

# Good Operator Guide

A guide to responsibly operating a short-term rental



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### **Short-Term Rental Rules**

The Toronto Municipal Code, <u>Chapter 547: Licensing and Registration of Short-Term Rentals</u> regulates short-term rentals in Toronto. Below is an overview of the rules set out in the bylaw.

#### What is a Short-Term Rental?

A **short-term rental** is all or part of a dwelling unit rented out for less than 28 consecutive days in exchange for payment. This includes bed and breakfasts (B&Bs) but excludes hotels and motels. It also excludes other accommodations where there is no payment.

A **short-term rental company** is any company facilitating or brokering short-term rental reservations online and receiving payment for this service (e.g. Airbnb, Booking.com and Podsliving.com). All short-term rental companies must be licensed to operate in the City of Toronto.

**Short-term rental operators** are people renting their homes or rooms on a short-term basis, for a period of less than 28 consecutive days.

#### **Registration Requirements for Operators**

Short-term rental operators must register with the City in order to operate in Toronto and are required to collect and remit a six per cent (6%) Municipal Accommodation Tax. Operators must register prior to renting their homes or rooms as a short-term rental.

Learn more about the <u>regulations for short-term rental operators</u>, how to register and the screening criteria for registrations.

Your registration is valid for one year from when your application is approved. Please renew every year on that same date or up to six (6) days in advance. A notice of renewal along with instructions will be emailed to you before your registration renewal date.

Learn more about how and when to renew your registration online.

#### **Updating your registration**

You must inform the City within six days if any of the information that you provided during registration changes. This includes changes in phone number, email, and alternate (emergency) contact name or contact information and changes in your identification number or type (e.g. from Driver's Licence to Photo Card). Please contact the Short-Term Rentals team at <a href="mailto:ShortTermRentals@toronto.ca">ShortTermRentals@toronto.ca</a> or 416-395-6600, Monday to Friday. 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. As a reminder, please do not send personal information, such as identification or credit card numbers via regular email.

If you are moving, then you must inform the City so that your short-term rental registration can be closed. If you want to short-term rent your new principal residence, submit a new application to register your new address.

#### **Cancelling your registration**

If you would like to cancel your short-term rental registration, please email the Short-Term Rentals team at <a href="mailto:ShortTermRentals@toronto.ca">ShortTermRentals@toronto.ca</a>. You will need to provide the following information:

- short-term rental registration number (in the format: STR-0000-XXXXXXX)
- address registered as the short-term rental
- name of the short-term rental operator

You must request the cancellation of your own short-term rental registration. Another individual or organization cannot request on your behalf. You will still be responsible for remitting any Municipal Accommodation Tax (MAT) from your guest bookings till your registration is cancelled.

#### **Know the Rules**

As an operator, you must abide by the following rules:

- You must be 18 years of age.
- You are only allowed to short-term rent your principal residence. This is the residence where you live and the address you use for bills, identification, taxes and insurance. You can only have one principal residence at a time, therefore an operator cannot legally run more than one short-term rental.



- You can be a homeowner or a renter in any housing type e.g. house, apartment, condominium, etc. You should ensure that you are allowed, by your condominium or landlord, to short-term rent your residence.
- You can rent up to three bedrooms in your principal residence for an unlimited number of nights per year or the entire home for a maximum of 180 nights per calendar year.
- Your home must be in a residential area in the city. If you are a Bed and Breakfast operator, you can continue to operate under existing zoning permissions for "tourist homes".
- You can only short term rent a secondary suite or laneway suite if it is your principle residence. A secondary suite is a separate living accommodation with its own kitchen and washroom, located within a larger house (for example, a basement apartment). A laneway suite is a self-contained residential unit located on the same lot as a larger house, and generally located in the rear yard. A laneway suite must be next to a public laneway. For example, if you own a three bedroom house and the property also contains a laneway suite or a secondary suite within it, you would only be able to short-term rent the portion in which you reside. If you reside in the main portion of the house, then you would only be eligible to short-term rent the main portion of the house. If you reside in the secondary suite or laneway suite, then you would only be eligible to short-term rent the secondary suite or laneway suite of the house.

