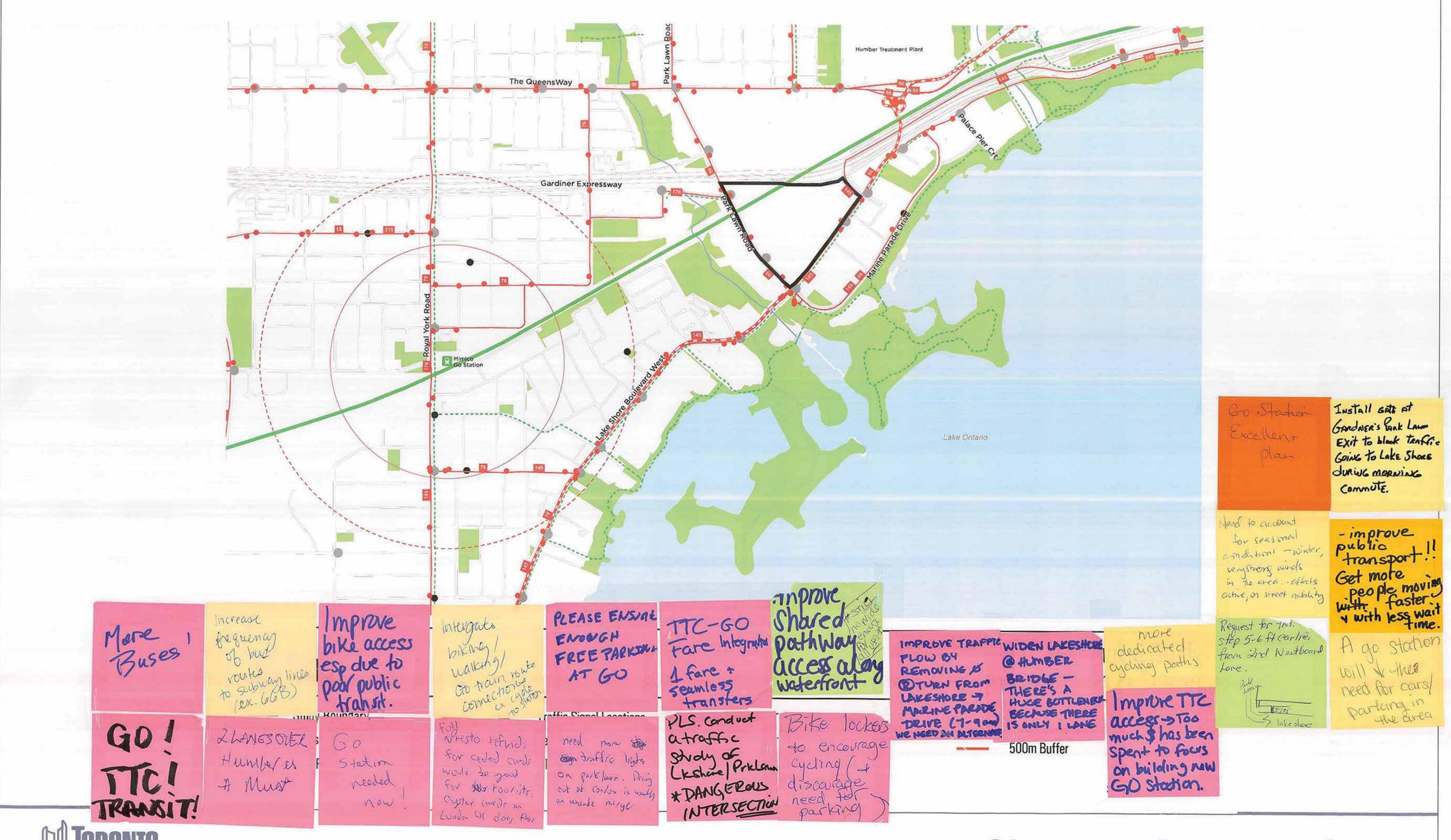
Mobility Existing Conditions





Christie's Planning Study

30 x 40° Cuttine to fit foam core panels

Mobility Creating Complete Streets



KEY DIRECTION

Creating a new public street network incorporating the directions in the City's Complete Street Guidelines

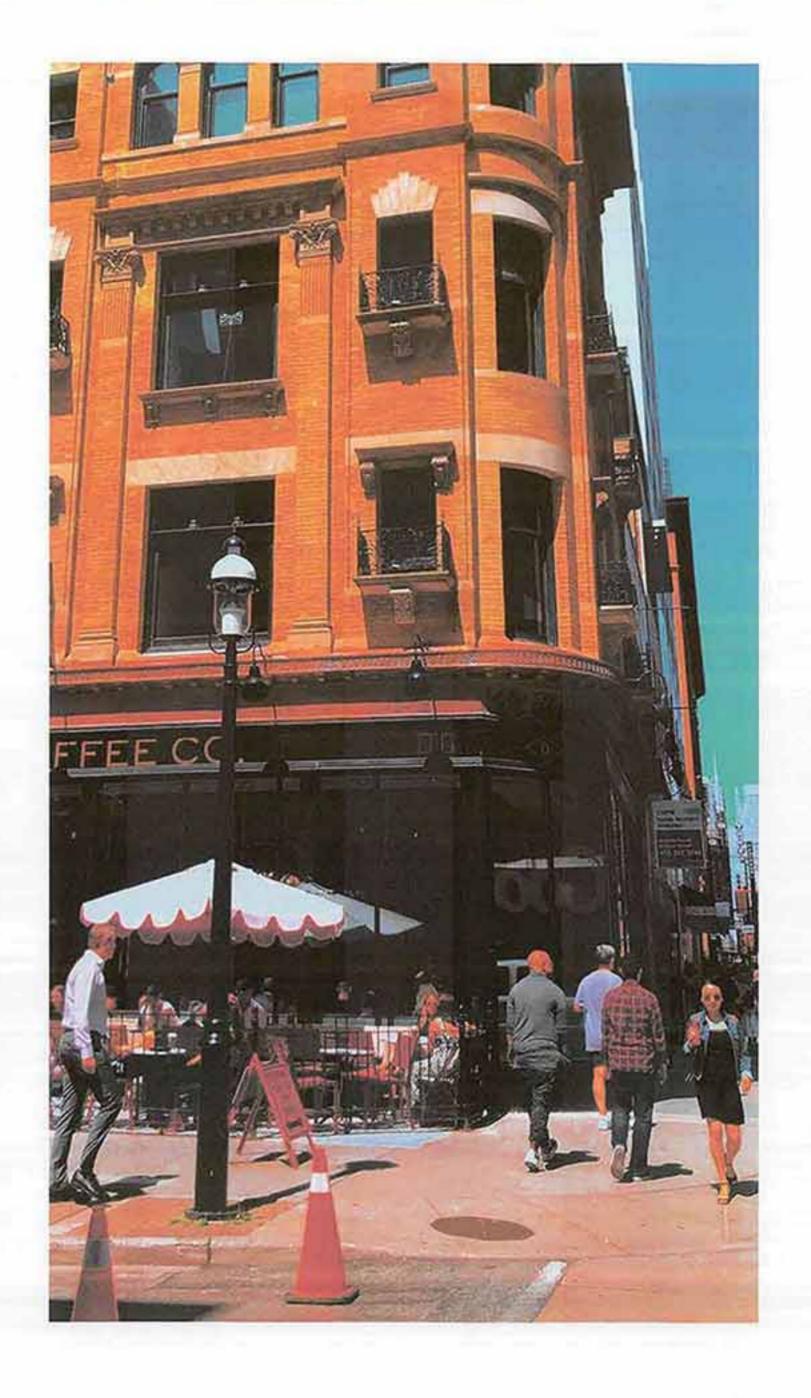
COMPLETE STREETS

People come to and move through the area in many different ways including walking, cycling, public transit and by car. The Christie's Planning Study will prioritize walking, cycling, and surface transit to provide a range of accessible options for people to move around the area.

"Complete streets" are streets that are designed to be safe for all users: people who walk, bicycle, take transit or drive, and people of varying ages and levels of ability. They also consider other uses like sidewalk cafés, street furniture, street trees, utilities, and stormwater management.

In 2017, the City developed Complete Street Guidelines which provide a new approach for how we design our city streets. The Guidelines build on many of the City's existing policies, guidelines and recent successful street design and construction projects.







STREETS FOR PEOPLE

Streets enable movement and circulation for a variety of travel modes, including pedestrians, cyclists, streetcars, buses, taxis, cars, delivery trucks, and emergency vehicles. Streets should be safe and universally accessible for people of all ages and abilities. Streets should promote healthy lifestyles by inviting people to be physically active.

STREETS FOR PLACEMAKING

Streets are important public spaces where people interact and experience public life. They should be beautiful, attractive and inviting. They should encourage investment and promote vibrancy and a sense of civic pride. Streets should create a setting for daily life as well as special events. They should be comfortable places with a healthy street tree canopy, protected from wind and with adequate sunlight.

STREETS FOR PROSPERITY

Streets support the city's economic vitality by providing pedestrian-oriented shopping streets that serve both the surrounding local neighbourhoods and visitors. They should promote street life by accommodating café seating and active uses. They should provide a range of transportation options to allow patrons and workers to move efficiently as well as ensure the movement of goods.



Mobility Integrating & Prioritizing Transit

Yes to Go TRain Service! Hunbu Shones - Dt Core takes about 1 hr not now Go service would to bring dt much closer,

Yes!!
Need Post
Laun Go
Station!

KEY DIRECTION

Prioritizing investment in public transit and creating an integrated transit hub

this happen

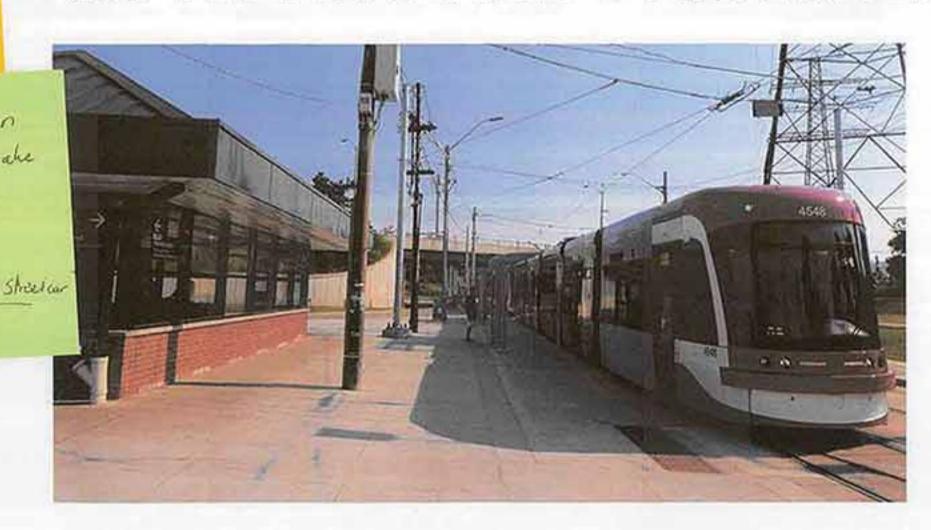
PARK LAWN GO STATION

In 2018, Metrolinx prepared an Initial Business Case for the Park Lawn GC. Since then, Metrolinx and First Capital h been working together to develop a strat to deliver the new GO station.

Residential uses are not permitted within the study area until the GO station is provincially approved and funded.

The Secondary Plan provides an opportunity to develop an integrated transit hub for the neighbourhood, providing excellent connections between TTC streetcar, bus GO Transit services.

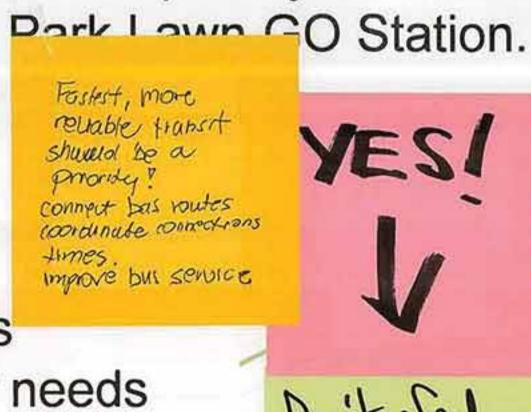
IMPROVING AND PRIORITIZING TTC SERVICE



TTC's Humber Loop serves as an important connection for transit service to southern Etobicoke. While Humber Loop will be maintained for operational flexibility, the Planning Study and TMP will explore opportunities to enhance TTC service for existing and future development through:

- a new streetcar loop in the Park Lawn Road and Lake Shore Boulevard area;
- integration of streetcar and bus service with Park Lawn GO Station;
- a road network that supports an effective local transit network; and

transit priority on Lake Shore Boulevard, Park Lawn Road, and streets to/from



I for mounty the STRECT CARS

Street car loop to SHOUD GO STRA

The New Paul Law GO. TO INSTEAD of

Mountain loop location is inconvener. The NW & FERING

Ops placetients make through-treffin

OB Streeteer Slow (Street behind

of cons)

of cons)

of cons)

of consider the strength of the convener through the constant of the convener through the constant of the convener through the con

WATERFRONT TRANSIT RESET

The City of Toronto, in partnership with the TTC and Waterfront Toronto, has completed the Waterfront Transit "Reset" study, including an assessment of needs and options for transit improvements along the waterfront. The study area extends from the Long Branch GO station in the West to Woodbine Avenue in the East.

The Waterfront Transit Reset will be coordinated with the Park Lawn Lake Shore Transportation Master Plan to ensure a compatible transportation solution. A dedicated eastbound lane for streetcars was identified in earlier stages of work and is a potential "quick-win" project for near-term implementation.





