BENEFITS OF STREET TREES

Trees provide a wide range of benefits in urban settings. They clean the air, reduce stormwater runoff, provide habitat for birds and other wildlife, and enhance the urban landscape. Street trees benefit property owners by providing shade, reducing heating and cooling costs and increasing property values.

TREE PLANTING REQUESTS

A property owner can submit a tree planting request for the road allowance in front of their home or business by contacting 311.

Please include any details such as location or species preferences when submitting a request.

Requests will be reviewed by Urban Forestry staff, using guidelines which prioritize optimal tree health and safety. Requests will be accommodated where possible.

THE RIGHT TREE FOR THE LOCATION

Urban Forestry staff assesses each location to determine the appropriate tree species and specific spot for planting. Planting details are based on soil conditions and quality, natural light conditions, nearby in-ground utilities and health and species composition of the area's tree canopy.

Please note that not all trees listed are appropriate for all locations.

NEWLY PLANTED TREE CARE

Newly planted trees need care to become established and grow. Property owners can support newly planted trees during the first two to three years after planting by watering them.

TREES ON THE CITY'S ROAD **ALLOWANCE**

The City of Toronto owns a portion of land between roadways and private property, known as the road allowance. Urban Forestry plants and maintains trees on the road allowance to help grow Toronto's urban forest and reach the city's goal of increasing the tree canopy to 40 per cent.

TORONTO TREE GUIDE







3 1 1







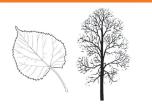
Fast growing, yellow fall colour.

11. OAK, SWAMP WHITE Quercus bicolor



Moderately hardy Slow arowina, acorns in fall, interesting peeling bark.

21. LINDEN. 'REDMOND' ilia americana 'Redmor



Small, fragrant flowers in June, classic pyramidal shape.

2. MAPLE, RED Acer rubrum

Large

Very sensitive

fall colour.

12. OAK. BUR

Quercus macrocarpa



B. MAPLE, SILVER

Acer saccharinum

Very hardy Fast growing. Fast growing, green leaves with bright red Yellow fall colour

Acer saccharum

4. MAPLE, SUGAR

Large Sensitive Fast growing, briliant orange-red fall colour.

5. BUCKEYE, OHIO

Aesculus glabra

Large Moderately hardy Cream flowers in late spring, nut-like seeds in fall.

Celtis occidentalis Large

HACKBERRY

Hardy

Interesting bark,

Large Verv hardv Provides dappled attractive to pollinators. shade, open branching.

Liriodendron tulipifera



TULIP TREE

Large Sensitive Unique green flowers in late spring.



Interesting shaggy bark.

9. YELLOW-WOOD

adrastis lutea

IRONWOOD

Sensitive

Large Very sensitive Slow growing, acorns in fall, leaves remain over winter.

20. HONEY LOCUST

Large

Very hardy

dappled shade,

nearly seedles.

ileditsia triacanthos

10. OAK, WHITE

Quercus alba



NATIVE TO NORTH AMERICA. HYBRIDS AND CULTIVARS

LEGEND:

This brochure highlights the tree species that are commonly available for planting by Urban Forestry. Trees grow best when they are planted in the right conditions.

STREET TREE PLANTING PROGRAM

Urban Forestry encourages the planting of large-growing, native species whenever possible. Urban Forestry works to achieve a healthy, diverse, sustainable urban forest that enhances the quality of life for everyone in the city.

Before planting, staff deliver notices to the adjacent residential address indicating the location, species and year of planting for the planned tree(s).

VOLUNTEER PLANTING EVENTS

www.toronto.ca/greentoronto

www.toronto.ca/TreeGrants

planting on private land.

Urban Forestry offers volunteer tree planting program in parks and natural areas.

PRIVATE LAND PLANTING PROGRAM

Grants and incentives are available for tree

SOURCES:

- Native Trees of Canada, R.C. Hosie

NATIVE TO SOUTHERN ONTARIO

NATIVE TO EUROPE/ASIA

- The Guide to Trees of Canada and North America, Alan Mithchell, illustration by David More



Large Hardv Slow growing, acorns in fall. leaves remain in winter.

22. ELM. WHITE, VALLEY FORG llmus americana 'Valle



Large Very hardy Fast growing, resistant to Dutch Elm disease

13. OAK. SHUMARD Quercus shumardii



Large Verv sensitive Shinv areen leaves. pyrimidal form, reddish brown fall colour.

14. OAK. RED Quercus rubra



Large Hardv Slow arowina, red leaves in fall. leaves remain over winter.

15. BASSWOOD Tilia americana



Large Moderately sensitive Small, fragrant flowers in June, yellow fall colour.

16. MAPLE. FREEMAN lcer x freemanii 'Autumr



Hardy Fast growing, briliant orange-red fall colour.



7. KENTUCKY COFFEETREE

Gvmnocladus dioicus

Large Hardy Yellow flowers in late spring, nut-like seeds in fall.

18. CATALPA. NORTHERN 17. BUCKEYE. YELLOW esculus flava atalpa speciosa



Large Medium Hardy Sensitive White flowers in late White flowers in spring, large, heart summer. small. shaped leaves. bean-like seed pods.

29. LONDON PLANE



Large Moderately hardy Interesting mottled grey-green bark.

Platanus x acerifolia



30. LITTLE LEAF LINDEN Tilia cordata

Fast growing, provides



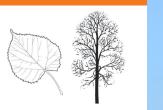
Large Hardy Small, fragrant flowers in June, classic pyramidal shape.

- Trees in Canada, John Laird Farrar
- Trees of the Carolinian Forest, Gerry Waldron

@TOtrees

Nature in the City – Toronto





Large Moderately hardy White flowers in late spring, nut-like seeds in fall.

23. HORSECHESTNUT. COMMON Aesculus hippocastanum





Medium Moderately hardy Red flowers in late spring, nut-like seeds in fall.

25. KATSURA. JAPANESE Cercidiphyllum japonicum



Medium Sensitive Brilliant fall colour.

26. HAZEL (FILBERT).TURKISH Corylus colurna



Medium Sensitive Interesting leaves, corky bark.

27. BEECH. EUROPEAN Fagus sylvatica



Sensitive Attractive smooth grey bark, leaves remain over winter.

28. GINKGO Ginkgo biloba

Slow growing, fan

gold fall colour.

shaped leaves, bright

Large

Hardy