#### You should also keep in mind the following:

- If you are a homeowner and have an insurance policy, you should understand the implication of operating a short-term rental. You may wish to ask your insurance company about the appropriate insurance product for short-term rentals.
- If you reside in a condominium, note that some condominium corporations have their own bylaws regarding short-term rentals, including prohibiting short-term rentals. It is your responsibility to understand and follow the rules set out by your condominium.
- If you are a tenant who rents from a landlord, you should be aware of your responsibilities under the Residential Tenancies Act and your lease agreement with your landlord.
- If you reside in a secondary suite, it must be permitted by zoning bylaws and comply with Building Code and Fire Code requirements. For more information, contact <u>Toronto Building</u>.

## Operating a Short-Term Rental

Once you have registered with the City of Toronto and received your registration number, you can operate your short-term rental. As an operator, you are required to follow certain rules to ensure that you are a responsible neighbour, maintain safe standards within your home, and meet record keeping and tax requirements.

#### **Advertising Your Short-Term Rental**

Upon receiving your City-issued short-term rental registration number, you must post this number on all your advertising and listings.

Any invoice, contract, receipt, or similar document related to your short-term rental must include your short-term rental registration number.

When advertising your short-term rental, ensure that the information in your advertisement or listing is an exact match with the information on your short-term rental registration with the City. If the information does not match, then this could lead to the short-term rental company removing or converting your listing, or cancelling your reservations. To avoid this, check that your:

- short-term rental registration number is entered correctly
- address is displayed in full, including the unit number (basement, upper, lower etc.) and postal code
- name on the advertisement or listing is an exact match with your name used for registration (name as listed on your Ontario Driver's License or Ontario Photo Card)
- expiry date is entered correctly, if you are a new registrant
- new expiry date is entered correctly, if you have renewed your short-term rental registration

#### **Abiding by the Ontario Human Rights Code**

As a short-term rental operator, you shall not discriminate against people based on race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, marital status, family status, or disability. You also cannot refuse service to any person with a disability, including persons accompanied by a service animal.

#### **Maintaining Guest Records**

You must create and keep the following records for each transaction related to your short-term rental for three years, and provide them to the City upon request:

- the number of nights your short-term rental was rented
- the nightly and total price you charged for each rental
- the rental type e.g. the entire home rental or just room rental
- documentation to support <u>exemptions</u> claimed as per the City of Toronto Municipal Code Chapter 758, Taxation, Municipal Accommodation Tax

See the next section for more details on the Municipal Accommodation Tax.

#### Reporting and Paying the Municipal Accommodation Tax (MAT)

As a registered short-term rental operator, you are required to collect and remit a six per cent (6%) Municipal Accommodation Tax (MAT) on all rentals.

The payment is due on a quarterly basis, within 30 days of the end of the quarter, according to the following schedule:

Reporting period	Due date
January 1 to March 31	April 30
April 1 to June 30	July 30
July 1 to September 30	October 30
October 1 to December 31	January 30

#### Filing the MAT report

Short-term rental companies can sign a Voluntary Collection Agreement with the City of Toronto to collect and remit the MAT on behalf of operators. You must file a MAT report for each reporting period, even if you did not rent out your short-term rental or if your short-term rental company collects and remits the MAT on your behalf. <u>File your MAT report online</u>.

Note for operators who use Airbnb to list their short-term rentals: If you use Airbnb for your short-term rental, then you can opt to have Airbnb collect and remit the MAT on your behalf. You will still need to file your MAT report online even if you opt to have Airbnb collect and remit your MAT. If you do not opt to have Airbnb collect and remit the MAT on your behalf, then you will need to file your MAT report online and collect and remit the MAT yourself.

You can make a correction to a previously submitted report for the current and the previous reporting period. A corrected report will automatically replace the report you previously submitted for that reporting period.

You are also required to keep a record of all accommodation transactions, including revenue collected and any **exemptions** that may apply during a reporting period.

For any MAT related questions, please contact <a href="mat@toronto.ca">mat@toronto.ca</a>

#### Paying the MAT

Once you file a MAT report online, you can make payment through your financial institution using online banking, telephone banking, at an automatic teller or inperson, using your short-term rental registration number.

It is your responsibility to ensure that the correct amount of MAT is paid to the City. The City may revoke your short-term rental registration or deny registration renewal if you fail to file and remit the MAT.