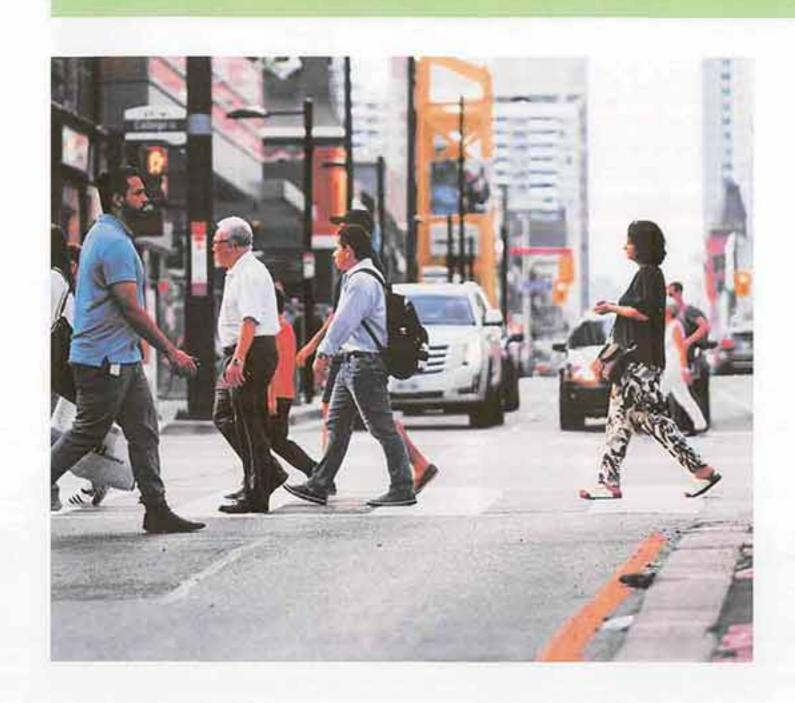


Mobility Walking and Cycling



KEY DIRECTION

Promoting networks and connections for walking and cycling



IMPROVE WALKABILITY BY CREATING:

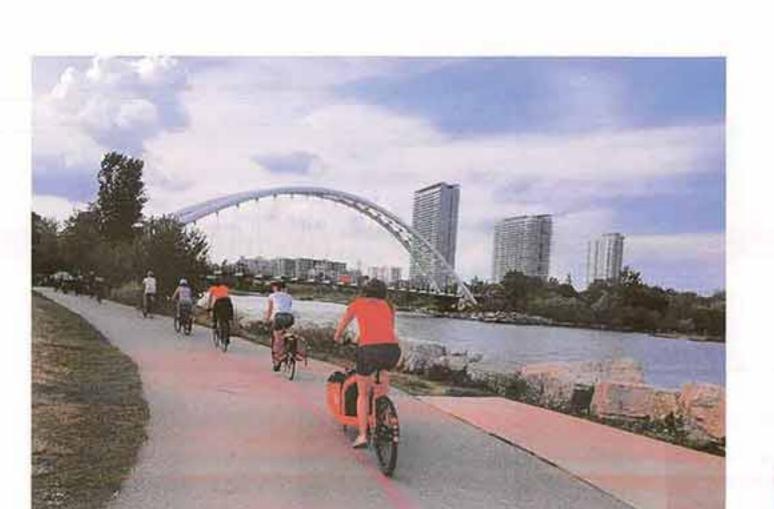
- A well-connected network of direct and convenient routes
- Wider sidewalks for pedestrian accessibility, comfort and safety
- A high-quality streetscape with seating, trees, restaurants and shops
- Convenient connections to parks and natural areas
- Clear and helpful signage



ENCOURAGE CYCLING BY PROVIDING:

- An expanded cycling network
- Upgrades to existing cycling routes for greater comfort and safety
- Additional bicycle parking facilities and locations

SECURE



INCREASE

FIVITY BY IMPROVING:

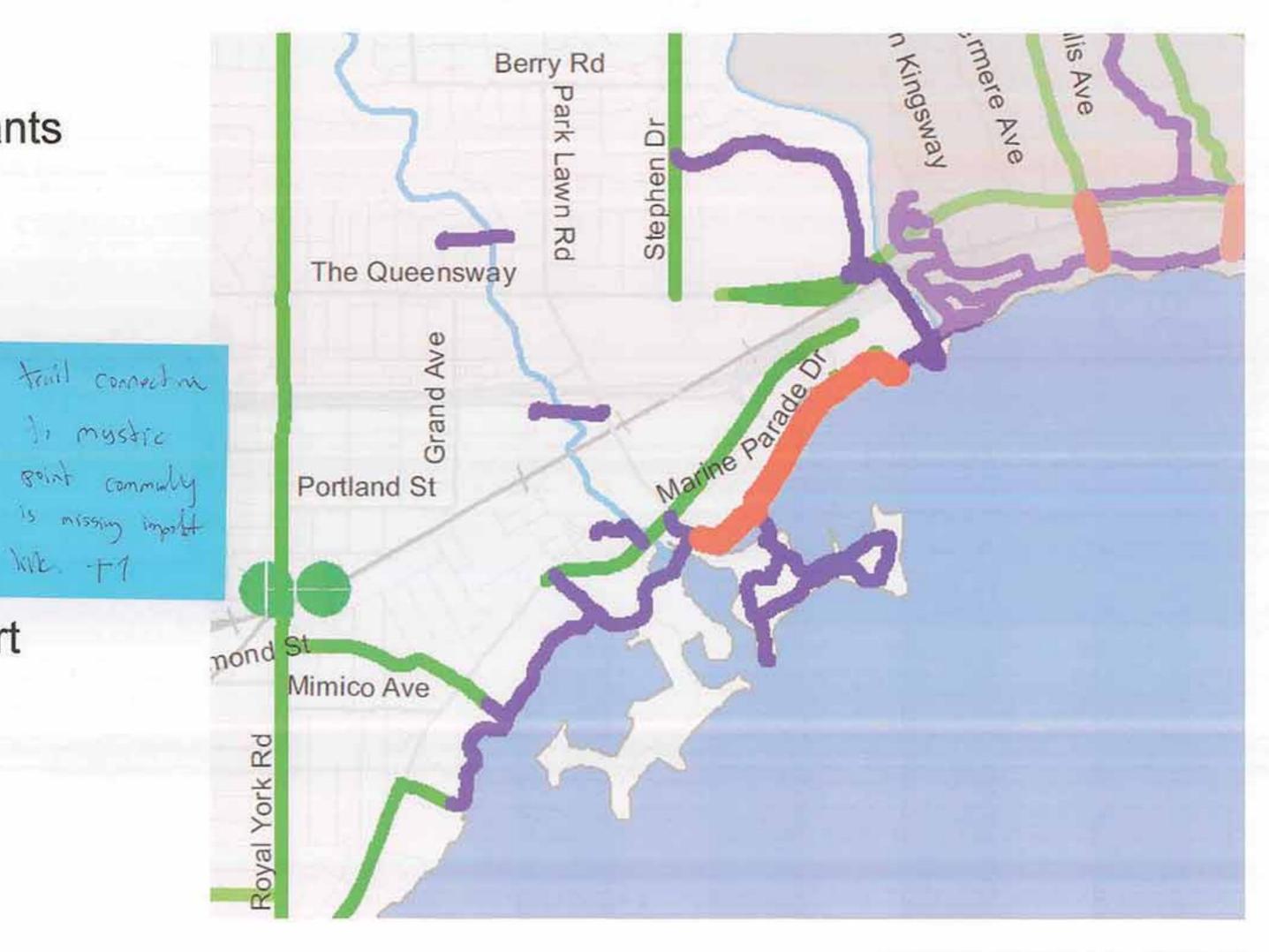
11 mystic

BOINT COMMENTY

- Street crossings and locations
- Connections across physical barriers such as the rail corridor and the Gardiner Expressway
- Connections to the waterfront and existing trail network

TTC users Dodestrian control reeds improvement at Parklawn Lake shore

Cycling Implementation Program Etobicoke York 2019-2021





Data Source: City of Toronto Projection: NAD 1927 MTM 3 Cartography: Cycling Infrastructure and Programs, City of Toronto Date: June 2019 **DA TORONTO**





PARK LAWN LAKE SHORE



MORE



TRANSPORTATION MASTER PLAN







HUMBER RIVER





STREETSCAPE

DESIGN

LAKE

ONTARIO

Study Purpose

The Park Lawn Lake Shore Transportation Master Plan (TMP) will identify changes needed to improve transportation options for all users. Can tunnel

The TMP is an integrated approach a road way? meet the existing and future needs diverse range of users by providing Taffic

• New connections and better acce Terrible roads, transit, and pathways;

 Additional safe and convenient crossings of physical barriers;

 Planning for investment in public transit, pedestrian, and cycling networks; and

· High quality streetscane design.

Thansportation

is #1 priority

1550C. Easy

safe access

to down town

CONTACT WITH CAR LANES SAFETY FIRST FOR BILLERS Investigate Gardiner eccon Rd connect grade North + soul separation open up N-S thrugh humber loop turnel (as per old)

to Humber Parklawn Better bike path occess Separate bike

Refer to tuipe 3 LANE The dechors of parklasin under PARKLAWN the gardiner is OFTEN flooded luney rainfall, of a hazard to dive through

lanes

LAKE SHORE Humber loop Tunnel QUEENSWAY EXPANSION CONNECTION CONVERT TO ROAD HUMBER LOOP CONNECTION

n above map): Ellis Avenue,

IMPROVE HIGHVA Access NO LEFT HAND TURNS

Boul from the Metro

limit OEW to

during rush hour

Scary hear five Stan For cors + pedestians

There is a NO eft turn sign

netro entrance

Park Lawn Lake Shore Transportation Master Plan

SOUTH BEACH

What we heard in Phase 1

Activities included 2 public workshops, stakeholder meetings, an online survey, print and digital communications to reach all residents, businesses, and local community groups.

Consider making

the walk to

Mimico Stu.

less threatening.

More sidewalky

Public events were attended by 130 participants, and 415 responses were received to the online survey. A complete summary of Phase 1 consultation activities can be found on the project website www.toronto.ca/parklawnlakeshore.

TRANSIT

- Support for a new GO Station to service the study area while maintaining Mimico GO Station
- Create a new streetcar line LRT routes; optimize/add bus routes
- Consider other locations for a new transit hub / transit loop, or improve existing Humber Loop (i.e., access for cyclists and pedestrians)
- Improve service frequency; create an integrated fare structure

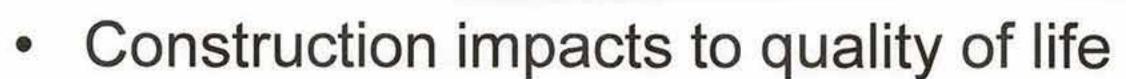
ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION

- Create a continuous east-west bike lane along Lake Shore Boulevard West
- Create separate cycle paths to reduce congestion on trails and pathways
- Enhance cycling and walking network through existing and future infrastructure

ROAD NETWORK

- Create new connections across the Coding to Expressway and reduce 'choke point across the Humber River
- Improve access to the Gardiner Expressway,
 Ontario Food Terminal, and other properties
- New turning lanes at Park Lawn and Lake Shore are working well; signal synchronization needs improvement

Additional comme related to:



- Safety concerns for all road users
- Development & population increases
- Parking demands



Hevery light

people will

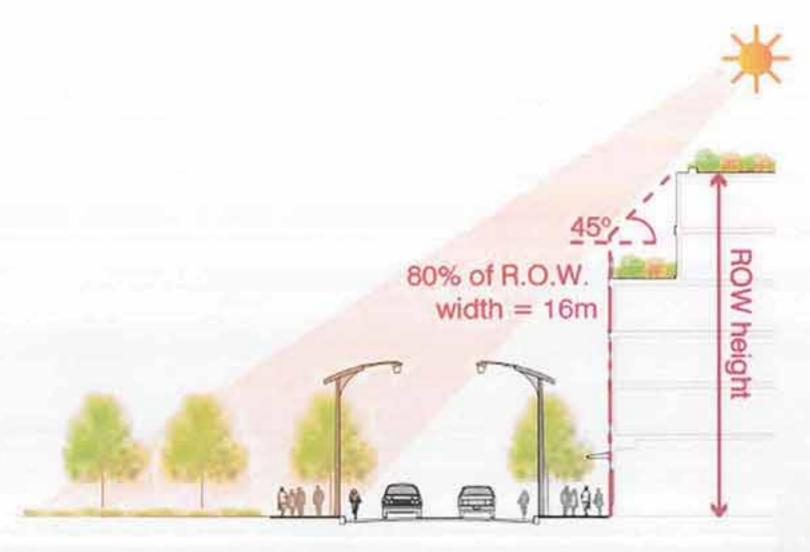
15 green

Built Form Pedestrian Comfort



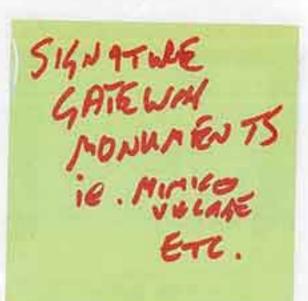
KEY DIRECTIONS

Locating, orienting, and designing buildings to minimize shadowing and adverse wind conditions on adjacent streets, parks and open spaces, while providing weather protection along all streets.



SUNLIGHT ACCESS

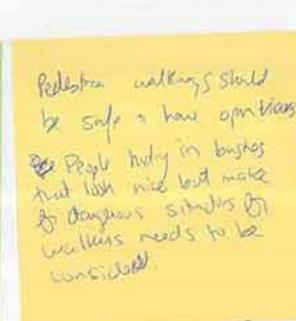
A minimum of 5-hours of sunlight on streets or open spaces between the spring equinox and fall equinox will ensure the viability of green spaces and comfort of pedestrians.

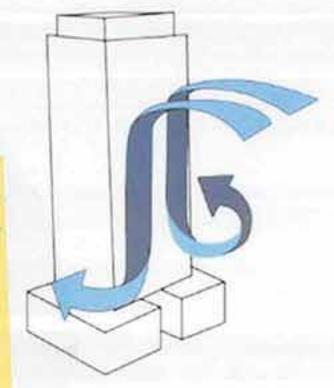


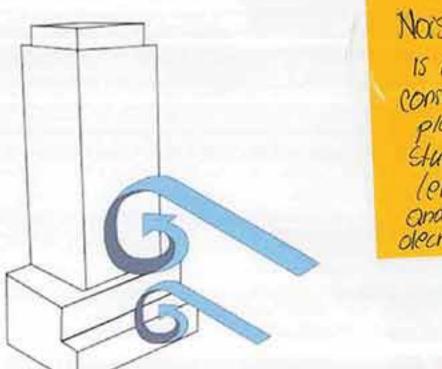
WIND EFFECTS

Step backs from base buildings can be used to reduce undesirable downward wind flows. The proportion of base building step backs and their influence on the wind is affected by the height of the surroundings. Base building roof areas that are inaccessible to pedestrians can be used to mitigate against downward wind flows and improve conditions at grade.





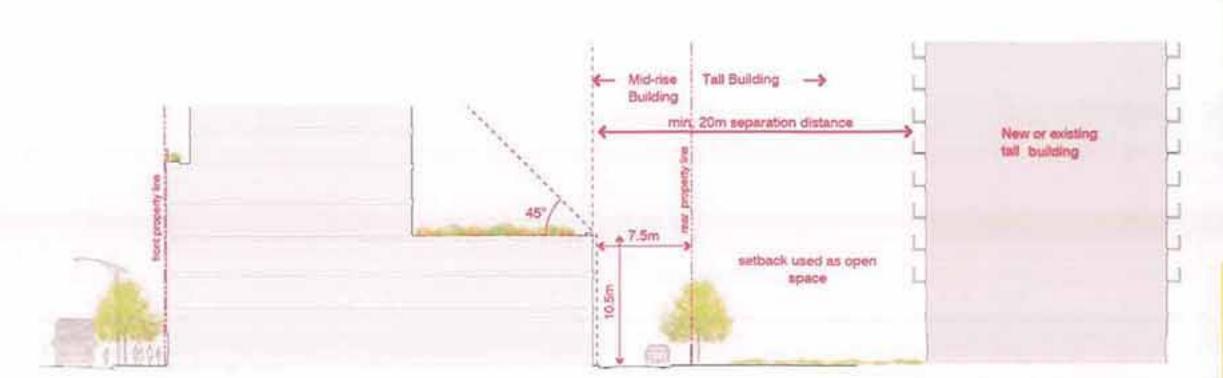




please provide enough separate to put greenways bolon buildings

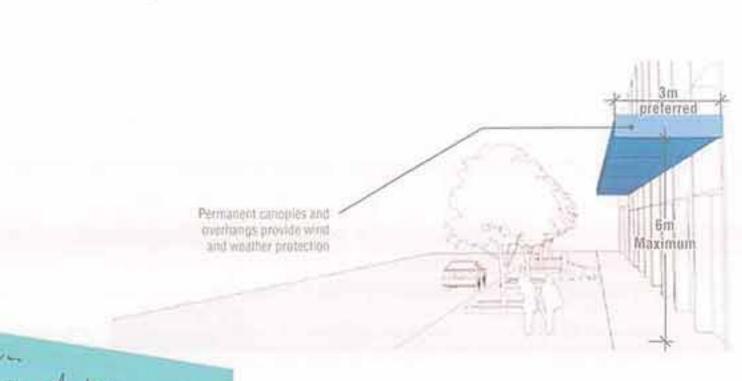
SEPARATION DISTANCE

Development will provide adequate privacy, sunlight and sky views for occupants of new and existing buildings by ensuring adequate distance and separation between building walls.



