

Ward 4 – Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

Population Highlights

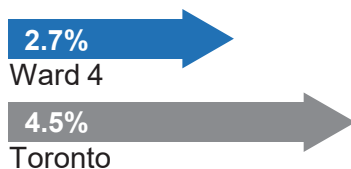
2014–2018 Wards

Ward Population **56,090**

Population Growth
(2011–2016) **2.7%**

Median Age **45.1**

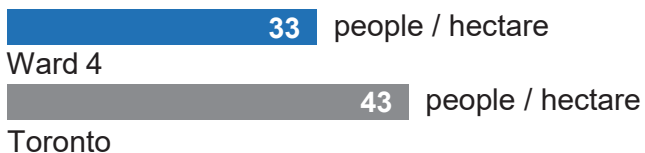
Population Growth (2011–2016)



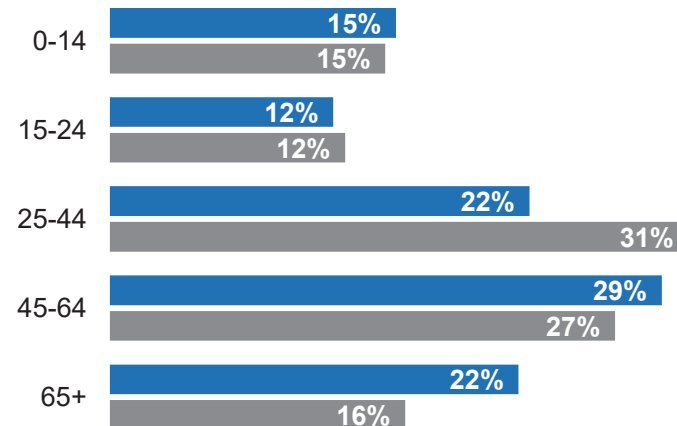
Population Growth (2006–2016)



Density

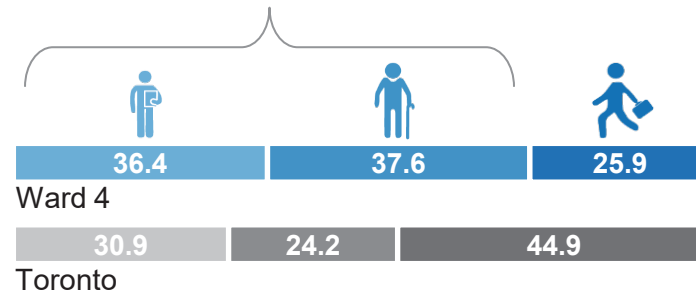


Population by Age Group



Dependency Ratio

74.1 senior and youth dependents for every 100 working age persons



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Dwellings Highlights

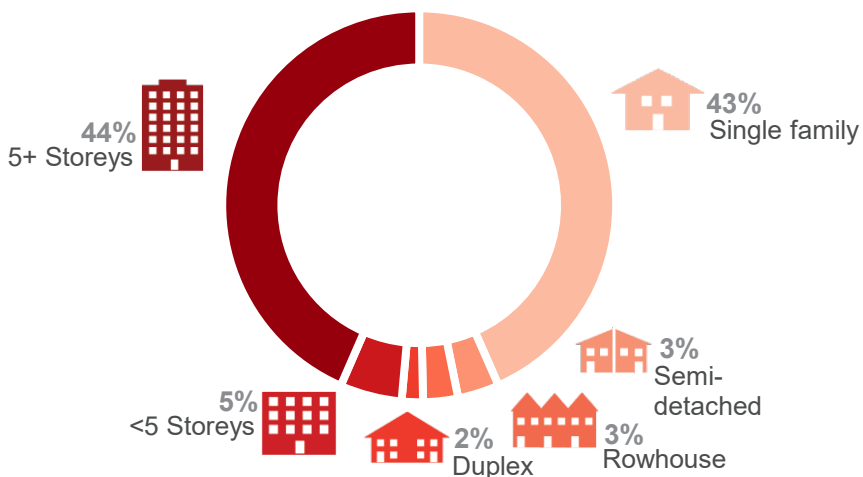
2014–2018 Wards

Number of Households **21,775**

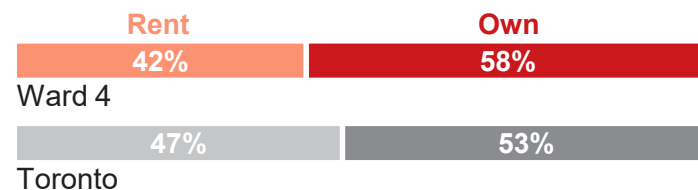
Change in Households (2011–2016)



Occupied Private Dwellings by Structure Type

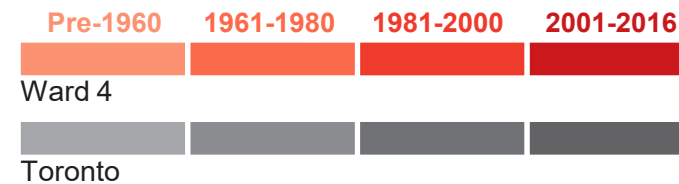


Tenure

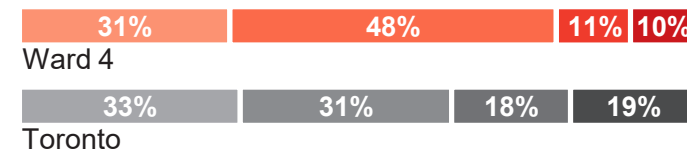


Net New Households (2011–2016) **685**

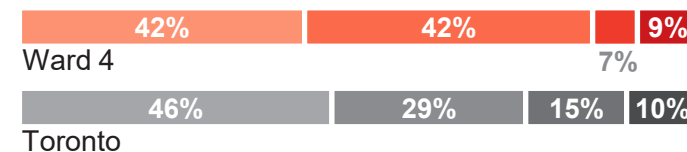
Period of Construction Legend



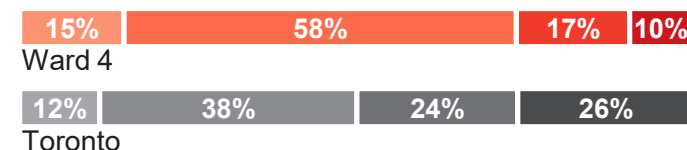
Dwellings by Period of Construction



Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction



Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction



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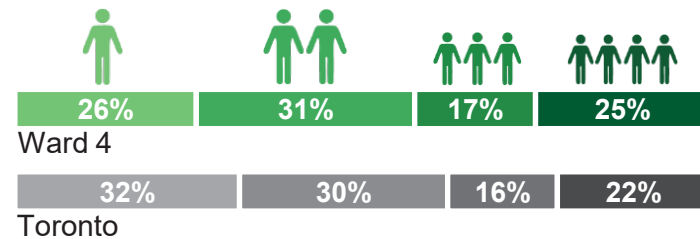
2016 Census

Households & Family Highlights

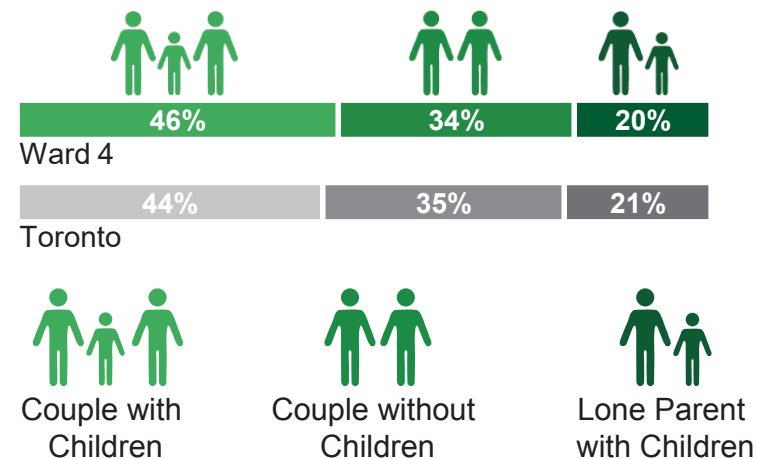
2014–2018 Wards

Average Number of People per Household **2.54**

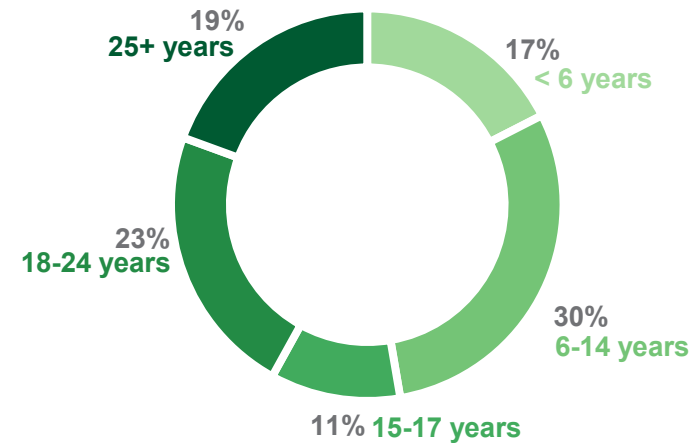
Households by Size



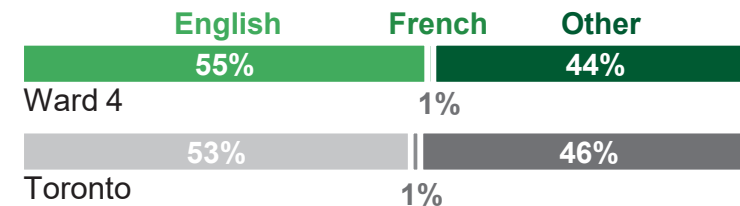
Family Composition by Type



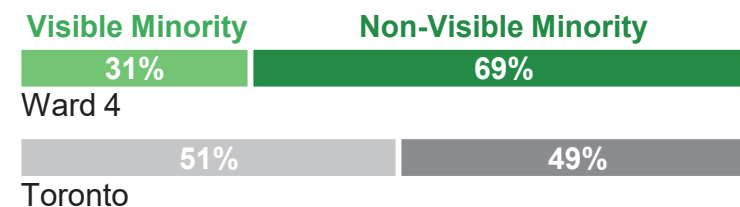
Children Living at Home



Languages by Mother Tongue



Visible Minorities



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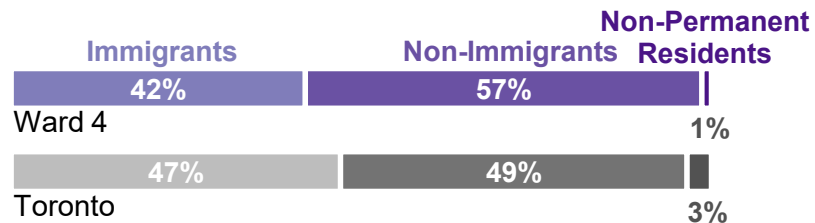
2016 Census

