

Rail Deck Park Technical Briefing

Tuesday, November 21, 2017





Agenda: Technical Briefing RDP

- 1. Overview
- 2. Growth and Parkland Requirements
- 3. Feasibility
- 4. Investment
- 5. Next Steps



Overview: Three Reports

- Rail Deck Park Results of feasibility analysis & next steps for implementation
- Review of the City's Alternative Parkland Dedication Rate under Section 42 of the Planning Act
- Parkland Strategy: Preliminary Report

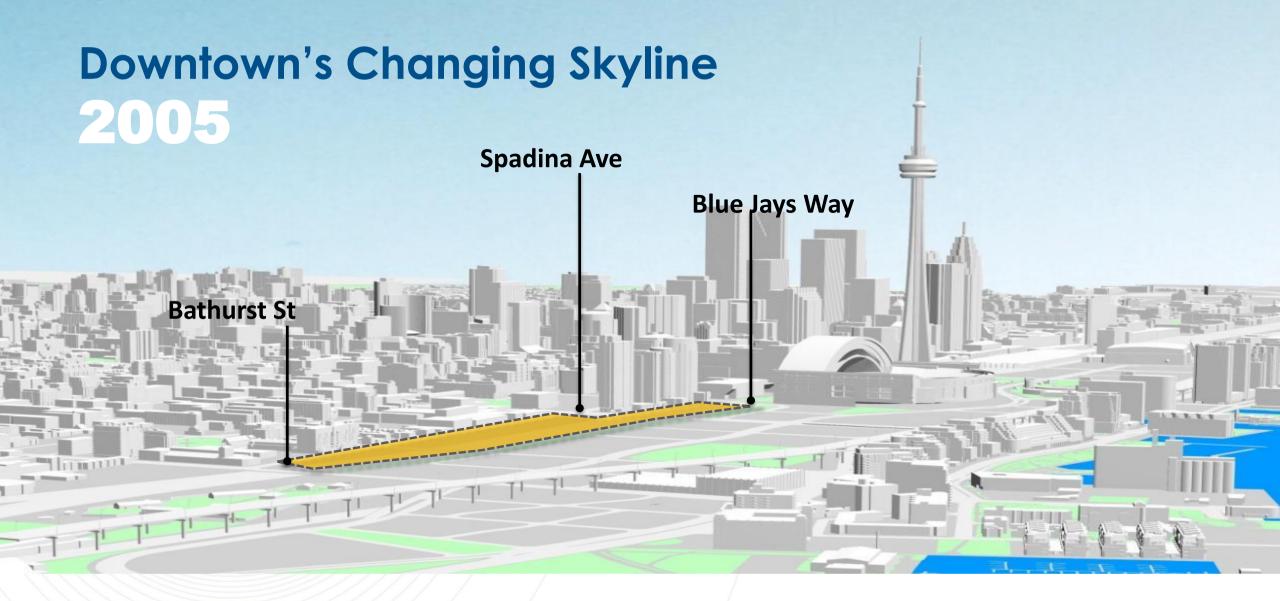
Focus of the Technical Briefing will be the Rail Deck report.