More regulations
on building
clistance - we don't
want to become
downtown where noone
gets sunlight b/c & building

Provide alternate safe pedestrian/ cycle route to Queen sway from Lubeshore



time of les.

Signal from Lakedore

to Park Lawn Long

delays are common

now (up to 5 light was

This used to be a

longer Latitum signal

WEATHER PROTECTION

Permanent pedestrian weather protection, such as overhangs or canopies will

maximize pedestria will need a good

Will need a good HUAC system to Counter pollution from the Grandiner Huy.

ensure that green planting suits the environmentenvironmentindipenous species wildlife species wildlife

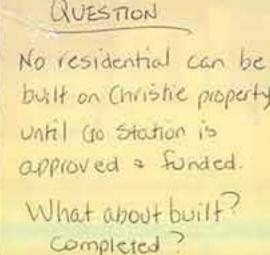


Built Form Conceptual Site Design

Trail along track so peop con move the 60 stations.

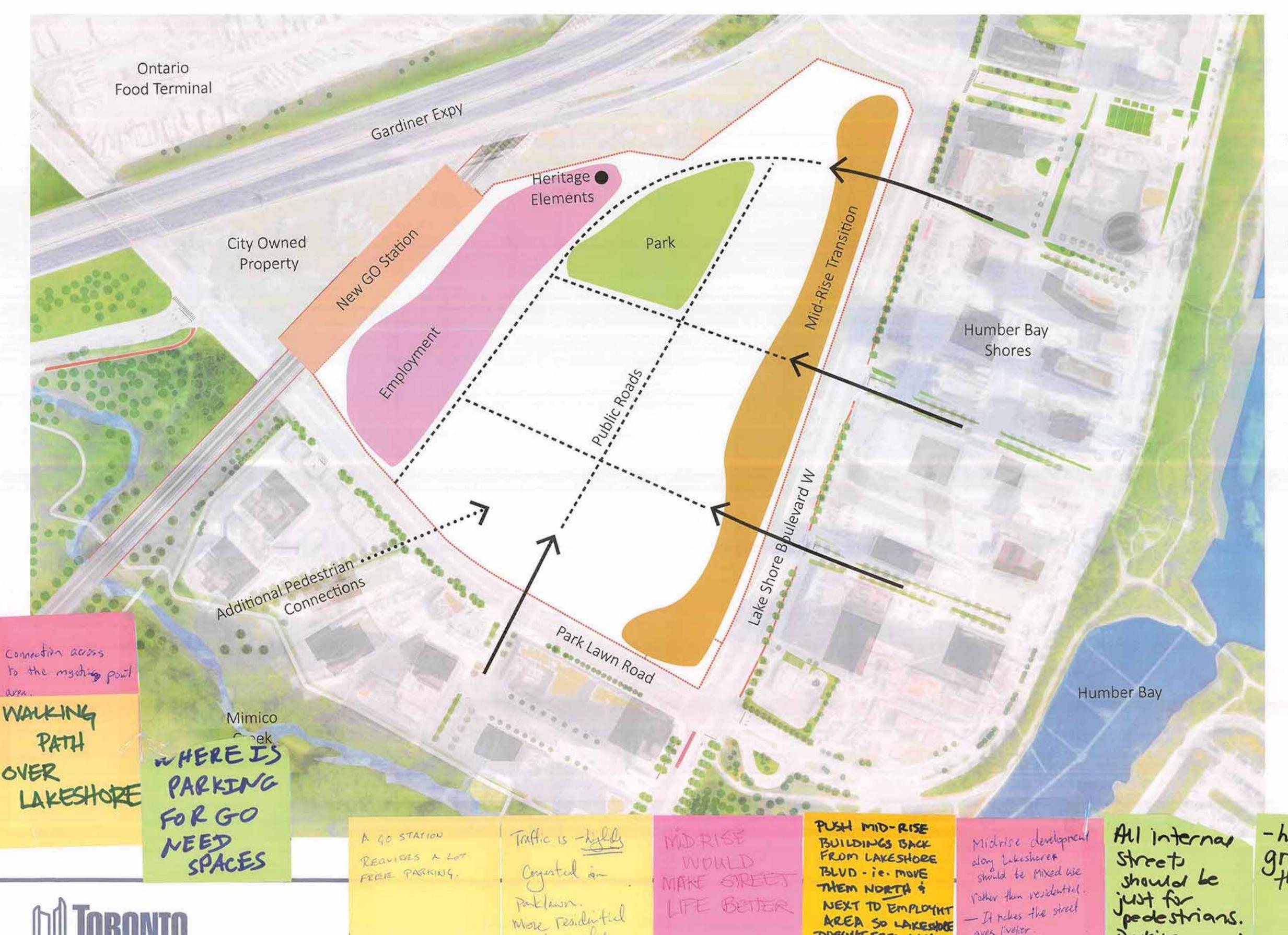
hease - large track countryed/ calles / patrios Wasking Concourse

approved a funded What about built?



KEY DIRECTIONS

New buildings will be located and scaled to fit with the existing and planned context. They will frame and support adjacent streets, parks and open spaces, and will improve safety, pedestrian comfort and interest.



must resolve the traffic problem

- New GO Station to provide opportunities for Transit Oriented Development for new and existing residents.
- Extension of existing roads into the site as public roads to break the site into smaller blocks.
- Large public park as a focal point for the neighbourhood
- Over 90,000 m² of employment provided close to the new GO Station and provide accessible Transit Oriented Development.
- Incorporation of the water tower.
- Mid-rise buildings along Lake Shore Boulevard West to correspond to lower density on the south side of Lake Shore frontage.
- The view to Downtown from the Gardiner Expressway, through the site, framed by buildings in Humber Bay Shores will be protected.
- Building heights and massing will be determined through analysis of built form conditions.

- higher and q green space. than buildings

THE TRAFFIC FLUM SETVETON LETT THAN PORIL LAND TO GARDINER MERILE Putting in MORE COMOES! but that so it time was ore

USXISHING context has already way too many tall buildings

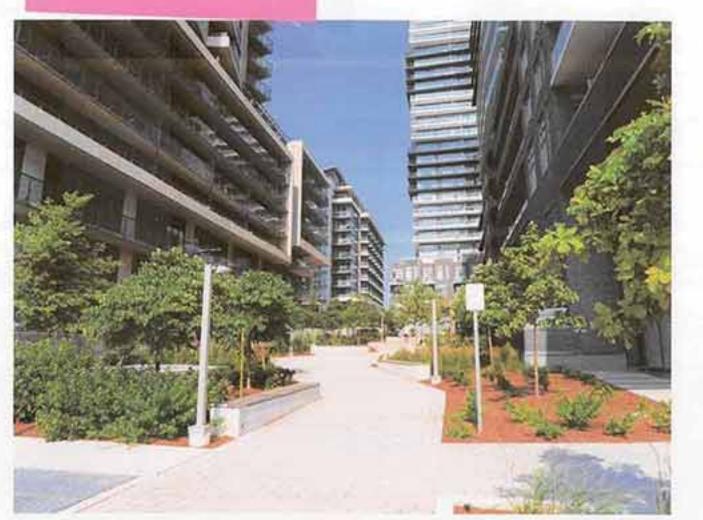
sincl commercial to such as restaurant

Built Form Public Realm



KEY DIRECTION

Creating a unique identity for the neighbourhood through cohesive design of public and private spaces



MID-BLOCK CONNECTIONS

Mid-block connections make travel more convenient, link public and private spaces, and open up interesting place-making opportunities between buildings.

BUILDING SETBACKS

Setting buildings back at grade to expand the sidewalk creates more space for pedestrians, healthy street trees and plantings, sidewalk cafes, marketing areas and other seating or gathering places.



BLOOR BLOOR BLOOR FOR DOWN CENTRAL W SEE N COLLEGE FOR DOWN CENTRAL W SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks For Down To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks College For Down Central w SEE N To alto Side walks For Down For Down

PUBLIC VIEWS

Buildings, including the CN Tower, which compose the Downtown skyline, must be viewed clearly from the eastbound lanes of the Gardiner Expressway at the bend just past Park Lawn (View 1b of the map). The view across Jean Augustine Park to the lake, framed by buildings in Humber Bay Shores, is also important.

PRIVATELY-OWNED PUBLICLY ACCESSIBLE SPACES (POPS)

POPS are not intended to replace public parks, but instead are an important way to expand the public realm onto private property to increase outdoor space and local amenity.



fousing



TOO MUCH HOUSING ANDTRAFFIC ACREADY

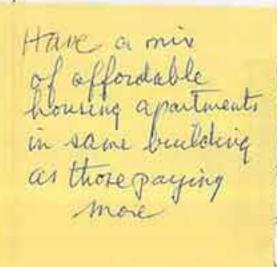
KEY DIRECTION

Requiring a range of unit sizes, forms, tenures and affordability to meet the needs of current and future residents

VERTICAL COMMUNITIES

A complete community, regardless of its form (low-rise, mid-rise or tall building), is one that meets the daily needs of its residents. It offers more than just a place to live, but a range of housing choices, access to higher-order transit, a high-quality public realm, community services and neighbourhood amenities.

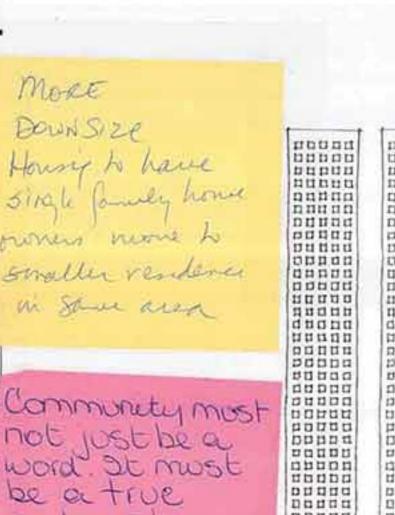
These amenities have the same level of importance in newly planned vertical communities as in more traditional low-rise neighbourhoods.



Consider Senior housing options as well







Auto gridlock too much housing in thearea

Residential Housing is at Saturation in Humber Boy No more

-Rise Community 1: 150,700 m2

eys: up to 4

lande the work s: 450 solves like wen-

people that work from home. - Virtual Conference

Rooms/Computer Rm-

Should not also buildy of me 1 bed with they sty supt on get ranked by crimmos? New on let if femiliartent scarcity dives to prio 4?

vesidentialinsufficient or allowable with 14 restructure currently

Vertical Community

Area: 10,780 m2

Units: 450

is there a way to

Storeys: 25 More housing units in this area is not acceptable Too much Loaw on critical older infrastructure already

WHY IS AFFORDABLE HOUSING IMPORTANT?

The Site and Area Specific Policy for the Christie's site requires the provision of affordable housing through either the conveyance of land or units to the City or the provision of affordable rental units. These statistics indicate the need for affordable housing in the area:

Nearly half (49%) of all renter households in the study area experience housing affordability stress (pay 30% or more of their pre-tax income on shelter). *

Approximately 39% of all households in the study area are renter households. *

> Construction of Townhouses with ARED EGALLE ONLES FOR have been kenting for

The average asking rent for a condominium apartment in the study area is \$2,444 (compared to \$2,232 for the City of Toronto as a whole).

Based on all condominium apartments available for rent during the second quarter of 2019.

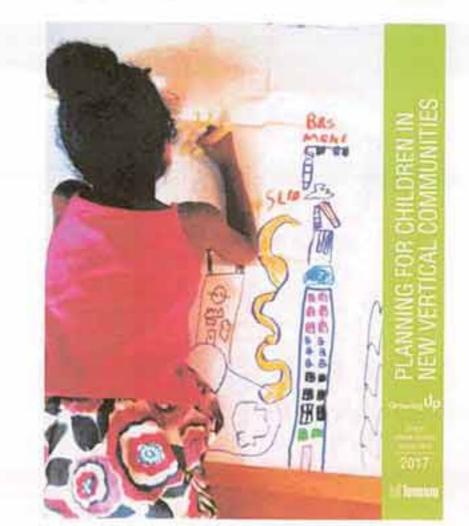
Source: Urbanation Inc. Online Database

How much affordable housing will there

Condo, units

for families

"GROWING UP" GUIDELINES



, nere's

too much

congestion

inthis grea

alread

condo

The Growing Up: Planning for Children in New Vertical Communities guidelines aim to integrate family-oriented des 3 bearow). into the planning of new multi-unit residential developments. guidelines provide guidance on the proportion and size of la units recommended in new developments in order better accommodate the needs of families with children.

14% of all households in the area are family households with children. *



Approximately 5% of housing units in the area have three (3) bedrooms or more. Most housing units are 1bedroom (50%) and 2-bedroom units (44%).

