Market Lane Park Improvements

Community Workshop #1

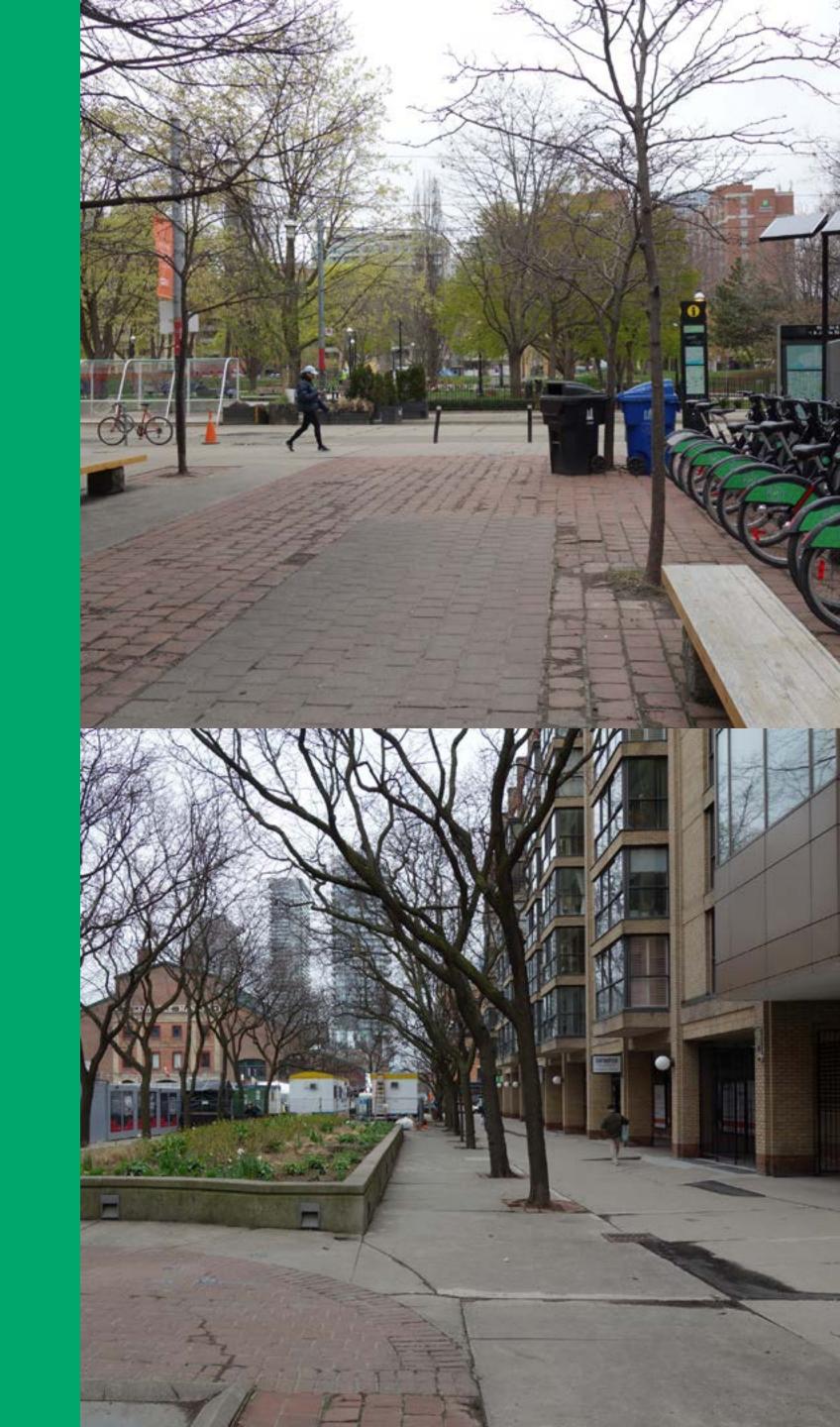
The Planning Partnership

ERA Architects

Two Row Architect

June 29, 2021

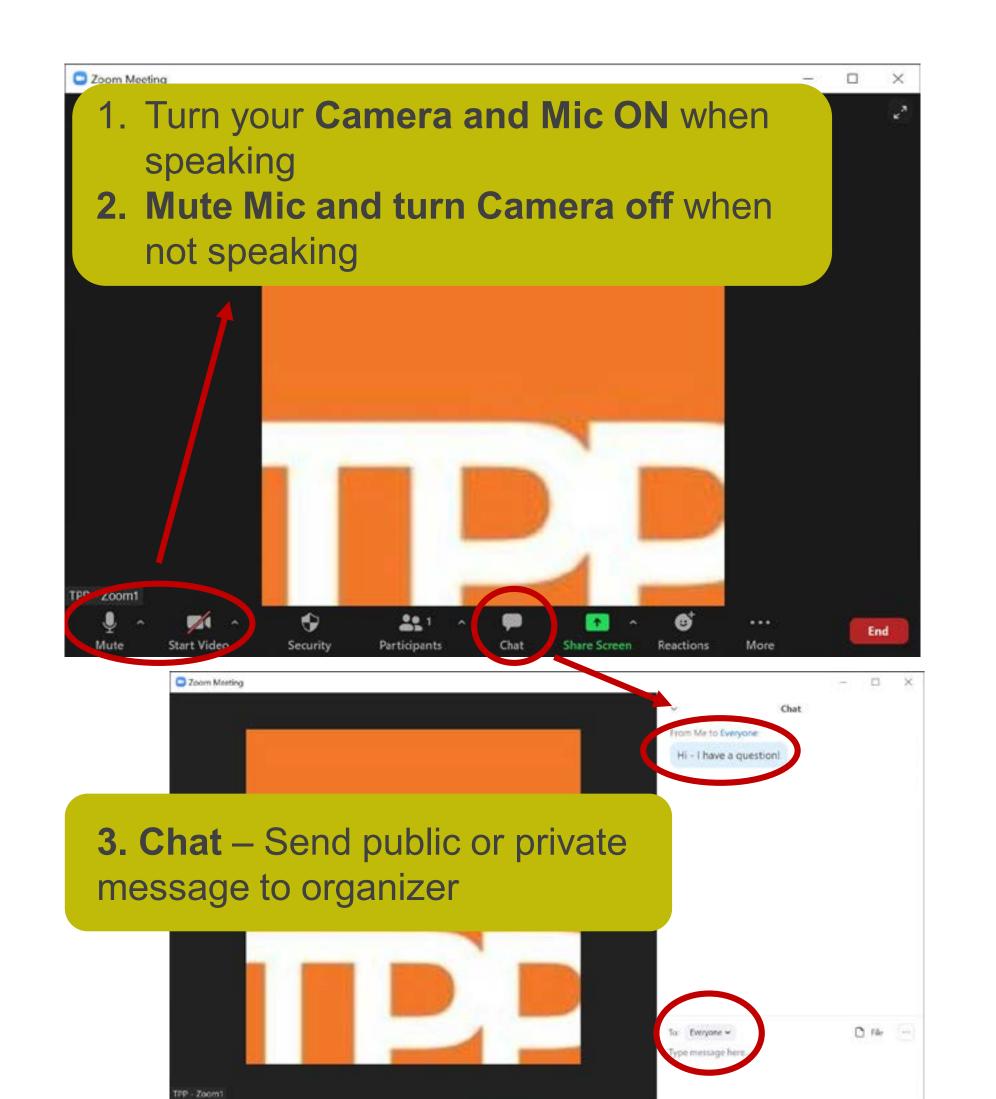


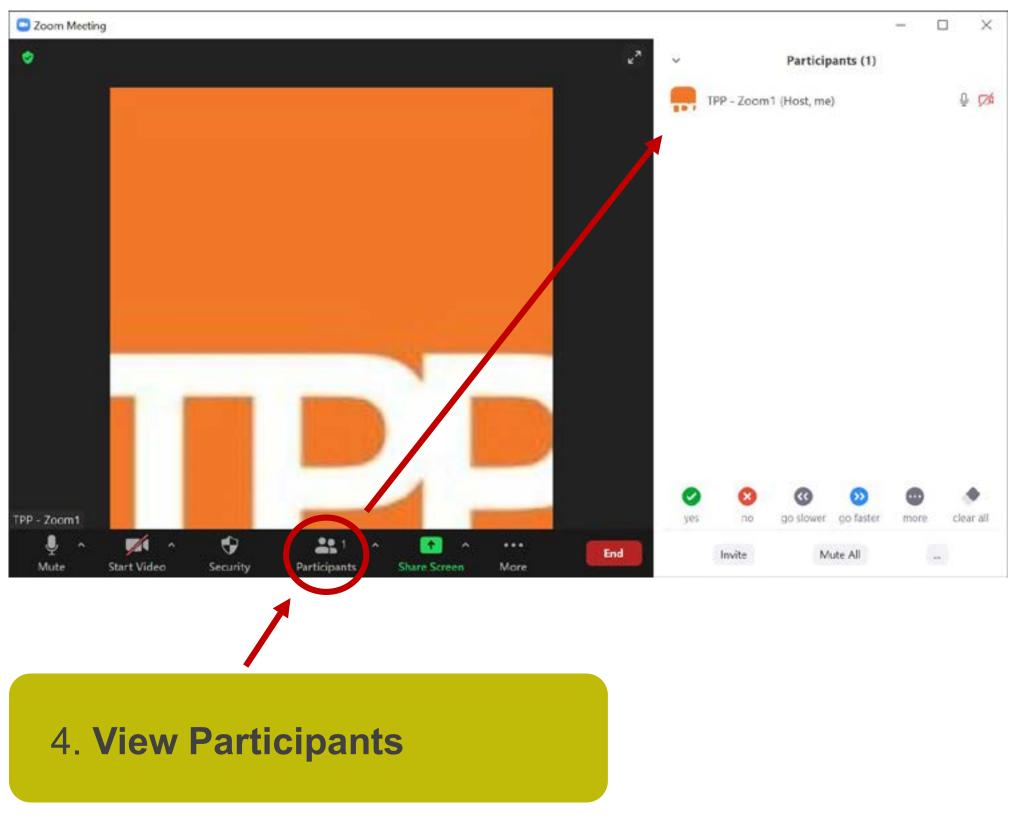


Welcome to the Meeting

Some quick tips for a better meeting:

- Close other programs on your computer
- > Take a minute to get familiar with the options / controls





Agenda and Overview

Land Acknowledgement Introductions Stakeholders **Overview and Timeline History and Context Early Observations Examples of Great Linear Parks** Draft Vision, Principles and Big Moves

Key Issues and opportunities

Land Acknowledgement

We acknowledge the land and water we are meeting on are territories shared by many nations for thousands of years including the Mississaugas of the Credit, the Anishnabeg, the Chippewa, the Haudenosaunee and the Wendat peoples and is now home to many diverse First Nations, Inuit and Métis peoples. We also acknowledge that Toronto is a part of Treaty 13 with the Mississaugas of the Credit and the Dish with One Spoon Wampum.



Stakeholders

City of Toronto

Parks Forestry and Recreation

Transportation Services

Indigenous Affairs Office

Economic Development and

Culture

St. Lawrence Market

Corporate Services

Heritage Planning

CreateTO

Neighbourhood

St. Lawrence Neighbourhood

Association

St. Lawrence Market

Neighbourhood BIA

Market Square Condominium - 85

Front St. E. and 35 Church St.

Adjoining Property Owners

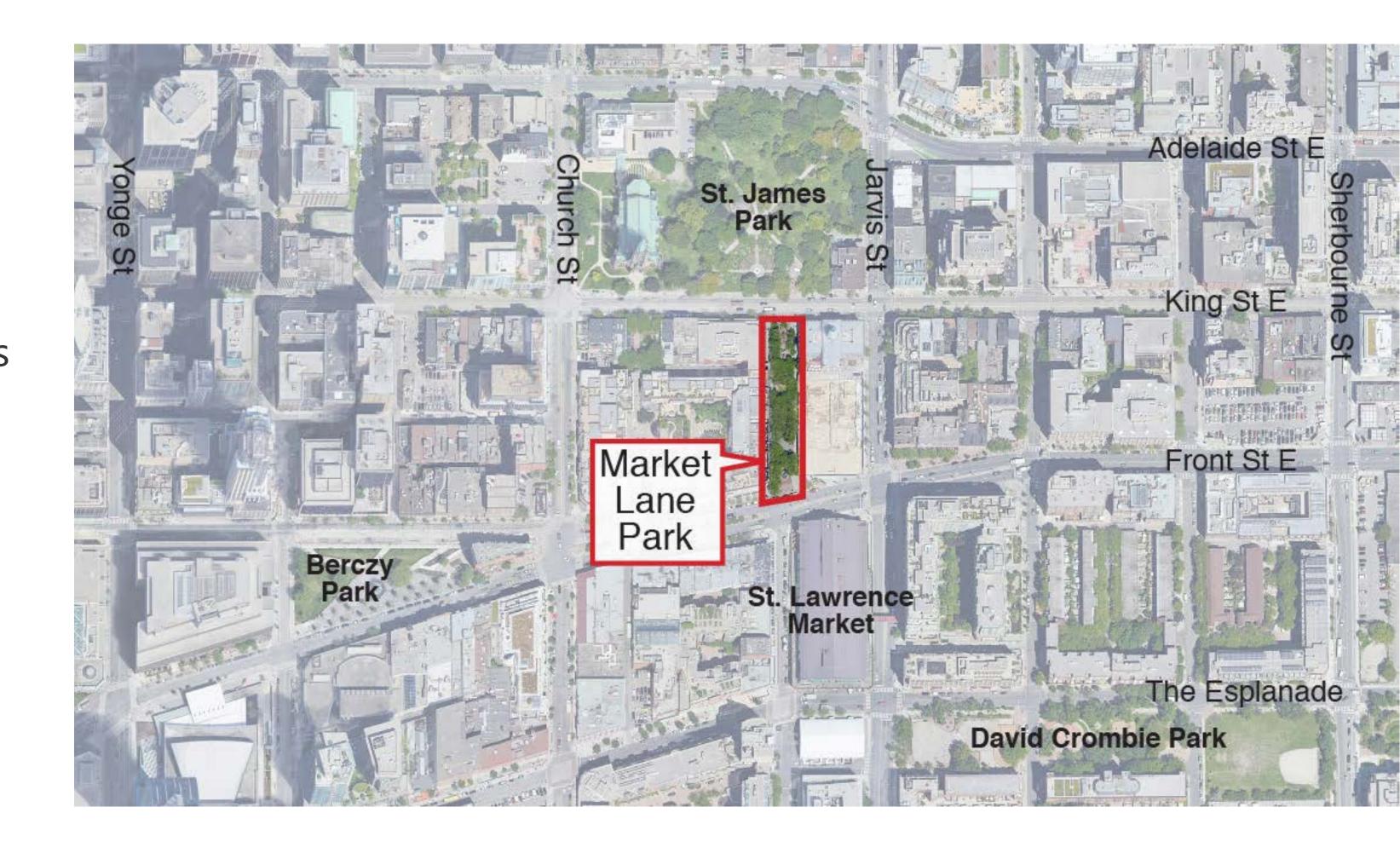


Objectives

Scope of Work:

To improve Market Lane Park through a design and construction process that responds to heritage, maintains pedestrian connectivity from King Street to Front Street, connects with the new St. Lawrence North building, integrates Indigenous place-keeping, and enhances park amenities. It will re imagine the fountain and integrate the Return of the Magri-Stecchi public art feature.

The design will evolve through consultation with stakeholders, area residents, Indigenous communities and the general public to achieve design excellence and meet the current and future needs of the community.





