**City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles** 2016 Census

**Population Highlights** 2018 25-Wards

2016 Population **865,140** 

**Population Growth** 8.5% (2011-2016)

Population Growth (2011–2016)



#### Population Growth (2006–2016)

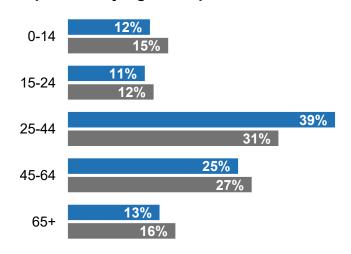


#### **Density**

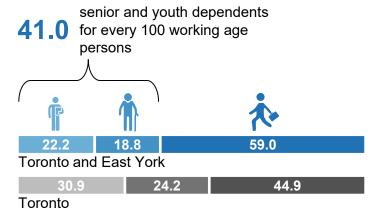
**Toronto** 



#### Population by Age Group



#### **Dependency Ratio**



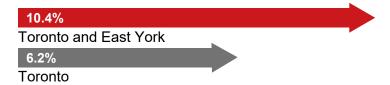
City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

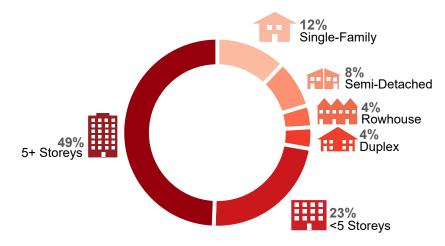
Dwellings Highlights 2018 25-Wards

Number of Households 419,065

Change in Households (2011–2016)



#### **Occupied Private Dwellings by Structure Type**

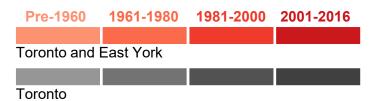


#### **Tenure**

Rent	Own
56%	44%
Toronto and East York	
47%	53%
Toronto	

Net New Households (2011–2016) 39,455

#### **Period of Construction Legend**



#### **Dwellings by Period of Construction**

42%	21%	14%	24%
Toronto and East Y	′ork		
33%	31%	18%	19%
Toronto			

#### **Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction**

73%		13%	8% 7%
Toronto and East York			
46%	29%	15%	<b>6</b> 10%
Toronto			

# Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction

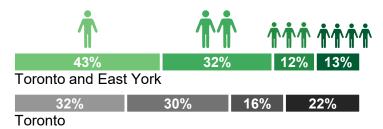
11%	29%	20%	40%			
Toronto and East York						
12%	38%	2	4%	26%		
Toronto						

**City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles** 2016 Census

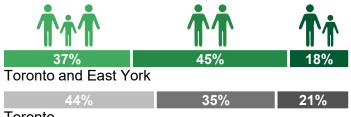
**Households & Family Highlights** 2018 25-Wards

**Average Number of People per Household** 

### **Households by Size**



#### **Family Composition by Type**



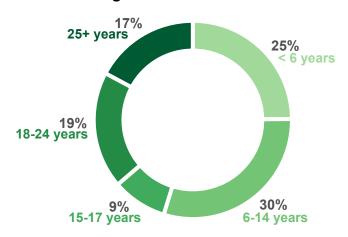
Toronto



Couple without Children



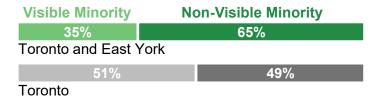
#### **Children Living at Home**



#### **Languages by Mother Tongue**

English	French Other
64%	34%
Toronto and East York	2%
53%	46%
Toronto	1%

#### **Visible Minorities**



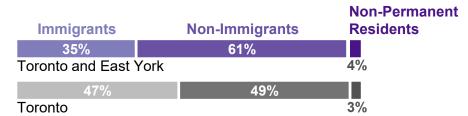


City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles 2016 Census

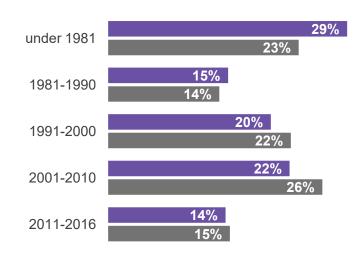
Immigration & Mobility Highlights
2018 25-Wards

Immigrant Population 294,185

#### **Population by Immigration Status**



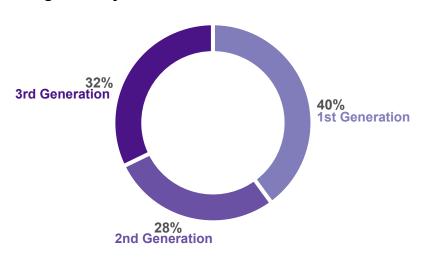
#### **Period of Immigration**



#### **Immigration by Admission Category**



#### **Immigration by Generation**



#### **Mobility Status, 5 Year**

Non-Movers	Movers
47%	53%
Toronto and East York	
41%	59%
Toronto	

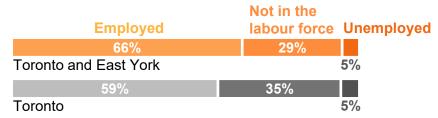
**City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles** 

2016 Census

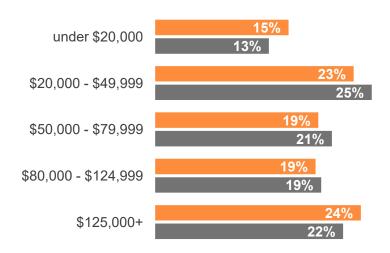
**Socioeconomic Highlights** 2018 25-Wards

**Unemployment Rate** 

#### **Labour Force**



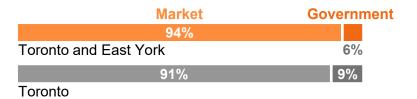
#### **Household Income**



#### **Average Household Income**



### **Composition of Income**



Average Rent \$1,333

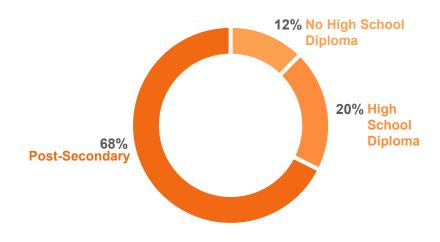
% of Tenant Households spending 47.0% >30% of income on shelter costs

#### **Education**

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

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For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.







## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

## **Population**

Population Glossary (i)



### **Population Change by Age Group**

Toronto and East York				5 Year	Change	10 Year	Change			
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	39,665	4.6%	38,045	4.8%	35,880	4.8%	1,620	4.3%	3,785	10.5%
5-9	34,075	3.9%	30,610	3.8%	31,735	4.2%	3,465	11.3%	2,340	7.4%
10-14	29,450	3.4%	29,090	3.6%	32,065	4.3%	360	1.2%	-2,615	-8.2%
15-19	33,170	3.8%	33,675	4.2%	34,860	4.6%	-505	-1.5%	-1,690	-4.8%
20-24	63,530	7.3%	59,445	7.5%	53,320	7.1%	4,085	6.9%	10,210	19.1%
25-29	101,165	11.7%	86,920	10.9%	73,520	9.8%	14,245	16.4%	27,645	37.6%
30-34	97,365	11.3%	82,010	10.3%	75,270	10.0%	15,355	18.7%	22,095	29.4%
35-39	75,360	8.7%	69,105	8.7%	69,870	9.3%	6,255	9.1%	5,490	7.9%
40-44	62,035	7.2%	63,210	7.9%	66,340	8.8%	-1,175	-1.9%	-4,305	-6.5%
45-49	58,825	6.8%	61,575	7.7%	57,970	7.7%	-2,750	-4.5%	855	1.5%
50-54	58,890	6.8%	55,330	6.9%	50,655	6.7%	3,560	6.4%	8,235	16.3%
55-59	51,950	6.0%	47,395	5.9%	44,390	5.9%	4,555	9.6%	7,560	17.0%
60-64	44,325	5.1%	41,150	5.2%	32,110	4.3%	3,175	7.7%	12,215	38.0%
65-69	37,570	4.3%	29,435	3.7%	25,555	3.4%	8,135	27.6%	12,015	47.0%
70-74	26,375	3.0%	22,975	2.9%	22,100	2.9%	3,400	14.8%	4,275	19.3%
75-79	19,875	2.3%	18,755	2.4%	19,060	2.5%	1,120	6.0%	815	4.3%
80-84	14,965	1.7%	14,880	1.9%	14,460	1.9%	85	0.6%	505	3.5%
85 plus	16,565	1.9%	13,995	1.8%	12,000	1.6%	2,570	18.4%	4,565	38.0%
Total	865,140	100.0%	797,605	100.0%	751,230	100.0%	67,555	8.5%	113,995	15.2%