RGI AND SUPPORTIVE PHISHOLA

SENIORS HOUS W G pulation 2016 VARIOUS

tics Canada, FERMS

the original building design ste

Please not just chiudren New And building Vertical communities community must must be mean establishing designed for ways/amenties/ systems into ALL AGES the original

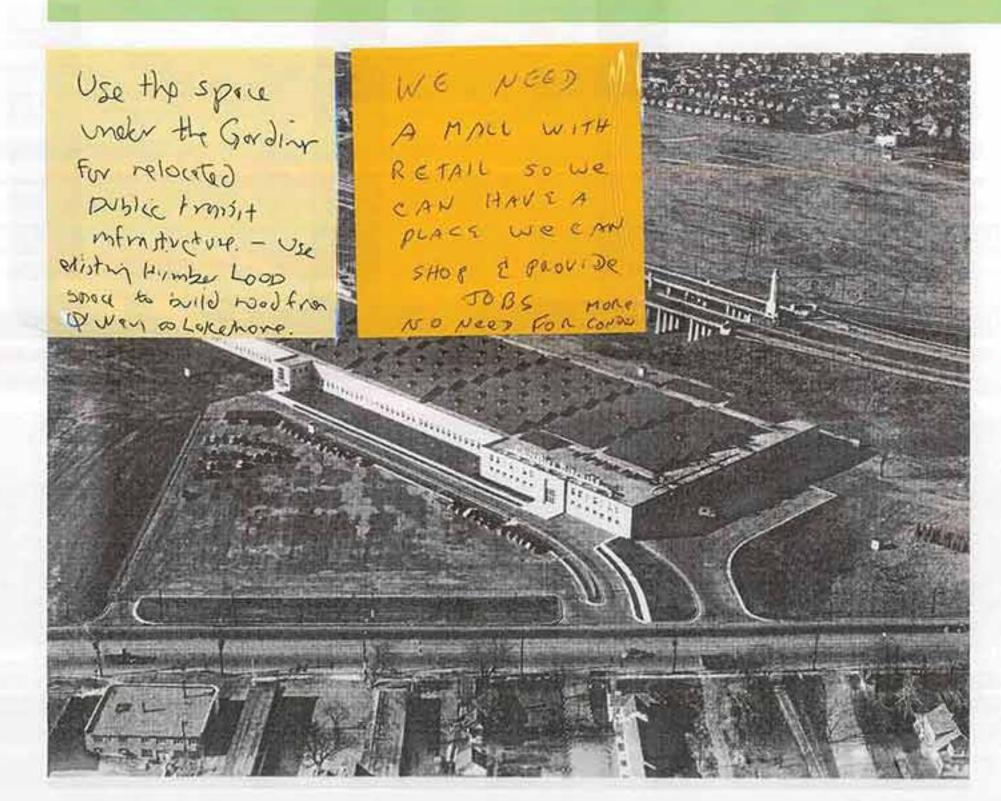
30 x 40° Cuttine to fit foam core panels

Heritage Preservation

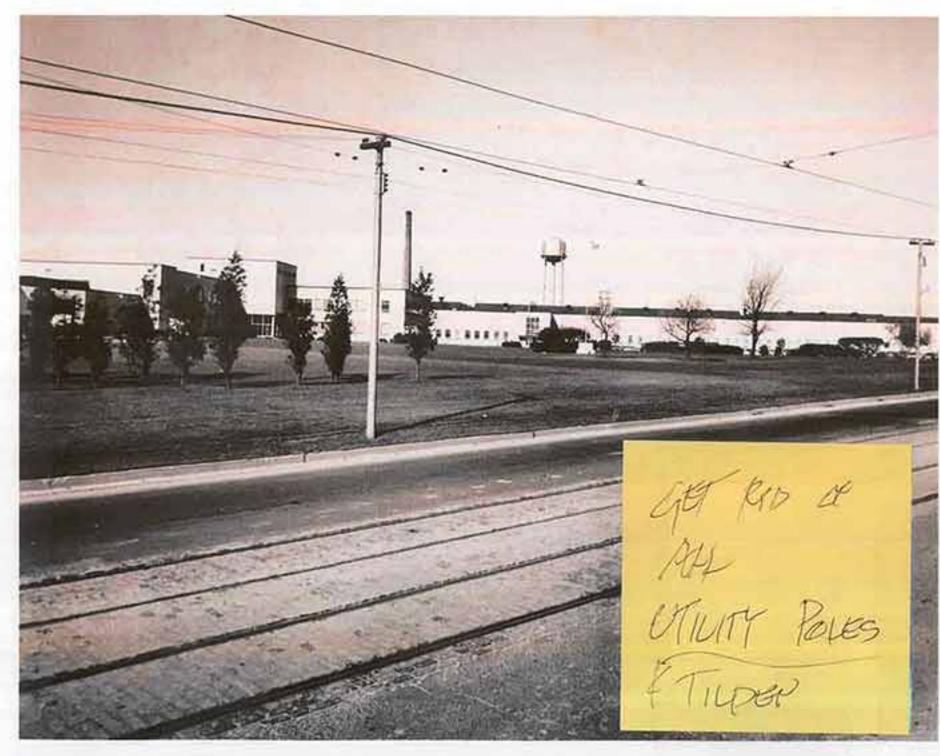


KEY DIRECTION

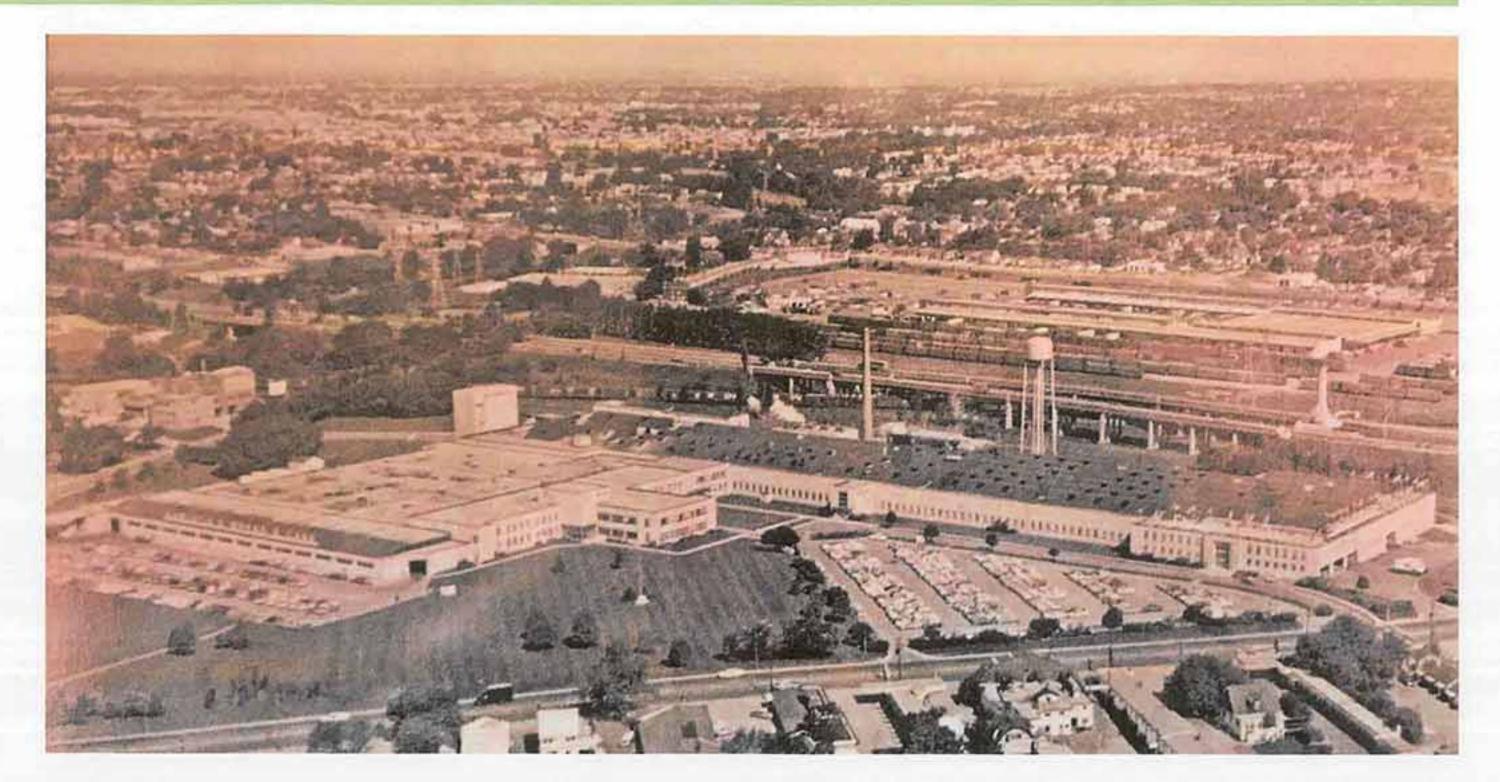
Evaluating and conserving the cultural heritage value of the property, particularly the existing water tower.



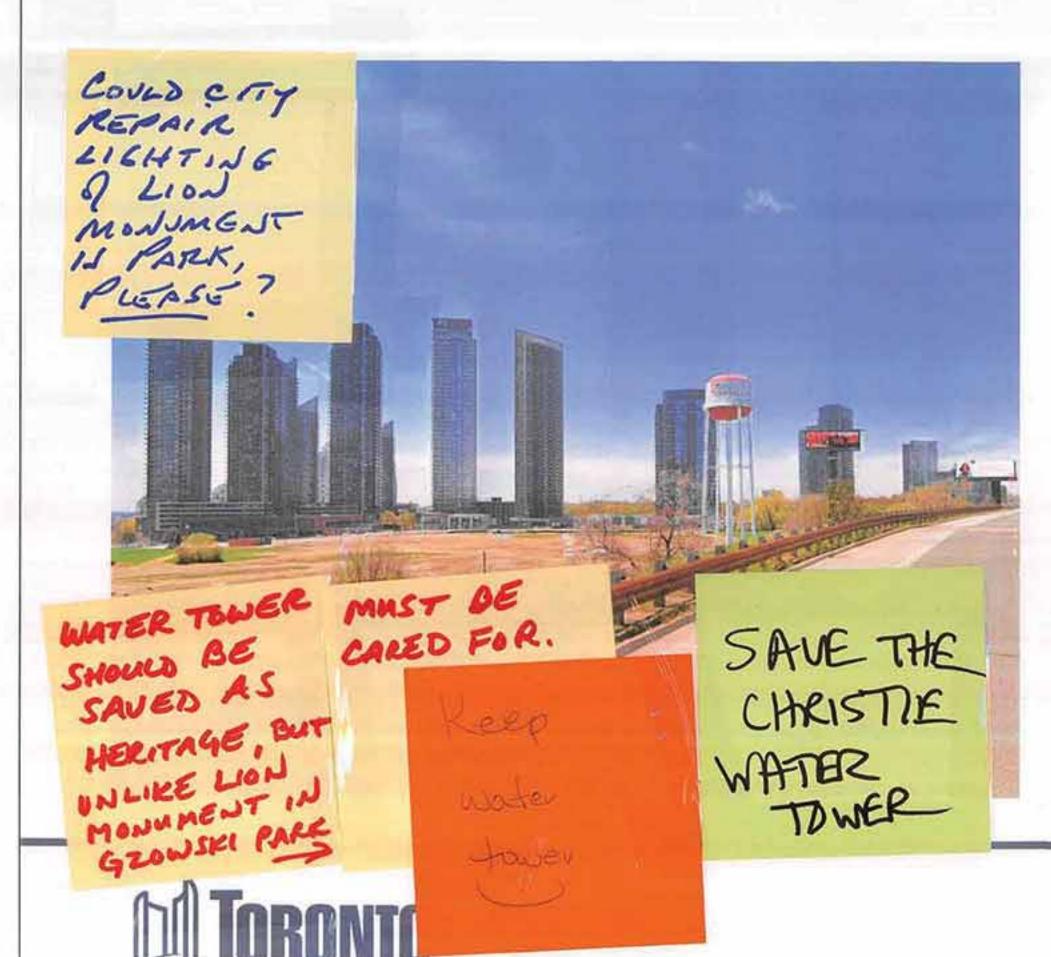
1950 – Aerial of Christie's Bakery Source: Christie Brown Local Archives



1958 - Christie's Bakery taken from Lake **Shore Boulevard West** Source: City of Toronto Archives



1963 - Aerial photo of the Christie's Bakery Source: Christie Brown Local Archives



Constructed in 1949-1950, the Christie's Bakery water tower is the only remaining structure on the site and a city-wide landmark visible from all surrounding roads, including the Gardiner Expressway and Lake Shore Blvd. In November 2016, Etobicoke York Community Council WILL WATER TOWN adopted a request for City Staff to evaluate the water tower for inclusion of the City's Heritage by who by CITY OR CAN Register. IT BE LEAGED

A conservation strategy for this resource will be part of the Secondary Plan process.

lower does Current or future community. AST is imp!

elevated here? 5 There room

TOWER BE MADE SIMILAR Keep water USEFUL PERHAPS TO RELYCLE WATER FOR WATERING THE PARK AS AN EXAMPLE Z

tower + make It more Visible

USES can be put in the Water tower?

to be used w/ City waterman to increase water ses pressure of meet area water needs.



BY GRO UPS

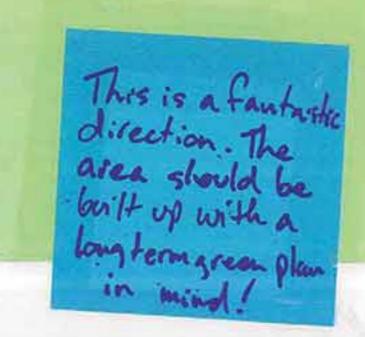
INTERESTED IN

Zero Emissions Development



KEY DIRECTIONS

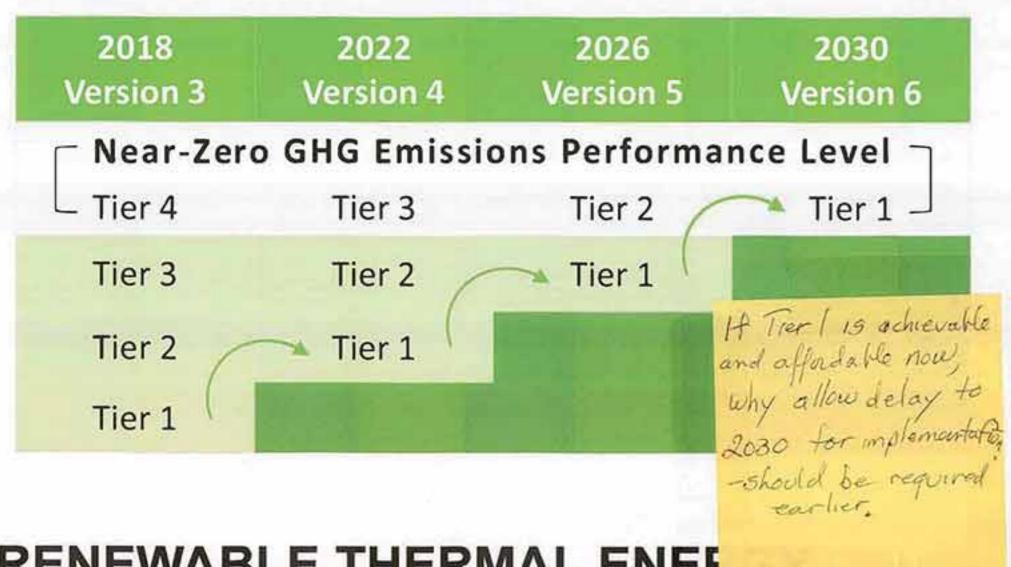
- 1. Target zero emissions for all new development (TGS Version 3 Tier 4).
- Design energy systems to access renewable thermal energy from municipal infrastructure.
- Evaluate options for energy sharing between buildings through a thermal network (district energy system).



TORONTO GREEN STANDARD (TGS)

The TGS specifies sustainability requirements for new development, including energy performance and GHG emissions.

Tier 1 represents the minimum requirements; other Tiers are voluntary, with an incentive for higher performance. By 2030 all new development will be required to achieve near-zero emissions.



IRBAN VERTICAL FARM BUILDING: - \$ POTENTIAL DUTILIZE PROXIMITY OF FOOD TERMINA

WHAT IS ZERO EMISSIONS DEVELOPMENT?

