740	9.0	45,865	6.9	161,365	10.0	6,510	7.1	40,030	7.1	5,835	6.3
Peel	402,940	17.0	72,345	11.0	302,415	18.7	28,180	30.8	61,910	10.9	10,435	11.2
York	323,540	13.6	48,350	7.3	257,490	15.9	17,700	19.3	42,440	7.5	5,915	6.4
Halton	179,015	7.6	39,180	5.9	135,900	8.4	3,935	4.3	35,085	6.2	4,090	4.4
Hamilton	203,805	8.6	63,940	9.7	135,775	8.4	4,090	4.5	56,930	10.0	7,010	7.5

2016	All Households		Non-Family		Single-Family		Multiple-Family		Non-Family			
									1 Person		2+ Persons	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
GTHA	2,532,680	100.0	726,980	100.0	1,702,940	100.0	102,760	100.0	622,430	100.0	104,545	100.0
Toronto	1,112,930	43.9	427,975	58.9	653,360	38.4	31,600	30.8	359,960	57.8	68,010	65.1
Rest of the GTHA	1,419,745	56.1	299,005	41.1	1,049,580	61.6	71,160	69.2	262,470	42.2	36,535	34.9
Durham	227,905	9.0	50,450	6.9	169,205	9.9	8,250	8.0	44,385	7.1	6,070	5.8
Peel	430,180	17.0	80,360	11.1	316,910	18.6	32,910	32.0	68,345	11.0	12,015	11.5
York	357,085	14.1	59,350	8.2	277,380	16.3	20,350	19.8	52,505	8.4	6,850	6.6
Halton	192,975	7.6	41,625	5.7	146,465	8.6	4,890	4.8	37,660	6.1	3,960	3.8
Hamilton	211,595	8.4	67,220	9.2	139,620	8.2	4,760	4.6	59,575	9.6	7,640	7.3

Source: Statistics Canada, Censuses 2006-2016

Note: Table totals may vary slightly due to rounding.

Table 5: Households by Household Type, GTHA, 5 and 10 year Percent Change

Toronto	2016		2011		2006		5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
							2011-2016		2006-2016	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0	1,047,880	100.0	979,440	100.0	65,050	6.2	133,490	13.6
Non-Family Households	427,975	38.5	390,920	37.3	344,565	35.2	37,055	9.5	83,410	24.2
1 Person Households	359,960	32.3	331,180	31.6	295,520	30.2	28,780	8.7	64,440	21.8
2 or more Person Households	68,010	6.1	59,740	5.7	49,045	5.0	8,270	13.8	18,965	38.7
Single-Family Households	653,360	58.7	625,820	59.7	602,235	61.5	27,540	4.4	51,125	8.5
Multiple-Family Households	31,600	2.8	31,140	3.0	32,640	3.3	460	1.5	-1,040	-3.2

GTHA	2016		2011		2006		5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
							2011-2016		2006-2016	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Households	2,532,680	100.0	2,370,920	100.0	2,160,400	100.0	161,760	6.8	372,280	17.2
Non-Family Households	726,980	28.7	660,600	27.9	575,360	26.6	66,380	10.0	151,620	26.4
1 Person Households	622,430	24.6	567,575	23.9	499,805	23.1	54,855	9.7	122,625	24.5
2 or more Person Households	104,545	4.1	93,025	3.9	75,555	3.5	11,520	12.4	28,990	38.4
Single-Family Households	1,702,940	67.2	1,618,765	68.3	1,502,700	69.6	84,175	5.2	200,240	13.3
Multiple-Family Households	102,760	4.1	91,555	3.9	82,340	3.8	11,205	12.2	20,420	24.8

Source: Statistics Canada, Censuses 2006-2016

Note: Table totals may vary slightly due to rounding.

Table 6: Households by Household Types, Including Multigenerational Households, Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area, 2011 – 2016

	Count	GTHA		Toronto	
		2011	2016	2011	2016
Total Households		2,370,930	2,532,670	1,047,880	1,112,930
One-census-family households without additional persons:		1,469,935	1,545,990	565,615	592,755
Couple census families - Without children		465,005	502,920	194,975	212,630
Couple census families - With children		769,765	792,340	260,395	265,695
Lone parent		235,165	250,730	110,245	114,430
Multigenerational households		123,580	137,935	40,500	41,535
Other census family households		116,805	121,780	50,840	50,665
Non-Census family Households:		660,610	726,965	390,920	427,970
1 Person Households		567,585	622,415	331,180	359,955
2 or more Person Households		93,025	104,550	59,740	68,015

	% Distribution	GTHA		Toronto	
		2011	2016	2011	2016
Total Households		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
One-census-family households without additional persons		62.0	61.0	54.0	53.3
Couple census families - Without children		19.6	19.9	18.6	19.1
Couple census families - With children		32.5	31.3	24.8	23.9
Lone parent		9.9	9.9	10.5	10.3
Multigenerational households		5.2	5.4	3.9	3.7
Other census family households		4.9	4.8	4.9	4.6
Non-Census family Households		27.9	28.7	37.3	38.5
1 Person Households		23.9	24.6	31.6	32.3
2 or more Person Households		3.9	4.1	5.7	6.1