Timeline

Master Plan

Develop a park master plan based on the community vision

Spring-Winter 2021

Phase 1

Background & Analysis

Phase 2

Consultation and Concept Design

Design

Develop a design based on the park's master plan

Spring-Summer 2022

Phase 3

Detailed

Design

Development

Phase 4

Contract

Documentation

Phase 5

Tender

Build

Build the park based on the design

Summer 2022-2023

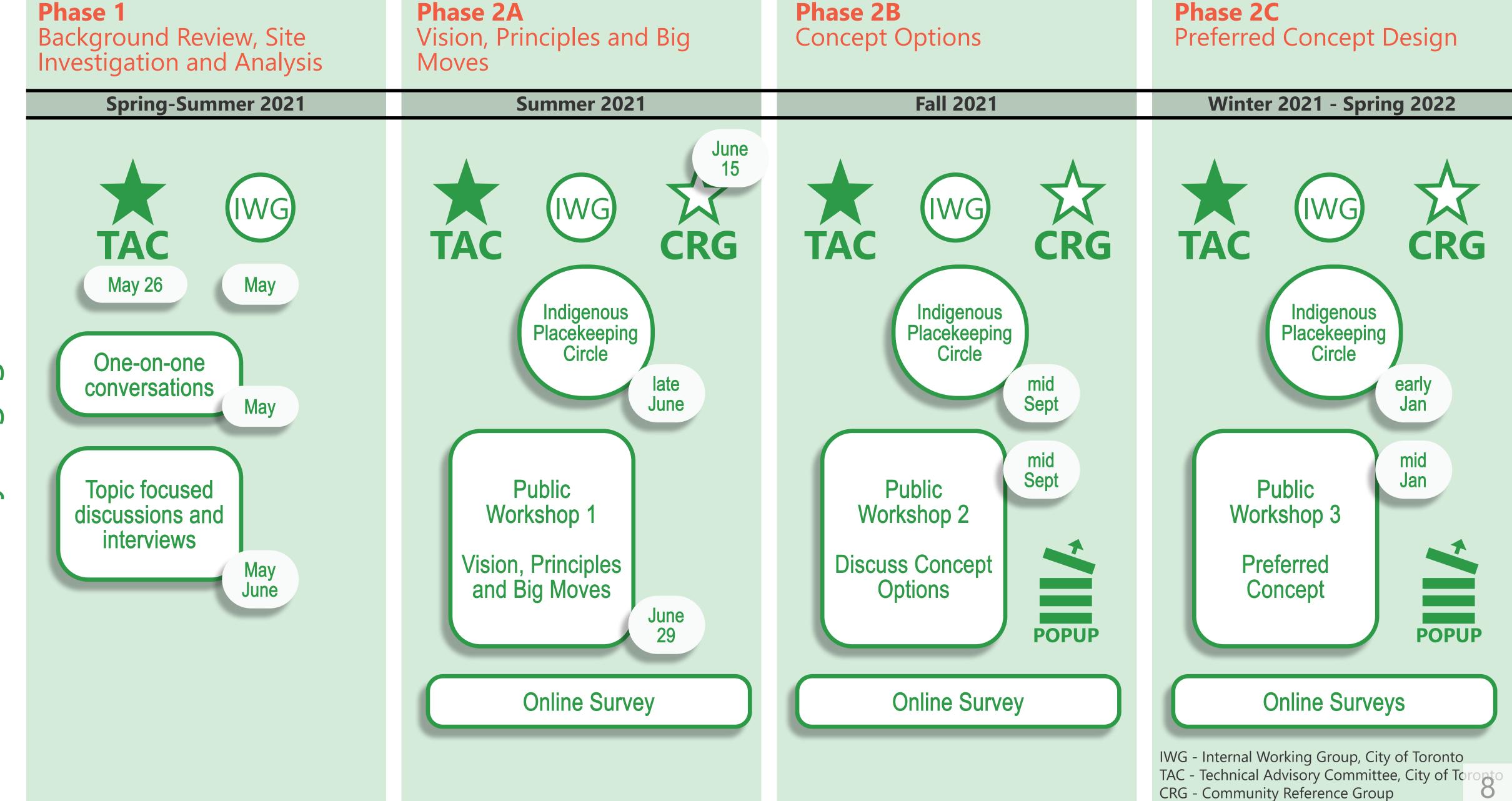
Phase 6

Construction

Administration

Phase 7

Close Out



Consultation and Engagement -

Will be consulting with many audiences:

- residents
- business owners
- Indigenous communities
- institutional/cultural groups/agencies
- community groups
- vulnerable communities
- local service providers focused on indigenous community using many tools including:
- conversations though online meetings, telephone calls, email and face-to-face (workshops, meetings, pop up) when we are allowed
- online surveys
- information sharing through mail outs, webpage, social media

Consultation and Engagement - Indigenous Place-keeping

Small group conversations with local service providers, including:

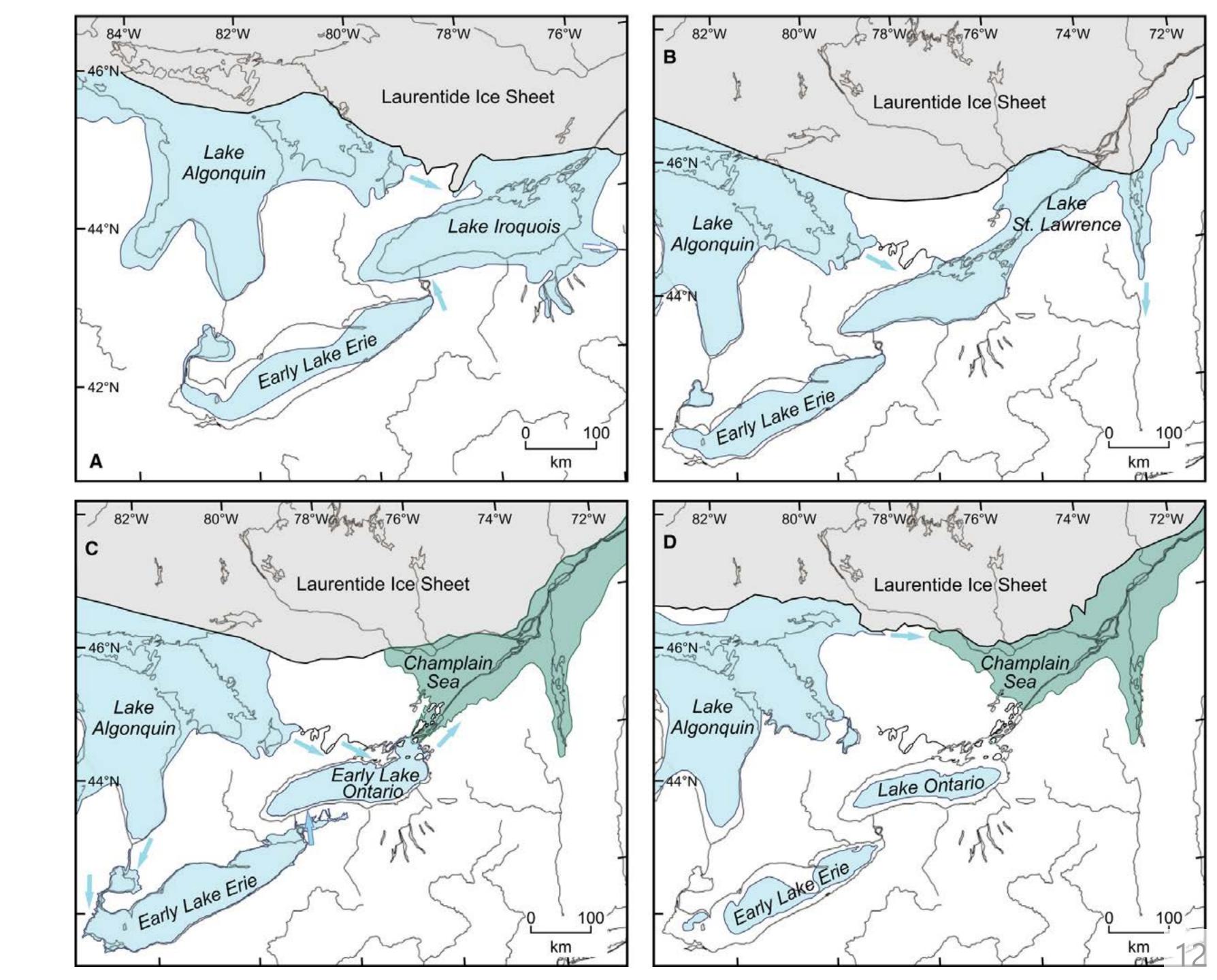
- Nishnawbe Homes
- Council Fire Native Cultural Centre
- Anishnawbe Health
- Miziwe Biik
- Native Child and Family Services
- Toronto Aboriginal Support Services Council
- •Native Women's Resource Centre
- Native Canadian Cultural Centre
- Toronto Inuit Association
- Toronto and York Region Metis Council
- •Two Spirit People of Toronto
- •ENAGB (youth agency)
- Association for Native Development in the Performing and Visual Arts
- Toronto Arts Council Indigenous Arts

Integrating Indigenous Place-keeping in City parks is an important City initiative to recognize and honour the Indigenous historical presence on this land, and the contemporary diverse Indigenous community in the City.