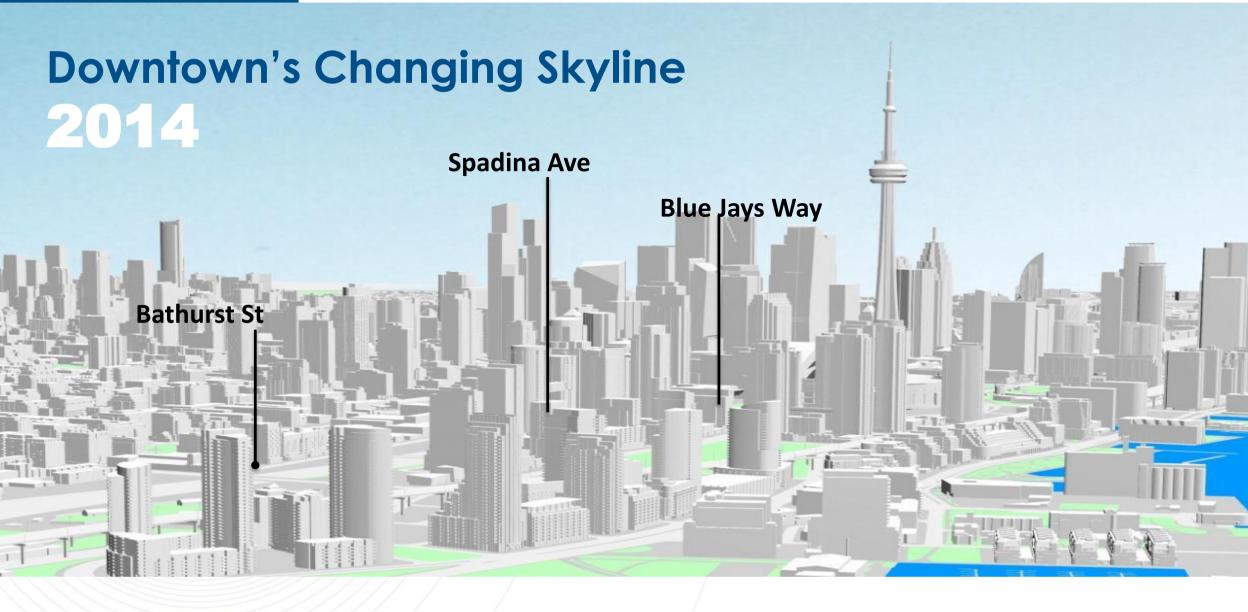


Growth and Parkland Need Rail Deck Park











Growth is expected to <u>continue</u>



Residential

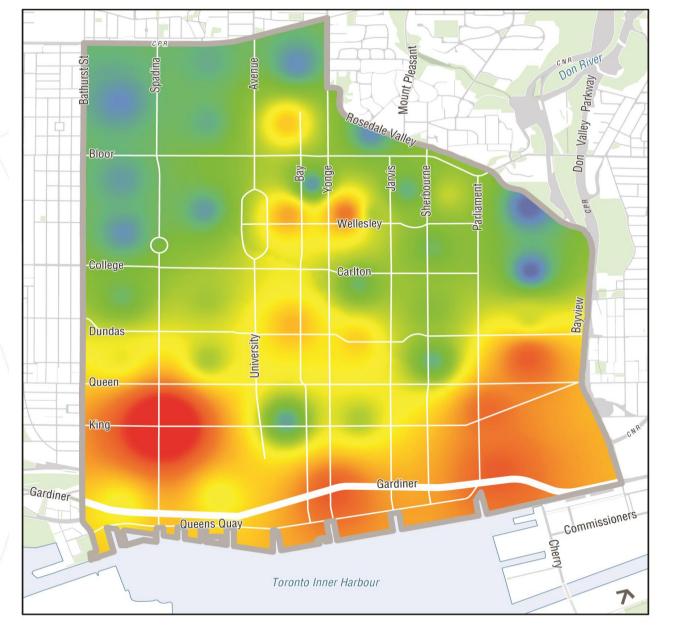
2011	2016	2041
199,495	238,000	475,000
		(approx. 140,000
		to 180,000 units)