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

## Population Change in Toronto by Age Group

Toronto				5 Year	· Change	10 Year	Change			
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	136,000	5.0%	140,510	5.4%	134,980	5.4%	-4,510	-3.2%	1,020	0.8%
5-9	135,025	4.9%	128,065	4.9%	133,595	5.3%	6,960	5.4%	1,430	1.1%
10-14	127,110	4.7%	132,290	5.1%	141,045	5.6%	-5,180	-3.9%	-13,935	-9.9%
15-19	145,525	5.3%	150,040	5.7%	146,200	5.8%	-4,515	-3.0%	-675	-0.5%
20-24	194,750	7.1%	183,470	7.0%	172,450	6.9%	11,280	6.1%	22,300	12.9%
25-29	232,945	8.5%	211,850	8.1%	190,255	7.6%	21,095	10.0%	42,690	22.4%
30-34	224,575	8.2%	201,165	7.7%	195,670	7.8%	23,410	11.6%	28,905	14.8%
35-39	196,310	7.2%	190,405	7.3%	203,025	8.1%	5,905	3.1%	-6,715	-3.3%
40-44	182,395	6.7%	197,400	7.5%	212,600	8.5%	-15,005	-7.6%	-30,205	-14.2%
45-49	190,925	7.0%	207,625	7.9%	193,980	7.7%	-16,700	-8.0%	-3,055	-1.6%
50-54	202,405	7.4%	191,295	7.3%	168,445	6.7%	11,110	5.8%	33,960	20.2%
55-59	182,805	6.7%	162,535	6.2%	148,125	5.9%	20,270	12.5%	34,680	23.4%
60-64	153,865	5.6%	140,965	5.4%	109,460	4.4%	12,900	9.2%	44,405	40.6%
65-69	130,540	4.8%	102,450	3.9%	93,835	3.7%	28,090	27.4%	36,705	39.1%
70-74	93,605	3.4%	86,185	3.3%	85,160	3.4%	7,420	8.6%	8,445	9.9%
75-79	76,160	2.8%	74,210	2.8%	74,900	3.0%	1,950	2.6%	1,260	1.7%
80-84	60,635	2.2%	59,630	2.3%	56,455	2.3%	1,005	1.7%	4,180	7.4%
85 plus	66,000	2.4%	54,965	2.1%	43,105	1.7%	11,035	20.1%	22,895	53.1%
Total	2,731,575	100.0%	2,615,055	100.0%	2,503,285	100.0%	116,520	4.5%	228,290	9.1%

# City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

### **Dependency Ratio**

Toronto and East York				Toronto		
Age Groups	2016	2011	5 Year Change	2016	2011	5 Year Change
Dependents	251,710	231,460	20,250	970,600	928,345	42,255
Youths (0-19 years)	136,360	131,420	4,940	543,660	550,905	-7,245
Seniors (65 years and over)	115,350	100,040	15,310	426,940	377,440	49,500
Working Age (20-64 years)	613,445	566,140	47,305	1,760,975	1,686,710	74,265
Dependents for every 100 workers	41.0	40.9	0.1	55.1	55.0	0.1

Note: The number of dependents is the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older), divided by the working-age population (20 to 64 years). The result is multiplied by 100 and expressed as the number of dependents for every 100 working age persons.

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

**Dwellings** 

Dwellings Glossary (i)

2018 25-Wards



### **Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type**

Toronto and East York						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	50,500	12.1%	51,950	13.7%	-1,450	-2.8%
Semi-detached house	34,180	8.2%	34,705	9.1%	-525	-1.5%
Row house	15,875	3.8%	16,045	4.2%	-170	-1.1%
Apartment, detached duplex	15,335	3.7%	13,835	3.6%	1,500	10.8%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	95,300	22.7%	95,405	25.1%	-105	-0.1%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	206,050	49.2%	166,640	43.9%	39,410	23.6%
Other single-attached house	1,790	0.4%	975	0.3%	815	83.6%
Movable dwelling	35	0.0%	55	0.0%	-20	-36.4%
Total Dwellings	419,065	100.0%	379,610	100.0%	39,455	10.4%

Toronto						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	269,660	24.2%	275,010	26.2%	-5,350	-1.9%
Semi-detached house	72,080	6.5%	72,400	6.9%	-320	-0.4%
Row house	61,875	5.6%	60,295	5.8%	1,580	2.6%
Apartment, detached duplex	47,580	4.3%	44,740	4.3%	2,840	6.3%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	165,645	14.9%	163,895	15.6%	1,750	1.1%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	493,140	44.3%	429,225	41.0%	63,915	14.9%
Other single-attached house	2,845	0.3%	2,200	0.2%	645	29.3%
Movable dwelling	100	0.0%	115	0.0%	-15	-13.0%
Total Dwellings	1,112,925	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,045	6.2%

Note: Statistics Canada applies a "random rounding" procedure, wherein each of the numbers is randomnly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This can result in unexpected % 5 Year Change results for very small differences in actual dwelling numbers.

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

### **Private Dwellings by Tenure & Condominium Status**

Toronto and East York						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	184,770	44.1%	175,830	46.3%	8,940	5.1%
Condominium	70,780	16.9%	58,870	15.5%	11,910	20.2%
Not condominium	113,985	27.2%	116,965	30.8%	-2,980	-2.5%
Rented	234,290	55.9%	203,890	53.7%	30,400	14.9%
Condominium	53,905	12.9%	29,440	7.8%	24,465	83.1%
Not condominium	180,390	43.0%	174,445	45.9%	5,945	3.4%
Total Dwellings	419,060	100.0%	379,720	100.0%	39,340	10.4%

Toronto						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	587,080	52.8%	571,785	54.6%	15,295	2.7%
Condominium	195,300	17.5%	174,735	16.7%	20,565	11.8%
Not condominium	391,785	35.2%	397,050	37.9%	-5,265	-1.3%
Rented	525,825	47.2%	476,085	45.4%	49,740	10.4%
Condominium	96,965	8.7%	60,230	5.7%	36,735	61.0%
Not condominium	428,855	38.5%	415,855	39.7%	13,000	3.1%
Total Dwellings	1,112,905	100.0%	1,047,870	100.0%	52,030	6.2%

### **Private Dwellings by Period of Construction**

Toronto and East York	oronto and East York						
Period of Construction	2016	%	2016	%			
1960 or before	175,390	41.9%	363,125	32.6%			
1961 to 1980	86,980	20.8%	347,615	31.2%			
1981 to 1990	31,640	7.5%	109,900	9.9%			
1991 to 2000	26,475	6.3%	85,645	7.7%			
2001 to 2005	21,105	5.0%	58,305	5.2%			
2006 to 2010	32,725	7.8%	67,530	6.1%			
2011 to 2016	44,765	10.7%	80,805	7.3%			
Total Dwellings	419,080	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%			

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### **Household Maintainers**

Household Maintainer Glossary (1)

### Households by Number of Maintainers and Age Group of Maintainer

Toronto and East York												
Number of Maintainers	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change						
1 household maintainer	270,825	64.6%	251,165	66.1%	19,660	7.8%						
2 household maintainers	135,890	32.4%	117,485	30.9%	18,405	15.7%						
3 or more household maintainers	12,335	2.9%	11,070	2.9%	1,265	11.4%						
Total Households	419,050	100.0%	379,720	100.0%	39,330	10.4%						

Toronto					
2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
693,405	62.3%	665,050	63.5%	28,355	4.3%
374,460	33.6%	345,090	32.9%	29,370	8.5%
45,060	4.0%	37,740	3.6%	7,320	19.4%
1.112.925	100.0%	1.047.880	100.0%	65.045	6.2%

Age Group of Maintainer	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Under 25 years	22,920	5.5%	20,570	5.4%	2,350	11.4%
25 to 34 years	106,650	25.5%	90,380	23.8%	16,270	18.0%
35 to 44 years	81,150	19.4%	77,655	20.4%	3,495	4.5%
45 to 54 years	72,945	17.4%	71,335	18.8%	1,610	2.3%
55 to 64 years	61,295	14.6%	55,590	14.6%	5,705	10.3%
65 to 74 years	41,600	9.9%	34,180	9.0%	7,420	21.7%
75 years and over	32,495	7.8%	30,040	7.9%	2,455	8.2%
Total Households	419,055	100.0%	379,750	100.0%	39,305	10.4%