	GTHA		Toronto	
	5 Year Change		5 Year Change	
	#	%	#	%
Total Households	161,740	6.8	65,050	6.2
One-census-family households without additional persons:	76,055	5.2	27,140	4.8
Couple census families - Without children	37,915	8.2	17,655	9.1
Couple census families - With children	22,575	2.9	5,300	2.0
Lone parent	15,565	6.6	4,185	3.8
Multigenerational households	14,355	11.6	1,035	2.6
Other census family households	4,975	4.3	(175)	(0.3)
Non-Census family Households:	66,355	10.0	37,050	9.5
1 Person Households	54,830	9.7	28,775	8.7
2 or more Person Households	11,525	12.4	8,275	13.9

Source: Statistics Canada, Censuses 2011-2016, Highlight Tables – Families, Households and Marital Status Highlight Tables, Census year 2016, Catalogue 98-402-X2016004

Note: Table totals may vary slightly due to rounding.

Table 7: Households by Household Types, Including Multigenerational Households, Rest of the Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area, 2011 - 2016

	Rest of the GTHA		Durham		York		Peel		Halton		Hamilton	
	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016
Count												
Total Households	1,323,050	1,419,740	213,750	227,905	323,545	357,085	402,940	430,180	179,010	192,975	203,805	211,595
One-census-family households without additional persons:	904,320	953,235	148,065	154,745	232,240	250,225	269,160	280,445	128,135	137,815	126,720	130,005
Couple census families - Without children	270,030	290,290	48,585	51,430	62,715	71,715	68,070	72,800	43,815	45,525	46,845	48,820
Couple census families - With children	509,370	526,645	77,245	79,350	142,945	148,290	161,715	164,700	69,255	75,585	58,210	58,720
Lone parent	124,920	136,300	22,235	23,965	26,580	30,220	39,375	42,945	15,065	16,705	21,665	22,465
Multigenerational households	83,080	96,400	9,880	12,020	24,340	27,915	36,590	42,040	5,920	7,360	6,350	7,065
Other census family households	65,965	71,115	9,935	10,685	18,610	19,595	24,840	27,340	5,785	6,185	6,795	7,310
Non-Census family Households:	269,690	298,995	45,865	50,450	48,355	59,350	72,345	80,360	39,185	41,620	63,940	67,215
1 Person Households	236,405	262,460	40,025	44,380	42,445	52,500	61,915	68,345	35,090	37,660	56,930	59,575
2 or more Person Households	33,285	36,535	5,840	6,070	5,910	6,850	10,430	12,015	4,095	3,960	7,010	7,640

	Rest of the GTHA		Durham		York		Peel		Halton		Hamilton	
	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016	2011	2016
% Distribution												
Total Households	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
One-census-family households without additional persons	68.4	67.1	69.3	67.9	71.8	70.1	66.8	65.2	71.6	71.4	62.2	61.4
Couple census families - Without children	20.4	20.4	22.7	22.6	19.4	20.1	16.9	16.9	24.5	23.6	23.0	23.1
Couple census families - With children	38.5	37.1	36.1	34.8	44.2	41.5	40.1	38.3	38.7	39.2	28.6	27.8
Lone parent	9.4	9.6	10.4	10.5	8.2	8.5	9.8	10.0	8.4	8.7	10.6	10.6
Multigenerational households	6.3	6.8	4.6	5.3	7.5	7.8	9.1	9.8	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.3
Other census family households	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.7	5.8	5.5	6.2	6.4	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.5
Non-Census family Households	20.4	21.1	21.5	22.1	14.9	16.6	18.0	18.7	21.9	21.6	31.4	31.8
1 Person Households	17.9	18.5	18.7	19.5	13.1	14.7	15.4	15.9	19.6	19.5	27.9	28.2
2 or more Person Households	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	1.8	1.9	2.6	2.8	2.3	2.1	3.4	3.6