History and Context

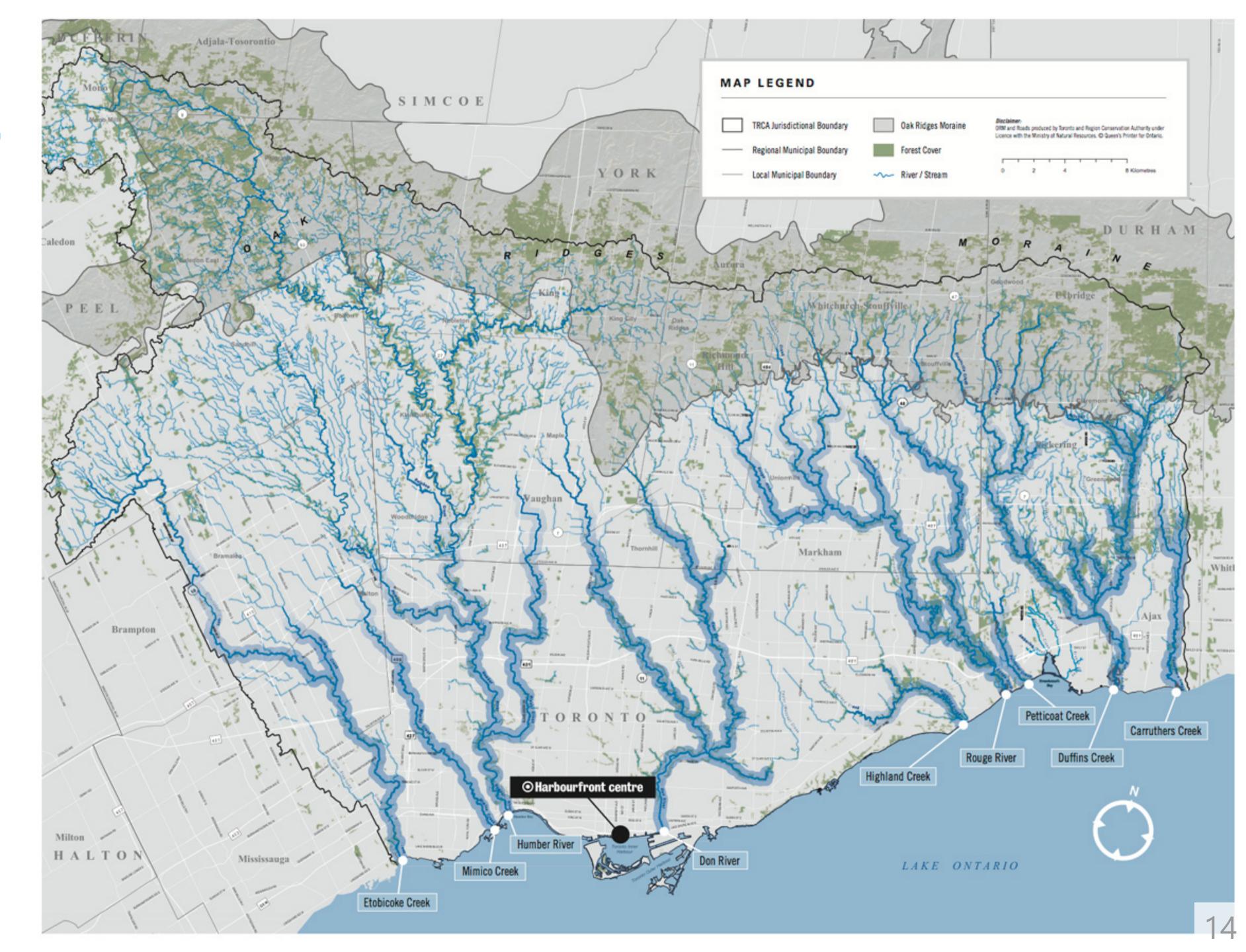


GLACIATION + LANDSCAPE

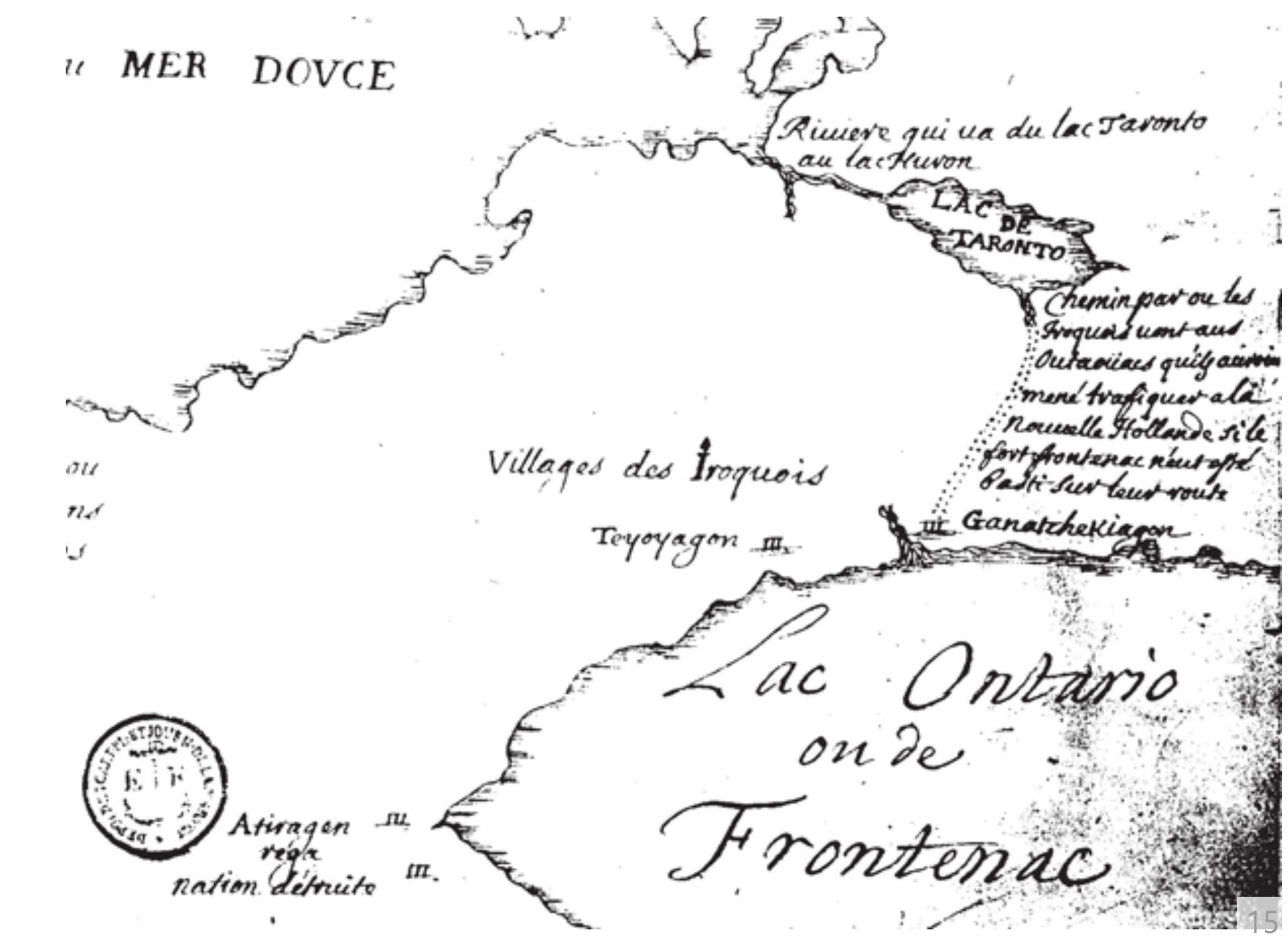




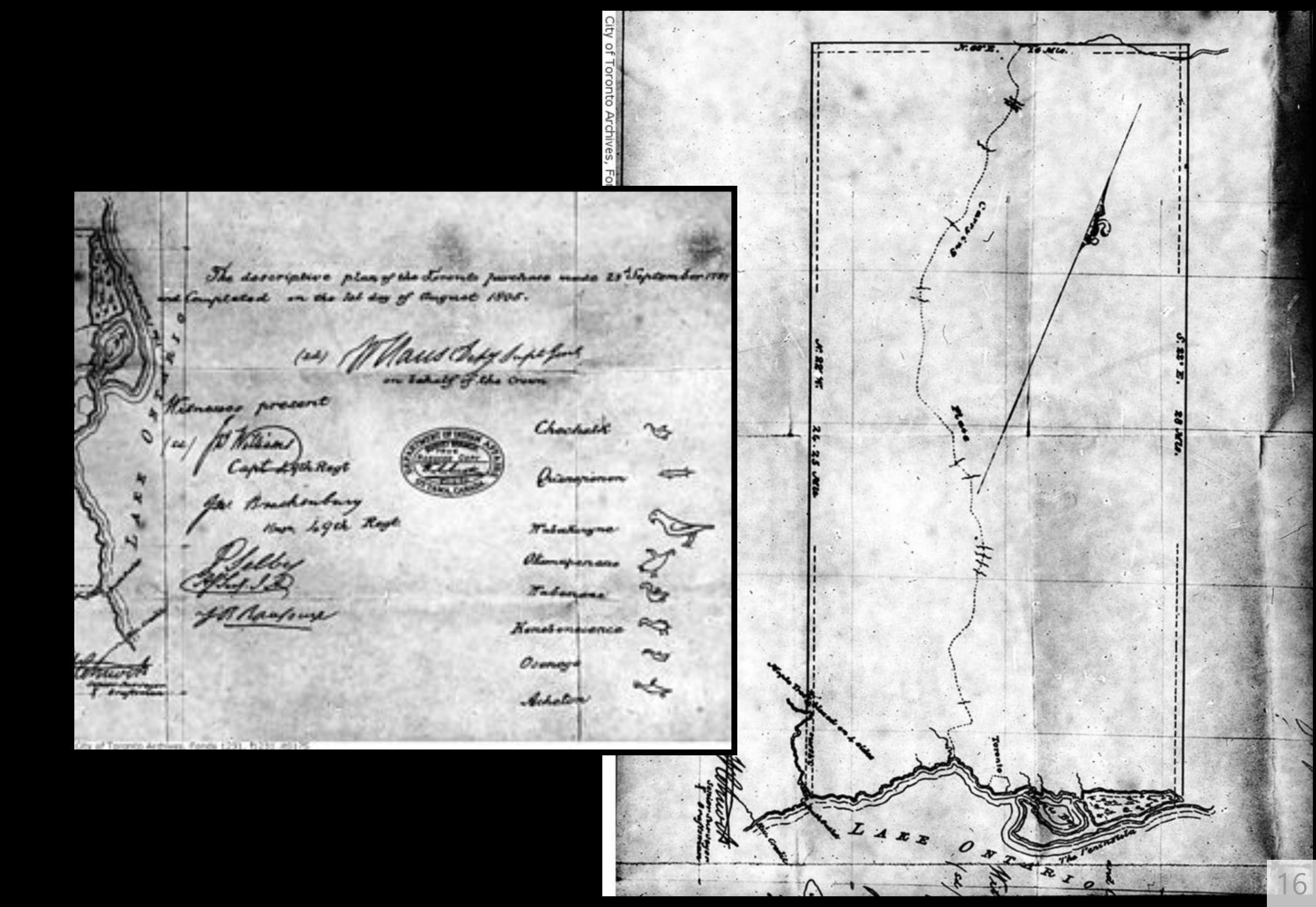
ROUTES OF TRADE + TRAVEL



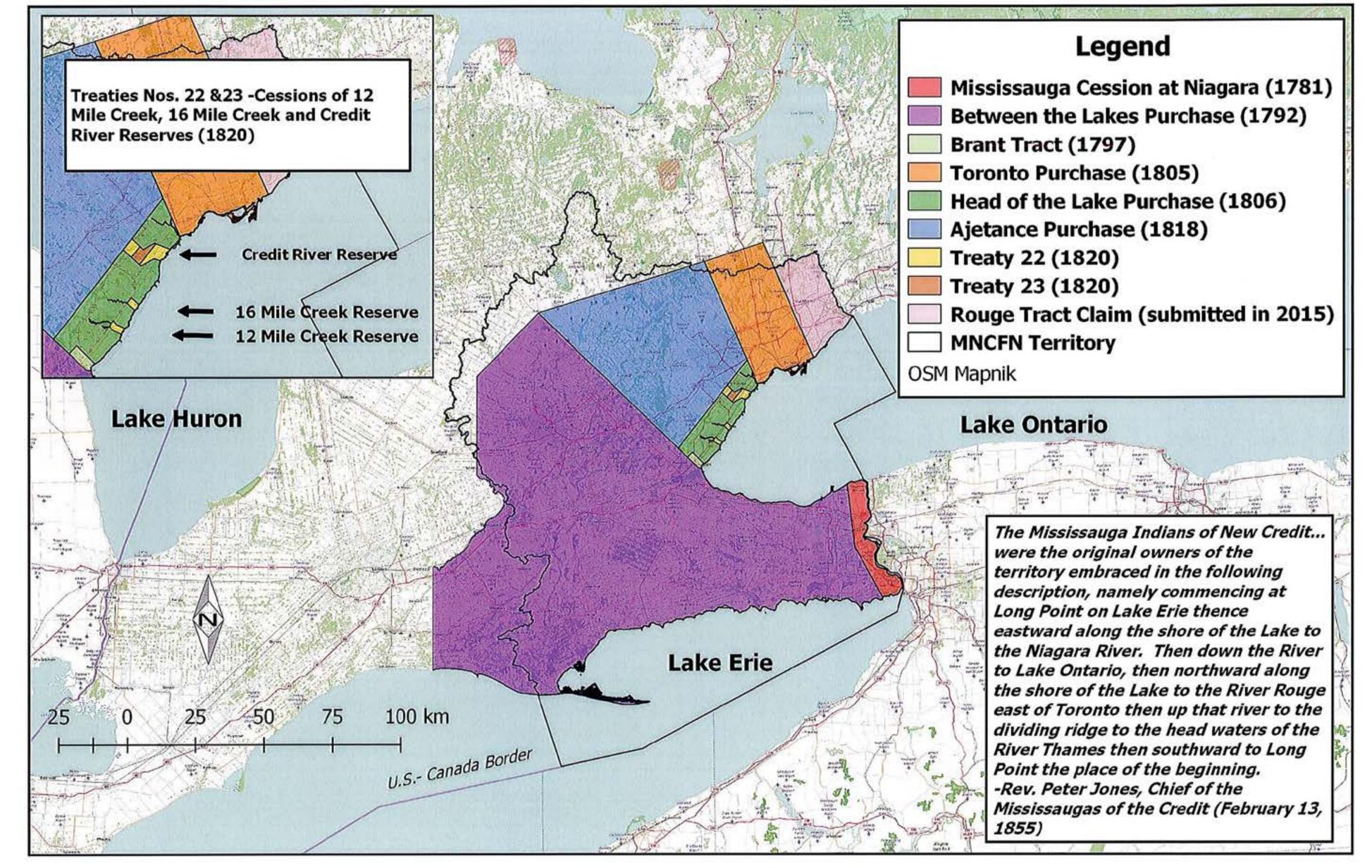
THE NAMING OF TKARONTO



TORONTO PURCHASE



TRADE + THE MARKET





Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Land Cessions 1781-1820 and Rouge Tract Claim, 2015

THE IMPORTANCE OF FOOD



CONTEMPORARY URBAN INDIGENOUS

ANISHNAWBE HEALTH TORONTO MIZIWI BIIK NISHNAWBE HOMES INC. **COUNCIL FIRE** TORONTO ABORIGINAL SUPPORT SERVICES NATIVE CANADIAN CENTRE OF TORONTO NATIVE CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES TORONTO ONTARIO FEDERATION OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES ABORIGINAL BUSINESS RESOURCE CENTRE ABORIGINAL LEGAL SERVICES NATIVE WOMEN'S RESOURCE CENTRE OJIIBIKAAN INDIGENOUS CULTURAL CENTRE FIRST NATIONS HOUSE METIS TRAINING INITIATIVES WIGWAMEN HOUSING URBAN INDIGENOUS EDUCATION CENTRE