Immigration & Mobility Highlights

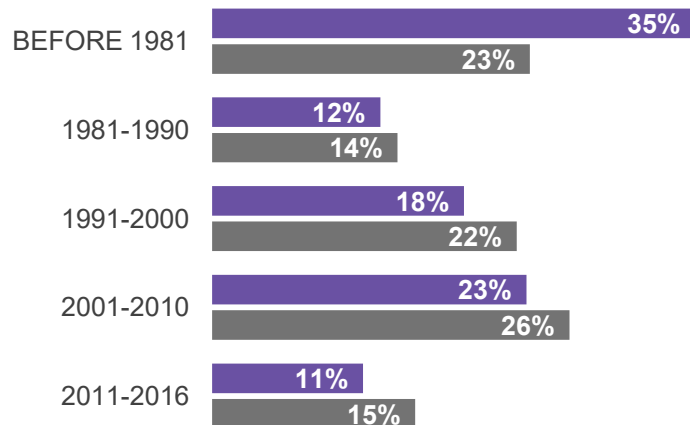
2014–2018 Wards

Immigrant Population **23,270**

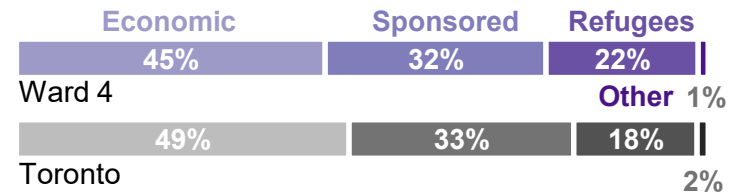
Population by Immigration Status



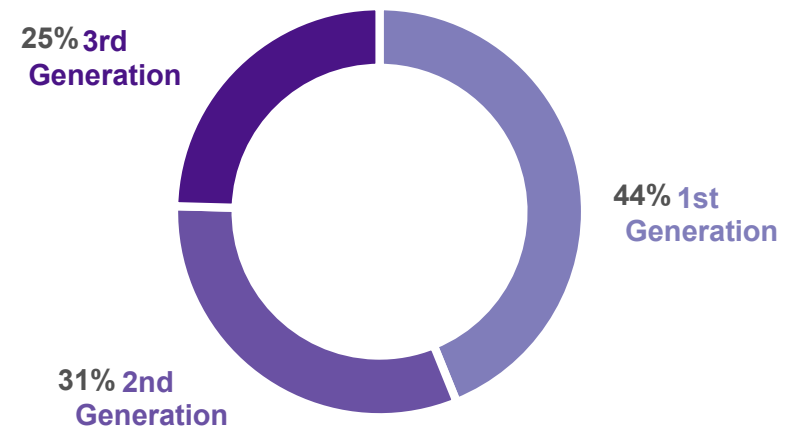
Period of Immigration



Immigration by Admission Category



Immigration by Generation



Mobility Status, 5 Year



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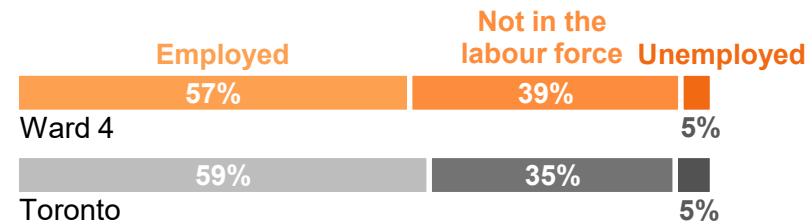
2016 Census

Socioeconomic Highlights

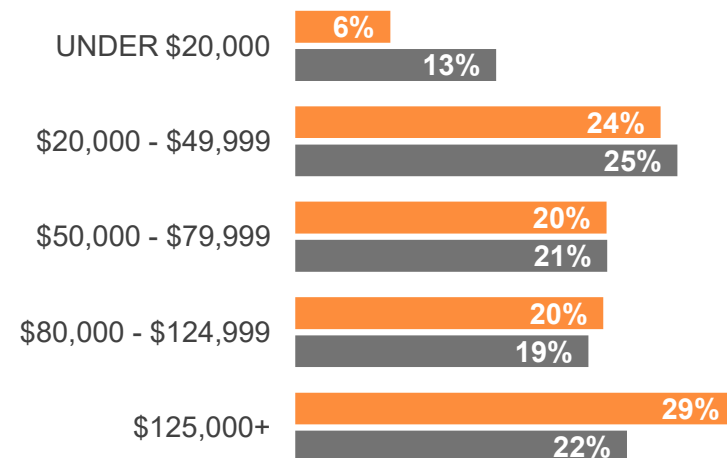
2014–2018 Wards

Unemployment Rate **7.4%**

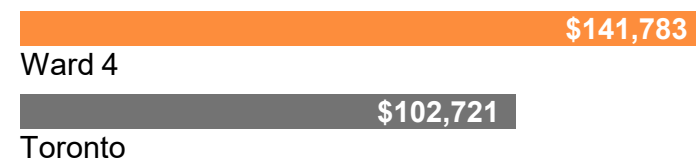
Labour Force



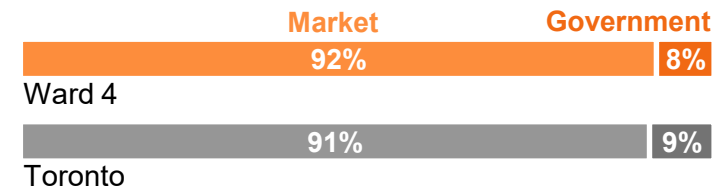
Household Income



Average Household Income



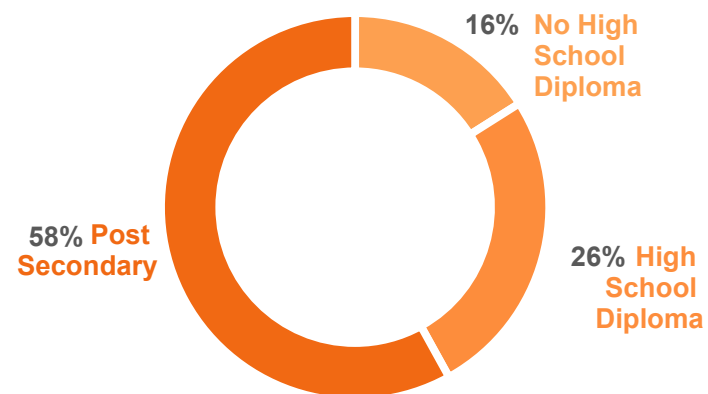
Composition of Income



Average Rent **\$1,301**

% of Tenant Households spending >30% of income on shelter costs **45.3%**

Education



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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Population

[Population Glossary](#) 

Population Change by Age Group

Ward 4							5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	2,595	4.6%	2,545	4.7%	2,480	4.6%	50	2.0%	115	4.6%
5-9	2,895	5.2%	2,795	5.1%	2,800	5.2%	100	3.6%	95	3.4%
10-14	3,005	5.4%	3,060	5.6%	3,185	5.9%	-55	-1.8%	-180	-5.7%
15-19	3,245	5.8%	3,380	6.2%	3,510	6.5%	-135	-4.0%	-265	-7.5%
20-24	3,385	6.0%	3,440	6.3%	3,330	6.2%	-55	-1.6%	55	1.7%
25-29	2,975	5.3%	3,055	5.6%	2,785	5.2%	-80	-2.6%	190	6.8%
30-34	3,050	5.4%	2,730	5.0%	2,795	5.2%	320	11.7%	255	9.1%
35-39	3,085	5.5%	3,050	5.6%	3,400	6.3%	35	1.1%	-315	-9.3%
40-44	3,345	6.0%	3,745	6.9%	4,160	7.8%	-400	-10.7%	-815	-19.6%
45-49	3,895	6.9%	4,275	7.8%	4,280	8.0%	-380	-8.9%	-385	-9.0%
50-54	4,375	7.8%	4,425	8.1%	3,965	7.4%	-50	-1.1%	410	10.3%
55-59	4,360	7.8%	3,850	7.0%	3,405	6.4%	510	13.2%	955	28.0%
60-64	3,750	6.7%	3,305	6.0%	2,490	4.6%	445	13.5%	1,260	50.6%
65-69	3,225	5.7%	2,425	4.4%	2,405	4.5%	800	33.0%	820	34.1%
70-74	2,320	4.1%	2,230	4.1%	2,610	4.9%	90	4.0%	-290	-11.1%
75-79	2,140	3.8%	2,345	4.3%	2,495	4.7%	-205	-8.7%	-355	-14.2%
80-84	2,080	3.7%	2,045	3.7%	2,125	4.0%	35	1.7%	-45	-2.1%
85 plus	2,365	4.2%	1,940	3.6%	1,395	2.6%	425	21.9%	970	69.5%
Total	56,090	100.0%	54,640	100.0%	53,615	100.0%	1,450	2.7%	2,475	4.6%