	Rest of the GTHA		Durham		York		Peel		Halton		Hamilton	
	5 Year Change		5 Year Change		5 Year Change		5 Year Change		5 Year Change		5 Year Change	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Households	96,690	7.3	14,155	6.6	33,540	10.4	27,240	6.8	13,965	7.8	7,790	3.8
One-census-family households without additional persons:	48,915	5.4	6,680	4.5	17,985	7.7	11,285	4.2	9,680	7.6	3,285	2.6
Couple census families - Without children	20,260	7.5	2,845	5.9	9,000	14.4	4,730	6.9	1,710	3.9	1,975	4.2
Couple census families - With children	17,275	3.4	2,105	2.7	5,345	3.7	2,985	1.8	6,330	9.1	510	0.9
Lone parent	11,380	9.1	1,730	7.8	3,640	13.7	3,570	9.1	1,640	10.9	800	3.7
Multigenerational households	13,320	16.0	2,140	21.7	3,575	14.7	5,450	14.9	1,440	24.3	715	11.3
Other census family households	5,150	7.8	750	7.5	985	5.3	2,500	10.1	400	6.9	515	7.6
Non-Census family Households:	29,305	10.9	4,585	10.0	10,995	22.7	8,015	11.1	2,435	6.2	3,275	5.1
1 Person Households	26,055	11.0	4,355	10.9	10,055	23.7	6,430	10.4	2,570	7.3	2,645	4.6
2 or more Person Households	3,250	9.8	230	3.9	940	15.9	1,585	15.2	(135)	(3.3)	630	9.0

Source: Statistics Canada, Censuses 2011-2016, Highlight Tables – Families, Households and Marital Status Highlight Tables, Census year 2016, Catalogue 98-402-X2016004 Note: Table totals may vary slightly due to rounding

Table 8: Top 15 Mother Tongue Languages in the City of Toronto (Excluding English)

Rank in 2016	Mother Tongue	Persons	% of Toronto (single responses)	Rank in 2011	Change since 2011
1	Cantonese	114,670	4.4%	2*	n/a*
2	Mandarin	111,405	4.3%	1*	n/a*
3	Tagalog	83,230	3.2%	5	+18%
4	Spanish	72,855	2.8%	4	+3%
5	Italian	62,635	2.4%	3	-13%
6	Portuguese	59,360	2.3%	8	+2%
7	Tamil	57,530	2.2%	6	-7%
8	Persian (Farsi)	49,190	1.9%	9	+17%
9	Urdu	37,420	1.4%	10	-2%
10	Russian	36,145	1.4%	11	-2%
11	French	35,440	1.4%	13	+8%
12	Korean	33,665	1.3%	14	+8%
13	Arabic	29,825	1.1%	18	+14%
14	Bengali	28,460	1.1%	19	+17%
15	Greek	27,840	1.1%	15	-4%

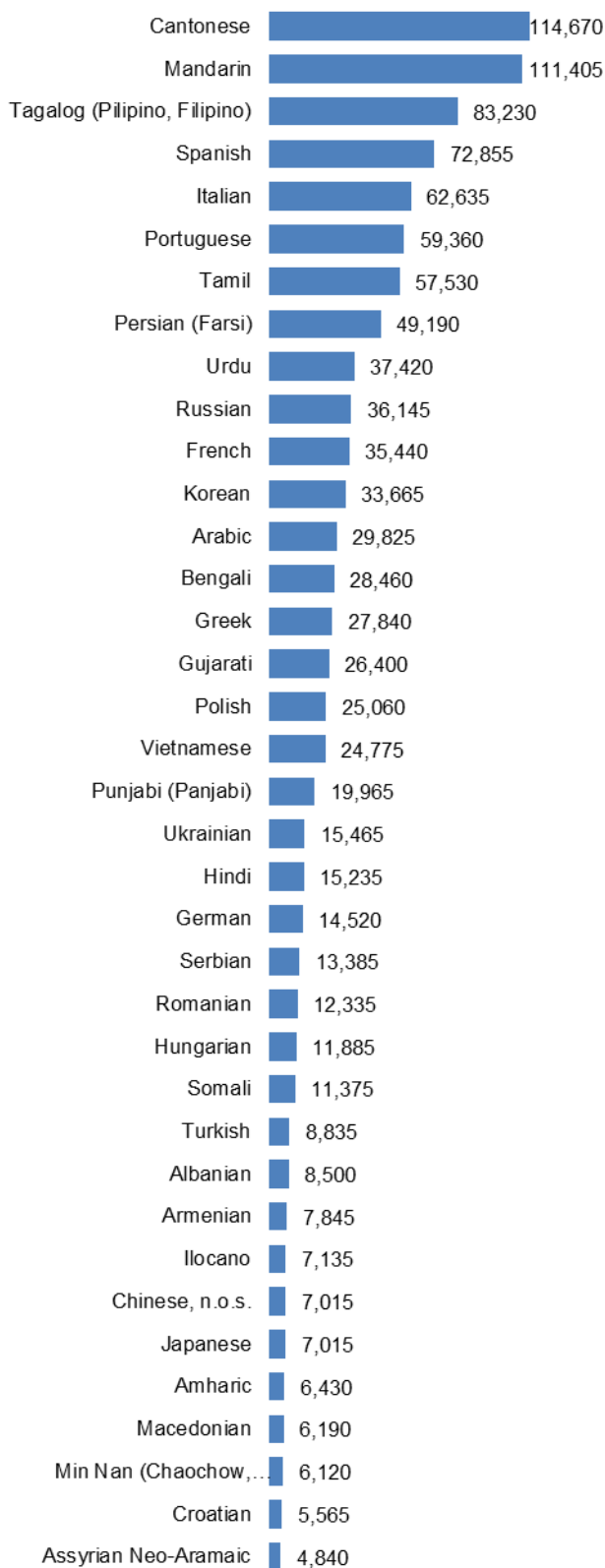
Table 9: Top 15 Home Languages in the City of Toronto (Excluding English)