2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
38,565	3.5%	36,590	3.5%	1,975	5.4%
193,895	17.4%	173,845	16.6%	20,050	11.5%
200,745	18.0%	204,985	19.6%	-4,240	-2.1%
225,775	20.3%	225,945	21.6%	-170	-0.1%
198,425	17.8%	178,025	17.0%	20,400	11.5%
134,370	12.1%	113,435	10.8%	20,935	18.5%
121,155	10.9%	115,050	11.0%	6,105	5.3%
1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,055	6.2%



## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

## **Population in Dwellings**

Population in Dwellings Glossary (1)

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type, 2016

Toronto and East York	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1960 or before	117,760	78,405	18,350	28,730	121,270	38,290	3,910	406,715
1961 to 1970	5,625	3,695	2,620	2,370	20,535	49,365	245	84,455
1971 to 1980	3,400	3,290	4,770	1,910	15,600	48,195	245	77,410
1981 to 1990	2,965	2,525	3,505	1,185	10,700	38,265	210	59,355
1991 to 2000	3,540	2,510	2,690	1,295	7,790	31,020	80	48,925
2001 to 2005	3,405	1,995	3,215	620	3,810	25,210	40	38,295
2006 to 2011	3,205	735	3,375	640	3,490	45,870	105	57,420
2011 to 2016	3,055	345	2,415	575	3,185	64,585	150	74,310
Total Population	142,955	93,500	40,940	37,325	186,380	340,800	4,985	846,885

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1960 or before	401,755	113,935	31,955	63,205	170,005	117,245	4,505	902,605
1961 to 1970	131,035	32,755	24,595	21,110	56,545	174,730	830	441,600
1971 to 1980	78,035	30,175	46,370	15,915	48,730	201,950	1,115	422,290
1981 to 1990	75,110	12,140	21,285	14,065	26,145	129,275	725	278,745
1991 to 2000	45,415	8,180	20,145	9,475	20,425	106,260	515	210,415
2001 to 2005	32,780	8,535	19,495	3,945	9,830	62,040	125	136,750
2006 to 2011	27,185	4,020	16,135	2,860	8,330	84,585	115	143,230
2011 to 2016	22,930	3,190	9,505	2,280	6,470	111,120	165	155,660
Total Population	814,245	212,930	189,485	132,855	346,480	987,205	8,095	2,691,295



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Distribution of Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type, 2016

Toronto and East York	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1960 or before	82.4%	83.9%	44.8%	77.0%	65.1%	11.2%	78.4%	48.0%
1961 to 1970	3.9%	4.0%	6.4%	6.3%	11.0%	14.5%	4.9%	10.0%
1971 to 1980	2.4%	3.5%	11.7%	5.1%	8.4%	14.1%	4.9%	9.1%
1981 to 1990	2.1%	2.7%	8.6%	3.2%	5.7%	11.2%	4.2%	7.0%
1991 to 2000	2.5%	2.7%	6.6%	3.5%	4.2%	9.1%	1.6%	5.8%
2001 to 2005	2.4%	2.1%	7.9%	1.7%	2.0%	7.4%	0.8%	4.5%
2006 to 2011	2.2%	0.8%	8.2%	1.7%	1.9%	13.5%	2.1%	6.8%
2011 to 2016	2.1%	0.4%	5.9%	1.5%	1.7%	19.0%	3.0%	8.8%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1960 or before	49.3%	53.5%	16.9%	47.6%	49.1%	11.9%	55.7%	33.5%
1961 to 1970	16.1%	15.4%	13.0%	15.9%	16.3%	17.7%	10.3%	16.4%
1971 to 1980	9.6%	14.2%	24.5%	12.0%	14.1%	20.5%	13.8%	15.7%
1981 to 1990	9.2%	5.7%	11.2%	10.6%	7.5%	13.1%	9.0%	10.4%
1991 to 2000	5.6%	3.8%	10.6%	7.1%	5.9%	10.8%	6.4%	7.8%
2001 to 2005	4.0%	4.0%	10.3%	3.0%	2.8%	6.3%	1.5%	5.1%
2006 to 2011	3.3%	1.9%	8.5%	2.2%	2.4%	8.6%	1.4%	5.3%
2011 to 2016	2.8%	1.5%	5.0%	1.7%	1.9%	11.3%	2.0%	5.8%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Tenure and Structure Type, 2016

Toronto and East York	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
Owned	131,860	82,680	28,120	23,260	63,410	98,985	3,950	432,265
Condominium	440	355	5,590	580	10,350	98,965	55	116,335
Not a condominium	131,410	82,320	22,520	22,685	53,055	0	3,900	315,890
Rented	11,100	10,835	12,825	14,045	122,975	241,825	1,070	414,675
Condominium	85	90	1,555	270	4,320	81,775	35	88,130
Not a condominium	11,040	10,750	11,270	13,765	118,640	160,045	1,020	326,530
Total Population	142,960	93,515	40,945	37,305	186,385	340,810	5,020	846,940

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
Owned	753,945	190,220	125,285	90,690	109,535	290,550	5,745	1,565,970
Condominium	6,320	2,700	62,225	2,265	26,740	290,550	140	390,940
Not a condominium	747,625	187,520	63,065	88,420	82,795	0	5,610	1,175,035
Rented	60,310	22,710	64,195	42,170	236,945	696,670	2,350	1,125,350
Condominium	1,065	500	8,560	875	10,265	163,325	60	184,650
Not a condominium	59,250	22,210	55,635	41,295	226,675	533,350	2,285	940,700
Total Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,860	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Average Number of Persons per Household, by Structure Type, by Period of Construction

Toronto and East York	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	142,960	93,520	40,950	37,310	186,365	340,800	5,015	846,920
Households	50,505	34,160	15,875	15,330	95,300	206,040	1,790	419,000
Persons per household	2.83	2.74	2.58	2.43	1.96	1.65	2.80	2.02
Period of Construction 2011 to	2016							
Population	3,055	345	2,415	575	3,185	64,585	150	74,310
Households	945	110	925	215	1,670	40,845	45	44,755
Persons per household	3.23	3.14	2.61	2.67	1.91	1.58	3.33	1.66
Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,865	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320

All Periods of Construction								
Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,865	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320
Households	269,650	72,075	61,870	47,575	165,645	493,135	2,845	1,112,805
Persons per household	3.02	2.95	3.06	2.79	2.09	2.00	2.85	2.42
Period of Construction 2011 to	2016							
Population	22,930	3,190	9,505	2,280	6,470	111,120	165	155,670
Households	6,255	895	3,200	775	3,180	66,450	45	80,810
Persons per household	3.67	3.56	2.97	2.94	2.03	1.67	3.67	1.93

Note: Where there is a population of less than 100 persons and/ or a household total of less than 40 households, the resulting average number of persons per household may not be representative of the actual occupancy rates. Statistics Canada rules for data suppression and random rounding can produce unexpected results for very small populations and number of households.