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Population Change in Toronto by Age Group

Toronto							5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	136,000	5.0%	140,530	5.4%	134,975	5.4%	-4,530	-3.2%	1,025	0.8%
5-9	135,025	4.9%	128,060	4.9%	133,600	5.3%	6,965	5.4%	1,425	1.1%
10-14	127,110	4.7%	132,285	5.1%	141,045	5.6%	-5,175	-3.9%	-13,935	-9.9%
15-19	145,520	5.3%	150,045	5.7%	146,205	5.8%	-4,525	-3.0%	-685	-0.5%
20-24	194,750	7.1%	183,470	7.0%	172,450	6.9%	11,280	6.1%	22,300	12.9%
25-29	232,945	8.5%	211,855	8.1%	190,255	7.6%	21,090	10.0%	42,690	22.4%
30-34	224,575	8.2%	201,165	7.7%	195,670	7.8%	23,410	11.6%	28,905	14.8%
35-39	196,310	7.2%	190,400	7.3%	203,025	8.1%	5,910	3.1%	-6,715	-3.3%
40-44	182,395	6.7%	197,395	7.5%	212,600	8.5%	-15,000	-7.6%	-30,205	-14.2%
45-49	190,925	7.0%	207,610	7.9%	193,980	7.7%	-16,685	-8.0%	-3,055	-1.6%
50-54	202,405	7.4%	191,290	7.3%	168,445	6.7%	11,115	5.8%	33,960	20.2%
55-59	182,805	6.7%	162,535	6.2%	148,120	5.9%	20,270	12.5%	34,685	23.4%
60-64	153,865	5.6%	140,965	5.4%	109,460	4.4%	12,900	9.2%	44,405	40.6%
65-69	130,545	4.8%	102,445	3.9%	93,830	3.7%	28,100	27.4%	36,715	39.1%
70-74	93,605	3.4%	86,190	3.3%	85,165	3.4%	7,415	8.6%	8,440	9.9%
75-79	76,165	2.8%	74,235	2.8%	74,900	3.0%	1,930	2.6%	1,265	1.7%
80-84	60,630	2.2%	59,645	2.3%	56,450	2.3%	985	1.7%	4,180	7.4%
85 plus	66,000	2.4%	54,970	2.1%	43,105	1.7%	11,030	20.1%	22,895	53.1%
Total	2,731,575	100.0%	2,615,090	100.0%	2,503,280	100.0%	116,485	4.5%	228,295	9.1%

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Median Age

Ward 4			
Median Age	2016	2011	5 Year Change
Median Age of Population	45.1	44.4	0.7

Toronto		
2016	2011	5 Year Change
38.9	39.2	-0.3

Dependency Ratio

Ward 4			
Age Groups	2016	2011	5 Year Change
Dependents	23,870	22,765	1,105
Youths (0-19 years)	11,740	11,780	-40
Seniors (65 years and over)	12,130	10,985	1,145
Working Age (20-64 years)	32,220	31,875	345
Dependents for every 100 workers	74.1	71.4	2.7

Toronto		
2016	2011	5 Year Change
970,600	928,405	42,195
543,655	550,920	-7,265
426,945	377,485	49,460
1,760,975	1,686,685	74,290
55.1	55.0	0.1

Note: The number of dependents is the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older), divided by the working-age population (20 to 64 years). The result is multiplied by 100 and expressed as the number of dependents for every 100 working age persons.

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Dwellings

[Dwellings Glossary](#) 

Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type

Ward 4						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	9,450	43.4%	9,565	45.4%	-115	-1.2%
Semi-detached house	745	3.4%	730	3.5%	15	2.1%
Row house	625	2.9%	555	2.6%	70	12.6%
Apartment, detached duplex	380	1.7%	370	1.8%	10	2.7%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	1,110	5.1%	1,100	5.2%	10	0.9%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	9,465	43.5%	8,765	41.6%	700	8.0%
Other single-attached house	0	0.0%	5	0.0%	-5	-100.0%
Movable dwelling	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total Dwellings	21,775	100.0%	21,090	100.0%	685	3.2%

Toronto						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	269,660	24.2%	275,010	26.2%	-5,350	-1.9%
Semi-detached house	72,085	6.5%	72,405	6.9%	-320	-0.4%
Row house	61,870	5.6%	60,295	5.8%	1,575	2.6%
Apartment, detached duplex	47,580	4.3%	44,740	4.3%	2,840	6.3%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	165,650	14.9%	163,895	15.6%	1,755	1.1%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	493,135	44.3%	429,225	41.0%	63,910	14.9%
Other single-attached house	2,845	0.3%	2,200	0.2%	645	29.3%
Movable dwelling	100	0.0%	110	0.0%	-10	-9.1%
Total Dwellings	1,112,925	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,045	6.2%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

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Private Dwellings by Tenure & Condominium Status

Ward 4						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	12,630	58.0%	12,665	60.0%	-35	-0.3%
Condominium	2,460	11.3%	2,340	11.1%	120	5.1%
Not condominium	10,165	46.7%	10,325	48.9%	-160	-1.5%
Rented	9,155	42.0%	8,445	40.0%	710	8.4%
Condominium	400	1.8%	450	2.1%	-50	-11.1%
Not condominium	8,755	40.2%	8,000	37.9%	755	9.4%
Total Dwellings	21,785	100.0%	21,110	100.0%	675	3.2%

Toronto						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	587,085	52.8%	571,785	54.6%	15,300	2.7%
Condominium	195,295	17.5%	174,735	16.7%	20,560	11.8%
Not condominium	391,785	35.2%	397,050	37.9%	-5,265	-1.3%
Rented	525,825	47.2%	476,090	45.4%	49,735	10.4%
Condominium	96,965	8.7%	60,230	5.7%	36,735	61.0%
Not condominium	428,860	38.5%	415,855	39.7%	13,005	3.1%
Total Dwellings	1,112,910	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,035	6.2%

Private Dwellings by Period of Construction

Ward 4			Toronto	
Period of Construction	2016	%	2016	%
1960 or before	6,775	31.1%	363,125	32.6%
1961 to 1980	10,505	48.2%	347,615	31.2%
1981 to 1990	1,590	7.3%	109,900	9.9%
1991 to 2000	800	3.7%	85,645	7.7%
2001 to 2005	460	2.1%	58,305	5.2%
2006 to 2010	895	4.1%	67,530	6.1%
2011 to 2016	760	3.5%	80,805	7.3%
Total Dwellings	21,785	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%

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2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Household Maintainers

[Household Maintainer Glossary](#) ⓘ

Households by Number of Maintainers and Age Group of Maintainer

Ward 4						
Number of Maintainers	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
1 household maintainer	13,085	60.1%	12,395	58.7%	690	5.6%
2 household maintainers	8,070	37.1%	8,105	38.4%	-35	-0.4%
3 or more household maintainers	625	2.9%	610	2.9%	15	2.5%
Total Households	21,780	100.0%	21,110	100.0%	670	3.2%

Age Group of Maintainer	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Under 25 years	195	0.9%	270	1.3%	-75	-27.8%
25 to 34 years	1,875	8.6%	1,865	8.8%	10	0.5%
35 to 44 years	3,130	14.4%	3,290	15.6%	-160	-4.9%
45 to 54 years	4,600	21.1%	4,805	22.8%	-205	-4.3%
55 to 64 years	4,565	20.9%	3,975	18.8%	590	14.8%
65 to 74 years	3,345	15.4%	2,870	13.6%	475	16.6%
75 years and over	4,080	18.7%	4,040	19.1%	40	1.0%
Total Households	21,790	100.0%	21,115	100.0%	675	3.2%

Toronto						
2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	
693,405	62.3%	665,050	63.5%	28,355	4.3%	
374,460	33.6%	345,090	32.9%	29,370	8.5%	
45,065	4.0%	37,745	3.6%	7,320	19.4%	
1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,885	100.0%	65,045	6.2%	

2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	
38,560	3.5%	36,590	3.5%	1,970	5.4%	
193,900	17.4%	173,845	16.6%	20,055	11.5%	
200,750	18.0%	204,985	19.6%	-4,235	-2.1%	
225,770	20.3%	225,945	21.6%	-175	-0.1%	
198,420	17.8%	178,025	17.0%	20,395	11.5%	
134,375	12.1%	113,435	10.8%	20,940	18.5%	
121,155	10.9%	115,050	11.0%	6,105	5.3%	
1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,055	6.2%	

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Population in Dwellings

[Population in Dwellings Glossary](#) 

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type

Ward 4	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	12,240	460	190	315	1,020	3,340	0	17,565
1961 to 1970	8,555	1,140	400	475	570	5,380	10	16,530
1971 to 1980	2,265	450	195	130	175	7,170	0	10,385
1981 to 1990	730	30	170	30	100	2,700	0	3,760
1991 to 2000	885	40	135	25	95	925	0	2,105
2001 to 2005	685	0	195	0	15	360	0	1,255
2006 to 2011	685	0	310	0	10	870	0	1,875
2011 to 2016	935	0	65	70	20	820	0	1,910
Total Population	26,980	2,120	1,660	1,045	2,005	21,565	10	55,385