Site Context

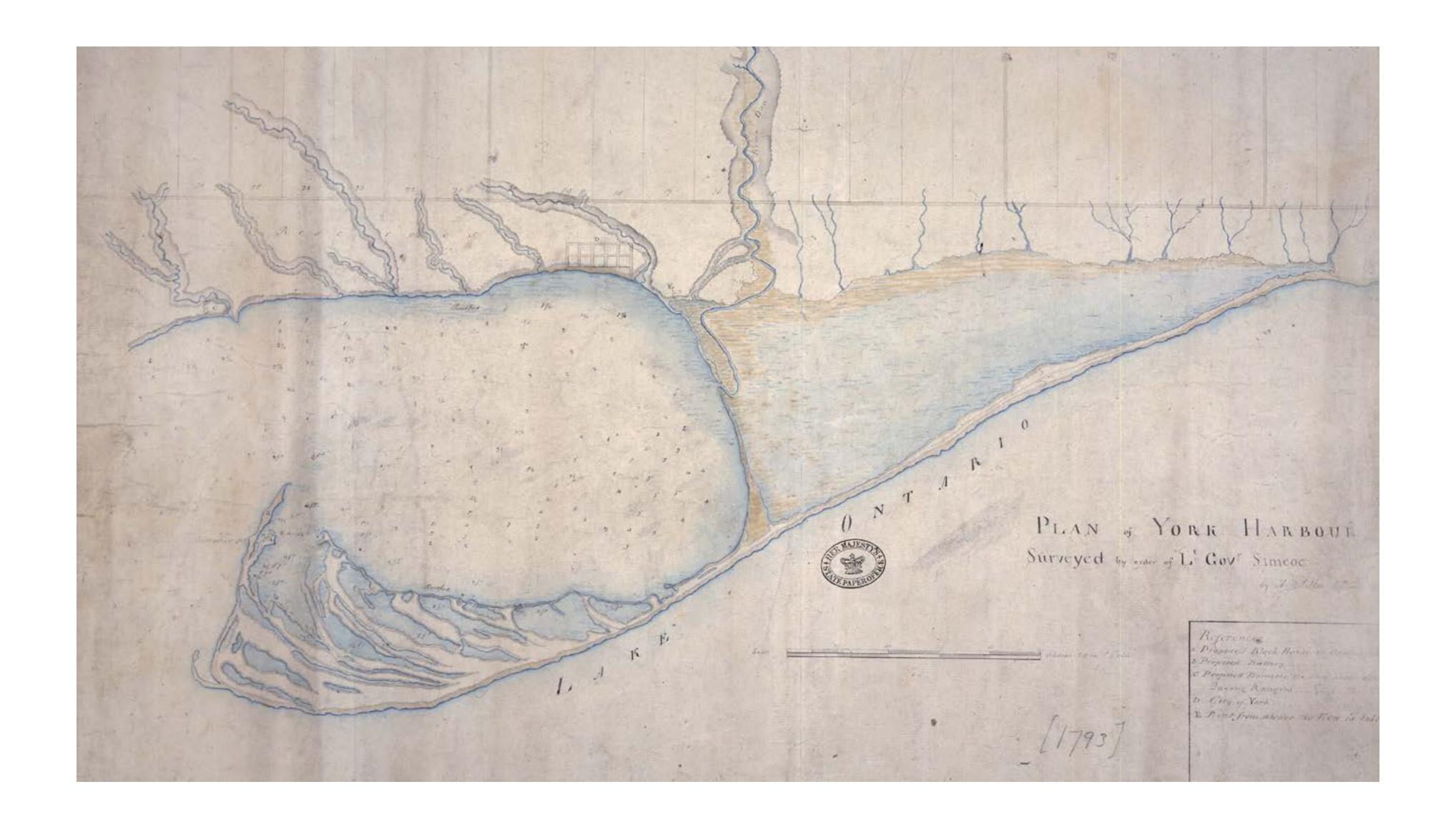


Land Evolution

Lake Iroquois - c. 13,000 BP



Land Evolution



Land Evolution



Market Block

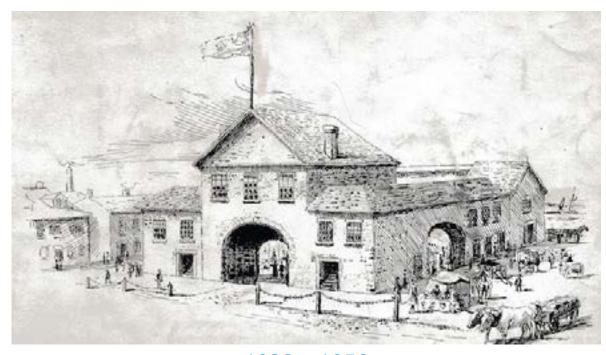


Market Square

1803- 1850



1803 - 1831



1833 - 1850

Market Street

1850 - 1968



1850 - 1903



1903 - 1968

Market Lane Park

1969 - Present



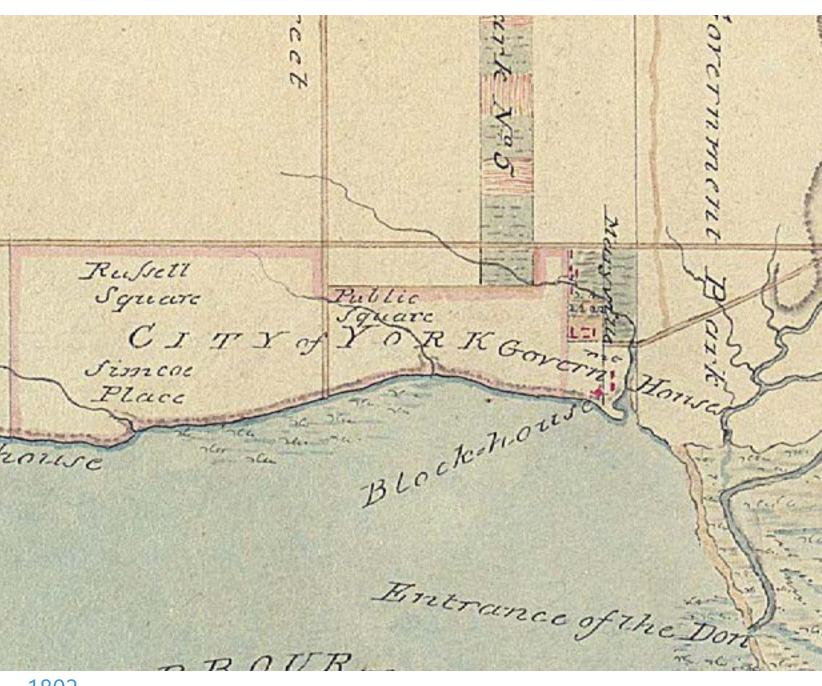
1969 - c. 1990



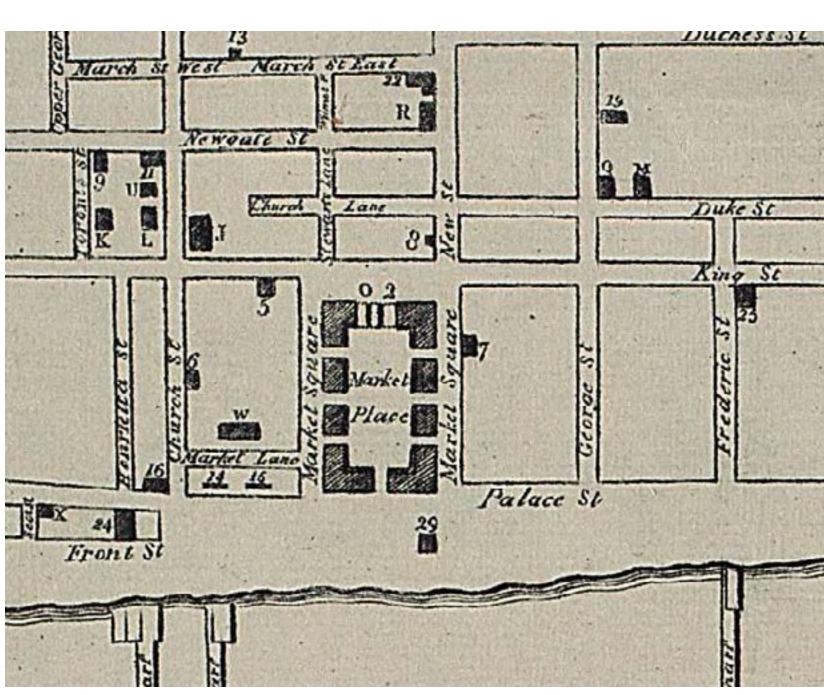
c. 1990 - Present

Market Square

1803- 1850



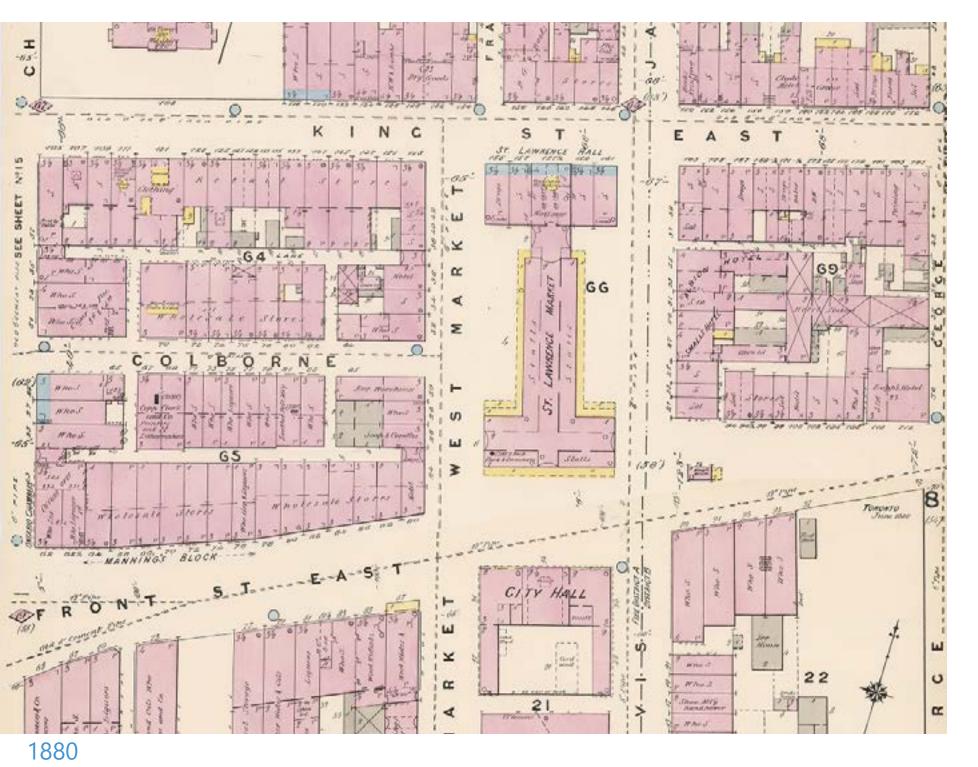




1802 c. 1825

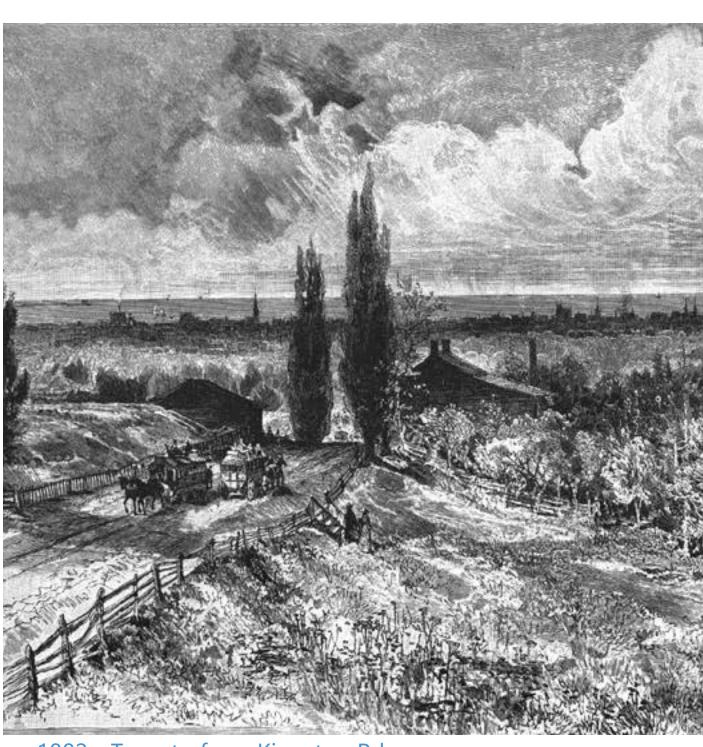
Market Street

1850 - 1968





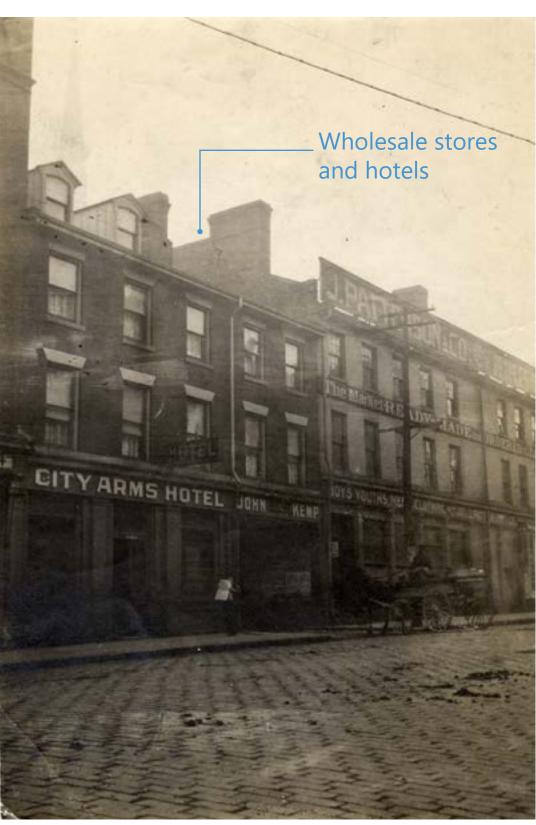
1885



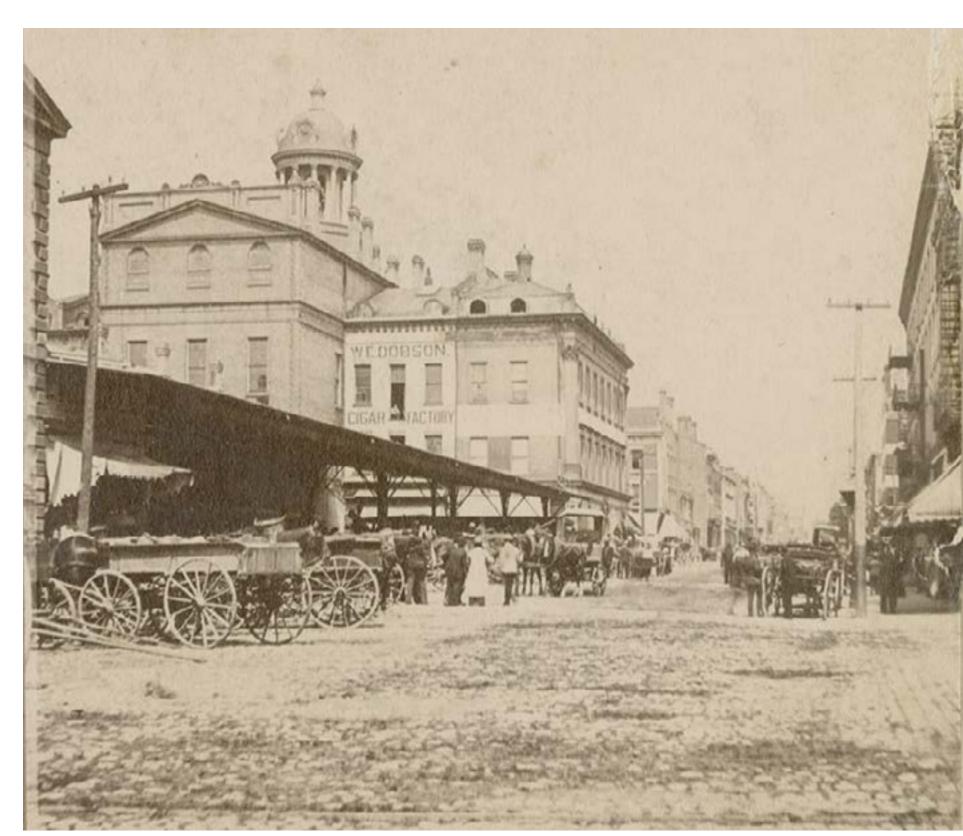
1882 - Toronto from Kingston Rd.

Market Street

1850 - 1968



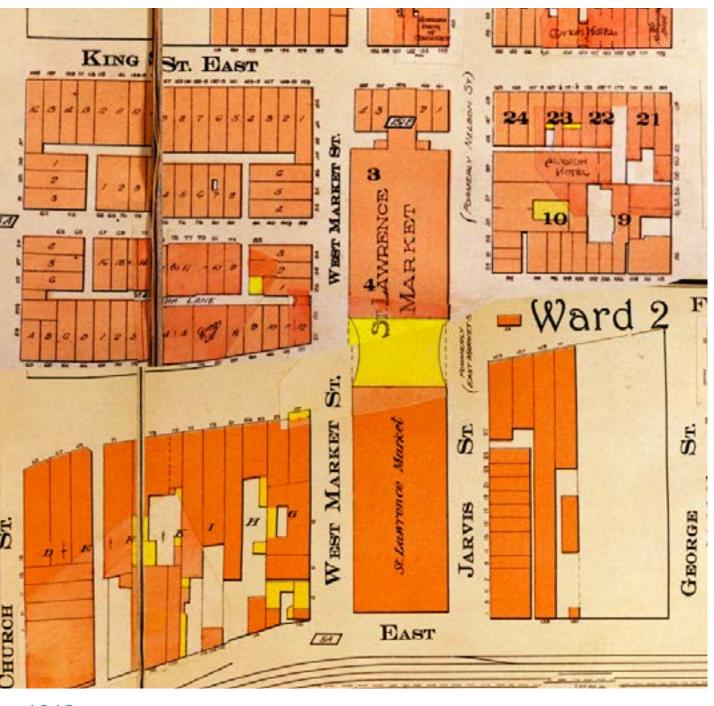


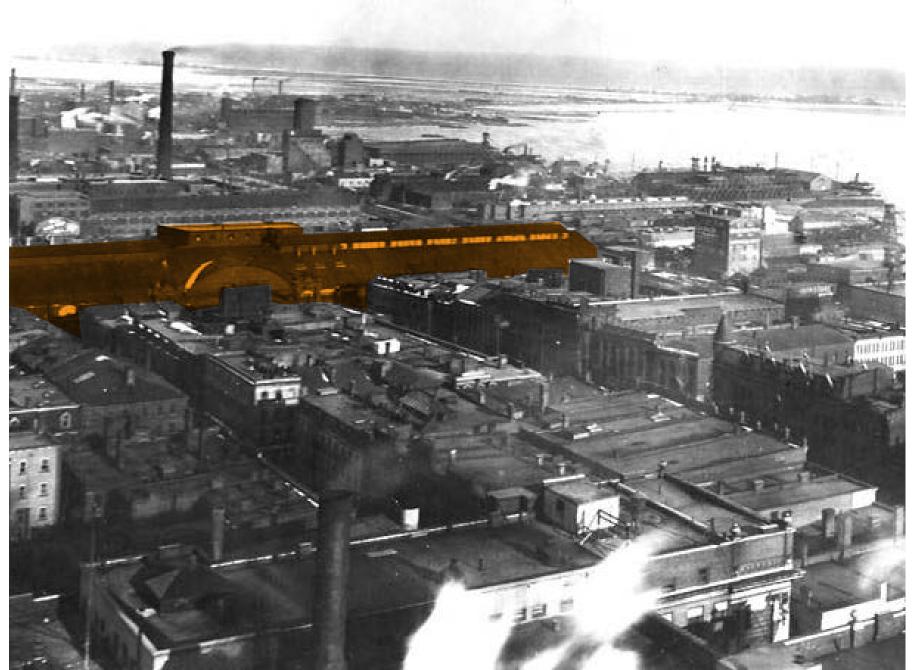


1911 1898 1891

Market Street

1850 - 1968







1913 1920

Market Lane Park

1969 - Present





Market Lane Park

1969 - Present







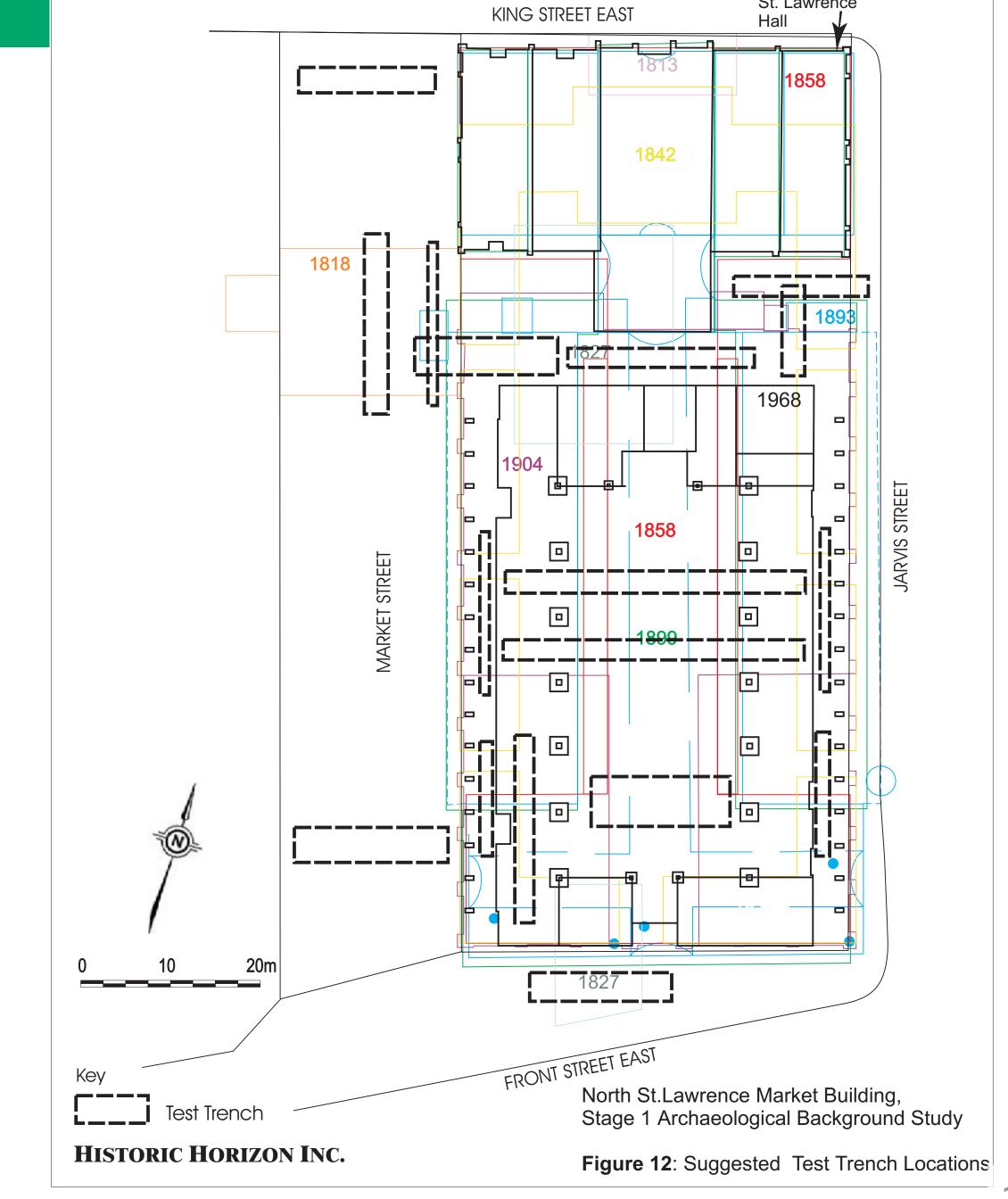
c.1989 c. 1989

c. 1989

Archaeology

The site has archaeological significance

- site of 1818 market building
- excavation of test trenches expected summer 2021
 • prefer to preserve in situ