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### **Families**

Families Glossary (1)

### Family by Type

Toronto and East York							Toronto					
All Families	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Couples with Children	78,100	37.2%	73,565	38.1%	4,535	6.2%	316,560	44.1%	311,760	45.2%	4,800	1.5%
Couples without Children	95,140	45.3%	82,510	42.8%	12,630	15.3%	250,085	34.8%	231,590	33.5%	18,495	8.0%
Lone-Parent	36,915	17.6%	36,825	19.1%	90	0.2%	151,960	21.1%	146,990	21.3%	4,970	3.4%
Total	210,155	100.0%	192,900	100.0%	17,255	8.9%	718,605	100.0%	690,340	100.0%	28,265	4.1%
Couples												
1 Child	35,585	45.6%	33,610	45.7%	1,975	5.9%	133,885	42.3%	129,850	41.7%	4,035	3.1%
2 Children	32,365	41.4%	29,840	40.6%	2,525	8.5%	130,960	41.4%	129,445	41.5%	1,515	1.2%
3 or more Children	10,150	13.0%	10,100	13.7%	50	0.5%	51,715	16.3%	52,465	16.8%	-750	-1.4%
Total	78,100	100.0%	73,550	100.0%	4,550	6.2%	316,560	100.0%	311,760	100.0%	4,800	1.5%
Lone Parent												
1 Child	24,430	66.2%	24,010	65.2%	420	1.7%	93,260	61.4%	89,595	61.0%	3,665	4.1%
2 Children	9,675	26.2%	9,650	26.2%	25	0.3%	41,250	27.1%	40,315	27.4%	935	2.3%
3 or more Children	2,815	7.6%	3,175	8.6%	-360	-11.3%	17,450	11.5%	17,070	11.6%	380	2.2%
Total	36,920	100.0%	36,835	100.0%	85	0.2%	151,960	100.0%	146,980	100.0%	4,980	3.4%
Number of Children at Ho	me by Age											
Under 6 years of age	46,365	24.8%	44,285	24.5%	2,080	4.7%	161,675	20.1%	165,825	20.9%	-4,150	-2.5%
6 to 14 years	55,810	29.9%	52,505	29.1%	3,305	6.3%	233,165	29.0%	231,955	29.3%	1,210	0.5%
15 to 17 years	16,680	8.9%	17,725	9.8%	-1,045	-5.9%	77,845	9.7%	84,820	10.7%	-6,975	-8.2%
18 to 24 years	35,670	19.1%	35,400	19.6%	270	0.8%	174,815	21.7%	168,280	21.2%	6,535	3.9%
25 years and more	32,070	17.2%	30,545	16.9%	1,525	5.0%	156,375	19.5%	141,885	17.9%	14,490	10.2%
Total	186,595	100.0%	180,460	100.0%	6,135	3.4%	803,875	100.0%	792,765	100.0%	11,110	1.4%



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### **Private Households by Size and Type**

Toronto and East York						
Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	200,460	47.8%	182,305	48.0%	18,155	10.0%
Multiple-family households	4,715	1.1%	5,140	1.4%	-425	-8.3%
Non-family households	213,900	51.0%	192,170	50.6%	21,730	11.3%
Total Households	419,075	100.0%	379,615	100.0%	39,460	10.4%
Private Households by Size						
1 person	178,280	42.5%	161,155	42.5%	17,125	10.6%
2 persons	134,875	32.2%	118,140	31.1%	16,735	14.2%
3 persons	51,425	12.3%	47,825	12.6%	3,600	7.5%
4 persons	36,895	8.8%	34,335	9.0%	2,560	7.5%
5 persons or more	17,585	4.2%	18,140	4.8%	-555	-3.1%
Total Households	419,060	100.0%	379,595	100.0%	39,465	10.4%
Population living in private households	847,040		779,425		67,615	8.7%
Average number of persons per household	2.02		2.05		-0.03	-1.6%

Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	652,730	58.6%	625,820	59.7%	26,910	4.3%
Multiple-family households	31,835	2.9%	31,140	3.0%	695	2.2%
Non-family households	428,365	38.5%	390,920	37.3%	37,445	9.6%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,055	6.2%

Average number of persons per household	2.42		2.46		-0.04	-1.6%
Population living in private households	2,691,665		2,576,030		115,635	4.5%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,050	6.2%
5 persons or more	97,115	8.7%	97,345	9.3%	-230	-0.2%
4 persons	146,555	13.2%	142,760	13.6%	3,795	2.7%
3 persons	175,825	15.8%	168,750	16.1%	7,075	4.2%
2 persons	333,450	30.0%	307,845	29.4%	25,605	8.3%
1 person	359,985	32.3%	331,180	31.6%	28,805	8.7%



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Migration, Mobility & Languages

Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary (i)

### Population by Generation Status and Period of Immigration

Toronto and East York	Toronto	ronto		
Generation Status	2016	%	2016	%
1st generation	338,360	39.9%	1,377,465	51.2%
2nd generation	236,060	27.9%	740,180	27.5%
3rd generation and over	272,605	32.2%	574,025	21.3%
Total Population	847,025	100.0%	2,691,670	100.0%

Period of Immigration	2016	%	2016	%
Before 1981	85,685	29.1%	294,065	23.2%
1981 to 1990	43,000	14.6%	171,565	13.6%
1991 to 2000	58,345	19.8%	281,875	22.3%
2001 to 2010	65,065	22.1%	330,555	26.1%
2001 to 2005	31,060	10.6%	162,775	12.9%
2006 to 2010	33,990	11.6%	167,780	13.3%
2011 to 2016	42,090	14.3%_	187,950	14.8%
Total Immigrant Population	294,185	100.0%	1,266,010	100.0%

### Admission Category and Applicant Type for Immigration Period, 1980 to 2016

Toronto and East York		Toronto	oronto		
Admission Category	2016	%	2016	%	
Economic immigrants	111,270	52.1%	475,155	48.1%	
Principal applicants	48,280	22.6%	201,860	20.4%	
Secondary applicants	62,995	29.5%	273,290	27.7%	
Immigrants sponsored by family	65,180	30.5%	320,945	32.5%	
Refugees	34,095	16.0%	176,125	17.8%	
Other Immigrants	2,845	1.3%	16,105	1.6%	
Immigrant Population, 1980 to 2016□	213,390	100.0%	988,330	100.0%	

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Population by Immigrant Status and Top Ten Places of Birth

Toronto and East York	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
China	28,615	3.4%	China	131,480	4.9%
Portugal	20,535	2.4%	Philippines	118,775	4.4%
Philippines	18,635	2.2%	India	79,225	2.9%
United Kingdom	16,990	2.0%	Sri Lanka	52,900	2.0%
India	12,485	1.5%	Italy	45,515	1.7%
United States	11,760	1.4%	Jamaica	45,075	1.7%
Italy	8,815	1.0%	United Kingdom	40,300	1.5%
Viet Nam	8,290	1.0%	Hong Kong	38,820	1.4%
Greece	7,025	0.8%	Portugal	38,570	1.4%
Iran	6,890	0.8%	Iran	36,440	1.4%
All Others	154,125	18.2%	All Others	638,905	23.7%
Total Immigrants	294,165	34.7%	Total Immigrants	1,266,005	47.0%
Non-immigrants	517,360	61.1%	Non-immigrants	1,332,085	49.5%
Non-permanent residents	35,510	4.2%	Non-permanent residents	93,580	3.5%
Total Population	847,035	100.0%	Total Population	2,691,670	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

### Top Ten Recent Immigrants by Place of Birth

Toronto and East York	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
China	4,495	10.7%	Philippines	31,730	16.9%
India	4,435	10.5%	China	23,200	12.3%
Philippines	4,110	9.8%	India	20,100	10.7%
United States	1,965	4.7%	Iran	10,930	5.8%
Iran	1,920	4.6%	Pakistan	6,725	3.6%
Bangladesh	1,510	3.6%	Bangladesh	5,790	3.1%
United Kingdom	1,270	3.0%	Sri Lanka	4,350	2.3%
Pakistan	1,010	2.4%	United States	4,015	2.1%
Ireland	965	2.3%	Iraq	3,715	2.0%
Mexico	895	2.1%	Jamaica	3,525	1.9%
All Others	19,505	46.4%	All Others	73,870	39.3%
Total Recent Immigrants	42,080	100.0%	Total Recent Immigrants	187,950	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

## **Population by Mobility Status**

Toronto and East York		Toronto	0		
Mobility Status (1 Year)	2016	%	2016	%	
Non-movers	686,335	81.9%	2,284,060	85.8%	
Movers	151,865	18.1%	379,490	14.2%	
Non-migrants	102,295	12.2%	253,780	9.5%	
Migrants	49,565	5.9%	125,715	4.7%	
Internal migrants	29,965	3.6%	65,770	2.5%	
Intraprovincial migrants	21,740	2.6%	49,990	1.9%	
Interprovincial migrants	8,210	1.0%	15,780	0.6%	
External migrants	19,620	2.3%	59,945	2.3%	
Total population 1 year ago	838,200	100.0%	2,663,550	100.0%	

Mobility Status (5 Years)	2016	%	2016	%
Non-movers	424,490	52.6%	1,516,105	59.3%
Movers	383,165	47.4%	1,040,015	40.7%
Non-migrants	225,655	26.9%	639,060	24.0%
Migrants	157,515	18.8%	400,950	15.1%
Internal migrants	91,540	10.9%	184,115	6.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	66,065	7.9%	141,130	5.3%
Interprovincial migrants	25,480	3.0%	42,985	1.6%
External migrants	65,985	7.9%_	216,835	8.1%
Total population 5 years ago	807,655	100.0%	2,556,120	100.0%