A zero-emissions development is where buildings are designed to use as little energy as possible and any energy that is required comes from lowcarbon, renewable sources.

To achieve a low-emissions development energy efficiency must be integrated into all elements of the building design including building orientation, massing, envelope, insulation levels and

minimized air leakage. preserving trees along Go train transit comider specially west

> of parle lawn Dublely ALLESS V Eu drugy on -stc

Sustamable resilent bandings % Calson notherral Developments. Stander polletion from QEW Highway Capture omissions, build Noise barriers

Green Roof on Condo

Community gardens + Condos of EV charging

What sustainability features are most important to you?

NEW BUILDING CODE SHOULD REQUIRE MURE ACERESIVE ENERY CONSERVATION GOALS eg. no halugen bulbs

ZERO EMISSIN

BULLDNG-S

GALDINAL ALTO

10 OFF SET

Em 1951mb

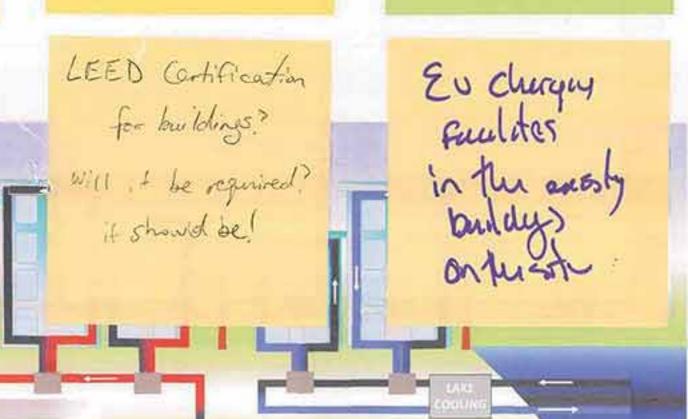


ELEHENTS

Each Building LOW VEHICLE MIREE Bower for itself. LOWER CONSUMPTIONS OF HYDED WATEL BETTER USE OF NATURAL Wind, Solor

This is 9000 !!

> Good Drechan





The key to achieving zero emissions new development is using renewable thermal energy for heating and cooling. Examples in Toronto include solar thermal heating, geo-exchange (i.e. ground-source), sewer heat recovery, and lake water cooling. Energy Developers are relatively new actors in Toronto that are implementing these systems by partnering with real estate developers on projects.



Climate Resilience



KEY DIRECTIONS

- 1. Design streets and development sites to absorb, retain and detain 90% of rain and snowmelt
- 2. Enhance the quality and quantity of biodiversity by providing opportunities for refuge, food, resting areas and by planting a diversity of native species.

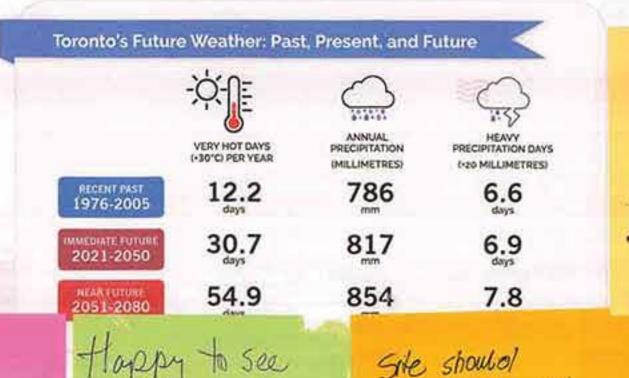
TORONTO GREEN STANDARD MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- 3. Provide adequate space and soil for healthy tree growth.
- 4. Design to prepare for future weather events, for example ensuring minimum back-up power is provided in the event of a power outage.

CLIMATE RESILIENCE

The climate is changing and Toronto must adapt. The City expects hotter, drier summers with more heat waves, warner and milder winters, and fewer but much more intense, spring, summer and fall rainfall events.

These new weather patterns will affect how buildings, landscapes, infrastructure and the public realm are designed to be resilient. The Christie's development offers an opportunity to lay a foundation to not just survive future shocks and stress, but to thrive with a resilient community.



Site should or plasinum creffred. · that will assure are sustainable and



BIRD-FRIENDLY

DEVELOPMENT

GUIDELINES



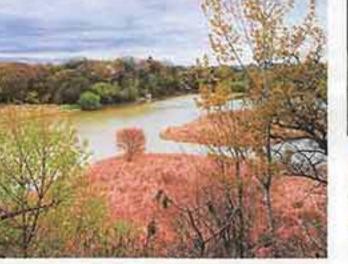


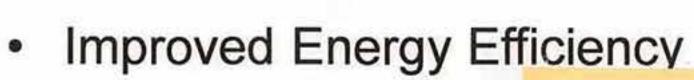




the park is a success USE OF SOLAR FOR GENERAL USAGE







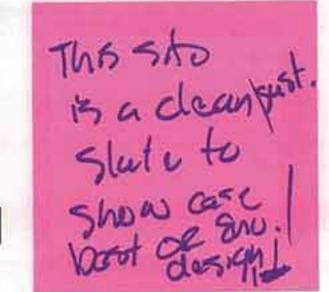
- Green roofs
- Cycling Infrastructure
- No invasive species
- On-site storm water water re-use
- 'Cool' paving

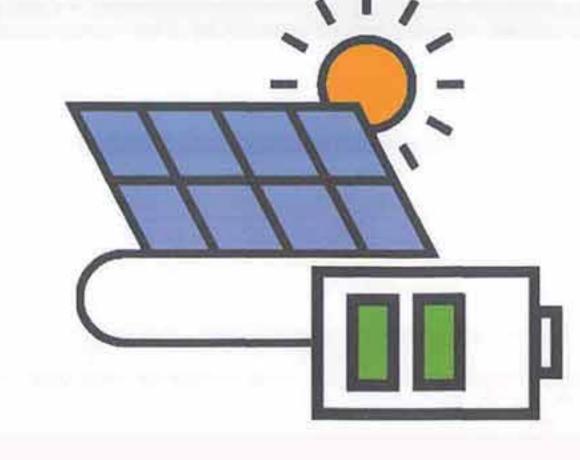
crucial

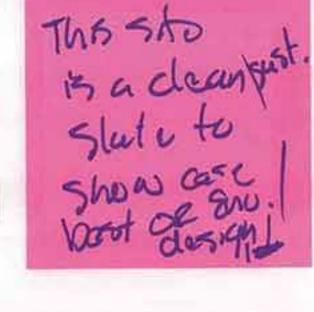
MINIMUM BACKUP POWER

Backup power for essential services in residential buildings (e.g. water pumps, elevators, common areas) allows residents to remain in their buildings and better cope with power outages.

Solar PV with battery storage can reduce demand on the electricity grid and provide renewable backup power during outages.







tappy to see Think about the broatures Considerature

Design to include thees nut concerns

lots of trees Buildangs - native Solar panels as an envestment

indigenous plant green Space

If it's bird and insect friendly their it's friendly for all numans.

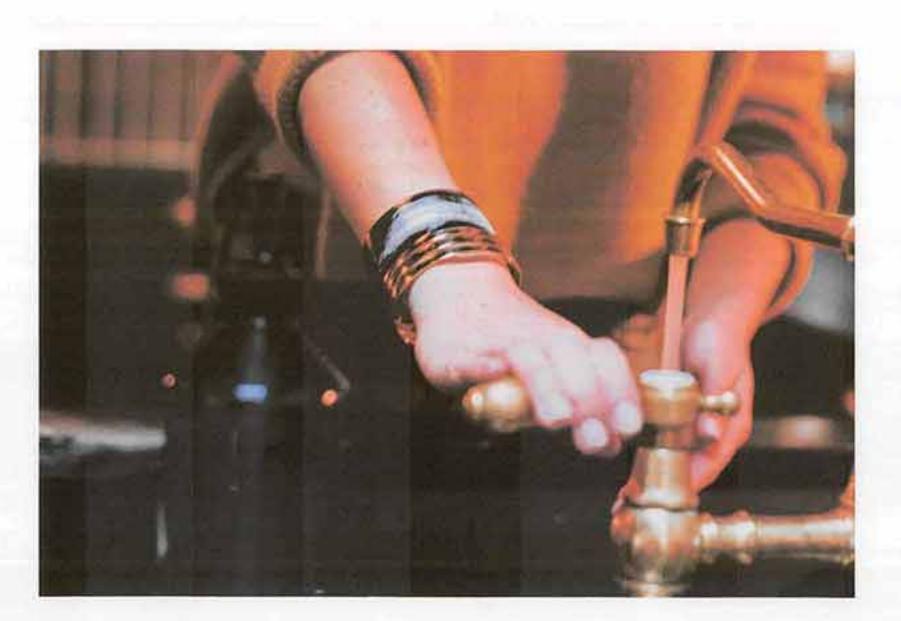
tie's Planning Study

Pipes & Wires



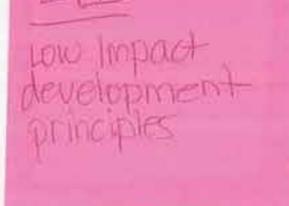
KEY DIRECTIONS

- 1. Ensure the adequate provision of municipal infrastructure to meet the needs of a low-carbon climate resilient community.
- 2. Linking infrastructure improvements to development through the phasing of the project.



DRINKING WATER

Toronto Water operates and maintains over 6,000 km of watermains which supply drinking water to the City. Linking necessary infrastructure upgrades to development is a priority for Toronto Water.

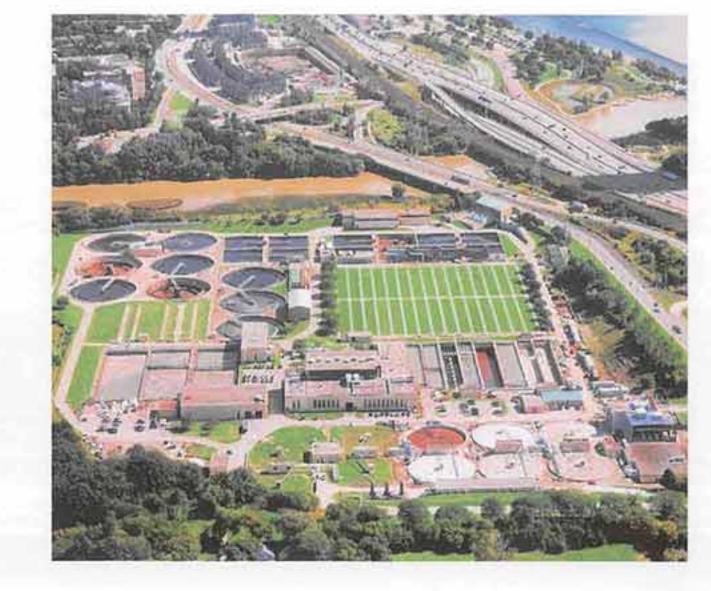


WETLANDS

STORMWATER

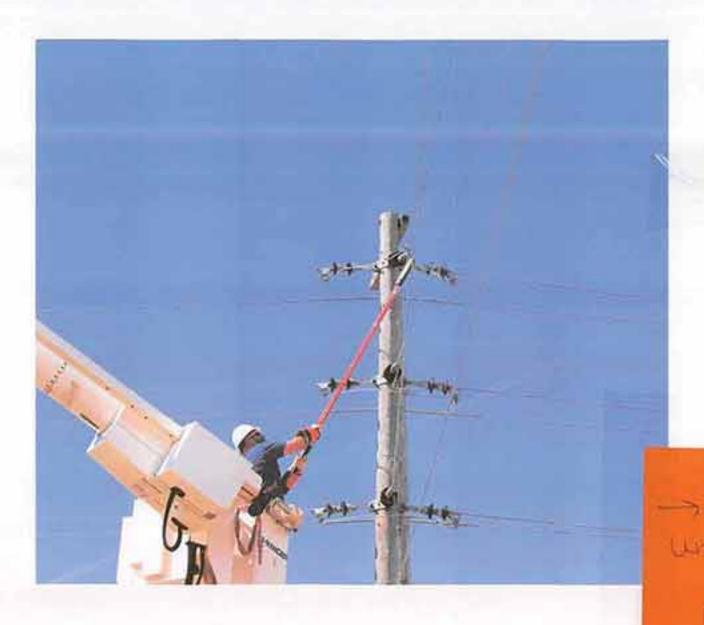
The City has implemented many projects to help manage stormwater and improve water quality in local waterways, including Lake Ontario. Investments in green infrastructure and green streets will greatly improve stormwater conditions while providing co-benefits such as reducing the impacts of heat, providing habitat and creating safe walkable environments.

These may include a rampact development stormwater management technologies, including bioswales, trees, permeable surfaces and green roofs, to increase the rate of water infiltration and decrease the volume of stormwater diverted to municipal storm drains.

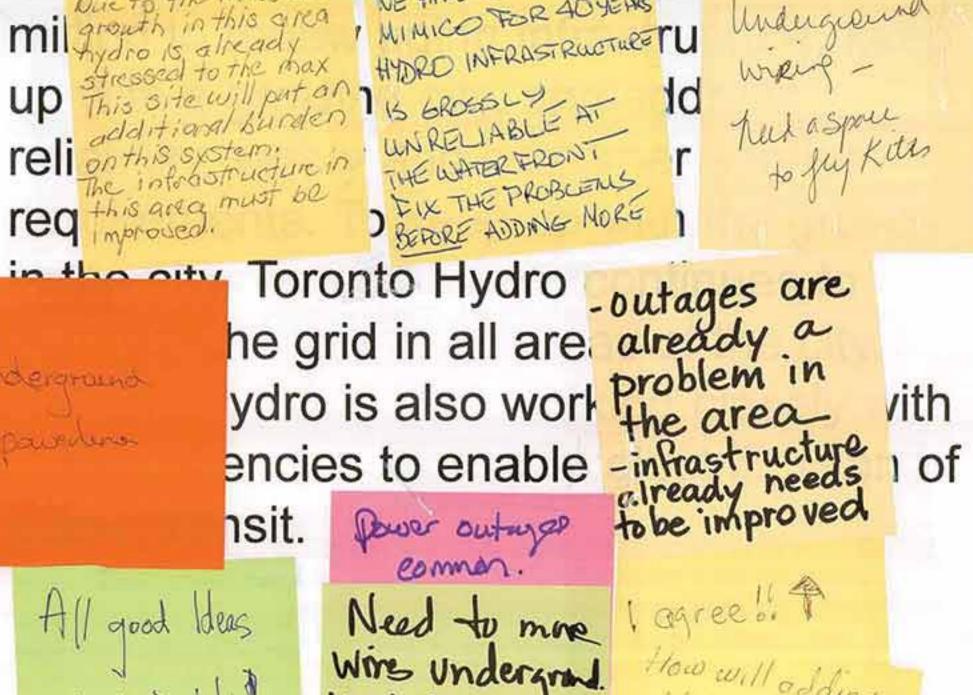


WASTEWATER

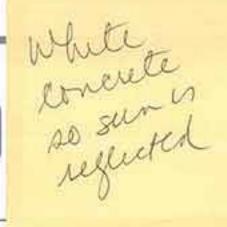
Toronto Water operates and maintains 4,000 km of sanitary sewers which convey wastewater. Existing sanitary sewers within the vicinity of the study area divert the wastewater to the Humber Wastewater Treatment Plant, which is the City's second largest wastewater treatment plant. The Study will ensure that sufficient wastewater capacity is available as development occurs.