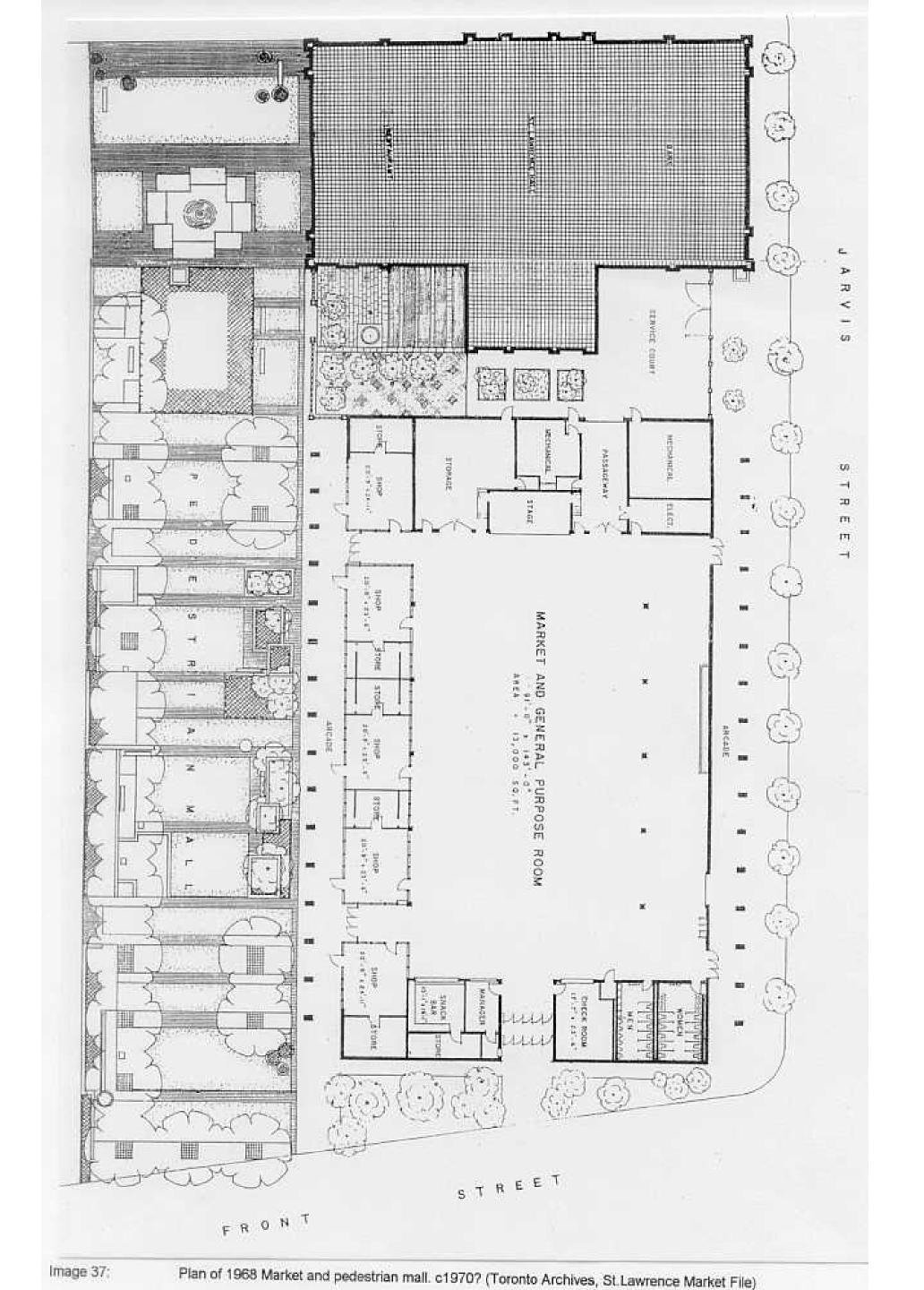




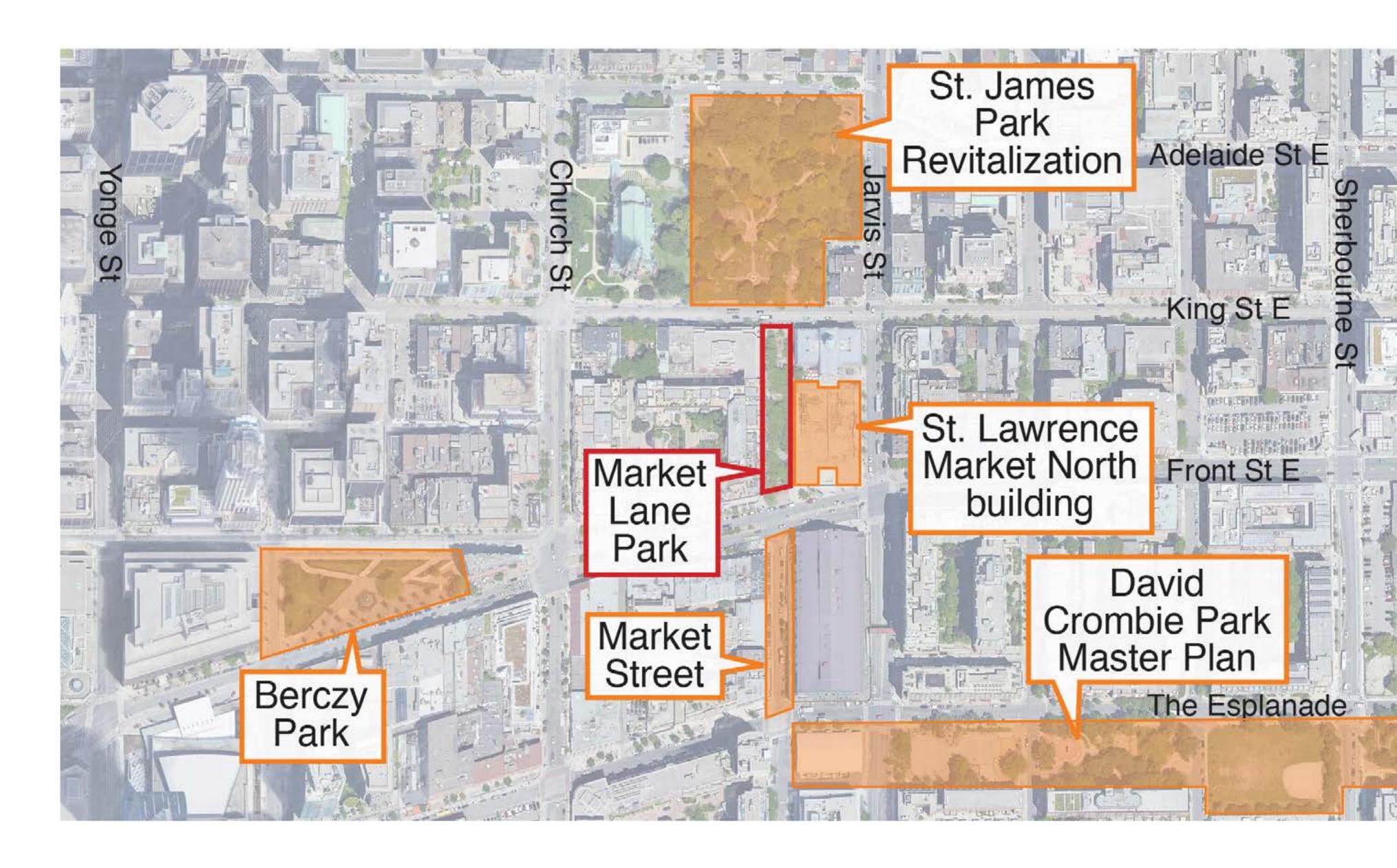
History

Original site plan for Market Lane Park, 1968



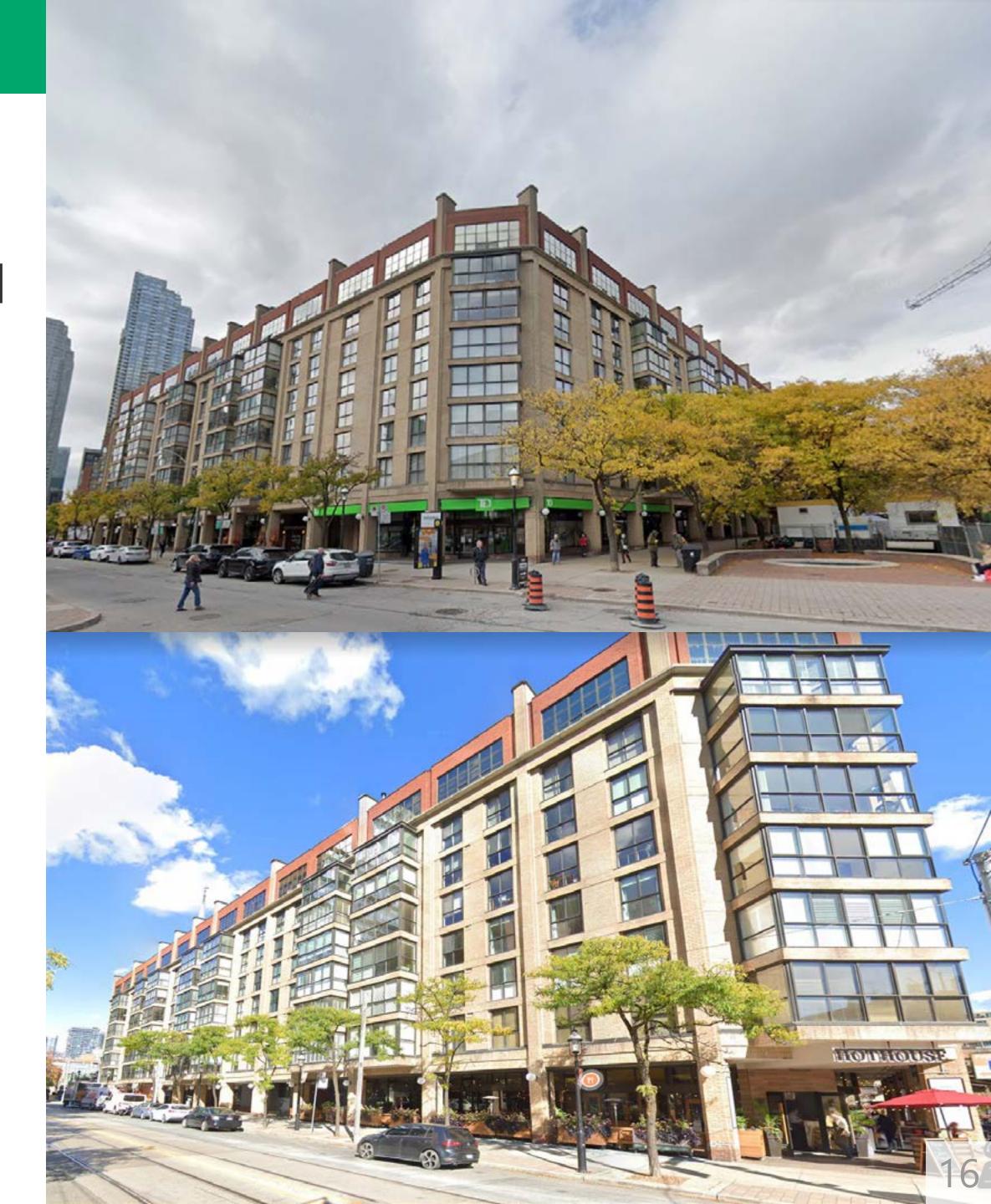


Context and Public Realm Projects in the Area



Market Square Building

- designed by Jerome Markson
- the iconic yellow bricks are the last produced by the Don Valley Brickworks
- the form and scale of the building reflect the desire of the mayor and planners to respect the historic context and implement citybuilding ideas in this area
- the architecture has a Parisian approach in its courtyard form and units that address the park and street
- retail at ground level and the theatre were deliberately designed



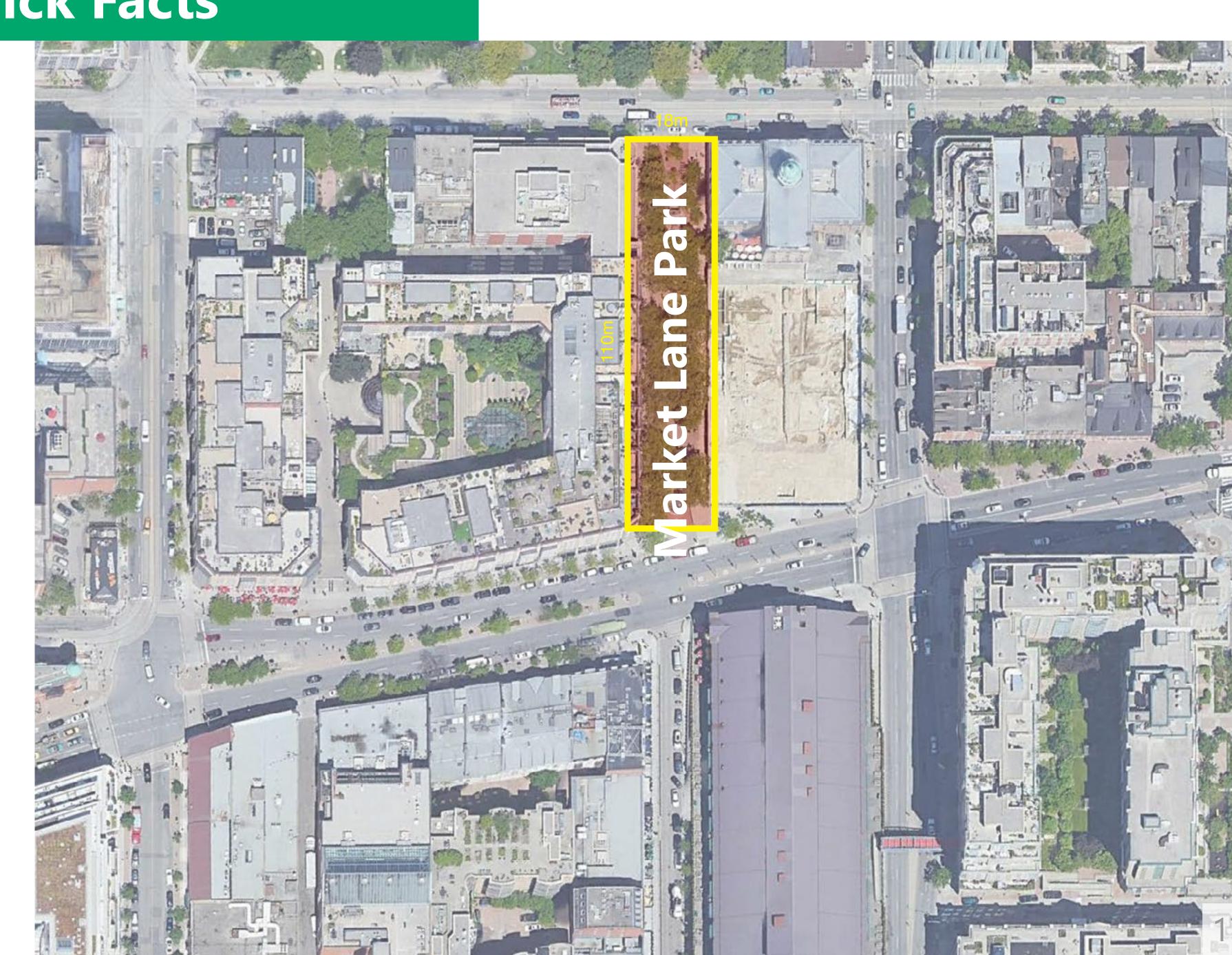
Market Lane - Quick Facts

0.2hectares(0.5 acres)

110m long

> 18m wide

6:1 length to width ratio



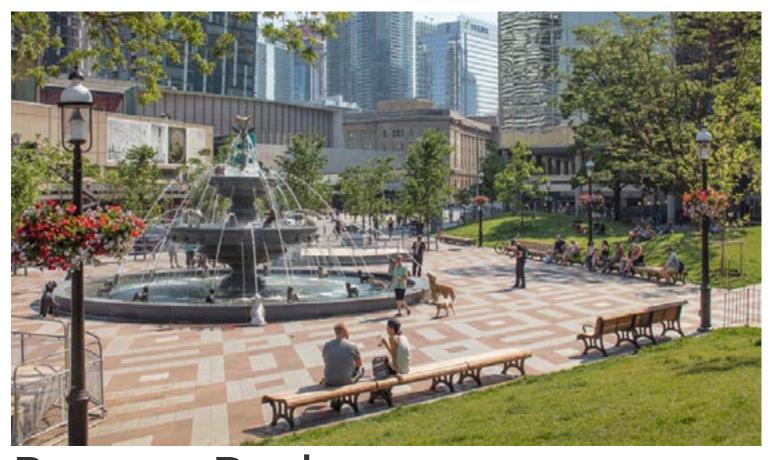
Design Cues



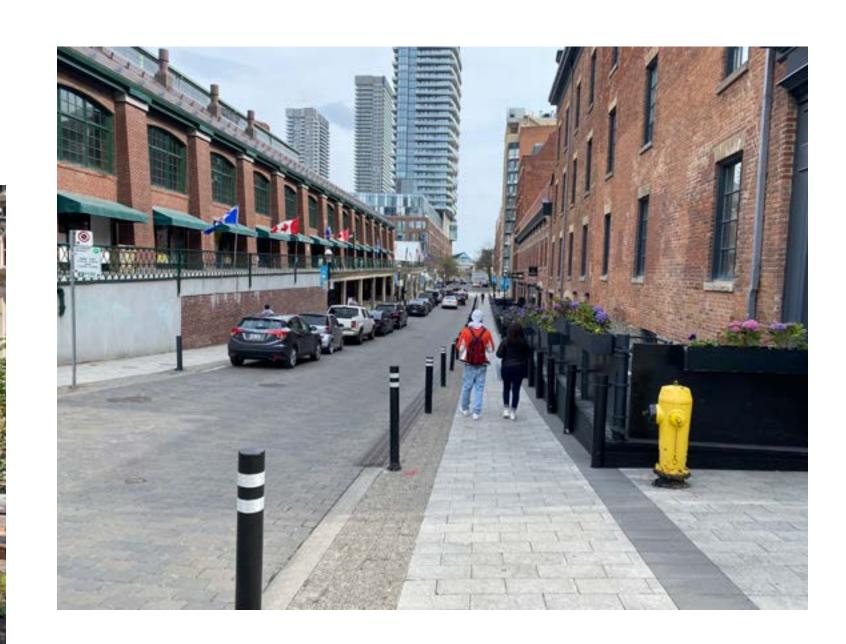


St. James Park





Berczy Park



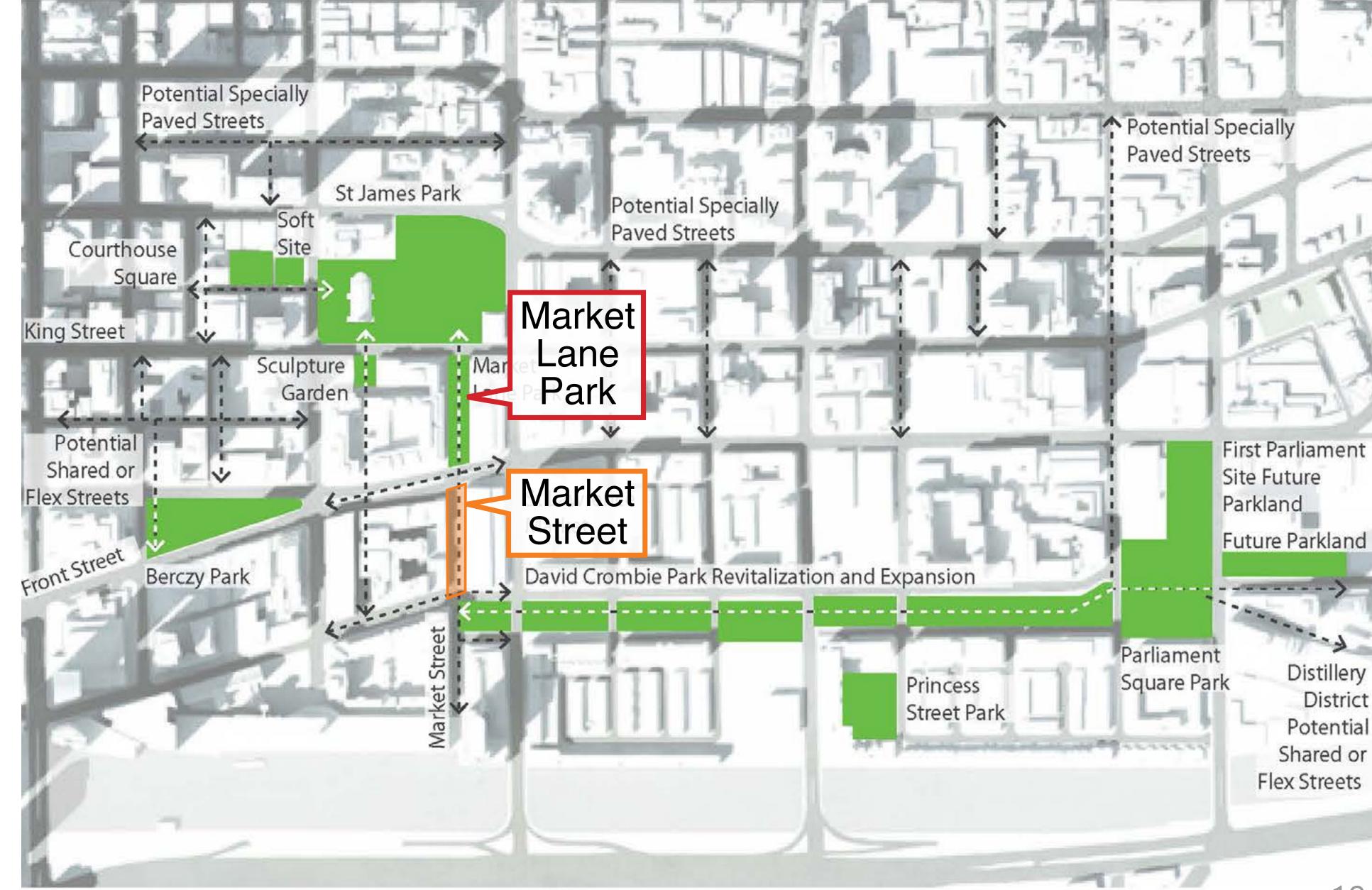


Market Street

Downtown Parks and Public Realm Plan (2018)

