COVID-19 FACT SHEET

Sharing Child Custody and Co-Parenting during COVID-19

Tips for parents

The COVID-19 pandemic may be challenging to parents who are not living together but are coparenting their children. Below are some tips to help you work together during this stressful time.

Stick to the court-ordered parenting schedules as much as possible

- Regular parenting time and custody schedules should be kept, unless someone is self-isolating or under quarantine.
- If you think the other parent is not taking the necessary health precautions to prevent the spread of COVID-19, consider obtaining legal advice.
- Do not take advantage of this health crisis to prevent your child from having contact with the other parent.

Maintain structure and routines

• Stick to regular family schedules and routines – schedule time for exercise, school work, family time, chores and hobbies. Keep regular bedtimes and meal times.

Keep conflict away from children

• Stay child-focused and work together as a united team to help your child feel safe and reduce their stress and anxiety. Focus on what is best for your child.

Reduce the risk of spreading COVID-19

- To model good prevention behaviour, ensure that both homes are taking measures to prevent the spread of COVID-19 such as:
 - o regular hand washing
 - o cleaning and sanitizing frequently touched objects
 - o staying home as much as possible
 - o practising physical distancing
 - o wearing a face mask or covering in indoor and outdoor public spaces
 - o getting vaccinated as soon as you can
- Consider downloading the <u>COVID Alert app</u> so you can be notified directly if you have been in close contact with someone who was contagious with COVID-19.

416.338.7600 toronto.ca/COVID19 | DITORONTO Public Health

In Toronto Public Health

Revised May 20, 2021

COVID-19 FACT SHEET

- When carrying out parenting exchanges, do it where you can keep a safe physical distancing of two metres (or six feet) from the other parent, and wash your child's toys, clothing and personal belongings each time they return from their other parent.
- Follow public health guidance if you or your child <u>has COVID-19 or have been exposed</u> to someone with COVID-19.
- Parenting exchanges should not take place when a parent or child is self-isolating, and should only resume once the isolation period is over, and the parent or child who was in self-isolation is feeling better, and no longer has a fever.
- If you are <u>caring for someone with COVID19</u> or are <u>pregnant</u> or <u>caring for a new baby</u> at home and have COVID-19, ensure that you are taking measures to prevent spreading the virus.

For more information about COVID-19

For more information, visit our website at <u>www.toronto.ca/COVID19</u> or call us at 416-338-7600.

For more legal information or support

- Legal Aid Ontario: 1-800-668-8258
- Law Society of Ontario: 1-855-947-5255
- Law Society Referral Service: 1-800-668-7380