HYDROELECTRICITY







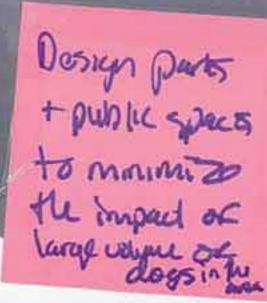
buring underground to protect from weather

normsd

Christie's

ve existing

Parks & Open Space Existing Conditions





Will Grand Now Hobbs

Park remain a park or

become high-now undos

or private space?

We need now communal,

ALL STATES SPACE!



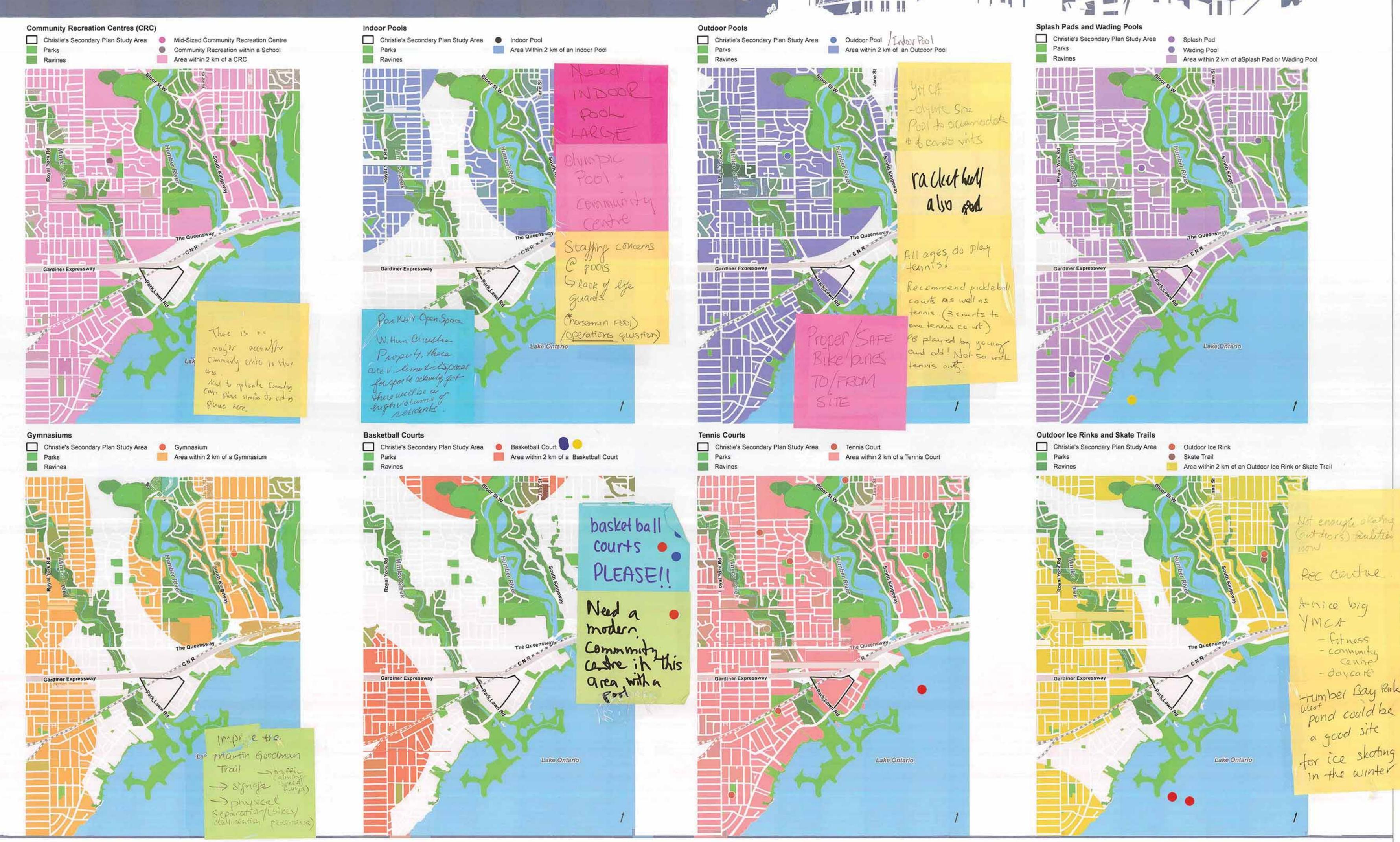
What parks do you use? Place a sticker on your favourite spaces.



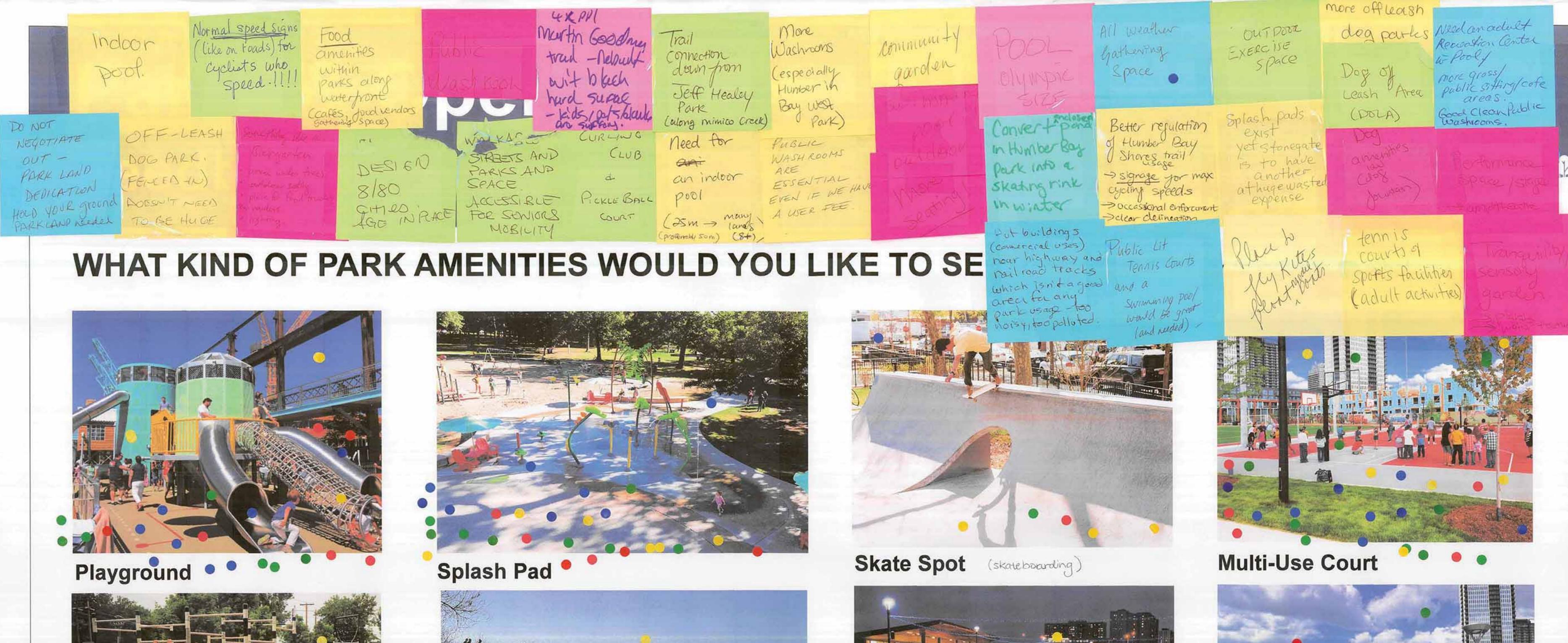
	1 nn nn nn			37 MA	H 100 1 /
No.	Park	Size (m²)		Outdoor Recreation	on Facilities/Amenities
1	Jean Augustine Park	8,053		Pathways Ornamental fountain	Note: Also known as Newpor Beach Park
2	Humber Bay Park East	206,893	•	Fieldhouse Pathways and trails Picnic area	WashroomsGarden
3	Humber Bay Park West	258,221	•	Trails Washrooms Dog Off-Leash Area	
4	Humber Bay Shores Park	73,577	•	Garden (butterfly habitat)	
5	Humber Bay Promenade Park	8,527	•	Trails Shade structure Ornamental fountains	
6	Superior Park	3,910	•	Trail	
7	Amos Waites Park	14,485	•	Outdoor pool Splash pad Table tennis	PathwaysWashrooms
8	Sir Casimir Gzowski Park	128,784	•	Playground Wading pool Fieldhouse Fitness equipment area	 Dog Off-Leash Area Ornamental fountain Picnic area and shelters Trails and pathways
9	Alexander Park	1,049		Playground	
10	Flora Voisey Park	724		Playground Shade structure	
11	Manchester Park	23,271	•	Tennis courts Playground Pathways	
12	Grand Avenue Park		-		Note: To be renamed Grand Manitoba Park
13	Jade Park	-	-		
14	2183 Lake Shore Blvd. W		~		
15	South Mimico Trail		_		Note: (Phase 1 to be completed in 2020)