Employment

2011	2016	2041
433,800	502,000	850,000
		to 915,000



And <u>concentrate</u> in the area south of Dundas



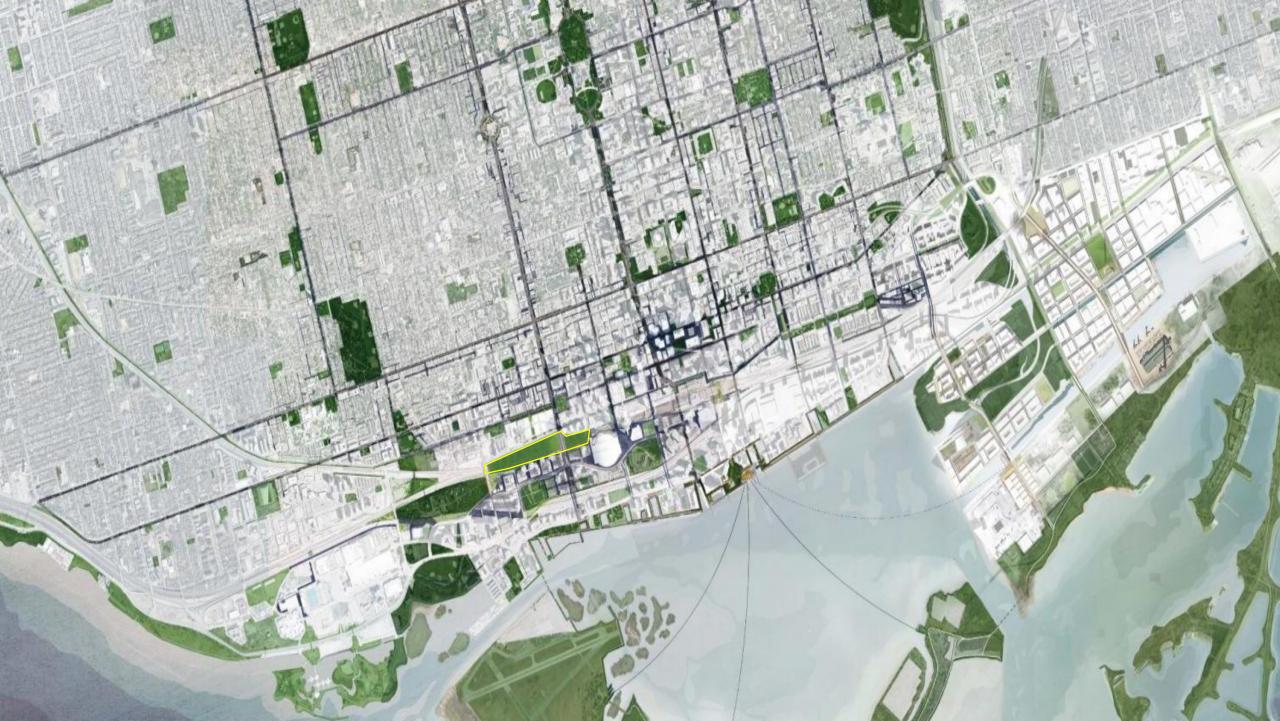
Projected Population Change 2011 - 2041





TOcore Infrastructure Strategies

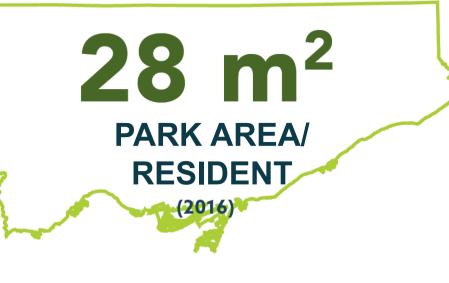






Downtown has among the lowest levels of park provision per resident





City-wide



Levels decrease further when demand from employees is added.