### **Mother Tongue Languages**

Toronto and East York	2016	%
English	521,950	63.6%
French	17,165	2.1%
Aboriginal languages	175	0.0%
Other	281,200	34.3%
Total Single Responses	820,490	100.0%
No Knowledge of English or French	30,995	3.7%

Toronto	2016	%
English	1,370,490	52.9%
French	33,965	1.3%
Aboriginal languages	290	0.0%
Other	1,183,730	45.7%
Total Single Responses	2,588,475	100.0%
No Knowledge of		
English or French	131,885	4.9%

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

## **Top Ten Mother Tongue Languages**

Toronto and East York	2016	%
Single Response	820,490	97.2%
English	521,950	61.8%
Portuguese	30,495	3.6%
Cantonese	27,535	3.3%
Mandarin	24,805	2.9%
Spanish	21,215	2.5%
French	17,165	2.0%
Italian	13,630	1.6%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	13,210	1.6%
Greek	11,165	1.3%
Russian	8,905	1.1%
Others	130,415	15.4%
Multiple Responses	23,745	2.8%
Total	844,235	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,588,475	96.2%
English	1,370,490	50.9%
Cantonese	115,240	4.3%
Mandarin	110,640	4.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	84,440	3.1%
Spanish	72,050	2.7%
Italian	62,710	2.3%
Portuguese	59,370	2.2%
Tamil	56,715	2.1%
Persian (Farsi)	49,250	1.8%
Urdu	36,950	1.4%
Others	570,620	21.2%
Multiple Responses	103,190	3.8%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

### **Top Ten Home Languages**

Toronto and East York	2016	%
Single Response	796,910	94.1%
English	648,640	76.6%
Portuguese	18,365	2.2%
Mandarin	17,210	2.0%
Cantonese	16,705	2.0%
Spanish	10,270	1.2%
French	7,705	0.9%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	6,005	0.7%
Italian	5,480	0.6%
Greek	5,075	0.6%
Bengali	4,795	0.6%
Others	56,660	6.7%
Multiple Responses	50,125	5.9%
Total	847,035	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,448,745	91.0%
English	1,732,595	64.4%
Mandarin	87,505	3.3%
Cantonese	83,915	3.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	44,075	1.6%
Spanish	41,395	1.5%
Tamil	40,850	1.5%
Portuguese	33,715	1.3%
Persian (Farsi)	33,670	1.3%
Italian	26,715	1.0%
Korean	23,570	0.9%
Others	300,740	11.2%
Multiple Responses	242,920	9.0%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### **Education**

Education Glossary (1)



### Population 15 years and over by Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Education Level	2016	%	2016	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	92,145	12.4%	377,340	16.4%
Certificate, diploma or degree	652,400	87.6%	1,917,445	83.6%
High school diploma or equivalent	149,035	20.0%	561,090	24.5%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	503,365	67.6%	1,356,355	59.1%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	23,855	3.2%	94,005	4.1%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	106,845	14.4%	362,080	15.8%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	18,285	2.5%	65,015	2.8%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	354,370	47.6%	835,255	36.4%
Bachelor's degree	219,300	29.5%	534,610	23.3%
University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level	135,070	18.1%	300,645	13.1%
Total population 15 years and over	744,545	100.0%	2,294,785	100.0%

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

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### **Ethnocultural**

Ethnocultural Glossary (i)



### **Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups**

Toronto and East York	2016	%
English	163,285	10.5%
Irish	138,495	8.9%
Canadian	133,300	8.6%
Scottish	131,515	8.4%
Chinese	85,215	5.5%
German	67,495	4.3%
French	65,955	4.2%
Italian	59,020	3.8%
Polish	47,485	3.1%
Portuguese	46,745	3.0%
Other Ethnic Origins	617,940	39.7%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	1,556,450	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Chinese	332,825	7.9%
English	331,890	7.9%
Canadian	323,175	7.7%
Irish	262,965	6.2%
Scottish	256,250	6.1%
East Indian	202,675	4.8%
Italian	182,495	4.3%
Filipino	162,600	3.9%
German	130,895	3.1%
French	122,610	2.9%
Other Ethnic Origins	1,914,395	45.3%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	4,222,775	100.0%

Note: Multiple responses are counted individually.

### **Total Visible Minority Population**

Toronto and East York	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	294,110	34.7%
Chinese	75,805	8.9%
South Asian	56,905	6.7%
Black	47,655	5.6%
Filipino	25,425	3.0%
Latin American	20,895	2.5%
Southeast Asian	11,165	1.3%
Korean	10,615	1.3%
Arab	9,110	1.1%
West Asian	8,970	1.1%
Japanese	6,265	0.7%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	8,065	1.0%
Multiple visible minorities	13,240	1.6%
All Others	552,935	65.3%
Total	847,045	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	1,385,855	51.5%
South Asian	338,965	12.6%
Chinese	299,465	11.1%
Black	239,850	8.9%
Filipino	152,715	5.7%
Latin American	77,165	2.9%
West Asian	60,325	2.2%
Southeast Asian	41,645	1.5%
Korean	41,640	1.5%
Arab	36,030	1.3%
Japanese	13,415	0.5%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	36,975	1.4%
Multiple visible minorities	47,670	1.8%
All Others	1,305,810	48.5%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### **Labour Force**

Labour Force Glossary (1)

### **Labour Force 15 years and over**

Toronto and East York				
Labour Force Status	2016	%	2016	%
Population 15+ years	744,555	100.0%	2,294,785	100.0%
In the labour force	530,585	71.3%	1,483,680	64.7%
Employed	493,740	66.3%	1,361,375	59.3%
Unemployed	36,860	5.0%	122,305	5.3%
Not in the labour force	213,955	28.7%	811,110	35.3%
Unemployment rate (Unemployed as a % of Labour Force)		6.9%		8.2%
Participation rate - Male		69.5%		69.4%
Participation rate - Female		61.2%		61.2%

### Labour Force 15 years and over by Occupation

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Occupation	2016	%	2016	%
Management	73,880	14.2%	163,965	11.4%
Business, finance and administration	95,240	18.4%	258,875	18.0%
Natural and applied sciences	43,690	8.4%	117,635	8.2%
Health	26,940	5.2%	84,360	5.9%
Education, law and social, community and government	81,055	15.6%	186,800	13.0%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	49,015	9.4%	80,195	5.6%
Sales and service	110,390	21.3%	345,140	24.0%
Trades, transport and equipment operators	28,060	5.4%	131,115	9.1%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production	2,375	0.5%	7,560	0.5%
Manufacturing and utilities	8,210	1.6%	61,900	4.3%
Total	518,830	100.0%	1,437,545	100.0%

## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Labour Force 15 years and over by Industry

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Industry	2016	%	2016	%
Agriculture,forestry,fishing and hunting	710	0.1%	2,090	0.1%
Mining and oil and gas extraction	865	0.2%	2,045	0.1%
Utilities	2,055	0.4%	5,915	0.4%
Construction	21,180	4.1%	76,475	5.3%
Manufacturing	20,395	3.9%	105,285	7.3%
Wholesale trade	13,800	2.7%	50,120	3.5%
Retail trade	42,785	8.2%	141,540	9.8%
Transportation and warehousing	13,295	2.6%	57,910	4.0%
Information and cultural industries	33,880	6.5%	61,350	4.3%
Finance and insurance	48,760	9.4%	120,005	8.3%
Real estate and rental and leasing	14,085	2.7%	39,935	2.8%
Professional, scientific & technical services	84,010	16.2%	175,685	12.2%
Management of companies and enterprises	1,910	0.4%	4,085	0.3%
Admin. & support, waste mgmt. & remediation	21,815	4.2%	78,885	5.5%
Educational services	47,570	9.2%	110,280	7.7%
Health care and social assistance	46,480	9.0%	143,250	10.0%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	18,930	3.6%	34,995	2.4%
Accommodation and food services	41,480	8.0%	106,910	7.4%
Other services (except public administration)	22,775	4.4%	67,390	4.7%
Public administration	22,105	4.3%	53,390	3.7%
Total	518,840	100.0%	1,437,540	100.0%