Parks & Open Space Recreation Facilities Inventory

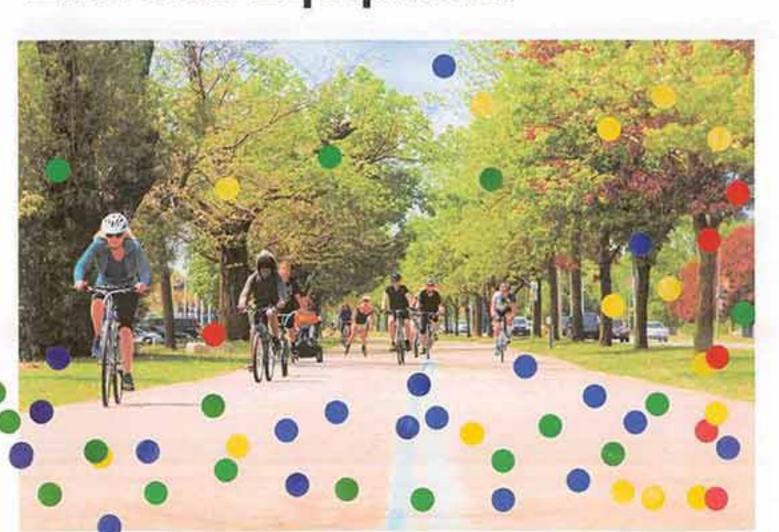


TORONTO

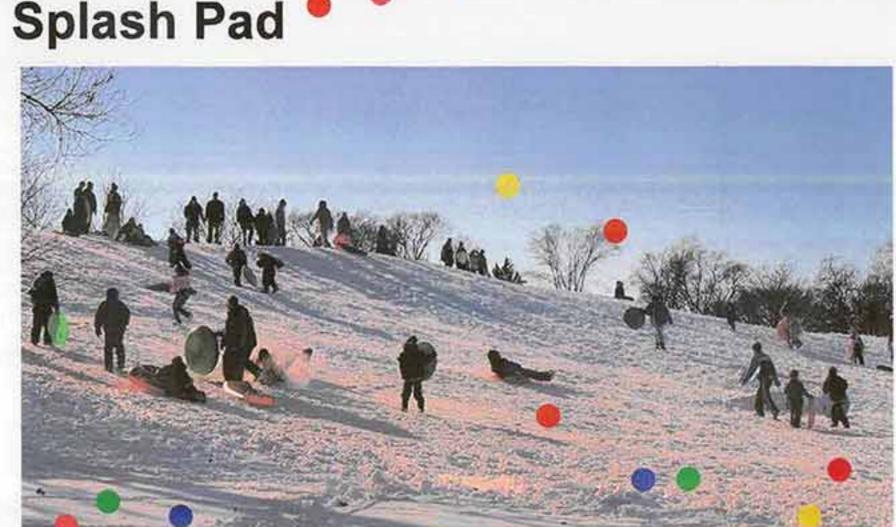




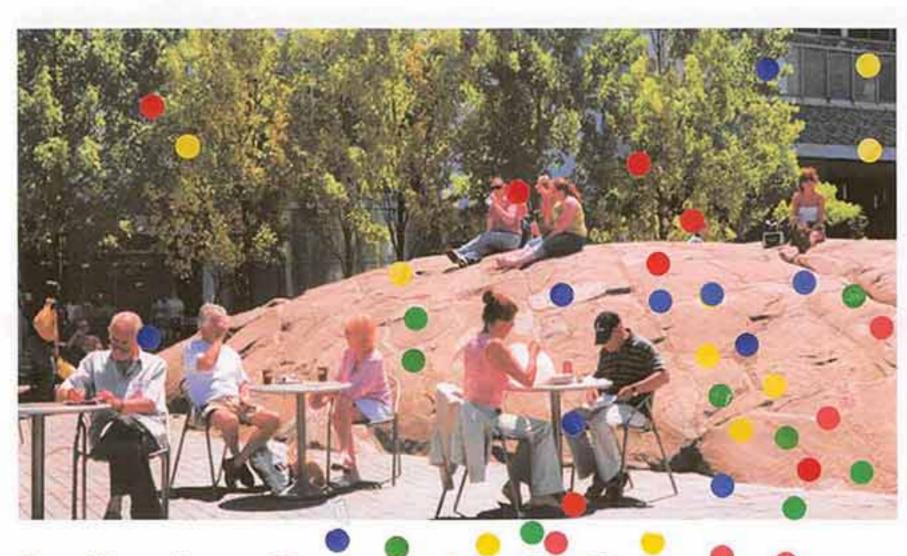
Exercise Equipment



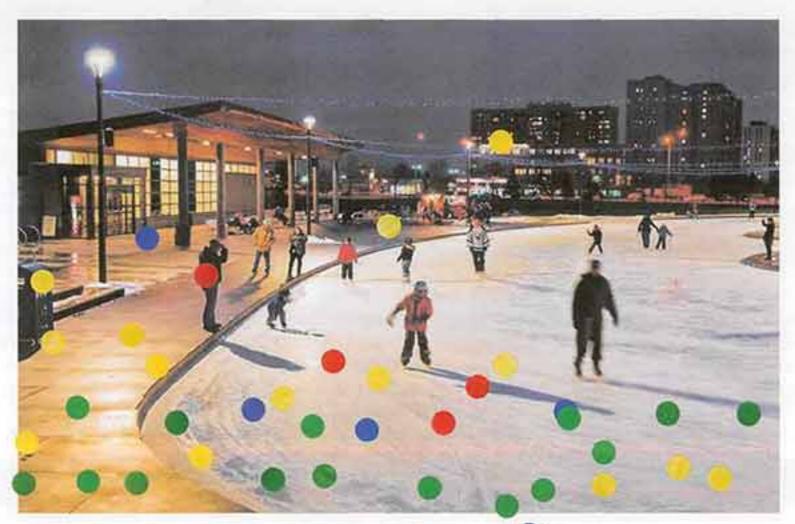
Multi-Use Trail



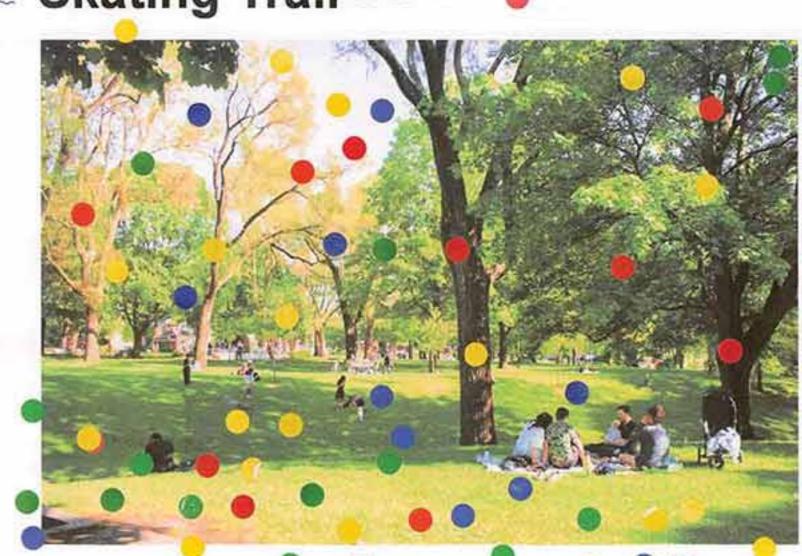
Toboggan Hill



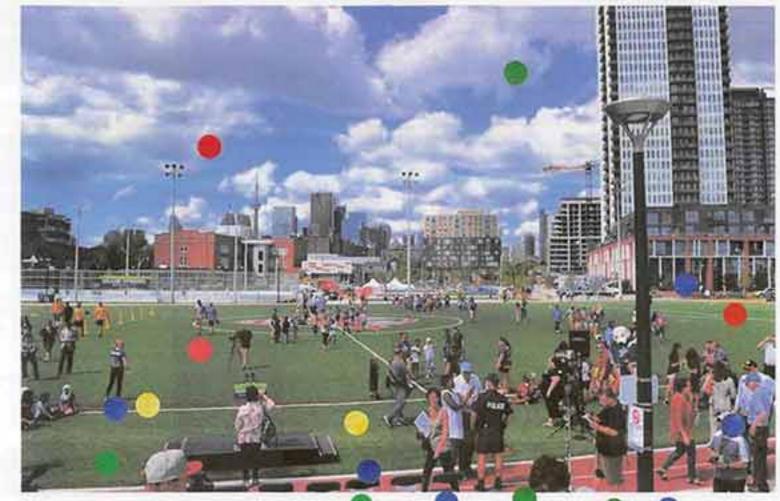
Gathering Space



Skating Trail • • •



Open Space

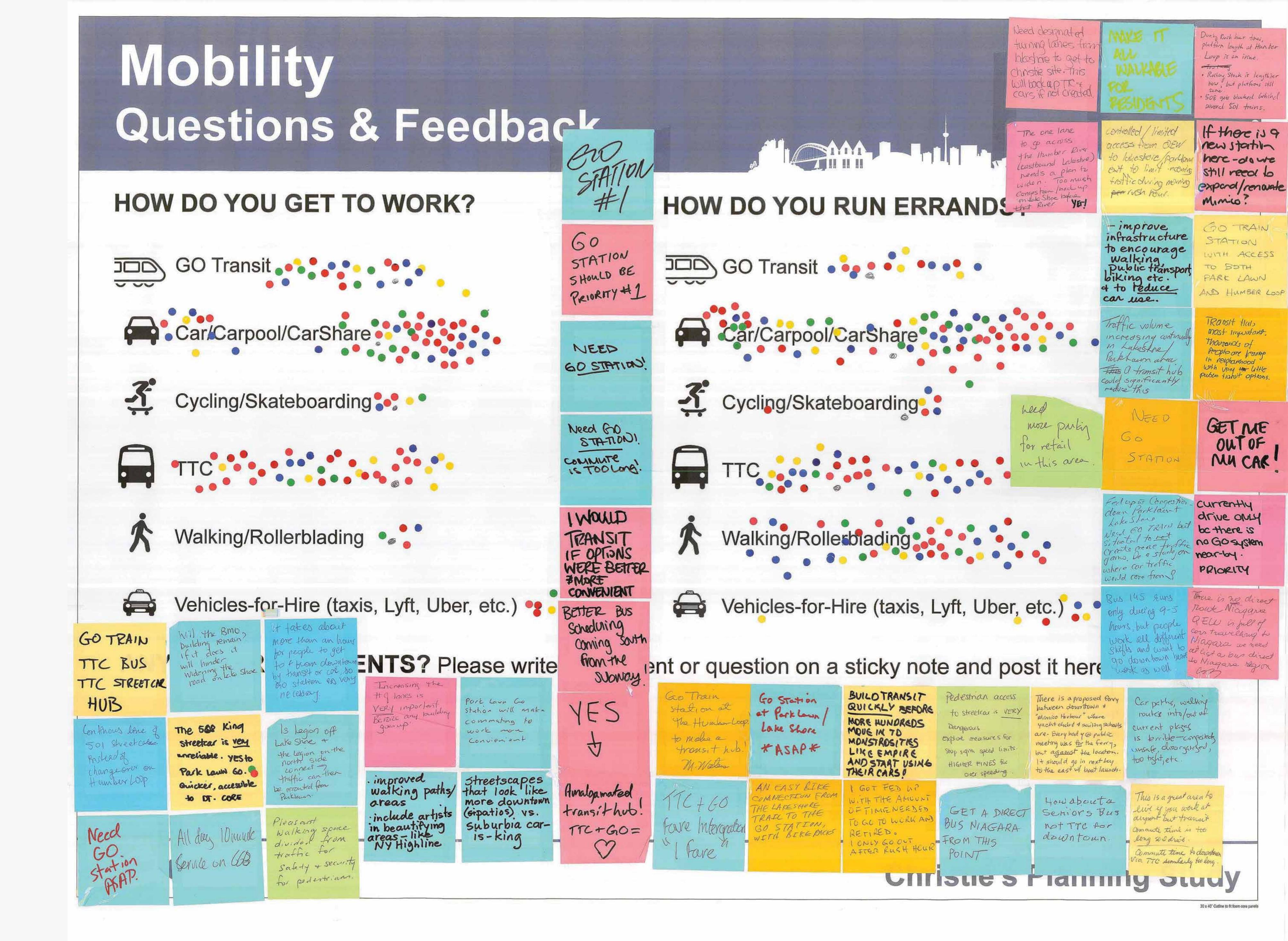


Soccer Field

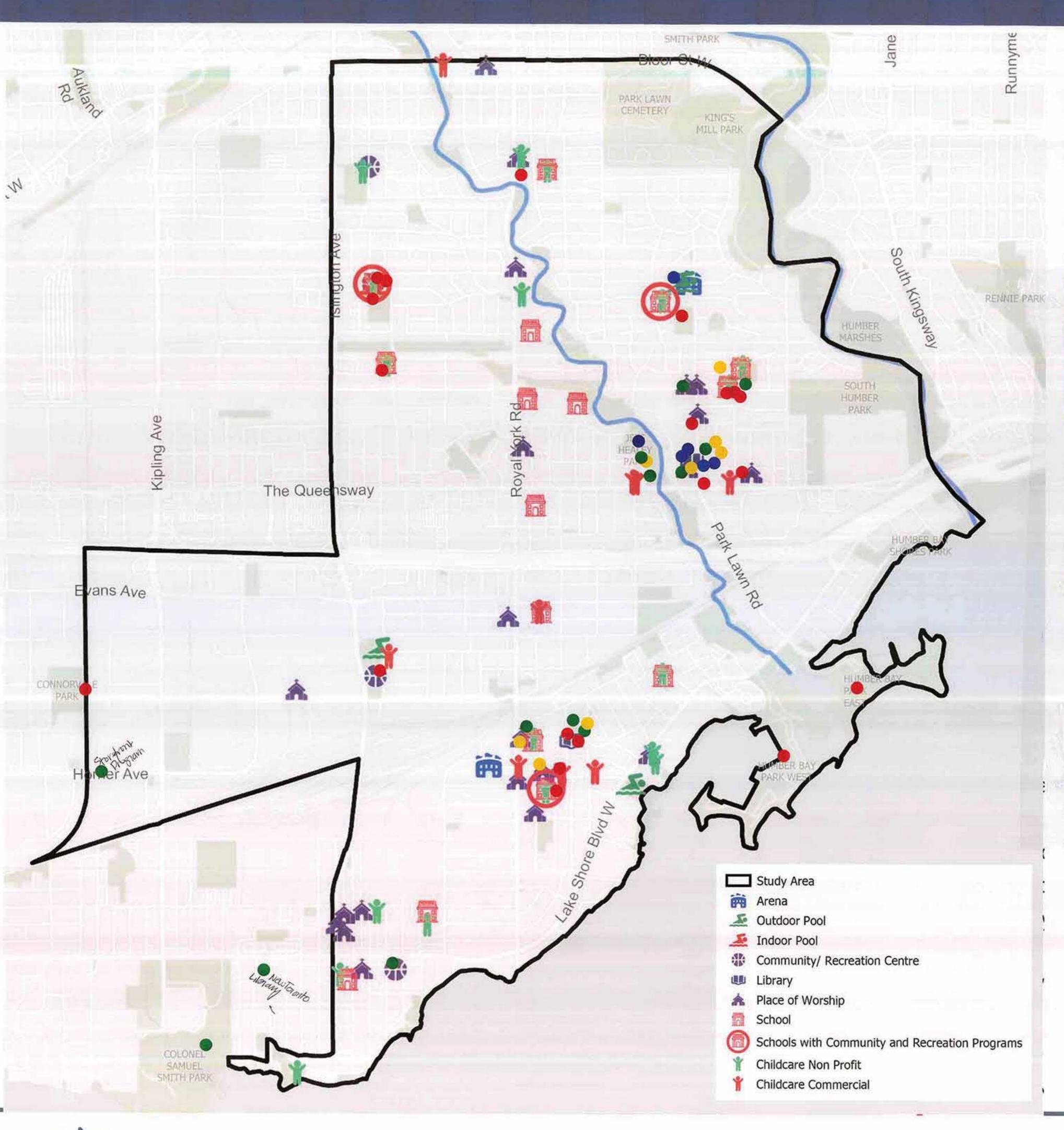


Community Garden





Community Services and Facilities Feedback



What community services and facilities do you use in the area? Put a dot on the map.

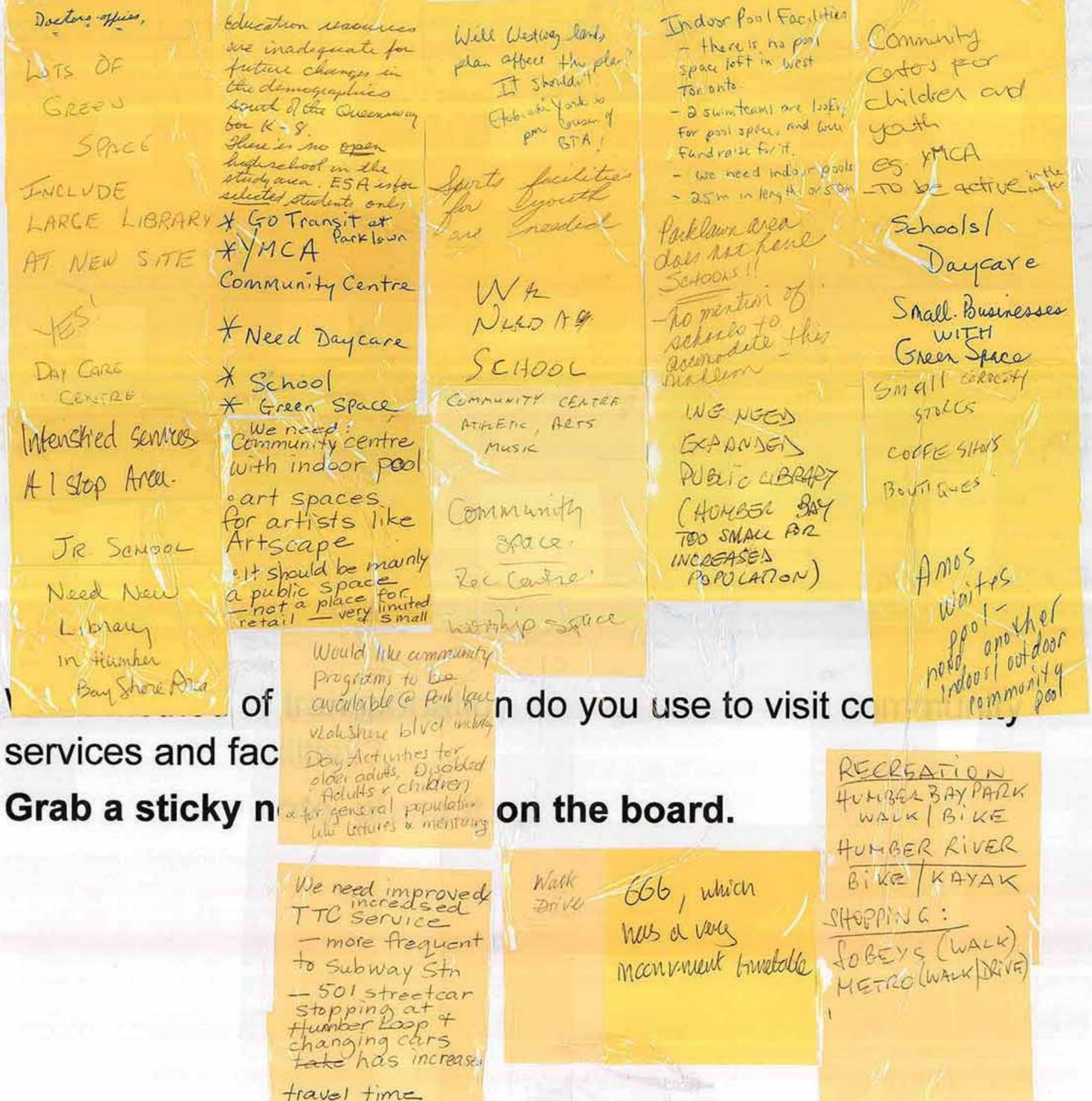
What additional community services and facilities do you think are needed in this area?

Grab a sticky note, place it on the board.