Market Lane
Park is part of
the Old Town-St.
Lawrence-Distillery
park district

Calls for the realization of the BIA master plan for shared and flex streets



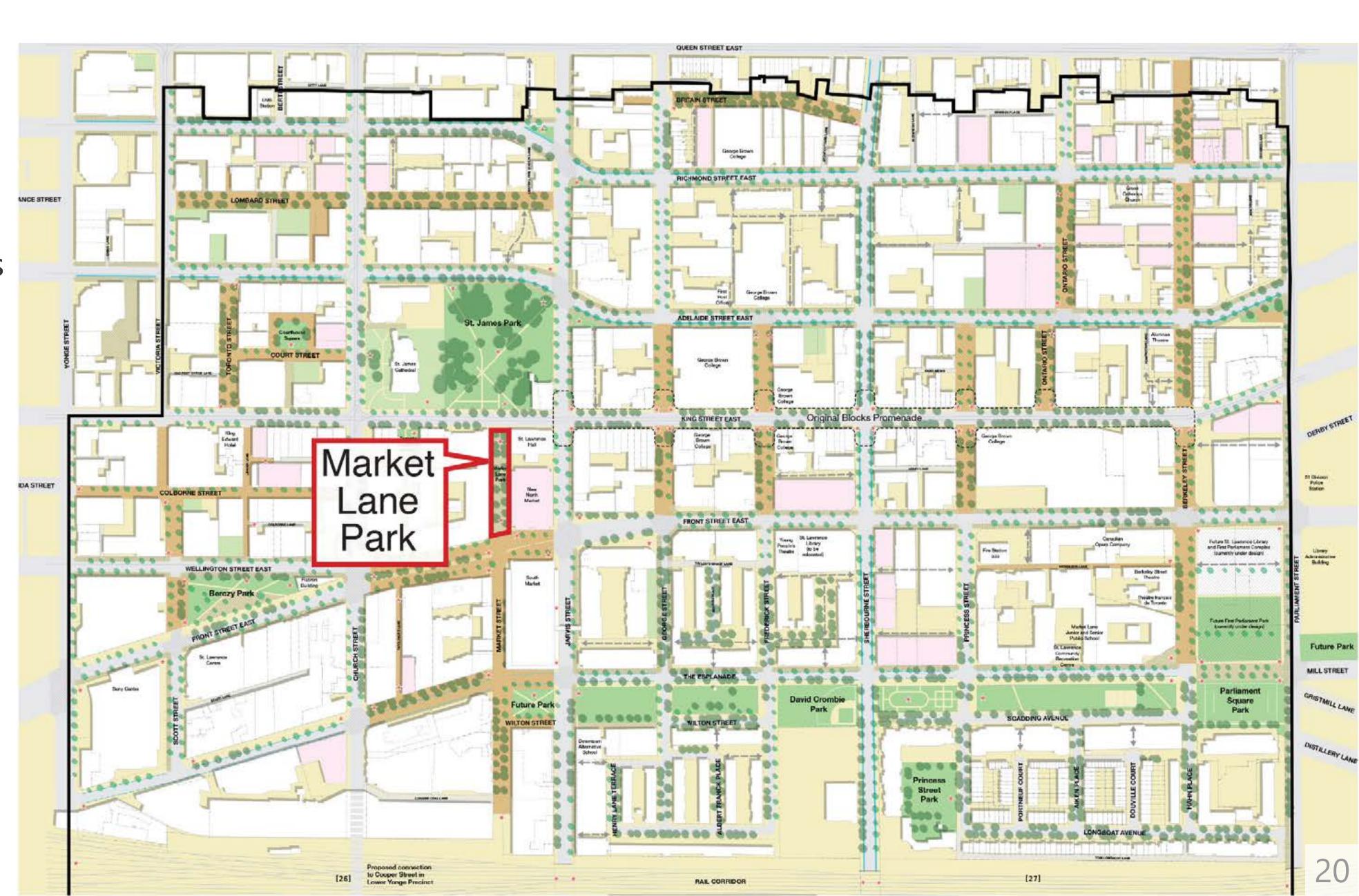


St. Lawrence Market Neighbourhood BIA Public Realm Master Plan (2015)

Key Initiatives

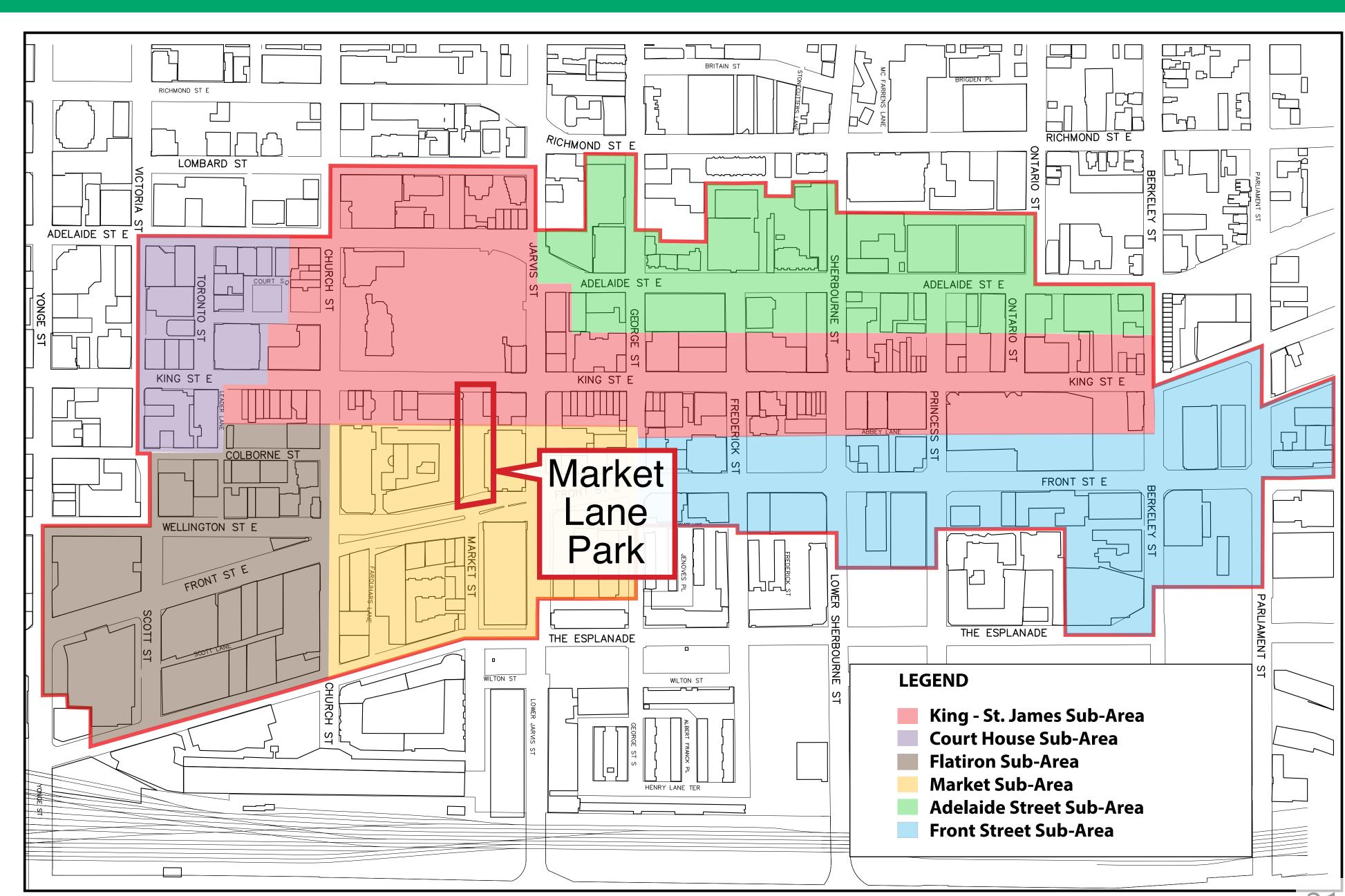
- Greening
- Expanded pedestrian boulevards
- Mid-block connections
- Improve parks
- Improve cycling
- Special streets
- Focus Area around St. Lawrence Market
- Special paving to surrounding streets
- Front Street East treated similar to Union Station





St. Lawrence Neighbourhood Heritage Conservation District (Draft 2015)

- Part of King
 Street-St. James
 and Market sub areas
- Market Lane Park
 is part of a high traffic pedestrian
 network linking
 public spaces
 and landmark
 destinations



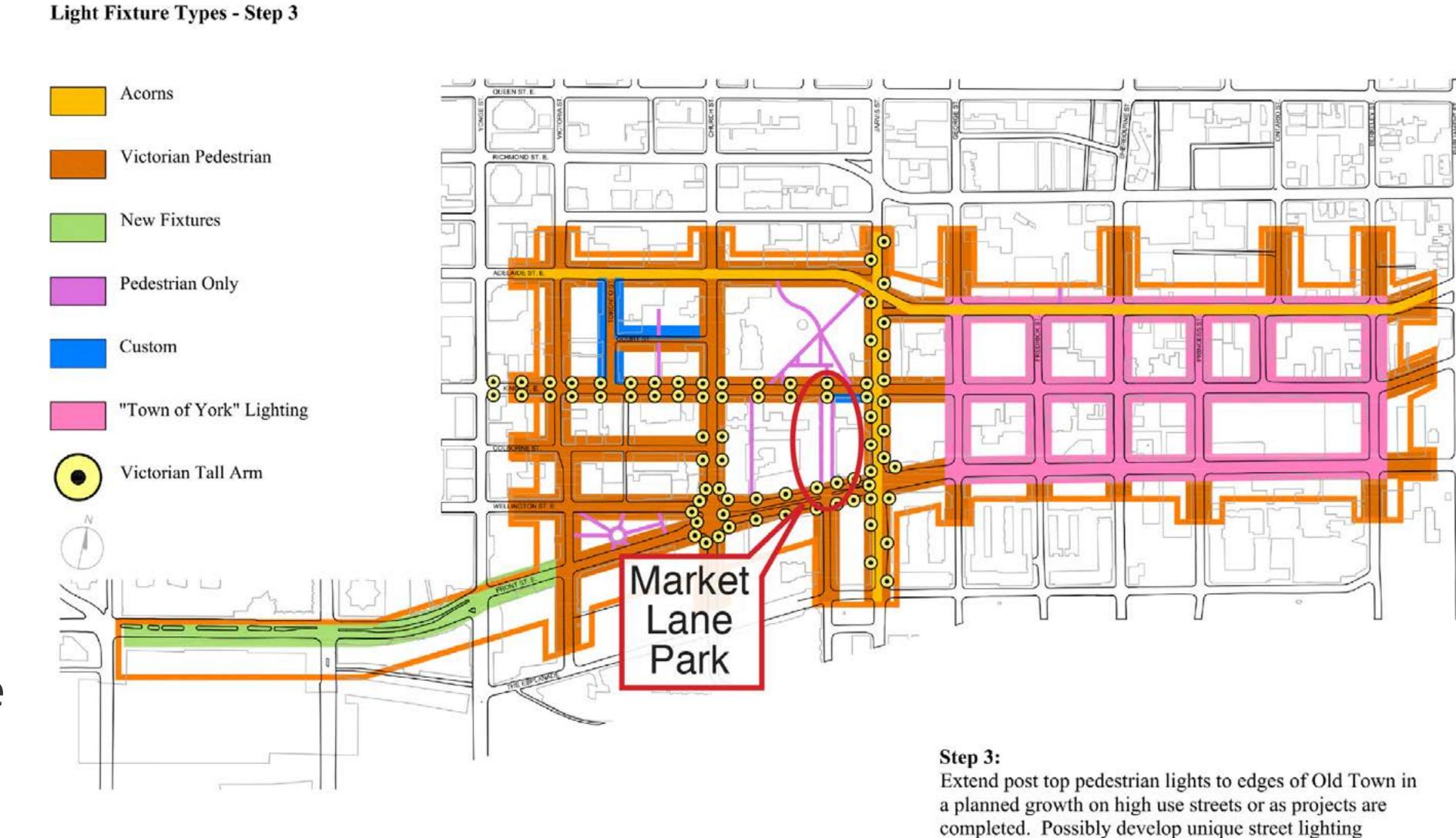


Map 9: Character Sub-Areas

Heritage Lighting Master Plan for Old Town Toronto (2011)

Key Initiatives

- Focus on showcasing heritage buildings through lighting
- Heritage lighting recommendations for the district
- Pedestrian lighting within Market Lane





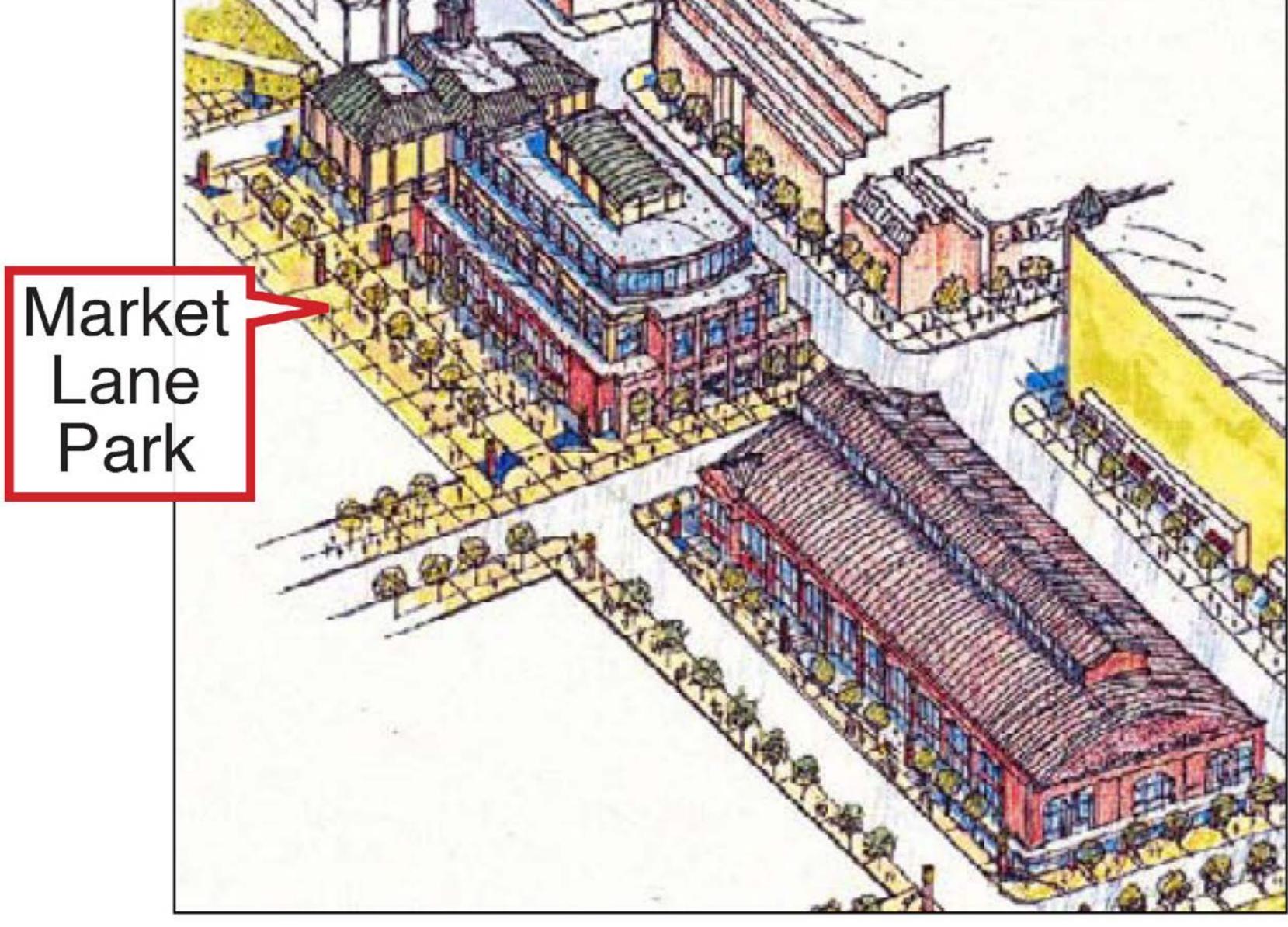
solution for original 10 blocks, "Town of York" (as

shown).