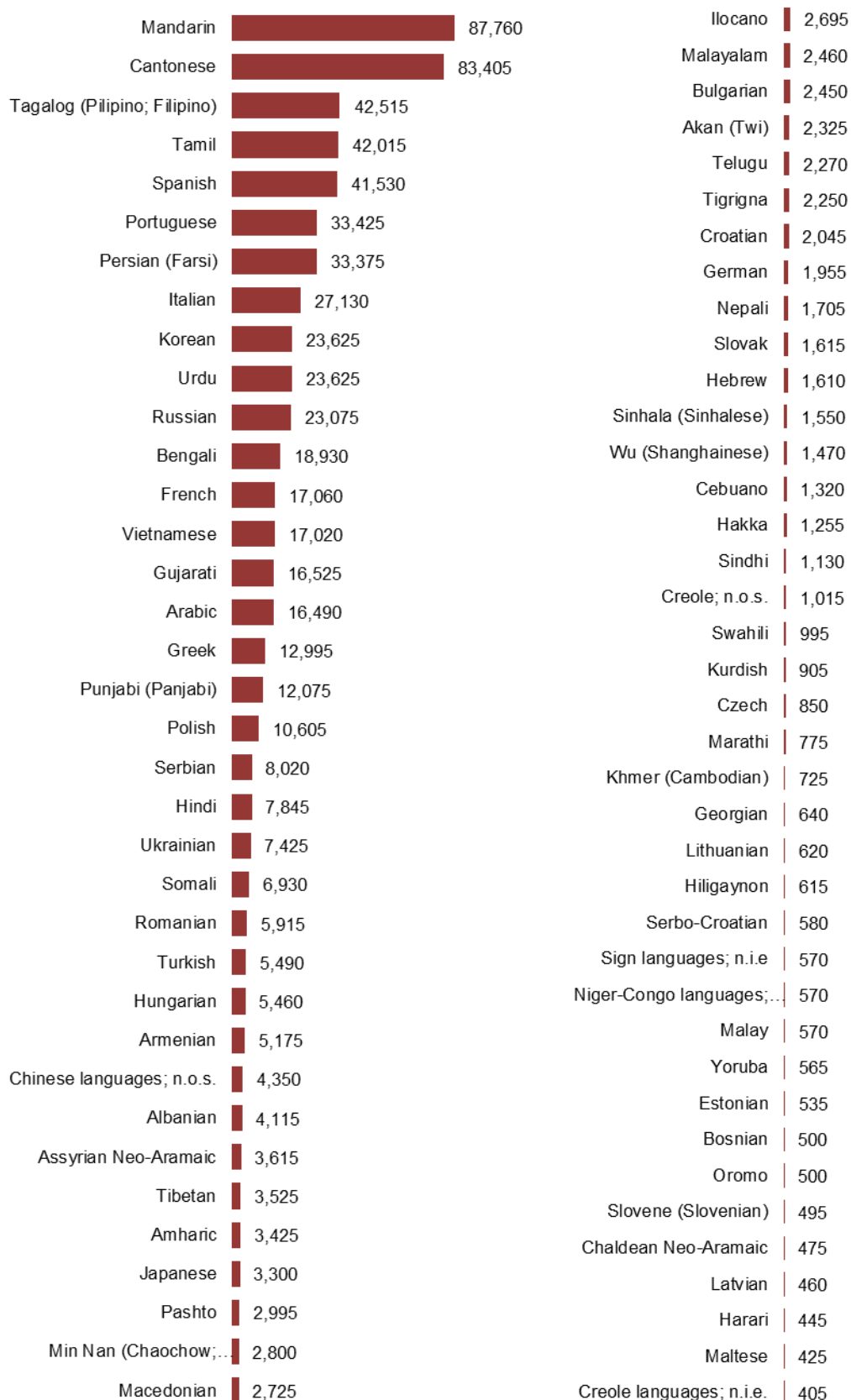
Rank in 2016	Home Language	Persons	% of Toronto (single responses)	Rank in 2011	Change since 2011
1	Mandarin	87,760	3.6%	3*	n/a*
2	Cantonese	83,405	3.4%	1*	n/a*
3	Tagalog	42,515	1.7%	6	+14%
4	Tamil	42,015	1.7%	4	-14%
5	Spanish	41,530	1.7%	5	-8%
6	Portuguese	33,425	1.4%	8	-3%
7	Persian (Farsi)	33,375	1.4%	9	+9%
8	Italian	27,130	1.1%	7	-23%
9	Urdu	23,625	1.0%	11	-11%
10	Korean	23,625	1.0%	12	+1%
11	Russian	23,075	0.9%	10	-14%
12	Bengali	18,930	0.8%	14	+6%
13	French	17,060	0.7%	20	+26%
14	Vietnamese	17,020	0.7%	15	-4%
15	Gujarati	16,525	0.7%	13	-14%