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	401,755	113,935	31,955	63,205	170,005	117,245	4,505	902,605
1961 to 1970	131,040	32,750	24,590	21,110	56,545	174,730	830	441,595
1971 to 1980	78,035	30,180	46,365	15,915	48,730	201,950	1,115	422,290
1981 to 1990	75,110	12,135	21,285	14,070	26,145	129,275	725	278,745
1991 to 2000	45,415	8,180	20,145	9,480	20,425	106,270	515	210,430
2001 to 2005	32,780	8,535	19,495	3,945	9,830	62,045	125	136,755
2006 to 2011	27,185	4,020	16,135	2,855	8,330	84,585	120	143,230
2011 to 2016	22,930	3,195	9,500	2,280	6,475	111,125	165	155,670
Total Population	814,250	212,930	189,470	132,860	346,485	987,225	8,100	2,691,320

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

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Distribution of Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type

Ward 4	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	45.4%	21.7%	11.4%	30.1%	50.9%	15.5%	0.0%	31.7%
1961 to 1970	31.7%	53.8%	24.1%	45.5%	28.4%	24.9%	100.0%	29.8%
1971 to 1980	8.4%	21.2%	11.7%	12.4%	8.7%	33.2%	0.0%	18.8%
1981 to 1990	2.7%	1.4%	10.2%	2.9%	5.0%	12.5%	0.0%	6.8%
1991 to 2000	3.3%	1.9%	8.1%	2.4%	4.7%	4.3%	0.0%	3.8%
2001 to 2005	2.5%	0.0%	11.7%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	0.0%	2.3%
2006 to 2011	2.5%	0.0%	18.7%	0.0%	0.5%	4.0%	0.0%	3.4%
2011 to 2016	3.5%	0.0%	3.9%	6.7%	1.0%	3.8%	0.0%	3.4%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	49.3%	53.5%	16.9%	47.6%	49.1%	11.9%	55.6%	33.5%
1961 to 1970	16.1%	15.4%	13.0%	15.9%	16.3%	17.7%	10.2%	16.4%
1971 to 1980	9.6%	14.2%	24.5%	12.0%	14.1%	20.5%	13.8%	15.7%
1981 to 1990	9.2%	5.7%	11.2%	10.6%	7.5%	13.1%	9.0%	10.4%
1991 to 2000	5.6%	3.8%	10.6%	7.1%	5.9%	10.8%	6.4%	7.8%
2001 to 2005	4.0%	4.0%	10.3%	3.0%	2.8%	6.3%	1.5%	5.1%
2006 to 2011	3.3%	1.9%	8.5%	2.1%	2.4%	8.6%	1.5%	5.3%
2011 to 2016	2.8%	1.5%	5.0%	1.7%	1.9%	11.3%	2.0%	5.8%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Tenure and Structure Type

Ward 4	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
Owned	25,915	2,020	595	825	270	4,150	0	33,775
Condominium	20	0	490	0	60	4,150	0	4,720
Not a condominium	25,895	2,015	105	825	210	0	10	29,060
Rented	1,065	100	1,065	220	1,735	17,425	0	21,610
Condominium	10	10	45	0	10	760	0	835
Not a condominium	1,060	95	1,020	220	1,720	16,655	0	20,770
Total Population	26,980	2,120	1,660	1,045	2,005	21,575	0	55,385

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
Owned	753,940	190,220	125,285	90,690	109,535	290,550	5,750	1,565,970
Condominium	6,315	2,695	62,220	2,265	26,740	290,550	140	390,925
Not a condominium	747,625	187,520	63,065	88,425	82,795	0	5,605	1,175,035
Rented	60,310	22,715	64,195	42,170	236,945	696,675	2,350	1,125,360
Condominium	1,065	500	8,555	880	10,270	163,320	60	184,650
Not a condominium	59,245	22,210	55,635	41,295	226,680	533,345	2,285	940,695
Total Population	814,250	212,935	189,480	132,860	346,480	987,225	8,100	2,691,330

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Average Number of Persons per Household, by Structure Type, by Period of Construction

Ward 4	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	26,980	2,125	1,665	1,045	2,005	21,570	0	55,390
Households	9,450	750	625	380	1,115	9,465	0	21,785
Persons per household	2.86	2.83	2.66	2.75	1.80	2.28	0.00	2.54
Period of Construction 2011 to 2016								
Population	935	0	65	70	20	820	0	1,910
Households	245	0	25	10	15	470	0	765
Persons per household	3.82	0.00	2.60	7.00	1.33	1.74	0.00	2.50
Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,860	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320
Households	269,650	72,080	61,875	47,575	165,645	493,135	2,845	1,112,805
Persons per household	3.02	2.95	3.06	2.79	2.09	2.00	2.85	2.42
Period of Construction 2011 to 2016								
Population	22,930	3,195	9,500	2,280	6,475	111,125	165	155,670
Households	6,260	895	3,195	780	3,185	66,450	45	80,810
Persons per household	3.66	3.57	2.97	2.92	2.03	1.67	3.67	1.93

Note: Where there is a population of less than 100 persons and/ or a household total of less than 40 households, the resulting average number of persons per household may not be representative of the actual occupancy rates. Statistics Canada rules for data suppression and random rounding can produce unexpected results for very small populations and number of households.

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Families

[Families Glossary](#) 

Family by Type

Ward 4						
All Families	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Couples with Children	7,375	46.3%	7,455	48.0%	-80	-1.1%
Couples without Children	5,420	34.0%	5,165	33.3%	255	4.9%
Lone-Parent	3,145	19.7%	2,910	18.7%	235	8.1%
Total	15,940	100.0%	15,530	100.0%	410	2.6%
Couples						
1 Child	2,900	39.3%	2,940	39.4%	-40	-1.4%
2 Children	3,365	45.6%	3,330	44.6%	35	1.1%
3 or more Children	1,110	15.1%	1,190	16.0%	-80	-6.7%
Total	7,375	100.0%	7,460	100.0%	-85	-1.1%
Lone Parent						
1 Child	1,935	61.6%	1,810	62.1%	125	6.9%
2 Children	845	26.9%	805	27.6%	40	5.0%
3 or more Children	360	11.5%	300	10.3%	60	20.0%
Total	3,140	100.0%	2,915	100.0%	225	7.7%
Number of Children at Home by Age						
Under 6 years of age	3,170	17.5%	3,110	17.4%	60	1.9%
6 to 14 years	5,410	29.8%	5,265	29.4%	145	2.8%
15 to 17 years	1,950	10.7%	1,985	11.1%	-35	-1.8%
18 to 24 years	4,085	22.5%	4,235	23.6%	-150	-3.5%
25 years and more	3,525	19.4%	3,315	18.5%	210	6.3%
Total	18,140	100.0%	17,910	100.0%	230	1.3%

Toronto					
2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
316,565	44.1%	311,760	45.2%	4,805	1.5%
250,085	34.8%	231,590	33.5%	18,495	8.0%
151,960	21.1%	146,985	21.3%	4,975	3.4%
718,610	100.0%	690,335	100.0%	28,275	4.1%
133,885	42.3%	129,850	41.6%	4,035	3.1%
130,960	41.4%	129,450	41.5%	1,510	1.2%
51,720	16.3%	52,465	16.8%	-745	-1.4%
316,565	100.0%	311,765	100.0%	4,800	1.5%
93,260	61.4%	89,600	61.0%	3,660	4.1%
41,250	27.1%	40,310	27.4%	940	2.3%
17,450	11.5%	17,075	11.6%	375	2.2%
151,960	100.0%	146,985	100.0%	4,975	3.4%
161,675	20.1%	165,825	20.9%	-4,150	-2.5%
233,170	29.0%	231,955	29.3%	1,215	0.5%
77,850	9.7%	84,815	10.7%	-6,965	-8.2%
174,815	21.7%	168,280	21.2%	6,535	3.9%
156,375	19.5%	141,885	17.9%	14,490	10.2%
803,885	100.0%	792,760	100.0%	11,125	1.4%

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Private Households by Size and Type

Ward 4						
Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	14,885	68.3%	14,645	69.4%	240	1.6%
Multiple-family households	520	2.4%	435	2.1%	85	19.5%
Non-family households	6,380	29.3%	6,020	28.5%	360	6.0%
Total Households	21,785	100.0%	21,100	100.0%	685	3.2%
Private Households by Size						
1 person	5,690	26.1%	5,350	25.4%	340	6.4%
2 persons	6,850	31.4%	6,585	31.2%	265	4.0%
3 persons	3,790	17.4%	3,735	17.7%	55	1.5%
4 persons	3,540	16.2%	3,585	17.0%	-45	-1.3%
5 persons or more	1,915	8.8%	1,845	8.7%	70	3.8%
Total Households	21,785	100.0%	21,100	100.0%	685	3.2%
Population living in private households	55,390		54,095		1,295	2.4%
Average number of persons per household	2.54		2.56		-0.02	-0.8%
Toronto						
Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	652,730	58.6%	625,820	59.7%	26,910	4.3%
Multiple-family households	31,830	2.9%	31,135	3.0%	695	2.2%
Non-family households	428,365	38.5%	390,920	37.3%	37,445	9.6%
Total Households	1,112,925	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,050	6.2%
Private Households by Size						
1 person	359,990	32.3%	331,185	31.6%	28,805	8.7%
2 persons	333,445	30.0%	307,845	29.4%	25,600	8.3%
3 persons	175,825	15.8%	168,750	16.1%	7,075	4.2%
4 persons	146,555	13.2%	142,760	13.6%	3,795	2.7%
5 persons or more	97,115	8.7%	97,345	9.3%	-230	-0.2%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,885	100.0%	65,045	6.2%
Population living in private households	2,691,665		2,576,030		115,635	4.5%
Average number of persons per household	2.42		2.46		-0.04	-1.6%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Migration, Mobility & Languages

[Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary](#) ⓘ

Population by Generation Status and Period of Immigration

Ward 4		
Generation Status	2016	%
1st generation	24,300	43.9%
2nd generation	17,485	31.6%
3rd generation and over	13,610	24.6%
Total Population	55,395	100.0%