#### Interest

Interest applies on any overdue MAT payment at a monthly rate of 1.25 per cent from the first day after the tax payment is due, up to and including the date on which the tax is paid in full. After that time, interest will apply on the principal amount owing during the default period at an annual rate of 15 per cent.

#### **Preparing for Issues or Emergencies**

#### **Alternate Contact Person and Information on using 911**

When you register your short-term rental with the City, you must provide an alternate contact person and include the name and phone number of the alternative contact, in the event that you cannot be reached during your guests' stay. This contact must be available 24 hours 7 days a week during your guests' entire rental periods.

You must provide your guests information about the alternate contact and instructions on how to contact 911 emergency service. For example, the notice should advise guests that "In an emergency, seconds count. When police, fire or medical emergencies occur, call 911. Trained emergency call takers will provide you with the information and assistance you need."

You should also advise your guests that if they smell natural gas, freon or any other type of gas in the home, they should evacuate and contact 911 immediately.

This should be displayed prominently in a clearly visible location inside the property.

#### **Fire Exit Floor Plan**

You must comply with the **Ontario Fire Code** and provide your guests with a floor plan showing the type, location and operation of the home's fire emergency arrangement and place it in a clearly visible place. Attached is a sample floor plan.

#### **Carbon Monoxide and Smoke Alarms**

If you are the owner of the home, it is your responsibility to ensure that carbon monoxide and smoke alarms are maintained in good operating condition and are tested both annually and after each tenancy change. If you are the tenant in the home, your landlord is required to provide you with a copy of the alarms' maintenance instructions; and it is your responsibility to notify the owner as soon as you become aware that the carbon monoxide or smoke alarms are not working.

#### **Penalties and Offences**

If you do not comply with the rules, you are guilty of an offence. If convicted, you may be liable to pay a fine of up to \$100,000. You may also be liable to pay a special fine that a court deems is greater than any revenue that you may be gaining from your business; as well as a fine of up to \$10,000 for each day the offence continues.

You may also be charged the set fine for the following offences:

Offence	Fine (\$)
Failing to keep complete transaction record for 3 years	300.00
Failing to provide transaction records within 30 days of a request from the City	
Failing to notify the City of a change in registration information	400.00
Failing to provide emergency contact information to a guest	400.00
Failing to provide information regarding 9-1-1 service to a guest	400.00
Failing to provide a diagram of exists from the building	400.00
Obstructing an authorized inspection	400.00
Discriminating based on enumerated ground	500.00
Refusing to serve a person accompanied by a service animal	500.00
Renting an entire unit for more than 180 days	700.00
Failing to provide evidence of principal residence	700.00
Failing to register a short-term rental	1000.00
Advertising, facilitating or brokering an unregistered short-term rental	1000.00
Renting or advertising property that is not a principal residence	
Advertising a short-term rental without a registration number	



## Being a Responsible Operator and Neighbour

The City of Toronto has rules in place to help keep communities safe, clean, and enjoyable for residents and visitors. It is your responsibility to understand the applicable rules that apply to all properties and residents in the city. You are accountable for your short-term rental and the activity that takes place during your guests' stay. Please ensure that you understand all the rules described below.

#### **Property Standards**

Chapter 629, <u>Property Standards</u> bylaw sets the standards for all properties in Toronto. All property owners are required to repair and maintain their property including owners of properties that are rented out. You must ensure you are abiding by the bylaw, where applicable.

#### **Turfgrass and Prohibited Plants**

You are required to cut the turfgrass on your lawn whenever the growth exceeds 20 centimetres in height. Turfgrass includes various perennial grasses grown for lawns. These are grasses typical of traditional lawn that forms a dense, uniform turf if mown.

You must also keep your property free of prohibited plants that threaten the environment or human health and safety, and ensure that you follow the requirements in the Chapter 489, <u>Turfgrass and Prohibited Plants</u> bylaw at all times.

#### **Noise**

Ask your guests to keep noise to a minimum so that it does not disturb local residents. This includes music. Chapter 591, **Noise** bylaw specifies decibel limits for amplified sound (music), depending on the time of the day. Noisy parties or noise from people acting disorderly, such as yelling, screaming and fighting are responded to by the Toronto police.