### **Employed Labour Force 15 years and over by Place of Work Status**

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Place of Work Status	2016	%	2016	%
Worked at usual place	395,205	80.0%	1,094,805	80.4%
Worked at home	47,080	9.5%	101,280	7.4%
No fixed workplace address	48,205	9.8%	156,250	11.5%
Worked outside Canada	3,235	0.7%	9,040	0.7%
Total labour force	493,725	100.0%	1,361,375	100.0%



## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

### **Income and Shelter Costs**

Income and Shelter Costs Glossary (i)

2018 25-Wards

#### Household Income - 2015

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Household Income	2015	%	2015	%
Under \$5,000	15,325	3.7%	33,170	3.0%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	10,730	2.6%	22,905	2.1%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	16,755	4.0%	36,660	3.3%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	22,100	5.3%	54,290	4.9%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	34,150	8.1%	95,150	8.5%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	31,635	7.5%	94,000	8.4%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	30,805	7.4%	90,710	8.2%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	28,610	6.8%	83,580	7.5%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	50,800	12.1%	144,925	13.0%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	41,300	9.9%	114,350	10.3%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	36,790	8.8%	100,330	9.0%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	25,425	6.1%	67,475	6.1%
\$150,000 and over	74,670	17.8%	175,380	15.8%
Total number of private households	419,070	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%
All Households				
Average household income	\$111,260		\$102,721	
1-Person Households				
Average household income	\$61,890		\$55,409	

#### **Shelter Costs**

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Renter Households	2016	%	2016	%
Average rent	\$1,333		\$1,242	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	110,024	47.0%	246,086	46.8%
Owner Households				
Average major payments	\$1,852		\$1,682	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	48,792	26.4%	160,860	27.4%

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

#### Low Income - 2015

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Low Income	2015	%	2015	%
Population in private households	847,045		2,691,665	
Low Income and % incidence of low income	162,495	19.2%	543,365	20.2%

Note: Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT).

### Individual Income (15 years and over) - 2015

Toronto and East York			Toronto	
Individual Income	2015	%	2015	%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	111,000	15.4%	388,570	17.8%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	119,920	16.7%	411,160	18.8%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	84,195	11.7%	290,580	13.3%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	64,765	9.0%	221,505	10.1%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	59,500	8.3%	188,475	8.6%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	48,810	6.8%	144,180	6.6%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	42,420	5.9%	114,915	5.3%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	36,380	5.1%	89,780	4.1%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	29,085	4.0%	69,855	3.2%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	24,595	3.4%	58,180	2.7%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	54,635	7.6%	119,810	5.5%
\$150,000 and over	44,620	6.2%	90,220	4.1%
Total	719,960	100.0%	2,187,230	100%
All Persons				
Average income	\$64,761		\$52,268	
Males				
Average income	\$78,448		\$62,667	
Females				
Average income	\$51,760		\$42,807	

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

### Composition of Income (15 years and over) - 2015

Toronto and East York				Toronto		
Composition of Income	Total %	Male %	Female %	Total %	Male %	Female %
Market Income	93.9%	95.7%	91.1%	90.7%	93.8%	86.7%
Employment income	77.7%	80.0%	75.0%	74.6%	77.8%	70.3%
Wages, salaries and commissions	70.8%	72.7%	68.5%	68.4%	70.8%	65.2%
Net self-employment income	7.0%	7.3%	6.5%	6.2%	7.0%	5.1%
Investment income	9.7%	10.1%	8.6%	8.7%	9.3%	7.9%
Private retirement income	3.9%	3.5%	4.6%	5.0%	4.5%	5.7%
Market income n.i.e.	2.5%	2.1%	2.9%	2.4%	2.2%	2.7%
Government transfer payments	6.1%	4.3%	8.9%	9.3%	6.2%	13.3%
Old Age Security & GIS	1.6%	1.1%	2.3%	2.5%	1.8%	3.5%
Canada/Quebec Pension Plan	1.8%	1.5%	2.2%	2.6%	2.2%	3.1%
EI benefits	0.7%	0.4%	1.0%	0.8%	0.5%	1.2%
Child benefits	0.6%	0.0%	1.6%	1.3%	0.1%	3.0%
Other government transfers	1.4%	1.3%	1.7%	2.0%	1.7%	2.5%
Total 2015 income	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

### **Notes & Glossary**

#### **Notes**

#### **Data Source**

The information in this Community Council Area Profile is adapted from Statistics Canada, 2016 Census, 2011 Census, 2011 National Household Survey and 2006 Census. This does not constitute an endorsement by Statistics Canada of this product.

#### Comparing 2016 and 2011 Census Data

Each year, the Census comprises of two questionnaires; a short-form questionnaire that is distributed to all households; and a long-form questionnaire that is distributed to a sample number of households and includes more detailed questions.

In 2011, there were changes in the way information was collected for the long-form portion of the 2011 Census. The information previously collected by the long-form Census was collected in 2011 as part of the new voluntary National Household Survey (NHS) by Statistics Canada. In 2016, Statistics Canada restored the mandatory long-from Census.

These changes make it difficult to compare 2011 and 2016 Census year data. In general, the 2011 NHS data is less comparable to that of all Censuses prior to 2011, and the 2016 Census. This is due to non-response bias that is inherent in voluntary surveys. Non-response bias can occur when people do not respond to a survey "because non-respondents tend to have different characteristics from respondents. As a result, there is a risk that the results will not be representative of the actual population", notes the 2011 National Household Survey User Guide. In regards to the 2011 NHS Profile information, Statistics Canada states: "For the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) estimates, the global non-response rate (GNR) is used as an indicator of data quality. This indicator combines complete non-response (household) and partial non-response (question) into a single rate. The value of the GNR is presented to users. A smaller GNR indicates a lower risk of non-response bias and as a result, lower risk of inaccuracy. The threshold used for estimates' suppression is a GNR of 50% or more."

The risk of non-comparable data for population groups grows when two variables are cross-tabulated or tabulated for small geographic areas, such as variables relating to minority populations, income and shelter costs. Seventy-four percent of the Census Tracts in the City of Toronto reported by the 2011 NHS have a Global Non-Response Rate above 25%, the threshold for data suppression employed by Statistics Canada for the 2011 Census. Comparisons may be more suitable where the Global Non-Response Rates of the geographies are similar and the Coefficients of Variation of the variables are low.

The changes mean that results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey can not be easily compared to the mandatory 2016 Census results. Statistics Canada's Guide to the Census of Population, 2016 notes that "users must be careful when comparing estimates from two surveys, as



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they can differ significantly in methodology, quality and target population. The estimates from the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire were derived from a mandatory survey that had a high response rate, while the estimates from the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) were derived from a voluntary survey. The response rate for the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire was 96.9%, while the 2011 NHS had a response rate of 68.6%. The definition of the target population of the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire and that of the 2011 NHS were exactly the same." Use of the results of the voluntary 2011 NHS requires a careful understanding of the significant differences and higher non-response inherent in the NHS by comparison to the long-form Census of 2016 and previous years.

#### **Custom Tabulations**

The Ward and Community Council Area Profiles are based on a series of custom tabulations from the 2016 Census, 2011 Census and 2011 National Household Survey, and 2006 Census of Statistics Canada. The 2016 custom tabulations are based on the long-form Census questionnaire. The custom tabulations used in the 2011 Ward Profiles are different.

In 2011, the Census methodology changed to include a mandatory short-from questionnaire and a voluntary long-form questionnaire for the National Household Survey). As a result, the 2011 Ward and Community Council Profiles included data from both the Census short form and the NHS long-form questionnaire for that year. The data are not easily compared because of the distinct samples. To distinguish between the two datasets, City Planning published two sets of Profile documents for each Ward and Community Council Area for the 2011 Census year; the 2011 Census Profile (the short-form questionnaire) and the 2011 National Household Survey Profile (the long-form questionnaire) which are available on the City of Toronto's website.

#### **Comparing 2016 and 2011 Profile Topics**

The 2016 Census Profiles contain 2016 Census data and select 2011 Census and National Household Survey data for the 25-Ward model. The 25-Ward model applies to the 2018-2022 term of City Council, effective December 1, 2018. The 25-Ward model replaced the 44-Ward model, which was in effect from 2014 to 2018.

The 2016 Ward and Community Council Area Profiles include both 2016 Census data and select 2011 Census and National Household Survey data. The 2011 to 2016 comparison topics include Population, Dwellings and Families. Including profile information from 2011, from before the 25-Ward model existed, enables a better understanding of recent growth trends and key demographic indicators for each Ward and Community Council Area in the 25-Ward model.