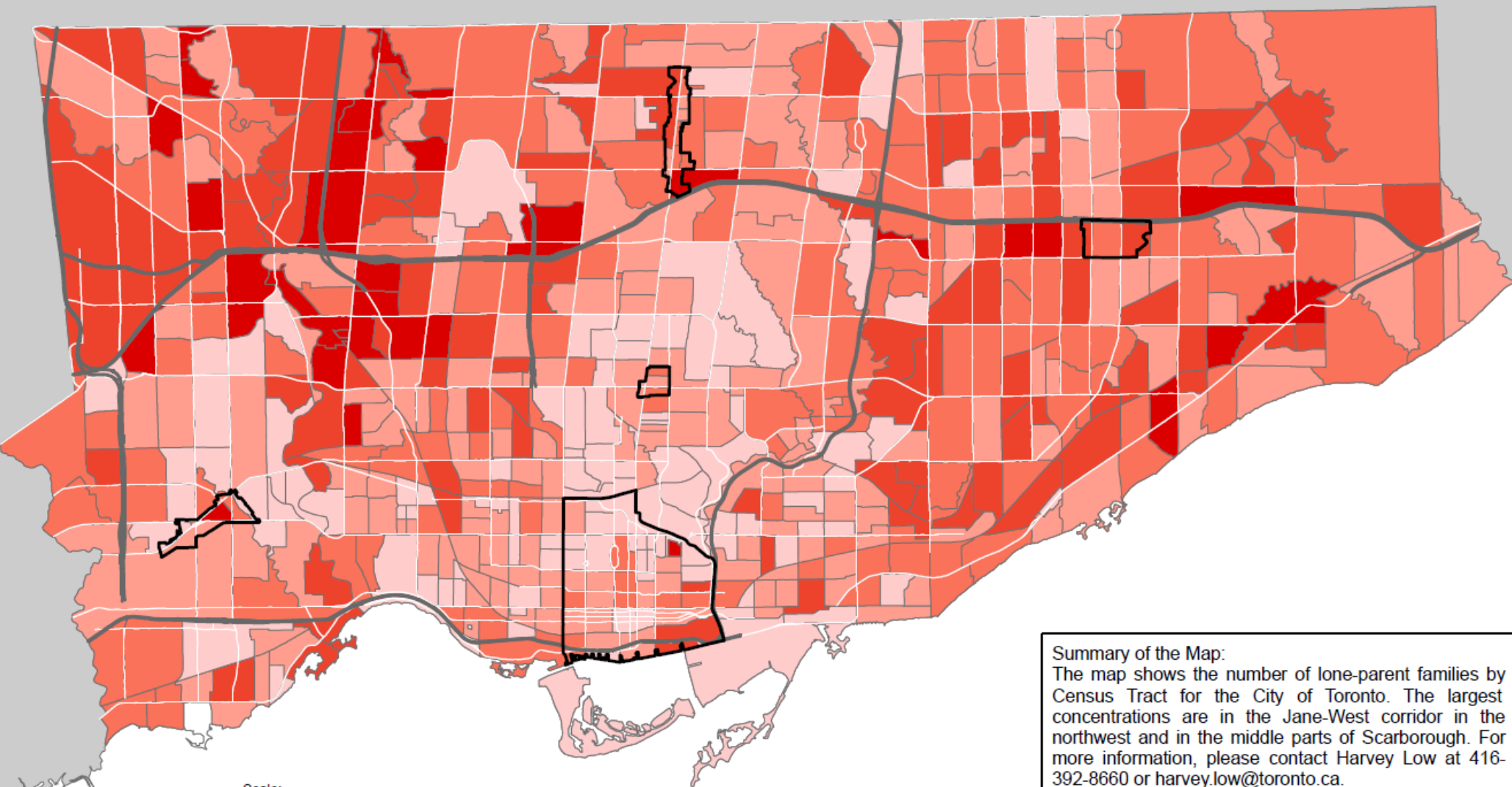
* Note: for the 2016 Census, new instructions in the electronic questionnaire resulted in a sharp increase in certain Chinese languages, particularly Mandarin and Cantonese. For this reason, 2011 totals are not directly comparable.

Figure 2: Top 75 Mother tongue languages, Toronto, 2016 (Excluding English)

Toronto Mother Tongues






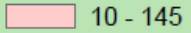

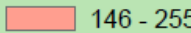
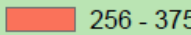

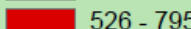




Summary of the Map:
The map shows the number of lone-parent families by Census Tract for the City of Toronto. The largest concentrations are in the Jane-West corridor in the northwest and in the middle parts of Scarborough. For more information, please contact Harvey Low at 416-392-8660 or harvey.low@toronto.ca.