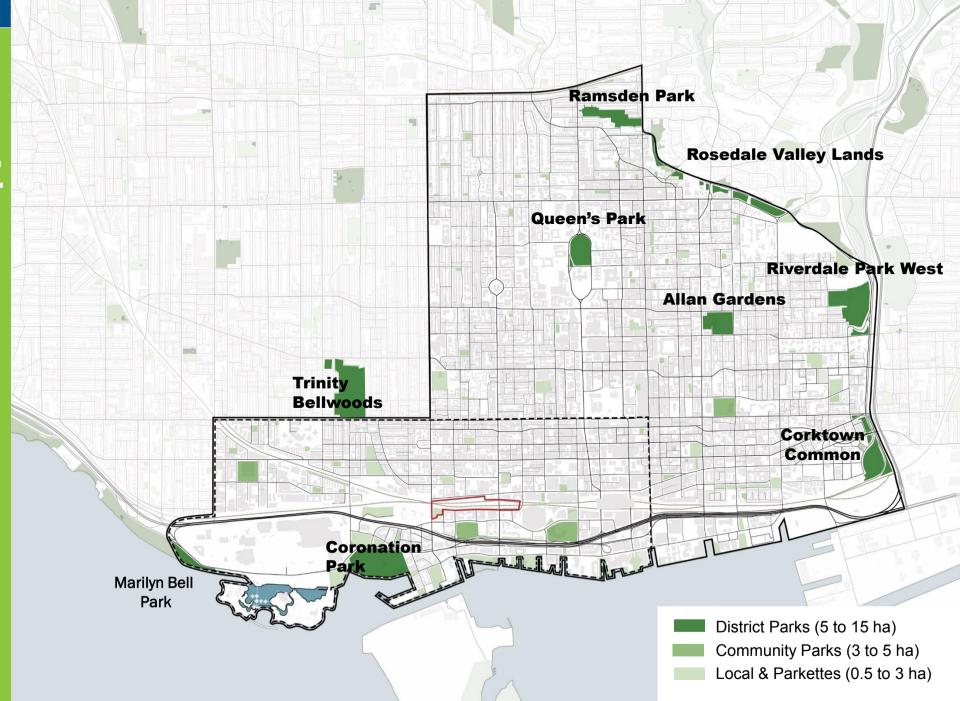


18 m² PARK AREA/ RESIDENT & EMPLOYEE

City-wide



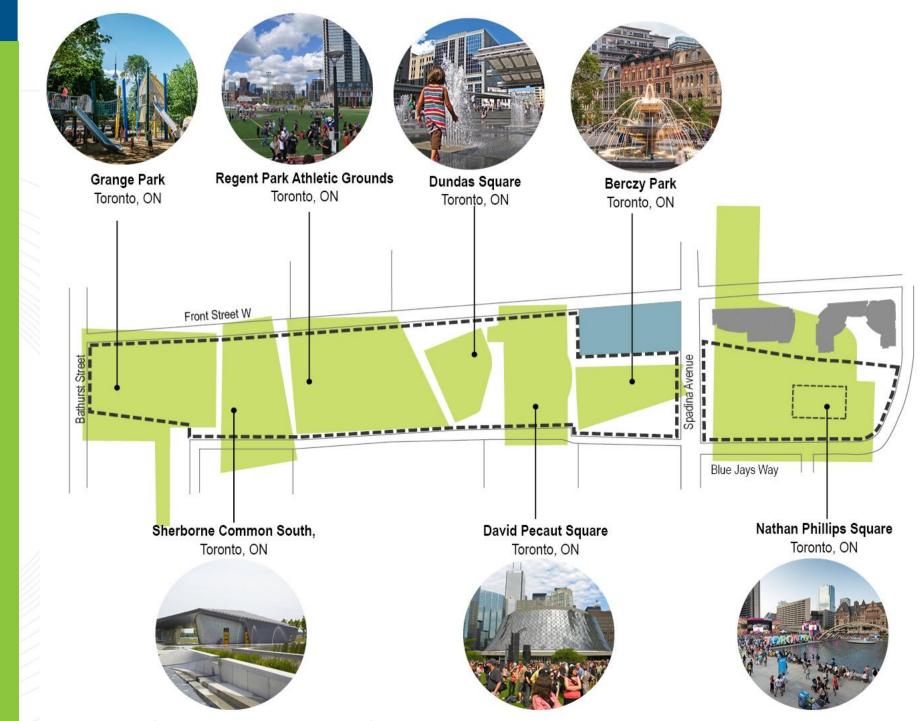
There are limited large parks with City-wide functions



The last opportunity for a large park in Downtown



Existing park comparisons



Precedents for decking structures







Munich, GER







Toronto, ON

A once-in-ageneration opportunity

19



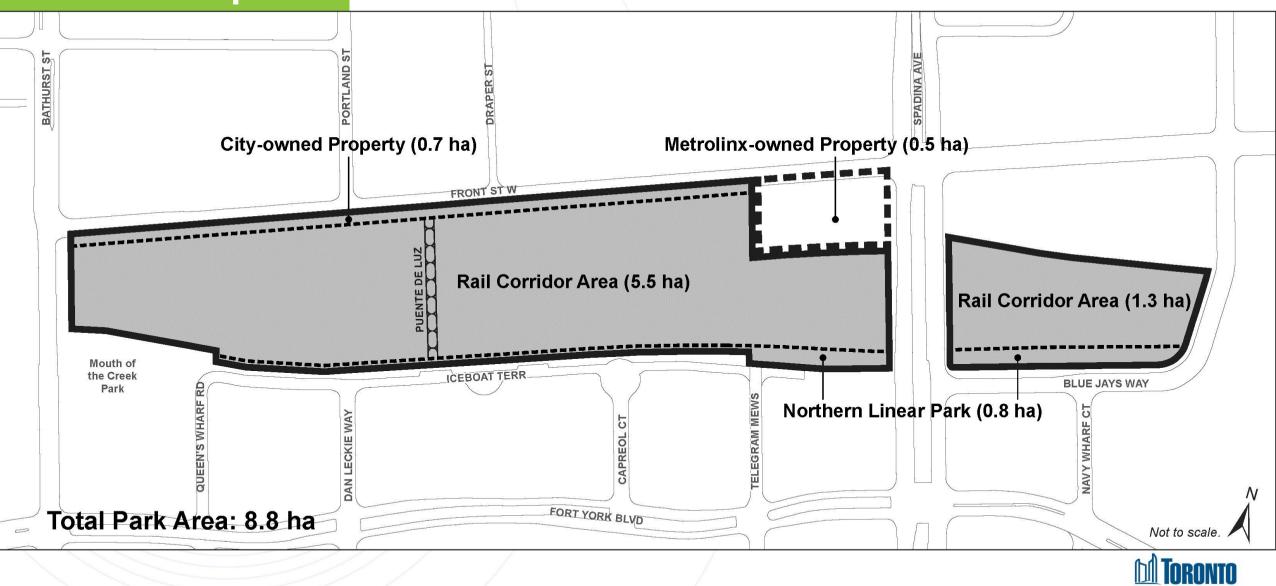
Feasibility







Site Map





Existing Conditions

Future West Toronto Rail Path surface connection

Mx access ramp

Pedestrian underpass beneath Spadina Avenue bridge Grade dips at Northern Linear Park here