In order to compare 2011 and 2016 data, it is important to be aware of changes to Census data collection methods that have occurred in the last decade. The replacement of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey by the restoration of the long-from Census in 2016 allows for accurate comparison between 2016 and 2006 Census information, and for Censuses prior to 2006. The mandatory 2016 Census results can not be easily compared to the results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey due to the differing sample and lower response rates of the voluntary survey. When comparing Profile data for years 2011 to 2016, users should be aware that the results



## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

of the 2016 Long-Form Census are considered to be more reliable than those the 2011 National Household Survey. For example, the results of the 2011 National Household Survey were found to significantly undercount employment in the City.

When comparing Profile data between these years, readers should be aware of which Census questionnaires were used in each year for each topic. Comparing the same topics, but with different questionnaires and samples will impact comparability. In particular, users and readers of the Profiles should be aware of the different population and household samples used by Statistics Canada in 2011 and 2016 to produce the Ward data for Population, Dwellings, Population in Dwellings and Families. The following table provides a summary by Profile Topic of the Census questionnaires used in 2011 and 2016 by Statistics Canada, the results of which were assembled by Statistics Canada to prepare the custom tabulations used in the City of Toronto Ward Profiles.

Profile Topic	2016 Data	2011 Data
<u>Population</u>	Short Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Dwellings</u>	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
<u>Families</u>	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
Population in Dwellings	Long Form Census	National Household Survey

#### 2016 Profiles - Toronto Totals

The city of Toronto totals refer to the municipal boundary of the City of Toronto. The City of Toronto municipal boundary corresponds to the Census geography referred to as the <u>Toronto Census Division</u> (Toronto CD, 3520) and the <u>Toronto Census Subdivision</u> (Toronto CSD, 3520005).

The 2016 Profile custom tabulations are based on the long form questionnaire i.e. the 25% sample of the population in private households who received the long-form questionnaire. The custom tabulations provide data for the Wards and Toronto. The Toronto totals included in the Ward and Community Council Area Profiles are based on the custom tabulations.

As a result, it is possible that Toronto totals referenced in other documents may have slight variances in reported totals when compared to what is reported in the Profiles. This is because the Profiles are based on the Census short-form questionnaire. Other documents may report City of Toronto totals that are based on the long-from Census questionnaire and reflect a different sampling and survey approach. These variances are most likely to occur for the questions and variables that feature on the short-form Census, including the "Households & Dwellings", "Families" and Language Groups" topics in this Profile.



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#### **Table Totals and Random Rounding**

The figures shown in the tables have been subjected to a confidentiality procedure known as "random rounding" by Statistics Canada, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This is intended to prevent the possibility of associating these data with any identifiable individual. The totals of each table are the sum of the individual population characteristics in that table as provided by Statistics Canada, each of which may have been randomly rounded. As a result, due to random rounding, the totals for any one table may vary from the total population count for that area as reported by Statistics Canada. The total population or households reported in the Ward profile tables may also vary from table to table, as each total is a sum of the individual population or household characteristics of that particular table.

#### **Administrative Sources**

For the first time, the 2016 Census gathered income data solely from administrative sources, rather than asking Census participants to self-report their income levels. The reference period for income data is the calendar year 2015.

The 2016 Census provided data on the category of admission and applicant type for immigrants with permanent resident status as a result of a record linkage to Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada's (IRCC) administrative immigration records for immigrants admitted to Canada between 1980 and 2016.

## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

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### **Population Glossary**

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#### **Population**

The population universe (target population) of the 2016 Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents)
  with a usual place of residence in Canada.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) who are abroad either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry or Canadian government vessels.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold study permits and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold work permits and family members living with them.

For Census purposes, these last three groups of people are referred to as 'non-permanent residents.' They have been included since 1991. Foreign residents are excluded from the population universe. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them.
- Members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and family members living with them.
- Residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

#### Institutional Population

Person who live in an institutional collective dwelling, such as a hospital, a nursing home or a prison. This includes residents under care or custody (e.g., patients or inmates) or employee residents and family members living with them, if any.

#### **Population in Private Households**

Other than the Total Population by Age, population in private households is the applicable population for all 2016 Ward Profile topics based on the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire.



## City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles

2016 Census 2018 25-Wards

#### Age Group

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016. This variable is derived from date of birth.

#### Median Age

The median age is an age 'x', such that exactly one half of the population is older than 'x' and the other half is younger than 'x'.

#### **Dependency Ratio**

The total demographic dependency ratio is the ratio of the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older) to the working-age population (20 to 64 years). It is expressed as the number of "dependents" for every 100 "worker. The demographic dependency ratio is based on age rather than employment status. It does not account for young people or seniors who are working, nor for working-age people who are unemployed or not in the labour force. It merely reflects population age structure and is not meant to diminish the contributions made by people classified as "dependents."

### **Dwellings Glossary**

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#### Household size

Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

#### Household type

Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: non-family households and family households.

- A non-family household consists of either one person living alone or of two or more persons
  who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.
- Family households are divided into two subcategories: one-family households and multiplefamily households.

### Structural type of dwelling

Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- **Single-detached house** A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- Semi-detached house One of the two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to
  each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semidetached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have
  open space on all sides.



## **City of Toronto Community Council Area Profiles**

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- Row house One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- Apartment or flat in a duplex One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys A dwelling unit attached to other dwellings units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- Other single-attached house A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- Mobile home A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- Other movable dwelling A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

#### **Grouped Dwelling Types by Period of Construction**

For comparative purposes the Census dwelling structure data types were re-grouped two dwelling structure types in the graphic highlight pages:

- **Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction** includes single and semi-detached houses, row/townhouses; apartment units in buildings with less than 5 storeys and apartments or flats in duplexes and other dwellings such as mobile homes.
- Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction include apartments in a building that has five or more storeys.

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### **Families Glossary**

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#### Census family structure (families by type)

Refers to the classification of Census families into **married couples** (with or without children of either and/or both spouses), **common-law couples** (with or without children of either and/or both partners), and **lone-parent families** by sex of parent. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

#### Census family composition (families by number of children)

Refers to the classification of Census families (that is, married or common-law couples, with or without children, and lone parents with at least one child) by the number and/or age group of children living at home. A couple may be of opposite or same sex.

A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

### **Population in Dwellings Glossary**

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#### **Period of Construction**

Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed. This refers to the period in which the building was originally built, not the time of any later remodelling, additions or conversions.

#### **Private Dwellings**

The private dwellings occupied by usual residents universe is composed of variables which pertain to characteristics of dwellings in Canada. Dwellings are distinct from households. Dwelling characteristics refer to the physical attributes of a set of living quarters, whereas household characteristics pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada.

#### **Tenure**

Refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling, or whether the dwelling is band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

#### **Condominium Status**

Refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.



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### **Household Maintainer Glossary**

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#### **Primary Household Maintainer (PHM)**

Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments, more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments, the reference person is identified by default. An occupied private dwelling will have at least one Primary Household Maintainers (PHM). As a result, the number of PHMs can also serve as a proxy for the number of households within each occupied dwelling.

#### **Age Group of Primary Household Maintainer**

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016.

#### **Private Households**

The private households universe is composed of sub-universes and variables which pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. Household variables are distinct from dwelling variables, in that the latter ones pertain to dwelling characteristics, not to persons occupying the dwelling.

### Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary

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#### Generation Status

Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada. It identifies persons as being first generation, second generation or third generation or more. Generation status is derived from responses to questions concerning the person's place of birth and the place of birth of his or her parents. Within the generation status variable, the three main categories are defined as follows:

- **'First generation'** includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, immigrants to Canada.
- **'Second generation'** includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

#### **Immigrant Status**

Immigrant status refers to whether the respondent is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.



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- Non-immigrant refers to a person who is a Canadian citizen by birth.
- Immigrant refers to a person who is or has ever been a landed immigrant/permanent resident. This person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

Non-permanent resident refers to a person from another country who has a work or study permit or who is a refugee claimant, and any non-Canadian-born family member living in Canada with them.

#### **Recent Immigrant**

Refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

#### **Admission Category**

Refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Data on admission category are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

- **'Economic immigrants'** includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian
  citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their
  relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this
  sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this
  category.
- 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

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• 'Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

#### **Applicant Type**

Refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.