Toronto		
	2016	%
	1,377,465	51.2%
	740,175	27.5%
	574,020	21.3%
	2,691,660	100.0%

Period of Immigration	2016	%
Before 1981	8,215	35.3%
1981 to 1990	2,860	12.3%
1991 to 2000	4,285	18.4%
2001 to 2010	5,345	23.0%
2001 to 2005	3,190	13.7%
2006 to 2010	2,155	9.3%
2011 to 2016	2,565	11.0%
Total Immigrant Population	23,270	100.0%

	2016	%
	294,065	23.2%
	171,565	13.6%
	281,875	22.3%
	330,550	26.1%
	162,770	12.9%
	167,780	13.3%
	187,950	14.8%
	1,266,005	100.0%

Admission Category and Applicant Type for Immigration Period, 1980 to 2016

Ward 4		
Admission Category	2016	%
Economic immigrants	6,815	44.6%
Principal applicants	2,825	18.5%
Secondary applicants	3,990	26.1%
Immigrants sponsored by family	4,875	31.9%
Refugees	3,360	22.0%
Other Immigrants	220	1.4%
Immigrant Population, 1980 to 2016	15,270	100.0%

Toronto		
	2016	%
	475,155	48.1%
	201,860	20.4%
	273,295	27.7%
	320,940	32.5%
	176,125	17.8%
	16,105	1.6%
	988,325	100.0%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Population by Immigrant Status and Top Ten Places of Birth

Ward 4	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
Italy	2,220	4.0%	China	131,480	4.9%
Poland	1,300	2.3%	Philippines	118,775	4.4%
India	1,215	2.2%	India	79,225	2.9%
Ukraine	1,100	2.0%	Sri Lanka	52,900	2.0%
United Kingdom	945	1.7%	Italy	45,515	1.7%
Philippines	855	1.5%	Jamaica	45,075	1.7%
Jamaica	820	1.5%	United Kingdom	40,295	1.5%
Portugal	820	1.5%	Hong Kong	38,820	1.4%
Pakistan	800	1.4%	Portugal	38,575	1.4%
Korea, South	575	1.0%	Iran	36,445	1.4%
All Others	12,620	22.8%	All Others	638,900	23.7%
Total Immigrants	23,270	42.0%	Total Immigrants	1,266,005	47.0%
Non-immigrants	31,375	56.6%	Non-immigrants	1,332,090	49.5%
Non-permanent residents	750	1.4%	Non-permanent residents	93,575	3.5%
Total Population	55,395	100.0%	Total Population	2,691,670	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

Top Ten Recent Immigrants by Place of Birth

Ward 4	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
India	270	10.5%	Philippines	31,730	16.9%
Philippines	205	8.0%	China	23,195	12.3%
Nigeria	190	7.4%	India	20,100	10.7%
Pakistan	160	6.2%	Iran	10,930	5.8%
Ukraine	110	4.3%	Pakistan	6,730	3.6%
Jamaica	85	3.3%	Bangladesh	5,795	3.1%
Brazil	80	3.1%	Sri Lanka	4,355	2.3%
Colombia	70	2.7%	United States	4,015	2.1%
China	65	2.5%	Iraq	3,715	2.0%
United States	60	2.3%	Jamaica	3,530	1.9%
All Others	1,270	49.5%	All Others	73,855	39.3%
Total Recent Immigrants	2,565	100.0%	Total Recent Immigrants	187,950	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The Top Ten excludes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

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Population by Mobility Status

Ward 4			Toronto	
Mobility Status (1 Year)	2016	%	2016	%
Non-movers	49,135	89.5%	2,284,060	85.8%
Movers	5,765	10.5%	379,495	14.2%
Non-migrants	4,295	7.8%	253,780	9.5%
Migrants	1,470	2.7%	125,715	4.7%
Internal migrants	935	1.7%	65,770	2.5%
Intraprovincial migrants	835	1.5%	49,990	1.9%
Interprovincial migrants	100	0.2%	15,780	0.6%
External migrants	540	1.0%	59,945	2.3%
Total population 1 year ago	54,900	100.0%	2,663,555	100.0%

Mobility Status (5 Years)	2016	%	2016	%
Non-movers	34,950	66.3%	1,516,110	59.3%
Movers	17,795	33.7%	1,040,010	40.7%
Non-migrants	12,645	23.0%	639,060	24.0%
Migrants	5,150	9.4%	400,950	15.1%
Internal migrants	2,720	5.0%	184,120	6.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	2,355	4.3%	141,135	5.3%
Interprovincial migrants	365	0.7%	42,985	1.6%
External migrants	2,430	4.4%	216,830	8.1%
Total population 5 years ago	52,745	100.0%	2,556,120	100.0%

Mother Tongue Languages

Ward 4	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
English	29,570	55.2%	English	1,370,490	52.9%
French	440	0.8%	French	33,965	1.3%
Aboriginal languages	-	0.0%	Aboriginal languages	295	0.0%
Other	23,545	44.0%	Other	1,183,725	45.7%
Total Single Responses	53,555	100.0%	Total Single Responses	2,588,475	100.0%
No Knowledge of English or French	1,325	2.4%	No Knowledge of English or French	131,885	4.9%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Top Ten Mother Tongue Languages

Ward 4	2016	%
Single Response	53,555	96.7%
English	29,570	53.4%
Italian	3,455	6.2%
Spanish	2,265	4.1%
Ukrainian	1,885	3.4%
Polish	1,565	2.8%
Portuguese	1,520	2.7%
Albanian	935	1.7%
Urdu	840	1.5%
Korean	690	1.2%
Russian	675	1.2%
Others	10,155	18.3%
Multiple Responses	1,840	3.3%
Total	55,395	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,588,475	96.2%
English	1,370,490	50.9%
Cantonese	115,240	4.3%
Mandarin	110,635	4.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	84,440	3.1%
Spanish	72,050	2.7%
Italian	62,710	2.3%
Portuguese	59,370	2.2%
Tamil	56,715	2.1%
Persian (Farsi)	49,250	1.8%
Urdu	36,950	1.4%
Others	570,625	21.2%
Multiple Response	103,190	3.8%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Top Ten Home Languages

Ward 4	2016	%
Single Response	51,145	92.3%
English	39,700	71.7%
Spanish	1,420	2.6%
Ukrainian	1,075	1.9%
Italian	910	1.6%
Polish	730	1.3%
Portuguese	665	1.2%
Korean	555	1.0%
Urdu	525	0.9%
Russian	450	0.8%
Albanian	435	0.8%
Others	4,680	8.4%
Multiple Responses	4,250	7.7%
Total	55,395	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,448,750	91.0%
English	1,732,595	64.4%
Mandarin	87,505	3.3%
Cantonese	83,915	3.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	44,080	1.6%
Spanish	41,390	1.5%
Tamil	40,850	1.5%
Portuguese	33,715	1.3%
Persian (Farsi)	33,670	1.3%
Italian	26,710	1.0%
Korean	23,570	0.9%
Others	300,750	11.2%
Multiple Responses	242,920	9.0%
Total	2,691,670	100.0%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Ethnocultural

[Ethnocultural Glossary](#) 

Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups

Ward 4	2016	%
Italian	10,025	11.8%
English	7,390	8.7%
Canadian	5,905	6.9%
Irish	5,545	6.5%
Scottish	5,210	6.1%
Ukrainian	3,895	4.6%
Polish	3,370	4.0%
German	2,740	3.2%
East Indian	2,675	3.1%
Portuguese	2,585	3.0%
Other Ethnic Origins	35,730	42.0%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	85,070	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Chinese	332,830	7.9%
English	331,895	7.9%
Canadian	323,175	7.7%
Irish	262,965	6.2%
Scottish	256,255	6.1%
East Indian	202,675	4.8%
Italian	182,495	4.3%
Filipino	162,600	3.9%
German	130,895	3.1%
French	122,610	2.9%
Other Ethnic Origins	1,914,400	45.3%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	4,222,795	100.0%

Note: Multiple responses are counted individually.

Total Visible Minority Population

Ward 4	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	17,410	31.4%
Black	5,050	9.1%
South Asian	4,030	7.3%
Latin American	2,415	4.4%
Chinese	1,330	2.4%
Filipino	1,210	2.2%
Korean	875	1.6%
West Asian	560	1.0%
Arab	350	0.6%
Southeast Asian	250	0.5%
Japanese	240	0.4%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	540	1.0%
Multiple visible minorities	570	1.0%
All Others	37,985	68.6%
Total	55,395	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	1,385,850	51.5%
South Asian	338,965	12.6%
Chinese	299,460	11.1%
Black	239,850	8.9%
Filipino	152,720	5.7%
Latin American	77,160	2.9%
West Asian	60,320	2.2%
Southeast Asian	41,645	1.5%
Korean	41,640	1.5%
Arab	36,025	1.3%
Japanese	13,410	0.5%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	36,975	1.4%
Multiple visible minorities	47,670	1.8%
All Others	1,305,815	48.5%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Education

[Education Glossary](#) 

Population 15 years and over by Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Ward 4			Toronto	
Education Level	2016	%	2016	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	7,500	16.0%	377,335	16.4%
Certificate, diploma or degree	39,280	84.0%	1,917,450	83.6%
High school diploma or equivalent	12,130	25.9%	561,090	24.5%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	27,150	58.0%	1,356,360	59.1%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	2,390	5.1%	94,005	4.1%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	7,585	16.2%	362,080	15.8%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	1,255	2.7%	65,015	2.8%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	15,915	34.0%	835,255	36.4%
Bachelor's degree	10,170	21.7%	534,610	23.3%
University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level	5,745	12.3%	300,645	13.1%
Total population 15 years and over	46,780	100.0%	2,294,785	100.0%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Labour Force

[Labour Force Glossary](#) 