Mx transformer and

maintenance area

Ice Boat Terrace ascends to high point here

Existing pedestrian bridge not shown on model

Embankment along Front Street

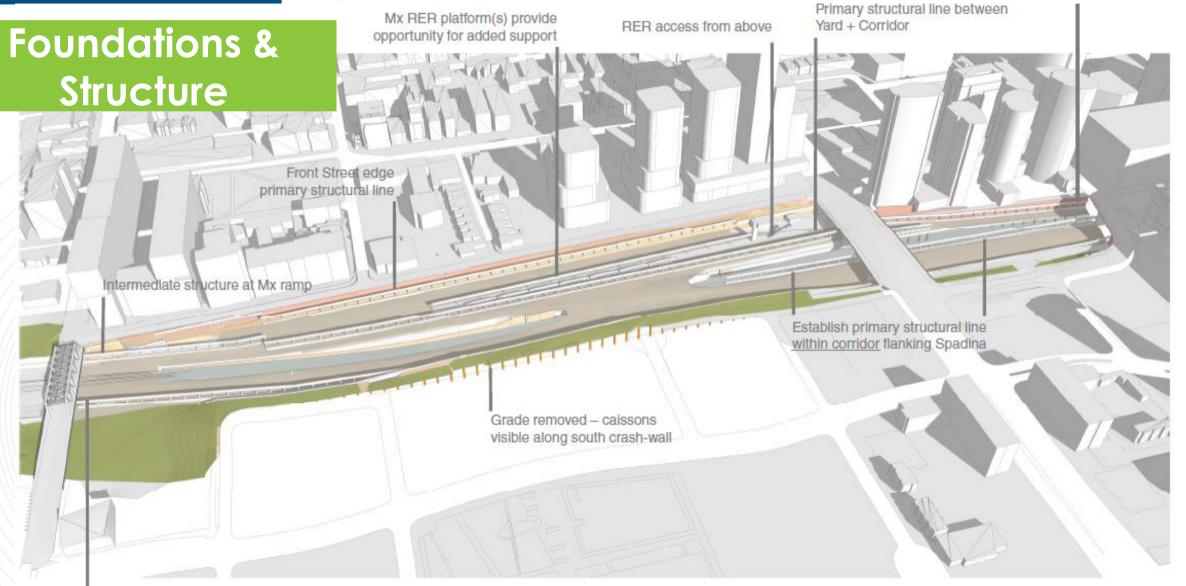
Retaining wall tapers down, Mouth of the Creek Park is at rail elevation

Connection between Fort York and Mouth of the Creek Park beneath Bathurst Street bridge

22



Establish primary structural line parallel to Mx access ramp



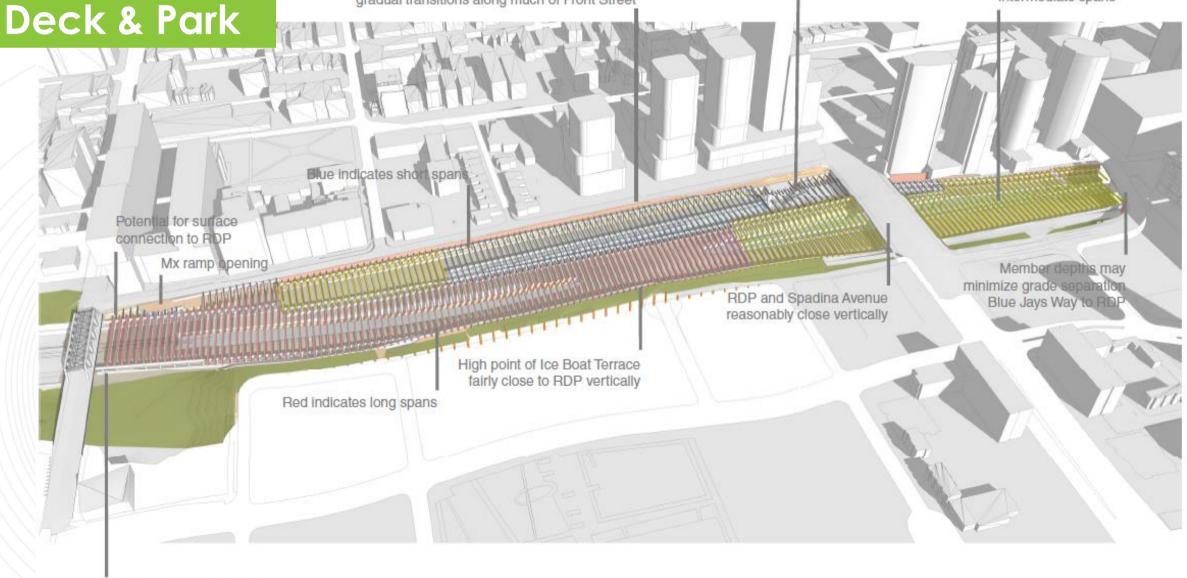
Caissons + primary structure continue to or near Bathurst