Scale:

Legend

 Downtown/Centres	Lone-Parent Families	 Not available/ No data
 Expressway	 10 - 145	
 Major Arterial	 146 - 255	
	 256 - 375	
	 376 - 525	
	 526 - 795	

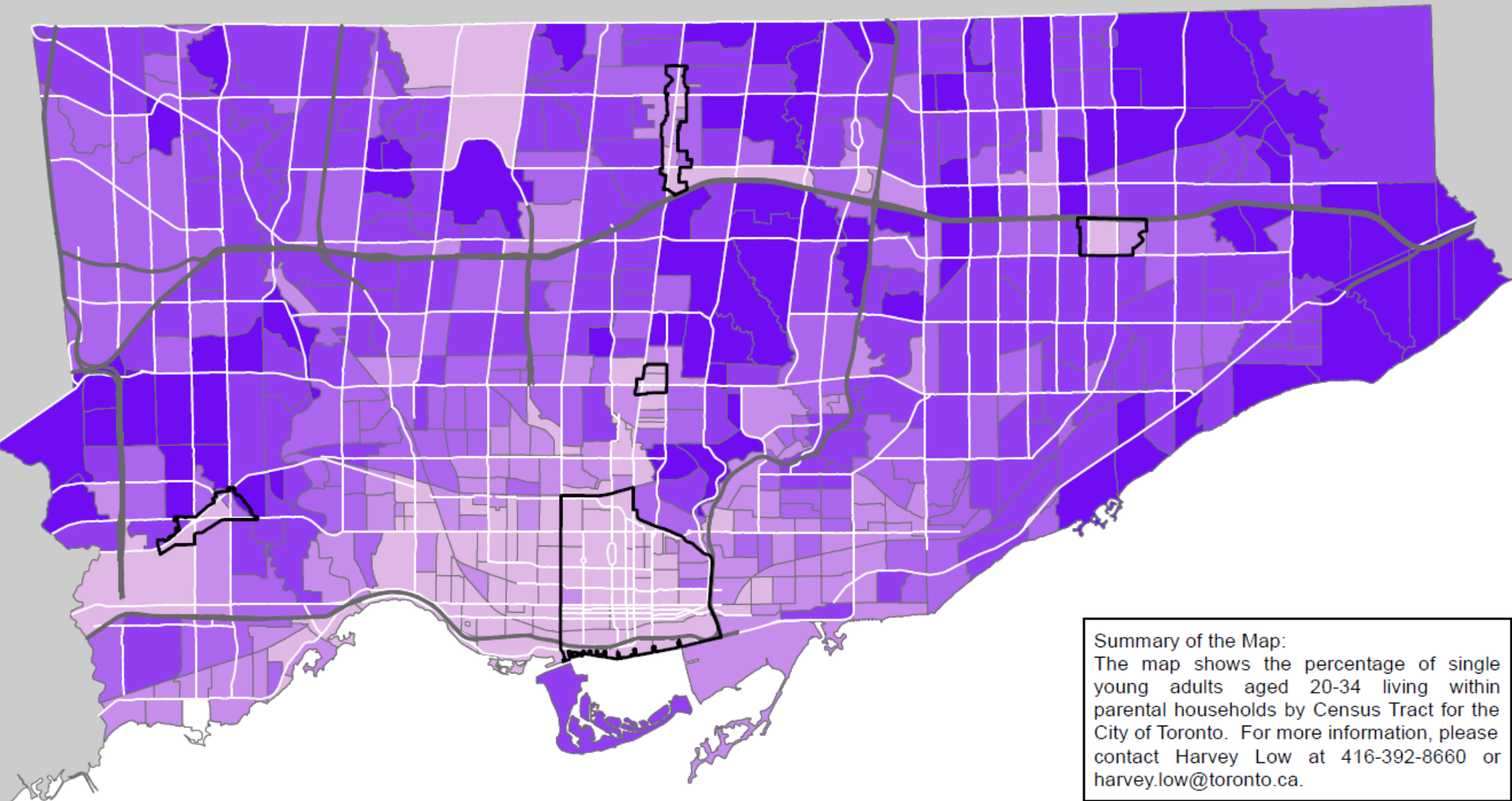


Source: City of Toronto;
Statistics Canada 2016 Census.

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Prepared by: Social Research and Analysis Unit.
Contact: spar@toronto.ca.

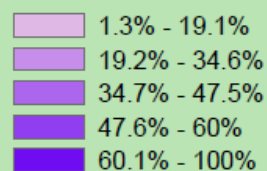
City of Toronto Percent of Young Adults Living At Home 2016



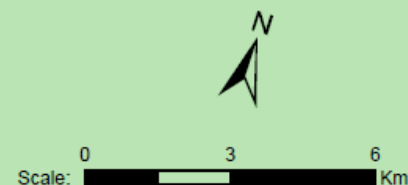
Summary of the Map:
The map shows the percentage of single young adults aged 20-34 living within parental households by Census Tract for the City of Toronto. For more information, please contact Harvey Low at 416-392-8660 or harvey.low@toronto.ca.