St. Lawrence Neighbourhood Focused Area Urban Design Guidelines (2005)

Key Initiatives

- Market Lane is part of the Market Precinct, an extension of the Front Street East Precinct – the focal point of the neighbourhood
- Guidelines seek
 to provide new
 landscaping and
 paving for Market Lane
 Park







Early Observations



People Place

5 benches with backs and armrests

3 benches no backs or armrests

90 linear metres of low seat wall

200m² planter

33 trees

800m² flex space

25 rental bicycles (Bike Share Toronto)

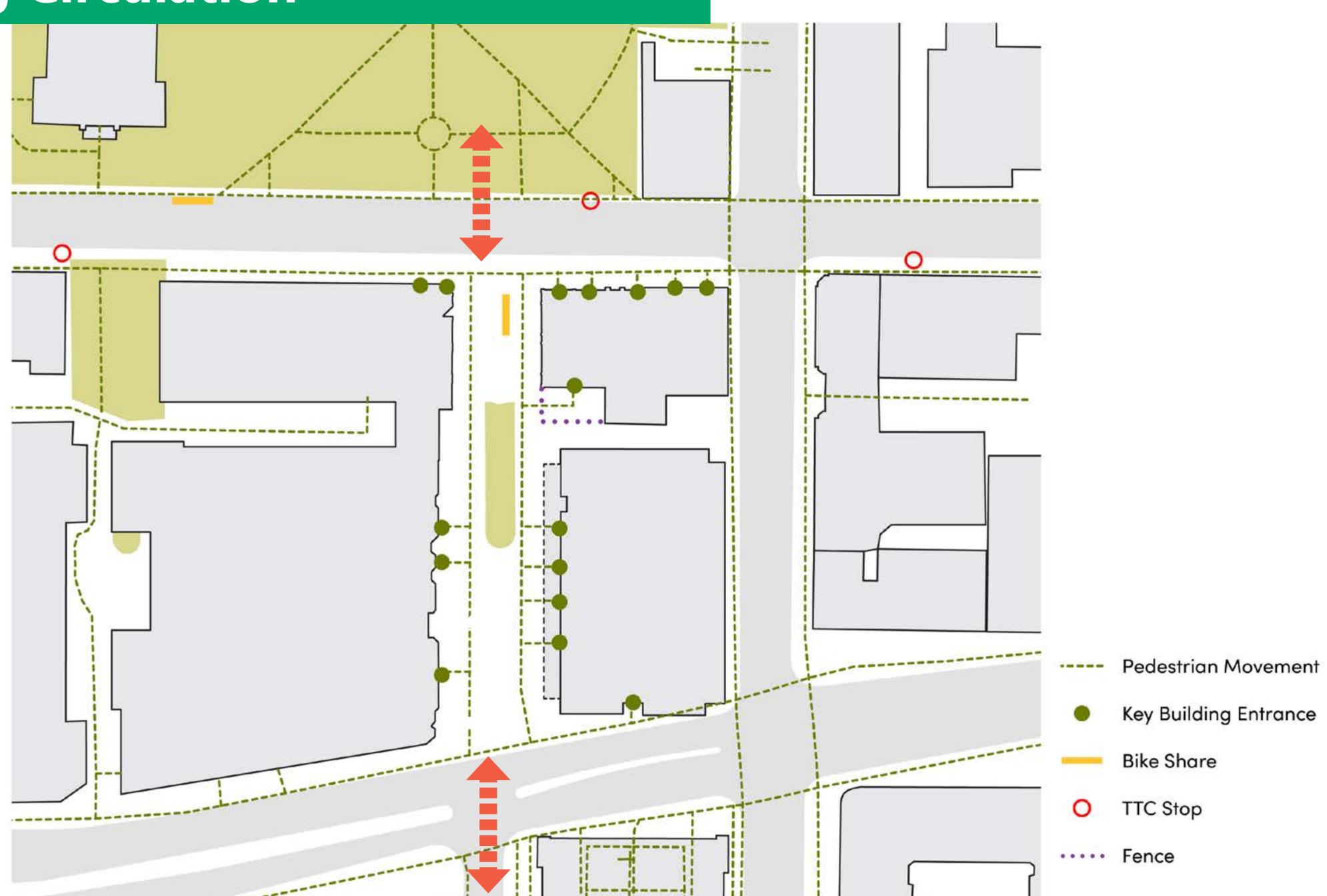
2.3m collonade (west side)

1.0m collonade (east side)

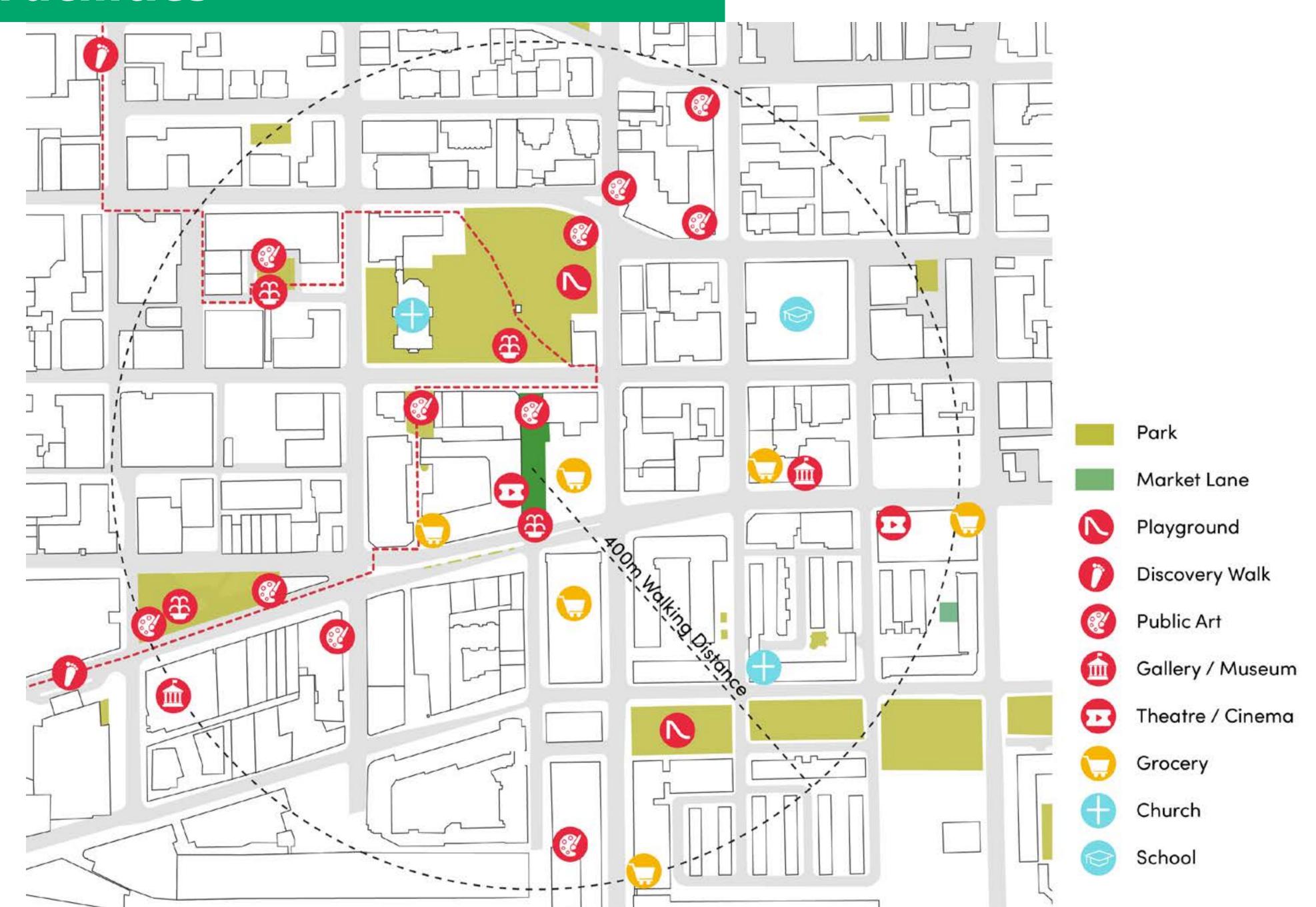
Social Context

- pass through space and a destination space
- diverse users
- use of space and water features by street involved people
- proximity of condominium residents: noise/nuisance
- former events: Feast of St. Lawrence, Buskerfest, Woofstock - why did they go elsewhere?
- new North Market building will be a game changer

Existing Circulation



Public Facilities



Existing Character

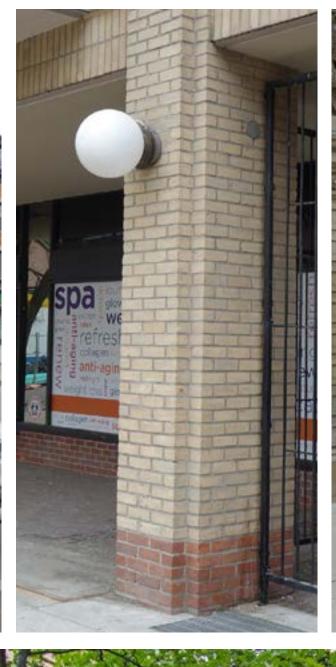








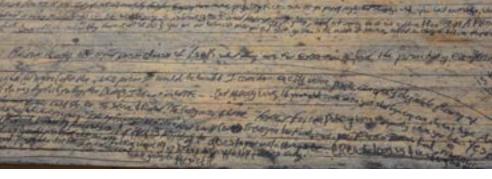


















Past Character

First Design

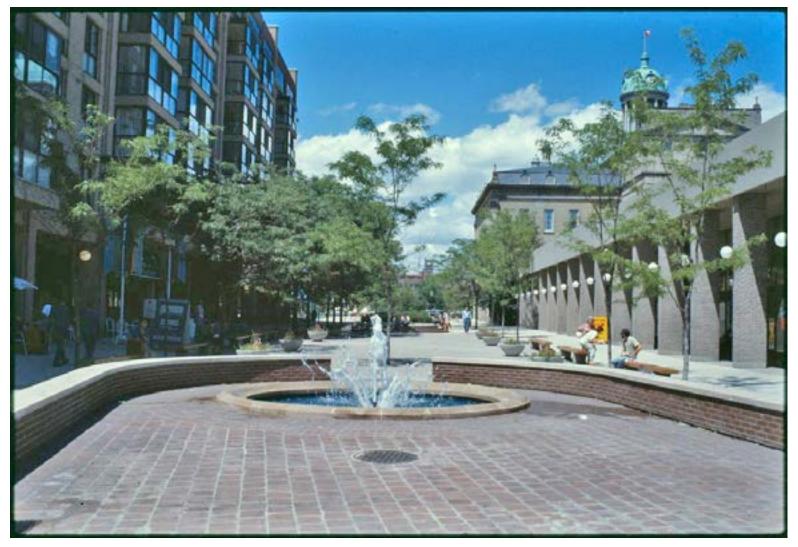


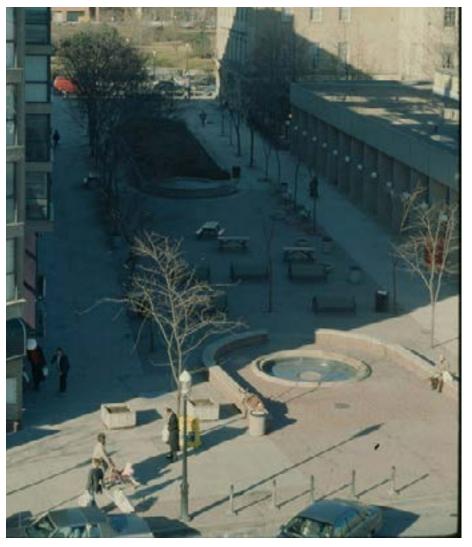




Second Design







- establishment of the tree canopy
- modernist design language rectilinear forms, circular forms mixed with traditional elements
- horticultural display, planters
- water fountain
- red brick unit paving and concrete
- seating
- picnic tables
- globe lights

North Market Building

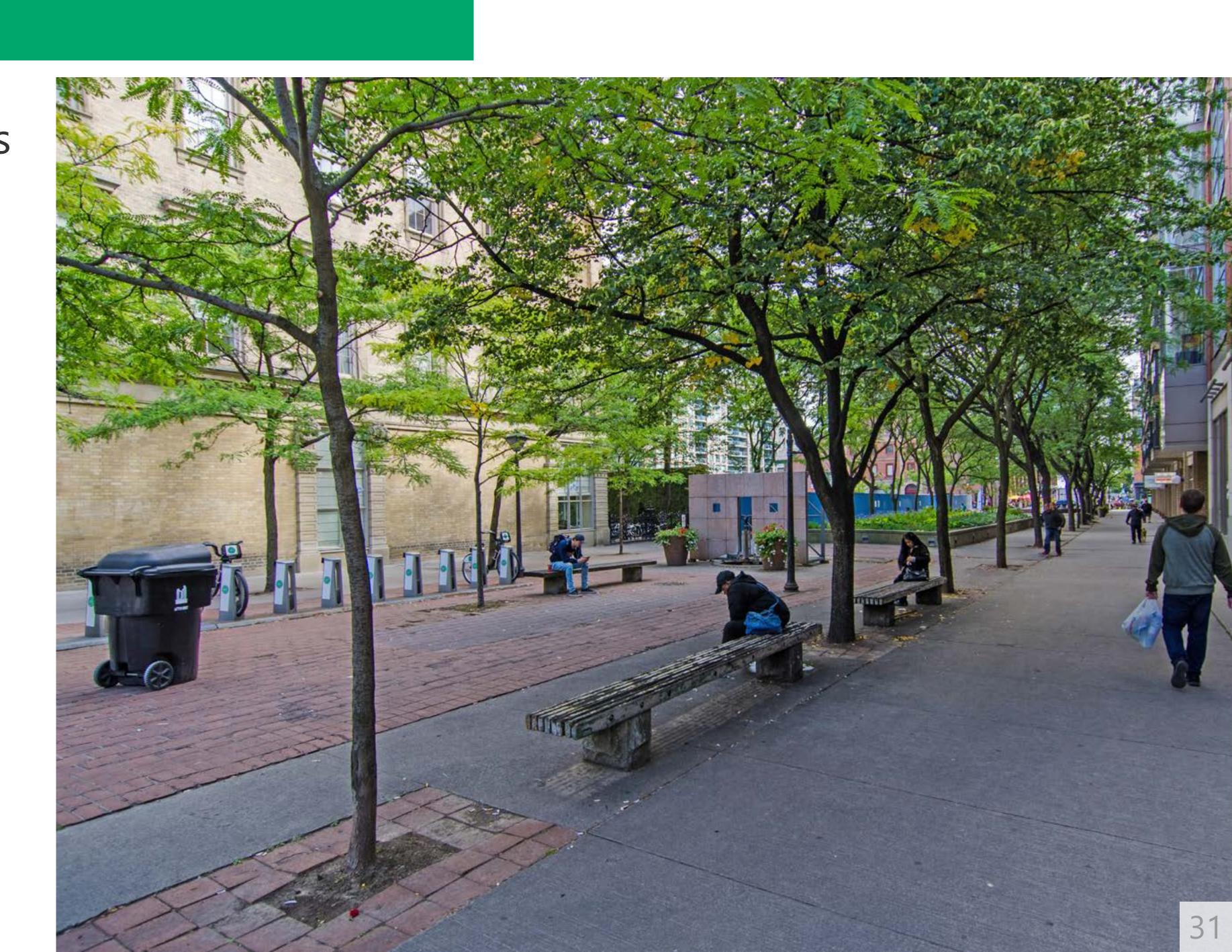
- Ground
 floor: public
 market, cafe,
 washrooms,
 space is flexible
 for other events
- Upper floors: demo kitchen, court operations