Opportunity for reasonably close grades and gradual transitions along much of Front Street

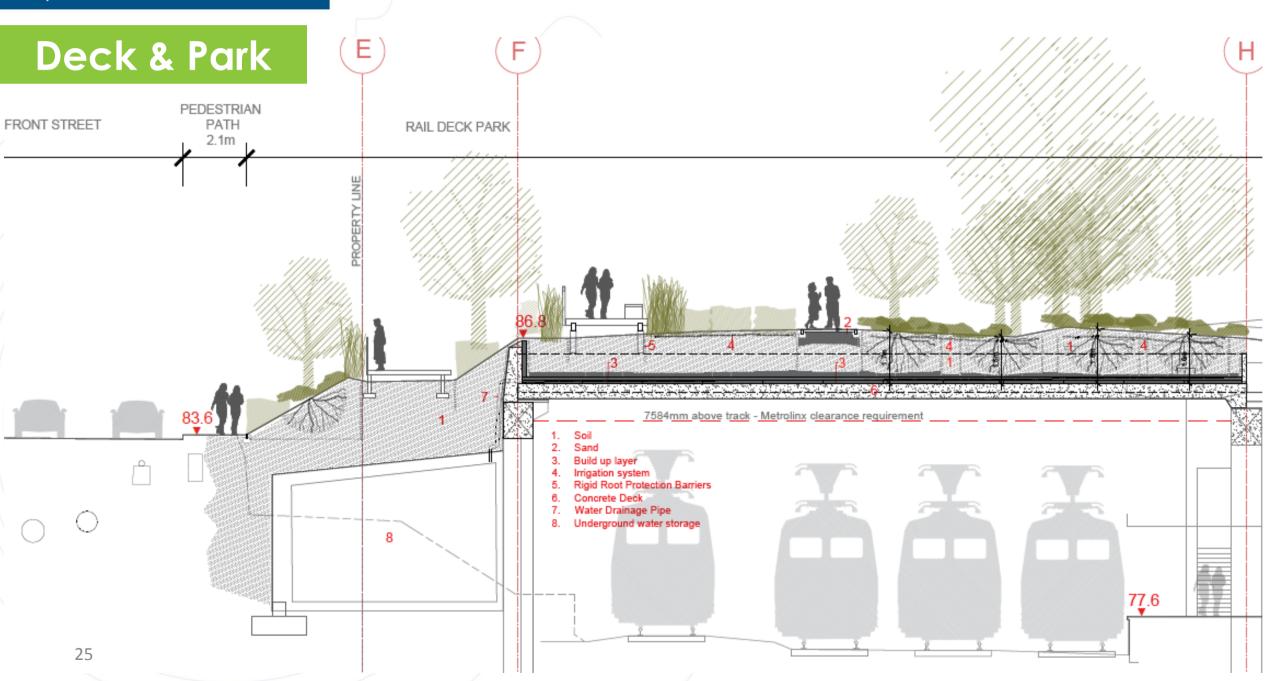
Mx property in context of O/A RDP provides opportunity for BFR and