- more trequent departures at

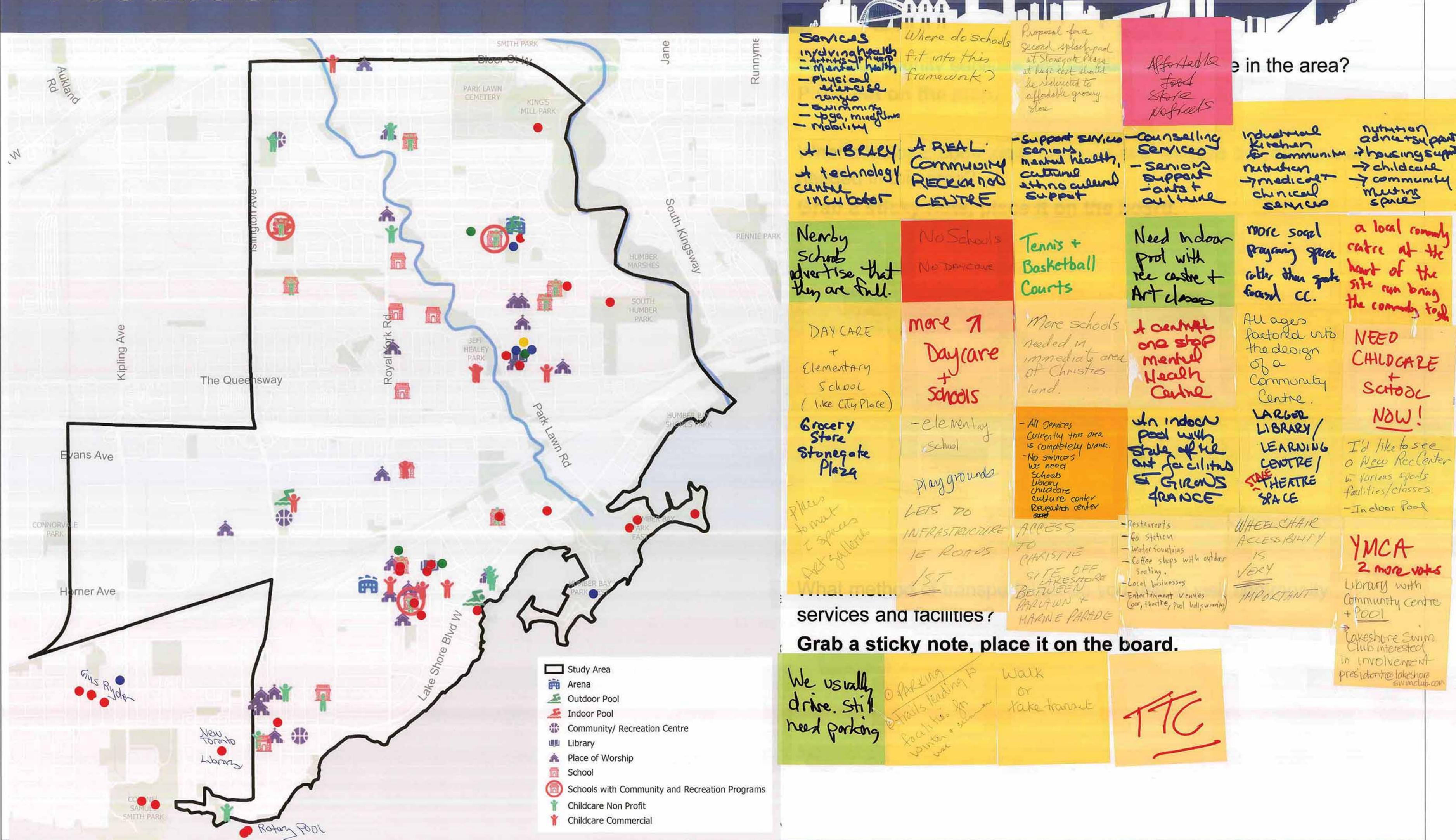
needed

Humber Loop Eastbound especially



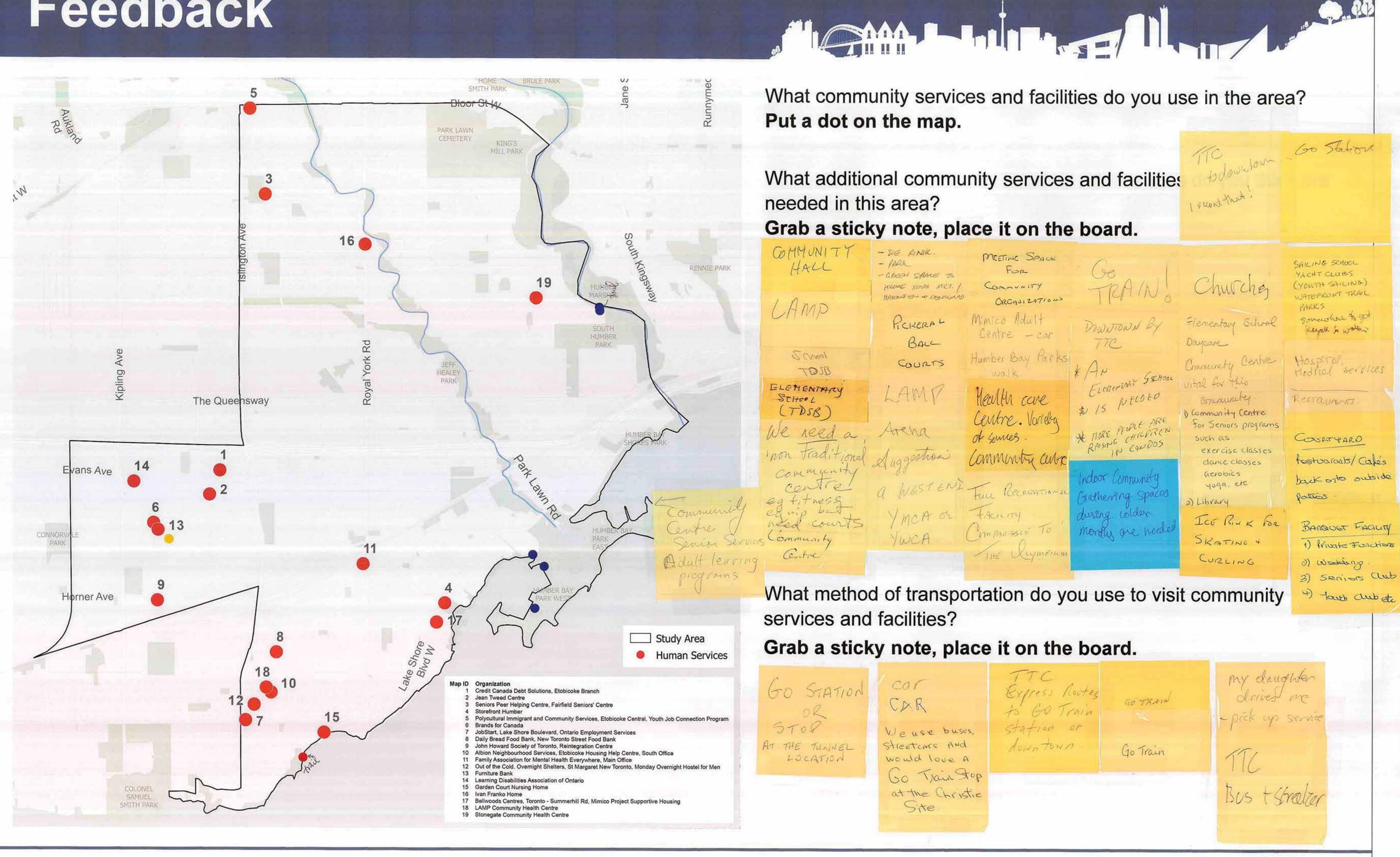


Community Services and Facilities Feedback



TORONTO

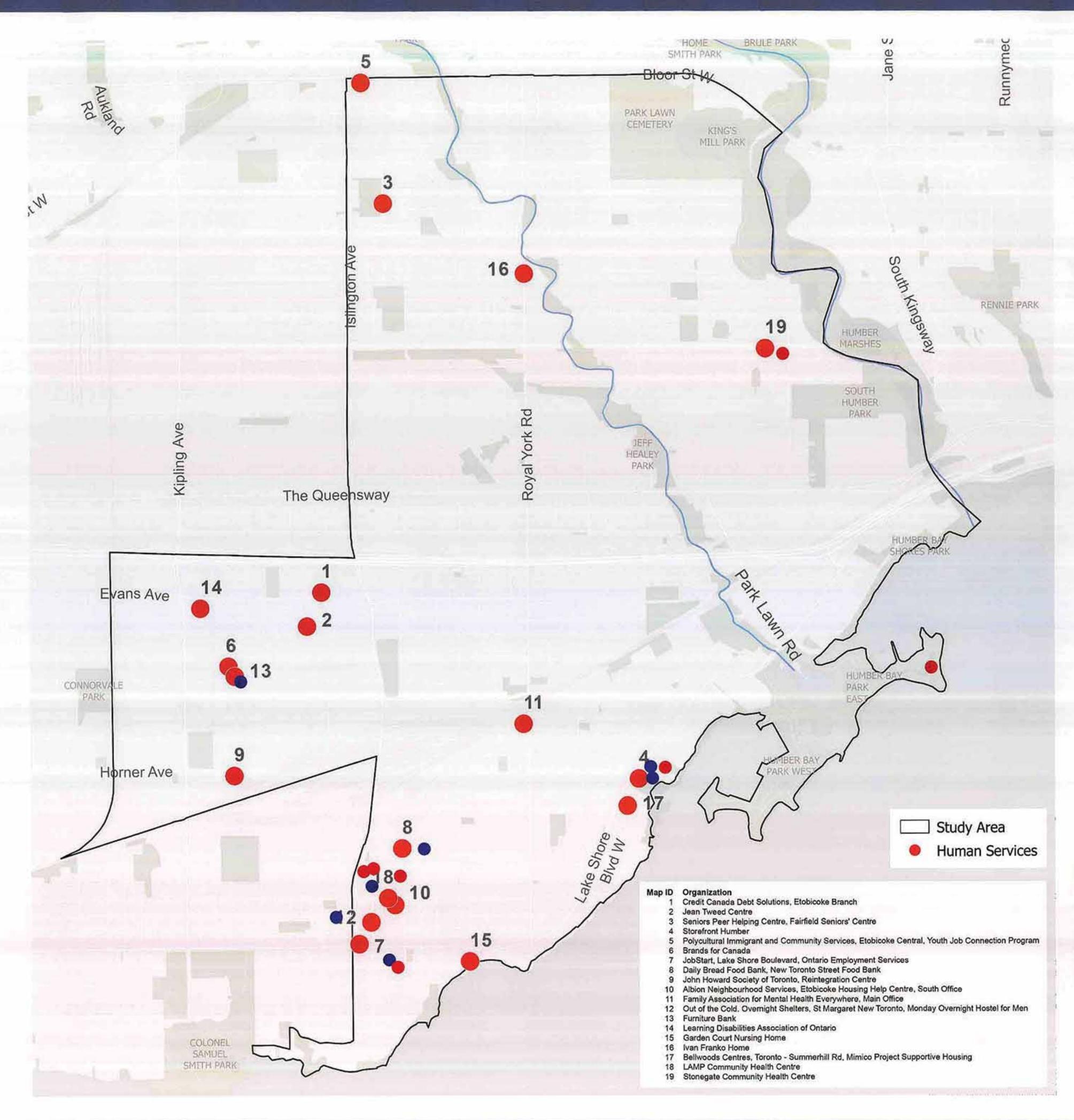
Community Services and Facilities Feedback



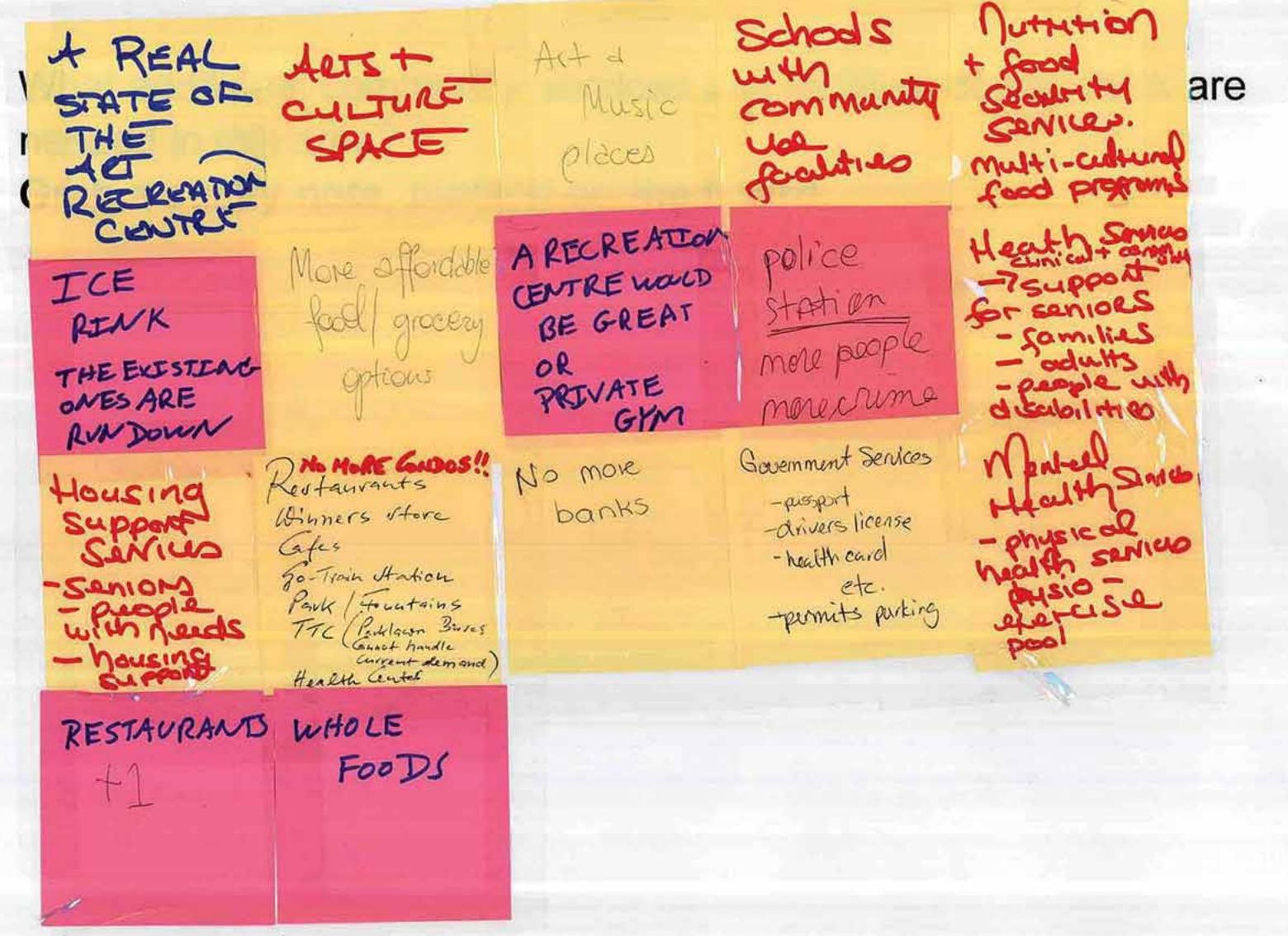


Community Services and Facilities





What community services and facilities do you use in the area? Put a dot on the map.



What method of transportation do you use to visit community services and facilities?

Grab a sticky note, place it on the board.







30 x 40° Cutline to fit foam core panels