Legend

Percent of Single Young Adults



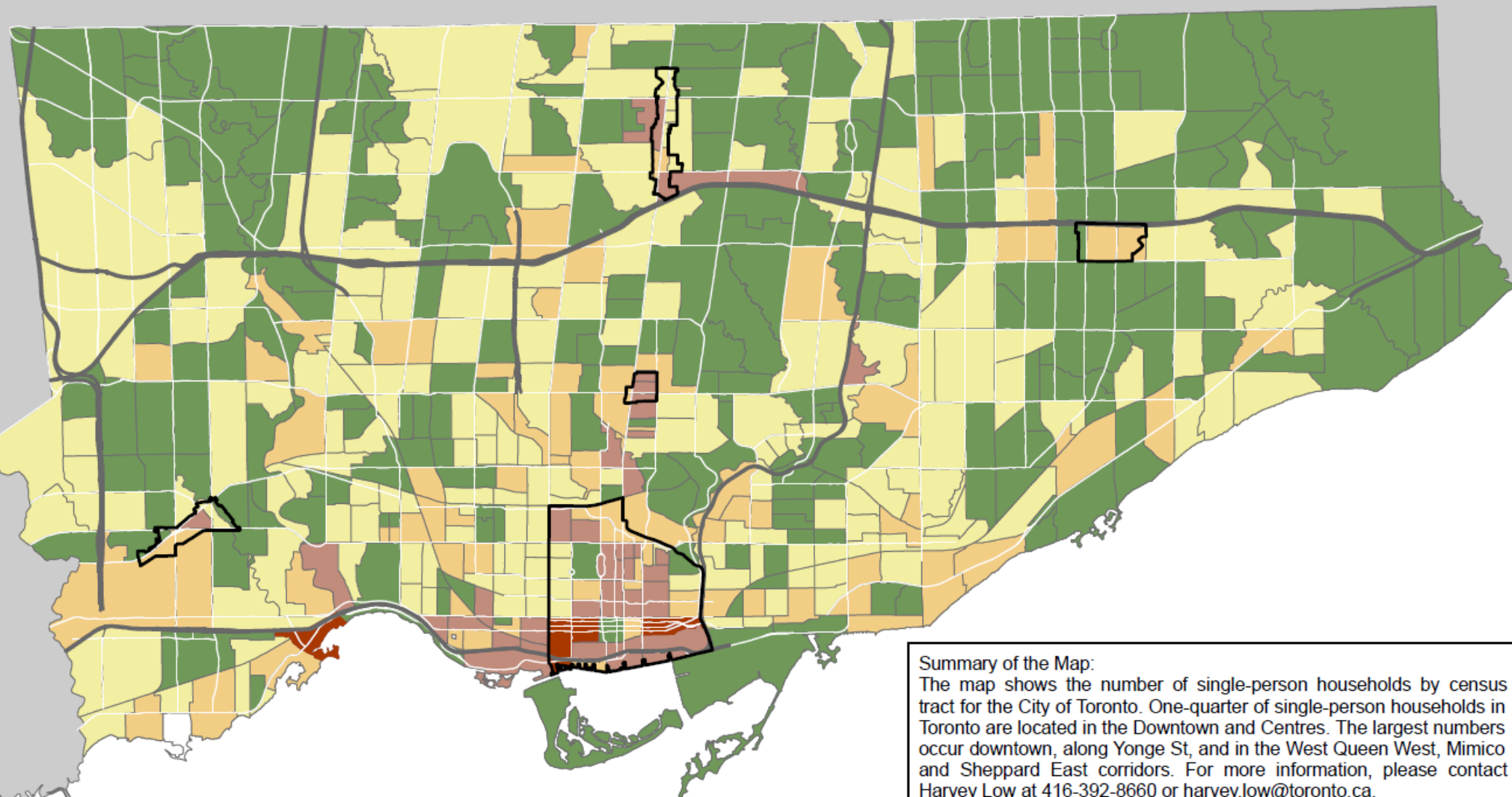
- Not available/ No data
- Downtown/Centres
- Expressway
- Major Arterial



Source: City of Toronto;
Statistics Canada 2016 Census.

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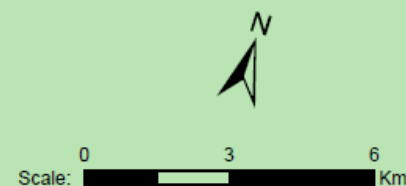
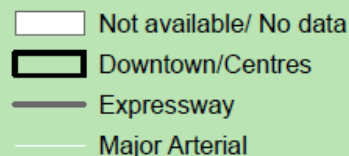
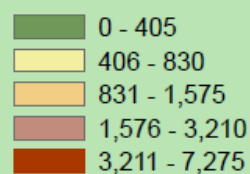
Prepared by: Social Research and Analysis Unit.
Contact: spar@toronto.ca.