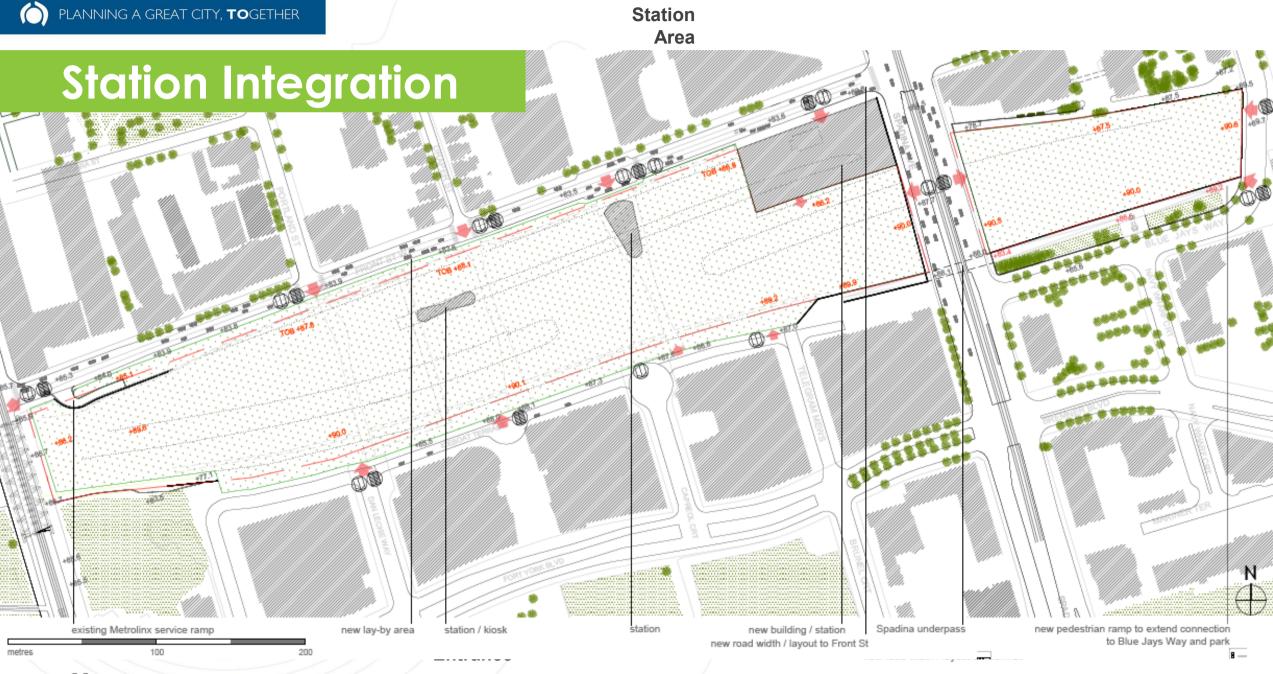
Yellow indicates intermediate spans



Grade separation between MotCP + RDP is extreme







Conceptual Cross-section

When any and the second second

Existing fly-under

lceboat Terrace

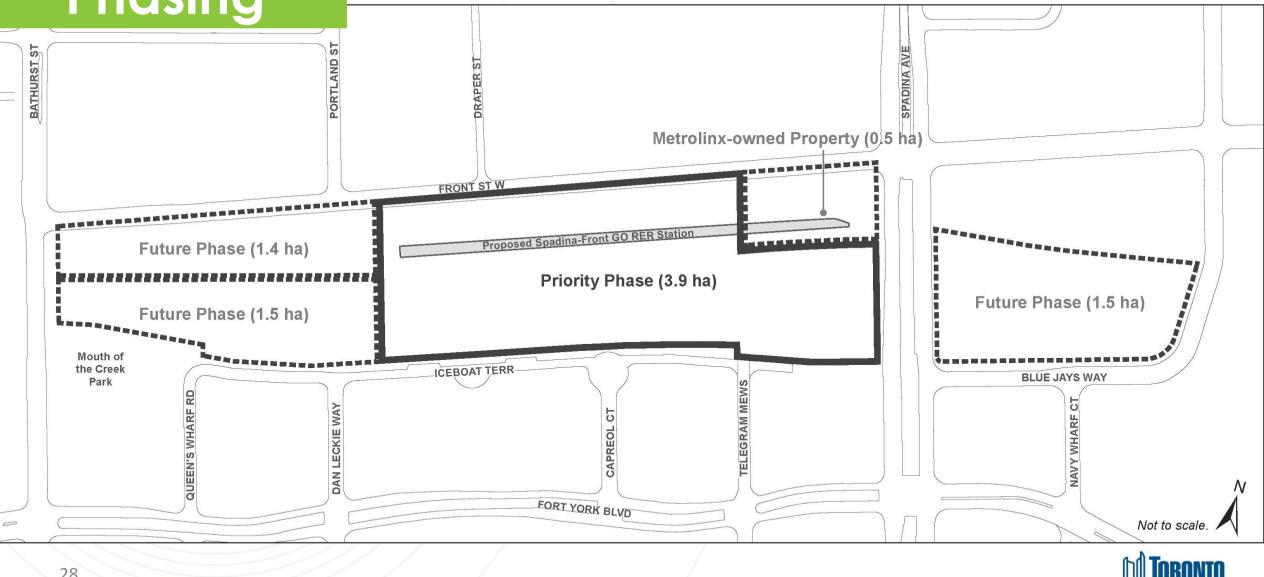
Front St W

27

ton it a site manager

Spadina-Front GO RER Station

Phasing





Investment



Class 4 Cost Estimate

Elements	Cost Estimate (millions; 2017 \$s)
Deck Construction (early works, hard costs, general requirements, management fees)	\$844
Park Construction (hard costs, general requirements, management fees)	\$95
Design Fees	\$95
Contingencies (design & pricing, construction)	\$327
Allowances (potential work restrictions in the rail corridor)	\$304
Total	\$1,665
Priority Phase One Cost	\$872



Financial Strategy Principles

- Existing revenues will be applied to RDP in a way that does not negatively impact on any parkland revenues generated for other areas of the city
- New revenues from S42 CIL, S37, DCs, value capture tools, will be applied in such a manner that benefits RDP and other parkland priorities across the city
- Contributions will be sought from adjacent commercial properties and businesses
- Federal and/or provincial contributions will be sought
- A phased approach for the project will be established consistent with this financial strategy



Financial Strategy

- Proactively consult with development and business community on financial strategy including potential funding options and any additional options to improve the development review process emanating from the End to End Review
- Engage with external expertise to assess the financial strategy and report back to Council with recommendations once financial costs are refined
- Consideration of options to optimize portion of DC funding



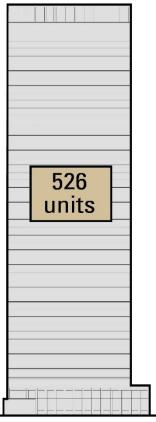
Section 42 – Alternative Parkland Dedication Rate

- The current alternative rate is over 10 years old
- It includes a series of site caps that stipulate a maximum land dedication or payment of cash-in-lieu based on site size.
- Since the rate was approved in 2005, development intensity has changed across Toronto:
 - residential densities have increased by 205 % by project
 - the average units per hectare by project has increased by **254 %**
 - many of Toronto's high growth areas have small parcel fabric less than 0.5ha (1.2 acres) reflective of infill development and where taking land for park is not ideal; and