#### Garbage

Ensure that your guests have access to proper garbage, recycling and composting facilities and that the garbage is properly sorted, set out after 6:00 p.m. on collection night, and placed in a City garbage bin or a regular garbage bag with a Garbage Tag. Garbage Tags are available for purchase <u>online</u> and at Toronto <u>Shoppers Drug Mart</u> and <u>Canadian Tire</u> locations. If using private garbage collection, try to arrange pick-up times that aren't disruptive to nearby residents.

If you are operating a short-term rental in an apartment or condominium, you should check with the landlord, property manager, or condominium about the rules for proper garbage disposal.

It is your responsibility to ensure that you and your guests follow proper garbage disposal rules.

#### **Parking**

You should inform your guests about where they may or may not be permitted to park while staying at your short-term rental. Within Toronto, a maximum three-hour parking limit exists on public roads, unless there is signage posted indicating otherwise, e.g. a maximum 1 hour parking, maximum 15 minute parking, etc. If your residence is on a street with permit parking, then guests will need to find alternate parking arrangements. You can check **toronto.ca/parking** for more information on parking. More information on potential **parking restrictions** is available on the City's website.

#### **Offences**

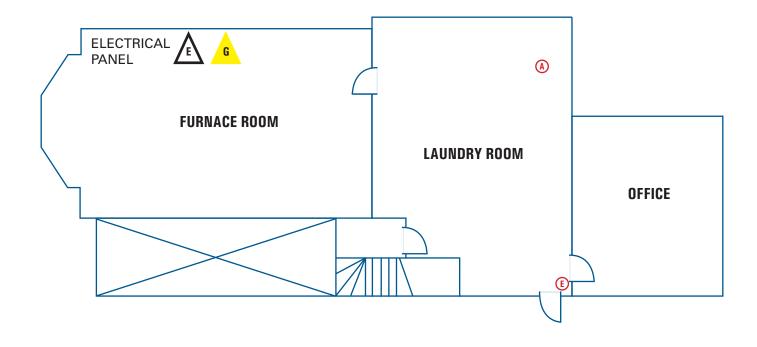
If you are charged with or convicted of offences under the bylaws referenced in this guide or other City bylaws, the City may seek to revoke your registration or deny its renewal.

## Sample Fire Exit Floor Plan

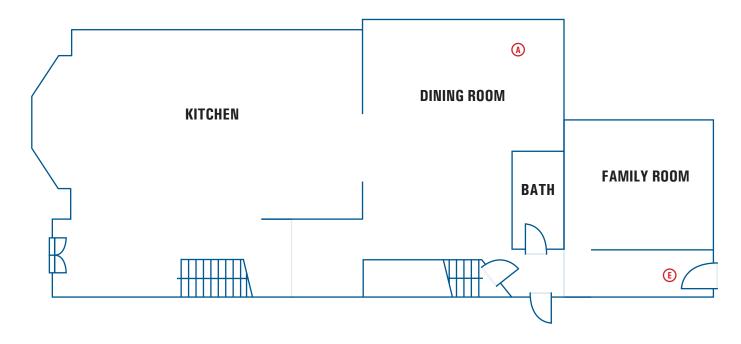
#### Legend

(0)	CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR/ALARM
A	SMOKE ALARM
G	MAIN GAS SHUT OFF VALVE
E	MAIN ELECTRICAL DISCONNECT SWITCH
E	EXIT

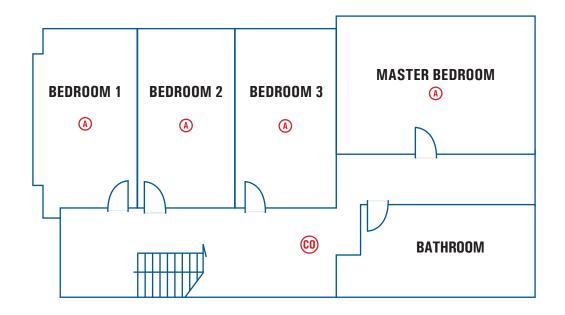
#### **Basement Floor**



#### **Ground Floor**



#### **Second Floor**











For more information on short-term rental rules, visit toronto.ca/ShortTermRentals.

If you have any questions, please contact the Short-Term Rentals team at **ShortTermRentals@toronto.ca** or 416-395-6600.