Summary of the Map:
The map shows the number of single-person households by census tract for the City of Toronto. One-quarter of single-person households in Toronto are located in the Downtown and Centres. The largest numbers occur downtown, along Yonge St, and in the West Queen West, Mimico and Sheppard East corridors. For more information, please contact Harvey Low at 416-392-8660 or harvey.low@toronto.ca.

Legend

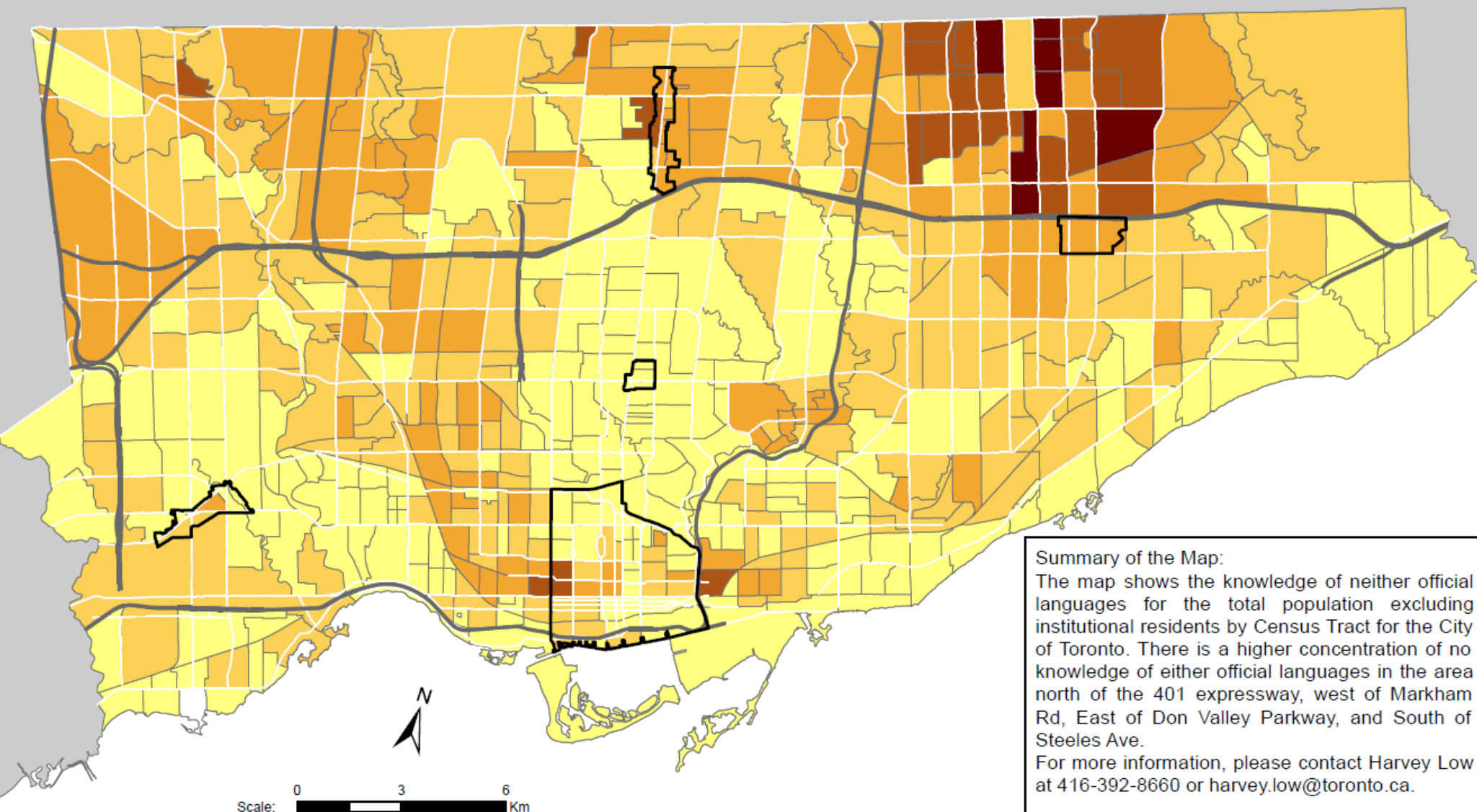
Private households by household size - 1 person



Source: City of Toronto;
Statistics Canada 2016 Census.

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Legend

Knowledge of official languages for the total population excluding institutional residents - Neither English or French

- 0 - 140
- 141 - 320
- 321 - 630
- 631 - 1,135
- 1,136 - 2,065

- Not available/ No data
- Downtown/Centres
- Expressway
- Major Arterial

Source: City of Toronto;
 Statistics Canada 2016 Census.

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