Labour Force 15 years and over

Ward 4			Toronto	
Labour Force Status	2016	%	2016	%
Population 15+ years	46,775	100.0%	2,294,790	100.0%
In the labour force	28,545	61.0%	1,483,680	64.7%
Employed	26,435	56.5%	1,361,375	59.3%
Unemployed	2,115	4.5%	122,305	5.3%
Not in the labour force	18,230	39.0%	811,110	35.3%
Unemployment rate (Unemployed as a % of Labour Force)		7.4%		8.2%
Participation rate - Male		67.4%		69.4%
Participation rate - Female		55.4%		60.4%

Labour Force 15 years and over by Occupation

Ward 4			Toronto	
Occupation	2016	%	2016	%
Management	3,690	13.2%	163,965	11.4%
Business, finance and administration	5,180	18.6%	258,875	18.0%
Natural and applied sciences	2,095	7.5%	117,635	8.2%
Health	1,655	5.9%	84,360	5.9%
Education, law and social, community and government	3,515	12.6%	186,795	13.0%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	960	3.4%	80,195	5.6%
Sales and service	6,310	22.7%	345,145	24.0%
Trades, transport and equipment operators	3,265	11.7%	131,110	9.1%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production	215	0.8%	7,555	0.5%
Manufacturing and utilities	970	3.5%	61,900	4.3%
Total	27,855	100.0%	1,437,535	100.0%

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Labour Force 15 years and over by Industry

Ward 4			Toronto	
Industry	2016	%	2016	%
Agriculture,forestry,fishing and hunting	40	0.1%	2,095	0.1%
Mining and oil and gas extraction	40	0.1%	2,040	0.1%
Utilities	135	0.5%	5,915	0.4%
Construction	2,100	7.5%	76,480	5.3%
Manufacturing	2,195	7.9%	105,280	7.3%
Wholesale trade	1,245	4.5%	50,120	3.5%
Retail trade	2,770	9.9%	141,535	9.8%
Transportation and warehousing	1,500	5.4%	57,915	4.0%
Information and cultural industries	610	2.2%	61,350	4.3%
Finance and insurance	2,365	8.5%	120,005	8.3%
Real estate and rental and leasing	895	3.2%	39,935	2.8%
Professional, scientific & technical services	3,075	11.0%	175,685	12.2%
Management of companies and enterprises	100	0.4%	4,085	0.3%
Admin. & support, waste mgmt. & remediation	1,495	5.4%	78,885	5.5%
Educational services	2,285	8.2%	110,280	7.7%
Health care and social assistance	2,640	9.5%	143,255	10.0%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	640	2.3%	34,995	2.4%
Accommodation and food services	1,325	4.8%	106,910	7.4%
Other services (except public administration)	1,295	4.6%	67,385	4.7%
Public administration	1,105	4.0%	53,395	3.7%
Total	27,855	100.0%	1,437,545	100.0%

Employed Labour Force 15 years and over by Place of Work Status

Ward 4			Toronto	
Place of Work Status	2016	%	2016	%
Worked at usual place	21,140	80.0%	1,094,800	80.4%
Worked at home	2,030	7.7%	101,275	7.4%
No fixed workplace address	3,115	11.8%	156,250	11.5%
Worked outside Canada	155	0.6%	9,045	0.7%
Total labour force	26,440	100.0%	1,361,370	100.0%

Ward 4 - Etobicoke Centre

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Income and Shelter Costs

[Income and Shelter Costs Glossary](#) 

Household Income – 2015

Ward 4			Toronto	
Household Income	2015	%	2015	%
Under \$5,000	255	1.2%	33,170	3.0%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	160	0.7%	22,905	2.1%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	350	1.6%	36,655	3.3%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	600	2.8%	54,290	4.9%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1,765	8.1%	95,150	8.5%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,660	7.6%	94,000	8.4%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,810	8.3%	90,720	8.2%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,550	7.1%	83,585	7.5%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	2,910	13.4%	144,930	13.0%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	2,330	10.7%	114,350	10.3%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	2,085	9.6%	100,330	9.0%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1,440	6.6%	67,475	6.1%
\$150,000 and over	4,865	22.3%	175,375	15.8%
Total number of private households	21,785	100.0%	1,112,935	100.0%
All Households				
Average household income	\$141,783		\$102,721	
Median household income	\$78,617		\$65,808	
1-Person Households				
Average household income	\$53,707		\$55,409	
Median household income	\$40,725		\$38,196	

Shelter Costs

Ward 4			Toronto	
Renter Households	2016	%	2016	%
Average rent	\$1,301		\$1,242	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	4,145	45.3%	246,084	46.8%
Owner Households				
Average major payments	\$1,684		\$1,682	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	2,438	19.3%	160,860	27.4%

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Low Income – 2015

Ward 4		
Low Income	2015	%
Population in private households	55,395	
Low Income and % incidence of low income	7,290	13.2%

Note: Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT).

Toronto	
2015	%
2,691,665	
543,365	20.2%

Individual Income (15 years and over) – 2015

Ward 4		
Individual Income	2015	%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	6,475	14.5%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	7,020	15.7%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	5,915	13.2%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	4,560	10.2%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,930	8.8%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3,270	7.3%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	2,900	6.5%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,805	4.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,650	3.7%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,485	3.3%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,825	6.3%
\$150,000 and over	2,855	6.4%
Total	44,695	100.0%

Toronto	
2015	%
388,570	17.8%
411,160	18.8%
290,580	13.3%
221,505	10.1%
188,475	8.6%
144,185	6.6%
114,915	5.3%
89,780	4.1%
69,850	3.2%
58,175	2.7%
119,810	5.5%
90,220	4.1%
2,187,225	100%

All Persons	updated 29-May-18
Average income	\$69,098
Median income	\$36,448
Males	updated 29-May-18
Average income	\$91,769
Median income	\$41,163
Females	updated 29-May-18
Average income	\$49,206
Median income	\$32,931

\$52,268
\$30,122
\$62,667
\$33,526
\$42,807
\$27,551

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Composition of Income (15 years and over) – 2015

Ward 4				Toronto		
Composition of Income	Total %	Male %	Female %	Total %	Male %	Female %
Market Income	91.7%	94.9%	86.5%	90.7%	93.8%	86.7%
Employment income	68.5%	71.9%	62.9%	74.6%	77.8%	70.3%
Wages, salaries and commissions	61.9%	64.1%	58.4%	68.4%	70.8%	65.2%
Net self-employment income	6.5%	7.7%	4.5%	6.2%	7.0%	5.1%
Investment income	13.2%	14.3%	11.4%	8.7%	9.3%	7.9%
Private retirement income	7.2%	5.6%	9.7%	5.0%	4.5%	5.7%
Market income n.i.e.	2.9%	3.1%	2.6%	2.4%	2.2%	2.7%
Government transfer payments	8.3%	5.1%	13.5%	9.3%	6.2%	13.3%
Old Age Security & GIS	2.4%	1.5%	3.8%	2.5%	1.8%	3.5%
Canada/Quebec Pension Plan	3.2%	2.3%	4.6%	2.6%	2.2%	3.1%
EI benefits	0.6%	0.4%	1.0%	0.8%	0.5%	1.2%
Child benefits	0.9%	0.1%	2.4%	1.3%	0.1%	3.0%
Other government transfers	1.2%	0.9%	1.7%	2.0%	1.7%	2.5%
Total 2015 income	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

Notes & Glossary

Notes

Data Source

The information in this Ward Profile is adapted from Statistics Canada, 2016 Census, 2011 Census, 2011 National Household Survey and 2006 Census, April 30, 2018. This does not constitute an endorsement by Statistics Canada of this product.

Comparing 2016 and 2011 Census Data

Each year, the Census comprises of two questionnaires; a short-form questionnaire that is distributed to all households; and a long-form questionnaire that is distributed to a sample number of households and includes more detailed questions.

In 2011, there were changes in the way information was collected for the long-form portion of the 2011 Census. The information previously collected by the long-form Census was collected in 2011 as part of the new voluntary National Household Survey (NHS) by Statistics Canada. In 2016, Statistics Canada restored the mandatory long-form Census.

These changes make it difficult to compare 2011 and 2016 Census year data. In general, the 2011 NHS data is less comparable to that of all Censuses prior to 2011, and the 2016 Census. This is due to non-response bias that is inherent in voluntary surveys. Non-response bias can occur when people do not respond to a survey "because non-respondents tend to have different characteristics from respondents. As a result, there is a risk that the results will not be representative of the actual population", notes the 2011 National Household Survey User Guide. In regards to the 2011 NHS Profile information, Statistics Canada states: "For the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) estimates, the global non-response rate (GNR) is used as an indicator of data quality. This indicator combines complete non-response (household) and partial non-response (question) into a single rate. The value of the GNR is presented to users. A smaller GNR indicates a lower risk of non-response bias and as a result, lower risk of inaccuracy. The threshold used for estimates' suppression is a GNR of 50% or more."

The risk of non-comparable data for population groups grows when two variables are cross-tabulated or tabulated for small geographic areas, such as variables relating to minority populations, income and shelter costs. Seventy-four percent of the Census Tracts in the City of Toronto reported by the 2011 NHS have a Global Non-Response Rate above 25%, the threshold for data suppression employed by Statistics Canada for the 2011 Census. Comparisons may be more suitable where the Global Non-Response Rates of the geographies are similar and the Coefficients of Variation of the variables are low.

The changes mean that results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey can not be easily compared to the mandatory 2016 Census results. Statistics Canada's Guide to the Census of Population, 2016 notes that "users must be careful when comparing estimates from two surveys, as

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they can differ significantly in methodology, quality and target population. The estimates from the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire were derived from a mandatory survey that had a high response rate, while the estimates from the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) were derived from a voluntary survey. The response rate for the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire was 96.9%, while the 2011 NHS had a response rate of 68.6%. The definition of the target population of the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire and that of the 2011 NHS were exactly the same." Use of the results of the voluntary 2011 NHS requires a careful understanding of the significant differences and higher non-response inherent in the NHS by comparison to the long-form Census of 2016 and previous years.