 - parkland need has changed as over 83% of growth across Toronto is in vertical communities.

Section 42 – challenges with current Alternative Rate

Cash-in-lieu payment

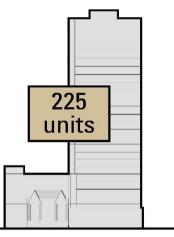
\$2.9 million \$5,776 per unit



₃Bloor + Sherbourne

Cash-in-lieu payment

\$2.7 million *\$13,567 per unit*



Bloor + Yonge

Current policy has a cap for cash-in-lieu based on site size

Over 90% of development across Toronto's Downtown and Centres is on sites that hit the 10 % cap of the site or equivalent value.

Once the cap is reached, a development's additional density does not contribute cash-in-lieu of parkland while the demand and need for parks generated increases



Section 42 – opportunities for change

- Growth can pay an increased share of the cost to acquire and develop parkland
- A new rate could be based on density instead of a "cap" on site value to improve the City's ability to address parkland demands generated by new growth
- Local areas could adopt specific rates reflecting the characteristics of development in those locations





Next Steps





Report Recommendations

- 1. Authorize Stage Two Work Plan in 2018 and 2019 as and utilize the Cityowned lands in the rail corridor only for RDP.
- 2. Metrolinx work in partnership with the City to advance RDP with other aligned projects in the corridor
- 3. Advance a growth-focused financial strategy based on the financial principles
- 4. Proactively consult with development and business community on financial strategy
- 5. Engage capital market and legal expertise and report back with the implementation of the financial strategy once land costs are known, capital costs have been refined and Council confirms its commitment to the project



Report Recommendations cont.

- 6. include eligible project costs in the City's DC By-law review .
- Request the Province to amend the *DC Act* to exempt the RDP from the use of the service level cap, exclude from 10% reduction and deem any potential federal/provincial contributions towards the project as contributions towards benefits to existing development
- Undertake a public and stakeholder engagement process including forming a Community Stakeholder Advisory Group; a public ideas competition, a fundraising strategy and evaluate governance options.



Next Steps

The project will move forward through a "stage-gate process", providing Council with specific decision points about advancing the project as scope, timelines, and costs are clarified.