#### Mobility Status - Place of residence 1 year ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did one year before, May 10, 2015. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

#### Mobility Status - Place of residence 5 years ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did five years before, May 10, 2011. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

#### **Period of Immigration**

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained his or her landed immigrant/permanent resident status.

A landed immigrant/permanent resident is a person who has been granted the right to live permanently in Canada by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 Census, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

#### Place of Birth

Place of birth refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It may refer to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of birth.

#### **Mother Tongue**

Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the Census.

#### **Home Language**

Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the Census.



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### **Education Glossary**

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#### **Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree**

Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree. This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school graduation, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a registered apprenticeship graduate may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a master's degree necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above the bachelor's level.' Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment. The following qualifications are to be noted:

- For this variable, the category 'High school diploma or equivalent' includes persons who have completed the requirements for graduation from a secondary school or the equivalent, but no postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. Examples of secondary (high) school equivalency certificates are General Educational Development (GED) and Adult Basic Education (ABE). A secondary (high) school diploma or graduation certificate or equivalent is sometimes classified as junior or senior matriculation, general or technical-commercial.
- The 'Registered Apprenticeship certificate' category includes Journeyperson's designation. A journeyman's or journeyperson's certificate in the trades is obtained through successful completion of the examinations for a Certificate of Qualification (COQ). Candidates for the exam must have several years of work experience in the trade or have received their registered apprenticeship certificate through a combination of on-the-job training and in-school training.
- Other trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas are brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres, and similar institutions.
- College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates or diplomas are obtained from: a
  community college; a CEGEP (both general and technical); an institute of technology; a school
  of nursing; a private business school; a private or public trade school; or a vocational school.
  Included in this category are teaching and nursing certificates awarded by provincial
  departments of education, with the exception of teachers' or nurses qualifications obtained at
  university-affiliated faculties of education or nursing. College certificates or diplomas of two
  years or more usually have a minimum entrance requirement of a secondary (high) school
  diploma or its equivalent.
- University certificates or diplomas (below or above bachelor level) are awarded for non-degree
  programs of study completed through a university. They are often connected with professional
  associations in fields such as accounting, banking, insurance or public administration. If the



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university certificate or diploma program does not require a bachelor degree to enrol, then it is classified as below the bachelor level. If a university certificate or diploma program normally requires a bachelor's degree as a prerequisite, then it is classified as above the bachelor level.

- University degrees are obtained through universities and other degree-granting institutions.
- Examples of postsecondary institutions include community colleges, institutes of technology, CEGEPs, schools of nursing, private or public trade schools, private business colleges, and universities.

### **Ethnocultural Glossary**

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#### **Ethnic Origin**

Ethnic origin refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

#### Visible Minority

Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

### **Labour Force Glossary**

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#### **Employed**

Persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016:

- a) Did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employeremployee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes persons who did unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household;
- b) Had a job but were not at work due to factors such as their own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, vacation or a labour dispute. This category excludes persons not at work because they were on layoff or between casual jobs, and those who did not then have a job (even if they had a job to start at a future date).

#### **Labour Force**

Refers to whether a person was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016. The number of Employed persons and the Unemployed persons added together to equate to the Labour force.



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#### Not in the Labour Force

Refers to persons who, during the week Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were neither employed nor unemployed.

#### Occupation (based on the National Occupational Classification [NOC-S 2016])

Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The 2016 Census occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016. The 2011 National Household Survey occupation data was produced according to the NOC 2011.

The National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 40 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 500 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

#### Industry (based on the North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] 2012)

Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The 2016 Census industry data are produced according to the NAICS 2012. The 2011 National Household Survey was coded to the NAICS 2007. Statistics Canada have provided a concordance <u>table</u> that shows the relationship between NAICS Canada 2012 and NAICS Canada 2007 only for those areas of the classification which have changed in terms of structure and content.

The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 102 subsectors and 324 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

#### **Participation Rate**

Refers to the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the total labour force in that group, expressed as a percentage of the total population in that group.

#### Place of Work Status

Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).



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#### Unemployed

Refers to persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were without paid work or without self-employment work and were available for work and either:

- had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; or
- were on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or
- had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less.

#### **Unemployment Rate**

Refers to the unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

### **Income and Shelter Costs Glossary**

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The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

#### **Average Household Income**

Average income of households refers to the sum of total incomes in 2015 of households divided by the total number of households. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

#### **Average Individual Income**

Average income of individuals refers to the dollar amount obtained by adding up the total income of all individuals aged 15 years and over who reported income for 2015 and dividing this sum by the number of individuals with income.

#### **Median Income**

The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

#### Composition of Income

The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

#### Low-Income and Low Income Measure After Tax (LIM-AT)

Low income refers to whether an individual, family, or households has an income below a specific low-income line. Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT). The Low-



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income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median adjusted after-tax income of households observed at the person level, where 'adjusted' indicates that a household's needs are taken into account. Adjustment for household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase as the number of members increase, although not necessarily by the same proportion per additional member. The threshold of income varies based on the size of a household. For 2015, the LIM-AT threshold is \$22,133 for a one person household, \$31,301 for a two person household, and \$44,266 for a four person household.

#### **Shelter Cost**

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households living in owned or rented dwellings who reported a total household income greater than zero. Shelter-cost-to-income ratio refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs. Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households that own or rent their dwelling.

- Shelter costs for owner households include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
- **Shelter costs for renter households**, include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.

The relatively high shelter costs to household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2016, while household total income is reported for the year 2015. As well, for some households, the 2015 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

#### **Total Income**

Total of income from all sources, including employment income, income from government programs, pension income, investment income and any other money income. Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a calendar year 2015.

It includes employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities); income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, employment insurance, Old Age Security pension, Canada or Quebec pension plan benefits and disability income; income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and RRIFs; income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, GICs and mutual funds; and other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships. The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature.



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It excludes one-time receipts, such as: lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump sum insurance settlements, capital gains, TFSA and RRSP withdrawals. Capital gains are excluded because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are less likely to be fully spent in the period in which they are received, unlike income that is regular and recurring. Also excluded are employer's contributions to registered pension plans, Canada and Quebec pension plans, and employment insurance. Finally, voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter, and goods produced for own consumption are excluded from this total income definition.

### Statistics Canada - Census Dictionary & Guide

For more information, see:

Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 99-301-X Dictionary Census of Population, 2016

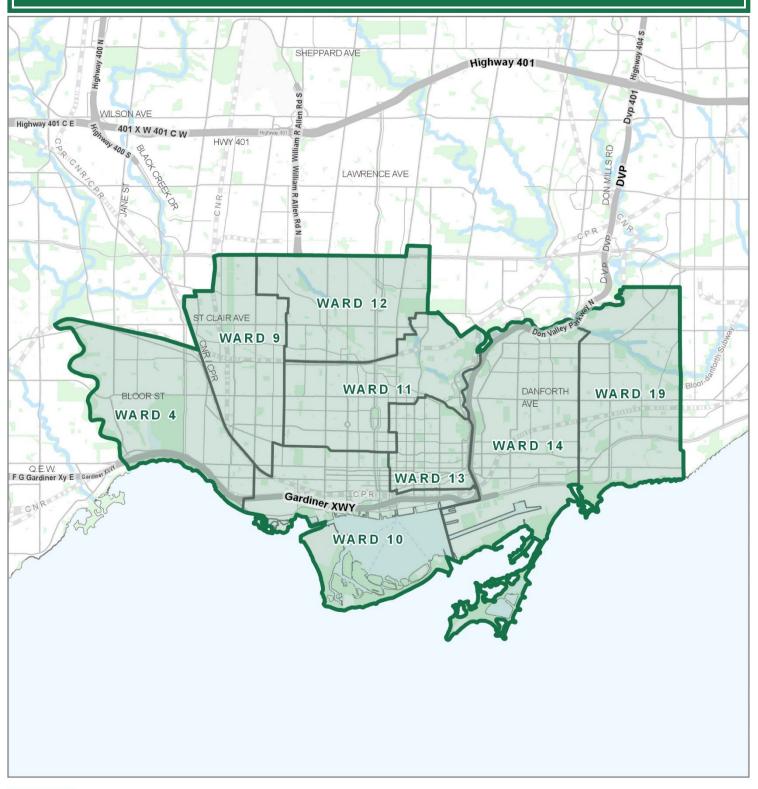
Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 98-304-X2016001 Guide to the Census of Population, 2016

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