Custom Tabulations

The Ward and Community Council Profiles are based on a series of custom tabulations from the 2016 Census, 2011 Census and 2011 National Household Survey, and 2006 Census of Statistics Canada. The 2016 custom tabulations are based on the long-form Census questionnaire. The custom tabulations used in the 2011 Ward Profiles are different.

In 2011, the Census methodology changed to include a mandatory short-form questionnaire and a voluntary long-form questionnaire for the National Household Survey). As a result, the 2011 Ward and Community Council Profiles included data from both the Census short form and the NHS long-form questionnaire for that year. The data are not easily compared because of the distinct samples. To distinguish between the two datasets, City Planning published two sets of Profile documents for each Ward for the 2011 Census year; the 2011 Census Profile (the short-form questionnaire) and the 2011 National Household Survey Profile (the long-form questionnaire) which are available on the City of Toronto's website.

Comparing 2016 and 2011 Ward Profile Topics

The City of Toronto 2016 Ward Profiles are published as one complete profile and document. The data found in this 2016 Census Profile combines the topics found in the 2011 Census Profile and the 2011 National Household Survey.

The replacement of the voluntary National Household Survey by the restoration of the long-form Census in 2016 allows for accurate comparison between 2016 and 2006 Census information, and for Censuses prior to 2006. The mandatory 2016 Census results can not be easily compared to the results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey due to the differing sample and lower response rates to the voluntary survey. When comparing Ward Profile data for years 2011 to 2016, users should be aware that the results of the 2016 Long-Form Census are considered to be more reliable than those the 2011 National Household Survey. For example, the results of the 2011 National Household Survey were found to significantly undercount employment in the City.

When comparing Ward Profile data between these years, readers should be aware of which Census questionnaires were used in each year for each topic. Comparing the same topics, but with different questionnaires and samples will impact comparability. In particular, users and readers of the Ward Profiles should be aware of the different population/ household samples used in 2011 and 2016 to produce the Ward data for "[Households & Dwellings](#)", "[Families](#)" and "[Language Groups](#)".

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The following table provides a summary by Ward Topic of the census questionnaires used in both 2011 and 2016 by Statistics Canada, in producing the custom tabulations used in the City of Toronto Ward Profiles.

Ward Profile Topic	2016 Profile Data	2011 Profile Data
<u>Population</u>	Short Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Dwellings</u>	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Families</u>	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Population in Dwellings</u>	Long Form Census	National Household Survey
<u>Migration & Mobility</u>	Long Form Census	National Household Survey
<u>Language Groups</u>	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Education</u>	Long Form Census	National Household Survey
<u>Ethnocultural</u>	Long Form Census	National Household Survey
<u>Labour Force</u>	Long Form Census	National Household Survey

2016 Ward Profiles - Toronto Totals

The city of Toronto totals refer to the municipal boundary of the City of Toronto. The City of Toronto municipal boundary corresponds to the Census geography referred to as the [Toronto Census Division](#) (Toronto CD, 3520) and the [Toronto Census Subdivision](#) (Toronto CSD, 3520005).

The 2016 Ward Profile custom tabulations are based on the long form questionnaire i.e. the 25% sample of the population in private households who received the long-form questionnaire. The custom tabulations provide data for the Wards and Toronto. The Toronto totals included in the Ward Profiles are based on the custom tabulations.

As a result, it is possible that Toronto totals referenced in other documents may have slight variances in reported totals when compared to what is reported in the Ward Profiles. This is because the Ward Profiles are based on the Census short-form questionnaire. Other documents may report City of Toronto totals that are based on the long-form Census questionnaire and reflect a different sampling and survey approach. These variances are most likely to occur for the questions and variables that feature on the short-form Census, including the "Households & Dwellings", "Families" and Language Groups" topics in this Ward Profile.

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Table Totals and Random Rounding

The figures shown in the tables have been subjected to a confidentiality procedure known as "random rounding" by Statistics Canada, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This is intended to prevent the possibility of associating these data with any identifiable individual. The totals of each table are the sum of the individual population characteristics in that table as provided by Statistics Canada, each of which may have been randomly rounded. As a result, due to random rounding, the totals for any one table may vary from the total population count for that area as reported by Statistics Canada. The total population or households reported in the Ward profile tables may also vary from table to table, as each total is a sum of the individual population or household characteristics of that particular table.

Administrative Sources

For the first time, the 2016 Census gathered income data solely from administrative sources, rather than asking Census participants to self-report their income levels. The reference period for income data is the calendar year 2015.

The 2016 Census provided data on the category of admission and applicant type for immigrants with permanent resident status as a result of a record linkage to Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada's (IRCC) administrative immigration records for immigrants admitted to Canada between 1980 and 2016.

Population Glossary

[Back to Data Tables](#) ◀

Population

The population universe (target population) of the 2016 Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) with a usual place of residence in Canada.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) who are abroad either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry or Canadian government vessels.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold study permits and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold work permits and family members living with them.

For Census purposes, these last three groups of people are referred to as 'non-permanent residents.' They have been included since 1991. Foreign residents are excluded from the population universe. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them.
- Members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and family members living with them.
- Residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

Institutional Population

Person who live in an institutional collective dwelling, such as a hospital, a nursing home or a prison. This includes residents under care or custody (e.g., patients or inmates) or employee residents and family members living with them, if any.

Population in Private Households

Other than the Total Population by Age, population in private households is the applicable population for all 2016 Ward Profile topics based on the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire.

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Age Group

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016. This variable is derived from date of birth.

Median Age

The median age is an age 'x', such that exactly one half of the population is older than 'x' and the other half is younger than 'x'.

Dependency Ratio

The total demographic dependency ratio is the ratio of the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older) to the working-age population (20 to 64 years). It is expressed as the number of "dependents" for every 100 "worker". The demographic dependency ratio is based on age rather than employment status. It does not account for young people or seniors who are working, nor for working-age people who are unemployed or not in the labour force. It merely reflects population age structure and is not meant to diminish the contributions made by people classified as "dependents."

Dwellings Glossary

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Household size

Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

Household type

Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: non-family households and family households.

- A non-family household consists of either one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.
- Family households are divided into two subcategories: one-family households and multiple-family households.

Structural type of dwelling

Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- **Single-detached house** – A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- **Semi-detached house** – One of the two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have open space on all sides.

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- **Row house** – One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- **Apartment or flat in a duplex** – One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- **Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys** – A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- **Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys** – A dwelling unit attached to other dwellings units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- **Other single-attached house** – A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- **Mobile home** – A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- **Other movable dwelling** – A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

Grouped Dwelling Types by Period of Construction

For comparative purposes the Census dwelling structure data types were re-grouped two dwelling structure types in the graphic highlight pages:

- **Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction** includes single and semi-detached houses, row/townhouses; apartment units in buildings with less than 5 storeys and apartments or flats in duplexes and other dwellings such as mobile homes.
- **Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction** include apartments in a building that has five or more storeys.

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2014–2018 Wards

Families Glossary

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Census family structure (families by type)

Refers to the classification of Census families into **married couples** (with or without children of either and/or both spouses), **common-law couples** (with or without children of either and/or both partners), and **lone-parent families** by sex of parent. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Census family composition (families by number of children)

Refers to the classification of Census families (that is, married or common-law couples, with or without children, and lone parents with at least one child) by the number and/or age group of children living at home. A couple may be of opposite or same sex.

A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Population in Dwellings Glossary

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Period of Construction

Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed. This refers to the period in which the building was originally built, not the time of any later remodelling, additions or conversions.

Private Dwellings

The private dwellings occupied by usual residents universe is composed of variables which pertain to characteristics of dwellings in Canada. Dwellings are distinct from households. Dwelling characteristics refer to the physical attributes of a set of living quarters, whereas household characteristics pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada.

Tenure

Refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling, or whether the dwelling is band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

Condominium Status

Refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.

Household Maintainer Glossary

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Primary Household Maintainer (PHM)

Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments, more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments, the reference person is identified by default. An occupied private dwelling will have at least one Primary Household Maintainers (PHM). As a result, the number of PHMs can also serve as a proxy for the number of households within each occupied dwelling.

Age Group of Primary Household Maintainer

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016.

Private Households

The private households universe is composed of sub-universes and variables which pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. Household variables are distinct from dwelling variables, in that the latter ones pertain to dwelling characteristics, not to persons occupying the dwelling.

Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary

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Generation Status

Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada. It identifies persons as being first generation, second generation or third generation or more. Generation status is derived from responses to questions concerning the person's place of birth and the place of birth of his or her parents. Within the generation status variable, the three main categories are defined as follows:

- **'First generation'** includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, immigrants to Canada.
- **'Second generation'** includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- **'Third generation or more'** includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

Immigrant Status

Immigrant status refers to whether the respondent is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

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- **Non-immigrant** refers to a person who is a Canadian citizen by birth.
- **Immigrant** refers to a person who is or has ever been a landed immigrant/permanent resident. This person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

Non-permanent resident refers to a person from another country who has a work or study permit or who is a refugee claimant, and any non-Canadian-born family member living in Canada with them.

Recent Immigrant

Refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

Admission Category

Refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Data on admission category are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

- **'Economic immigrants'** includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- **'Immigrants sponsored by family'** includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- **'Refugees'** includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

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- **'Other immigrants'** includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

Applicant Type

Refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.

Mobility Status – Place of residence 1 year ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did one year before, May 10, 2015. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

Mobility Status – Place of residence 5 years ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did five years before, May 10, 2011. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

Period of Immigration

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained his or her landed immigrant/permanent resident status.

