Utility Cut Repair Guidelines



Transportation Operational Planning and Policy Unit (OP&P)



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Utility Cut Issues



Introduction of a Pavement Degradation Fee (PDF) Intensified Enforcement/ Mitigation Measures

Introduction of Grind and Pave Measure (G&P)

Resolutions

Contents

- Extent of Repairs
- Specifications
- MCR References
- General Procedures, Rules

Extent of Repairs

TS 4.60 & TS 4.70 standards, specifications and field operations + MCR requirements <u>Restoring</u>: Appearance, Serviceability & Infrastructure Integrity

Cut & Restoration Specification TS 4.60

- Page 6 Driveway repairs
- Page 9 Backfilling in boulevards
- Page 10 Extent of restoration

Keyhole Specifications TS 4.70

- Coring and reinstatement of cores
- Acceptable as permanent repair
- Subject to PDF

MCR Document

- Chapter 4 Fees
- Chapter 6 Construction
- Chapter 7 Deficiencies
- Appendix D TS 4.60
- Appendix E TS 4.70



Appearance, Serviceability,

&

Infrastructure Integrity

Various Utility Cut Types

- Longitudinal Trenches single lane
- Longitudinal Trenches multiple lanes
- Single Transverse cuts
 - single lane
 - multiple lanes
- Multiple Transverse cuts
- Key Holes

Of particular interest : TS 4.60 p. 11 (for cut repairs) TS 4.70 p. 6 (for keyhole technology)

Two General Rules

- 1. Permanent Repair of Trenches regarding requirements and dimensions
- 2. Extent of G&P as a function of % damage to the road

General Rule # 1 Permanent Repair of Trenches



The idea is to have the repaired trench sit on the undisturbed sub-grade

General Rule # 2 Longitudinal Trenches G&P



Block Length	Damage Extent	Outcome
L > 250 m	\geq 75% Length trenched	Full G&P
L ≤ 250 m	$\stackrel{>}{=}$ 60% Length trenched	Full G&P

Longitudinal Trenches – Single Lane

Scenario #1: Trench located 1 m or less from curb line or construction joint



<u>Action</u>

- Permanent repair of utility cut will include removal and repair of portion of pavement between trench and curb or construction joint
- Permanent repair of utility cut that is close to the wheel path shall include the wheel path as well
- G&P lane width, allowing 5 m on each end of permanently repaired trench, as shown

<u>G&P</u>

Longitudinal Trenches – Single Lane

Scenario #2: Trench located > 1 m from curb line or construction joint



Action

- Permanent repair of utility cut will include removal and repair of portion of pavement affected by the cut (Refer to MCR & TS 4.60)
- G&P the lane width, or at least 3 m wide strip within the lane, allowing 5 m on each end of permanently repaired trench

G&PMinimum width3.0 mMinimum milling40 mm

Longitudinal Trenches, Multiple Lanes

Scenario # 3: Trench located > 1 m from curb line or construction joint



<u>Action</u>

- G&P shown as taupe coloured area will be undertaken and expensed to utility owner
- If in the opinion of the utility cut examiner, the pavement area highlighted in grey has sufficient deterioration that warrants G&P, then it will be funded through PDF Reserves.

<u>G&P</u>

Single Transverse Cuts – Single Lane

Scenario # 4: A single transverse cut contained within one lane



<u>Action</u>

- Permanent repair of utility cut will include removal and repair of portion of pavement affected by the cut
- G&P 3 m wide strip within the lane, allowing 5 m on each end of permanently repaired trench

<u>G&P</u>

Single Transverse Cuts – Multiple Lanes

Scenario # 5: A single transverse cut extending to more than one lane



<u>Action</u>

- Permanent repair of utility cut will include removal and repair of portion of pavement affected by the cut as long as the trench is > 1 m from a construction joint; otherwise (i.e., distance ≤ 1 m), the trench will be repaired from curb to joint
- If the transverse cut extends into a second lane, both lanes will be G&P, allowing 5 m on each side

<u>G&P</u>

Multiple Transverse Cuts



3.0 m 40 mm

Multiple Cuts in One Lane

Scenario #7:



Key Hole Cores Sparsely Situated

Scenario # 8: Keyhole Cores are > 2 m apart, edge to edge



<u>Action</u>

- Since keyhole cores are sparsely separated, treat them as separate entities; PDF is charged according to the area of each
- If some keyhole cores are showing signs of distress, then treat them as needing permanent repairs; refer to TS 4.70 for guidance

Key Hole Cores Densely Situated

Scenario # 9: Keyhole Cores are ≤ 2 m apart, edge to edge



Action

- Since keyhole cores are densely located, treat them as a trench in both repairs and PDF charges
- In permanent repair, excavate a trench enveloping all the keyholes and fix according to the rules and guidelines for trench repair discussed earlier.

<u>G&P</u>

Poor workmanship is not acceptable!

Keyhole tech is not for exploration



Cutting with a saw is the right way!

Mill & Pave both lanes needed,