A landed immigrant/permanent resident is a person who has been granted the right to live permanently in Canada by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 Census, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

Place of Birth

Place of birth refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It may refer to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of birth.

Mother Tongue

Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the Census.

Home Language

Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the Census.

Education Glossary

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Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree. This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school graduation, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a registered apprenticeship graduate may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a master's degree necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above the bachelor's level.' Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment. The following qualifications are to be noted:

- For this variable, the category 'High school diploma or equivalent' includes persons who have completed the requirements for graduation from a secondary school or the equivalent, but no postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. Examples of secondary (high) school equivalency certificates are General Educational Development (GED) and Adult Basic Education (ABE). A secondary (high) school diploma or graduation certificate or equivalent is sometimes classified as junior or senior matriculation, general or technical-commercial.
- The 'Registered Apprenticeship certificate' category includes Journeyperson's designation. A journeyman's or journeyperson's certificate in the trades is obtained through successful completion of the examinations for a Certificate of Qualification (COQ). Candidates for the exam must have several years of work experience in the trade or have received their registered apprenticeship certificate through a combination of on-the-job training and in-school training.
- Other trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas are brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres, and similar institutions.
- College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates or diplomas are obtained from: a community college; a CEGEP (both general and technical); an institute of technology; a school of nursing; a private business school; a private or public trade school; or a vocational school. Included in this category are teaching and nursing certificates awarded by provincial departments of education, with the exception of teachers' or nurses qualifications obtained at university-affiliated faculties of education or nursing. College certificates or diplomas of two years or more usually have a minimum entrance requirement of a secondary (high) school diploma or its equivalent.
- University certificates or diplomas (below or above bachelor level) are awarded for non-degree programs of study completed through a university. They are often connected with professional associations in fields such as accounting, banking, insurance or public administration. If the

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university certificate or diploma program does not require a bachelor degree to enrol, then it is classified as below the bachelor level. If a university certificate or diploma program normally requires a bachelor's degree as a prerequisite, then it is classified as above the bachelor level.

- University degrees are obtained through universities and other degree-granting institutions.
- Examples of postsecondary institutions include community colleges, institutes of technology, CEGEPs, schools of nursing, private or public trade schools, private business colleges, and universities.

Ethnocultural Glossary

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Ethnic Origin

Ethnic origin refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

Visible Minority

Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

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Employed

Persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016:

- a) Did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes persons who did unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household;
- b) Had a job but were not at work due to factors such as their own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, vacation or a labour dispute. This category excludes persons not at work because they were on layoff or between casual jobs, and those who did not then have a job (even if they had a job to start at a future date).

Labour Force

Refers to whether a person was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016. The number of Employed persons and the Unemployed persons added together to equate to the Labour force.

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Not in the Labour Force

Refers to persons who, during the week Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were neither employed nor unemployed.

Occupation (based on the National Occupational Classification [NOC-S 2016])

Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The 2016 Census occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016. The 2011 National Household Survey occupation data was produced according to the NOC 2011.

The National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 40 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 500 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

Industry (based on the North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] 2012)

Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The 2016 Census industry data are produced according to the NAICS 2012. The 2011 National Household Survey was coded to the NAICS 2007. Statistics Canada have provided a concordance [table](#) that shows the relationship between NAICS Canada 2012 and NAICS Canada 2007 only for those areas of the classification which have changed in terms of structure and content.

The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 102 subsectors and 324 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

Participation Rate

Refers to the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the total labour force in that group, expressed as a percentage of the total population in that group.

Place of Work Status

Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

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Unemployed

Refers to persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were without paid work or without self-employment work and were available for work and either:

- had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; or
- were on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or
- had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less.

Unemployment Rate

Refers to the unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Income and Shelter Costs Glossary

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Household Income

The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

Average Household Income

Average income of households refers to the sum of total incomes in 2015 of households divided by the total number of households. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

Average Individual Income

Average income of individuals refers to the dollar amount obtained by adding up the total income of all individuals aged 15 years and over who reported income for 2015 and dividing this sum by the number of individuals with income.

Median Income

The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Composition of Income

The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

Low-Income and Low Income Measure After Tax (LIM-AT)

Low income refers to whether an individual, family, or households has an income below a specific low-income line. Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT). The Low-

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income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median adjusted after-tax income of households observed at the person level, where 'adjusted' indicates that a household's needs are taken into account. Adjustment for household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase as the number of members increase, although not necessarily by the same proportion per additional member. The threshold of income varies based on the size of a household. For 2015, the LIM-AT threshold is \$22,133 for a one person household, \$31,301 for a two person household, and \$44,266 for a four person household.

Shelter Cost

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households living in owned or rented dwellings who reported a total household income greater than zero. Shelter-cost-to-income ratio refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs. Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households that own or rent their dwelling.

- **Shelter costs for owner households** include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
- **Shelter costs for renter households**, include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.

The relatively high shelter costs to household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2016, while household total income is reported for the year 2015. As well, for some households, the 2015 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

Total Income

Total of income from all sources, including employment income, income from government programs, pension income, investment income and any other money income. Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a calendar year 2015.

It includes employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities); income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, employment insurance, Old Age Security pension, Canada or Quebec pension plan benefits and disability income; income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and RRIFs; income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, GICs and mutual funds; and other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships. The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature.

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It excludes one-time receipts, such as: lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump sum insurance settlements, capital gains, TFSA and RRSP withdrawals. Capital gains are excluded because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are less likely to be fully spent in the period in which they are received, unlike income that is regular and recurring. Also excluded are employer's contributions to registered pension plans, Canada and Quebec pension plans, and employment insurance. Finally, voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter, and goods produced for own consumption are excluded from this total income definition.

Statistics Canada - Census Dictionary & Guide

For more information, see:

[Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 99-301-X Dictionary Census of Population, 2016](#)

[Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 98-304-X2016001 Guide to the Census of Population, 2016](#)

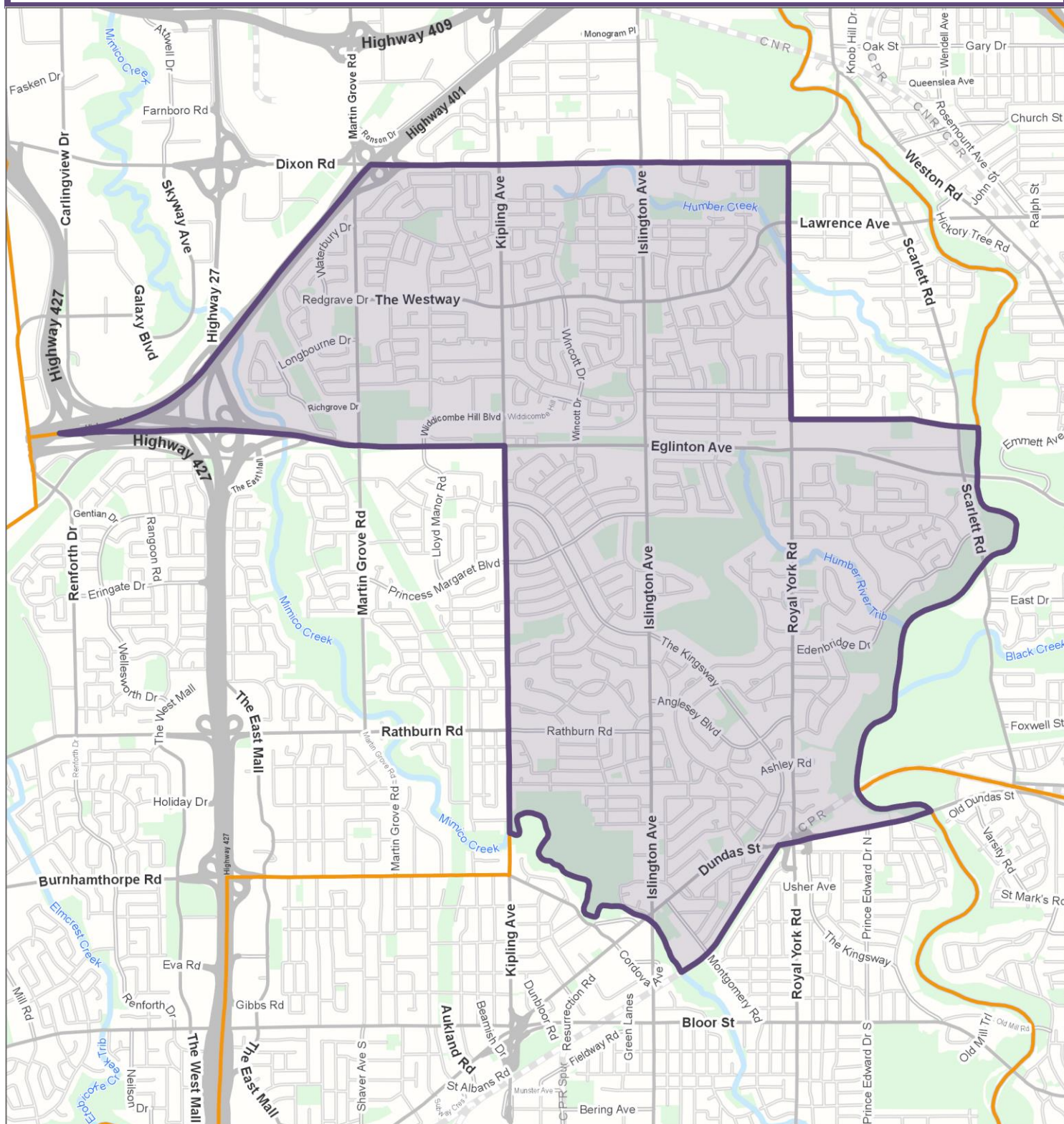
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