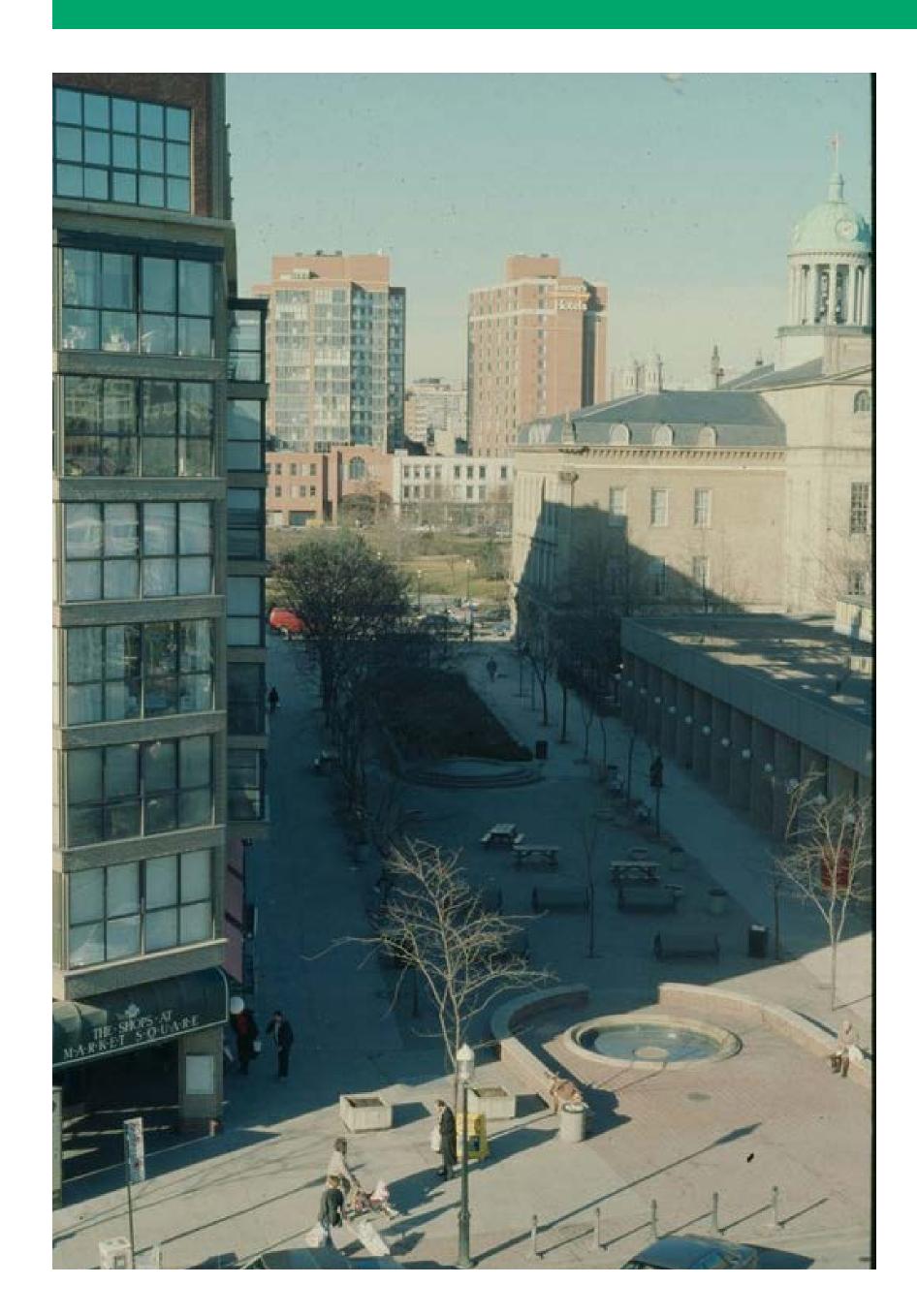


Existing Trees

- Preserve existing trees wherever possible
- established, healthy canopy with strong apical growth
- trees would benefit
 from more open
 surface area



Microclimate

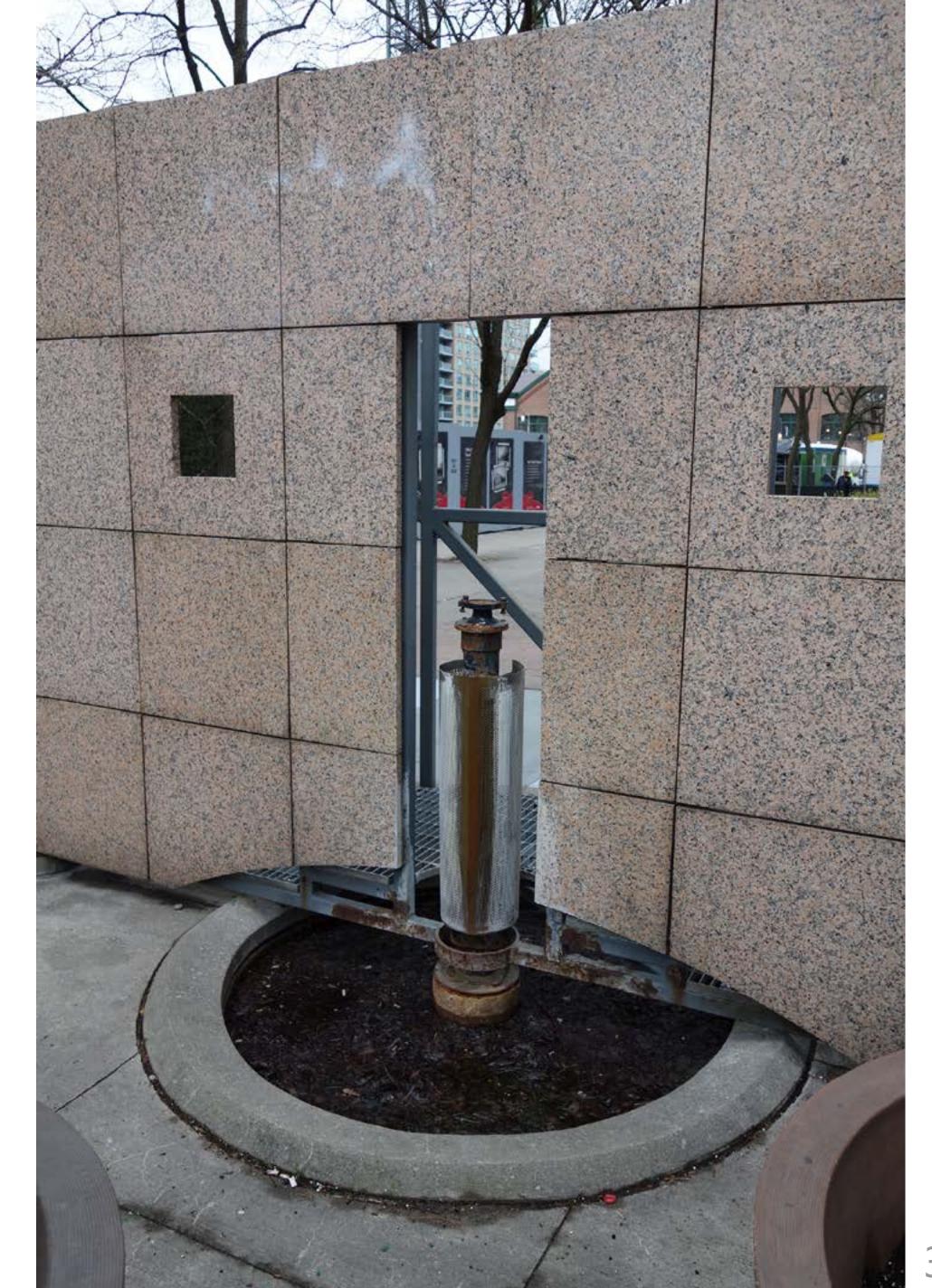


Access to sunlight will become more constrained - for people and trees

Front Street and the existing fountain area will have the most sunlight

Return of the Magri Stecchi

- Public art installation by Morry Edelstein and Brian McLaren (1985)
- The hand pump represents the original well of the City located nearby
- The holes in the wall represent the pillory, whipping post and stocks of the nearby jail
- This process is considering refurbishing, relocating or decommissioning the feature based on assessments of condition, cost, safety, views, maintenance concerns related to the water feature, the feature's message, and the artists' and City's preferences





Park Infrastructure

- existing fountain:
 - concrete and tiles deteriorating
 - electrical disconnected
 - broken curb stop
 - new pump and piping in the pit
- a new water element is planned
- electrical connection for the park to the new THES vault under Front Street East
- primary lighting is from Market Square condominium building columns
- pavement wear, unevenness



Elements to Carry Forward

tree canopy

seating

lighting

waste receptacles

horticultural beds

moveable planters



bollards

wayfinding sign

Market Lane Park sign

Bike Share (25 bikes)

Return of the Magri-Stecchi?

water feature (new design)

Examples of Great Linear Parks



 Avenue Shamrock was significantly pedestrianized, first as a pilot project, then with permanent infrastructure

 The pilot project included seating, planters, a carousel, games and a winter warming station

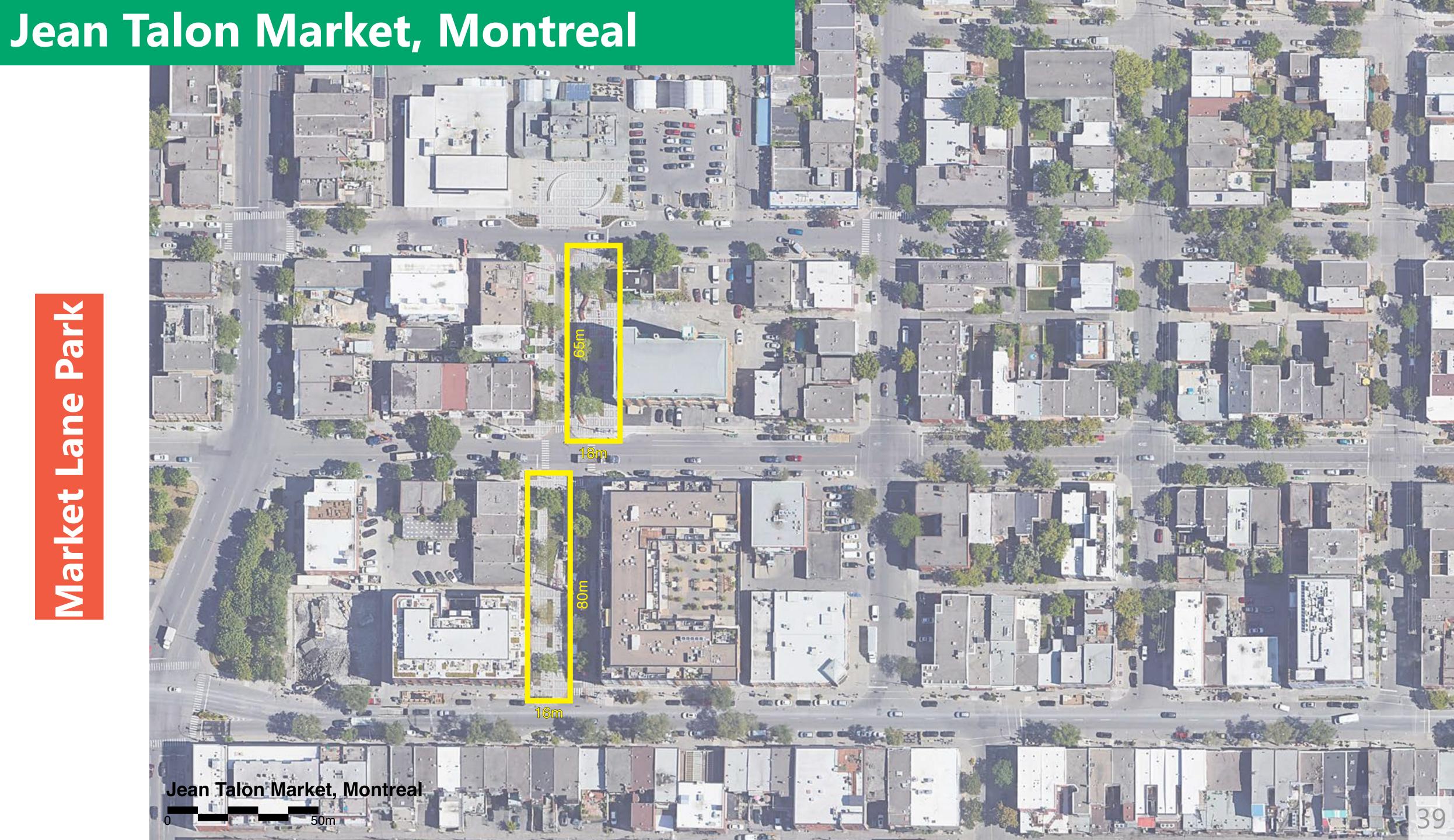


Jean Talon Market, Montreal

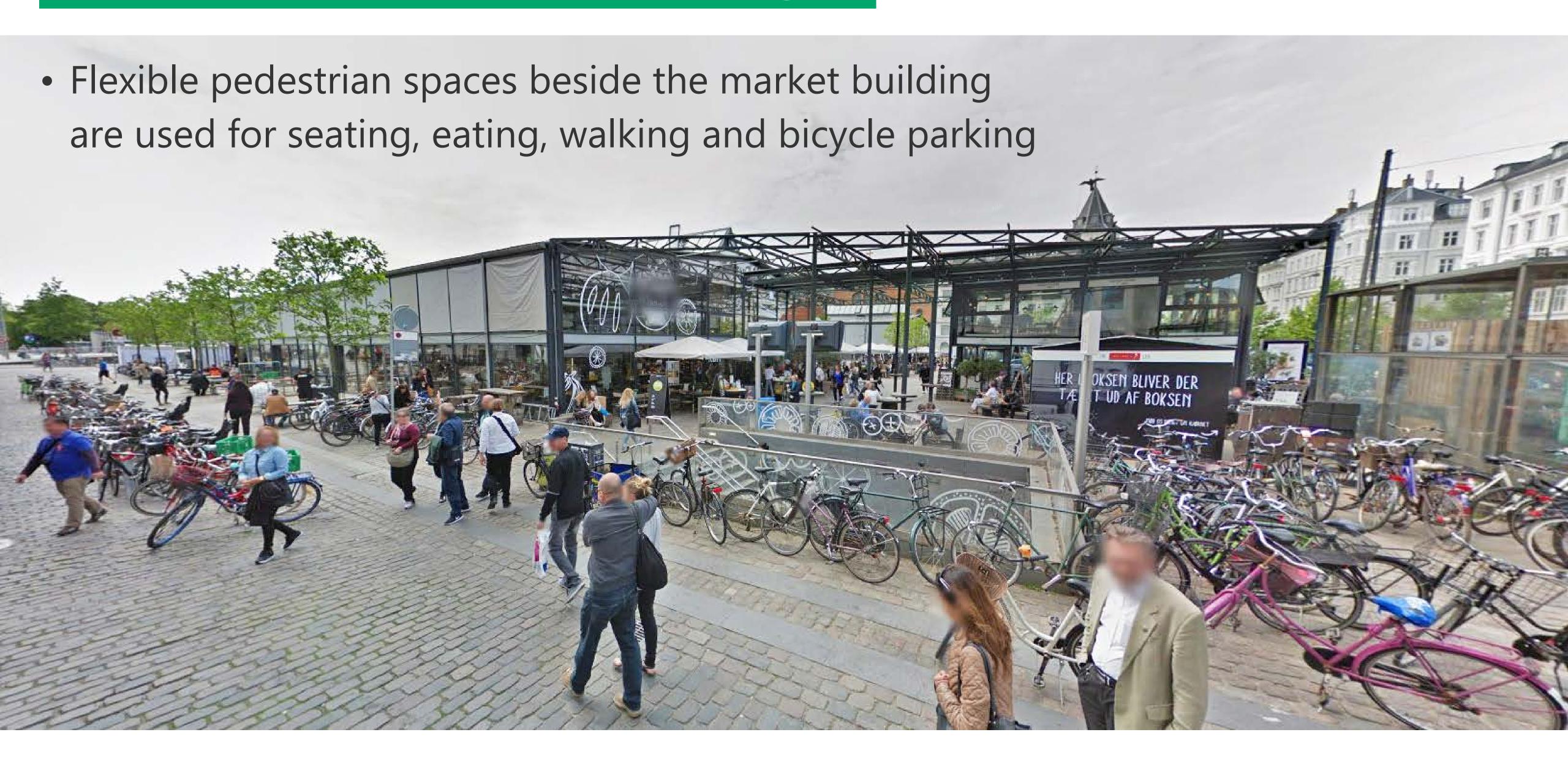
 The constructed design includes seating, planting, trees, lighting, public art, picnic tables and a sink/ countertop area

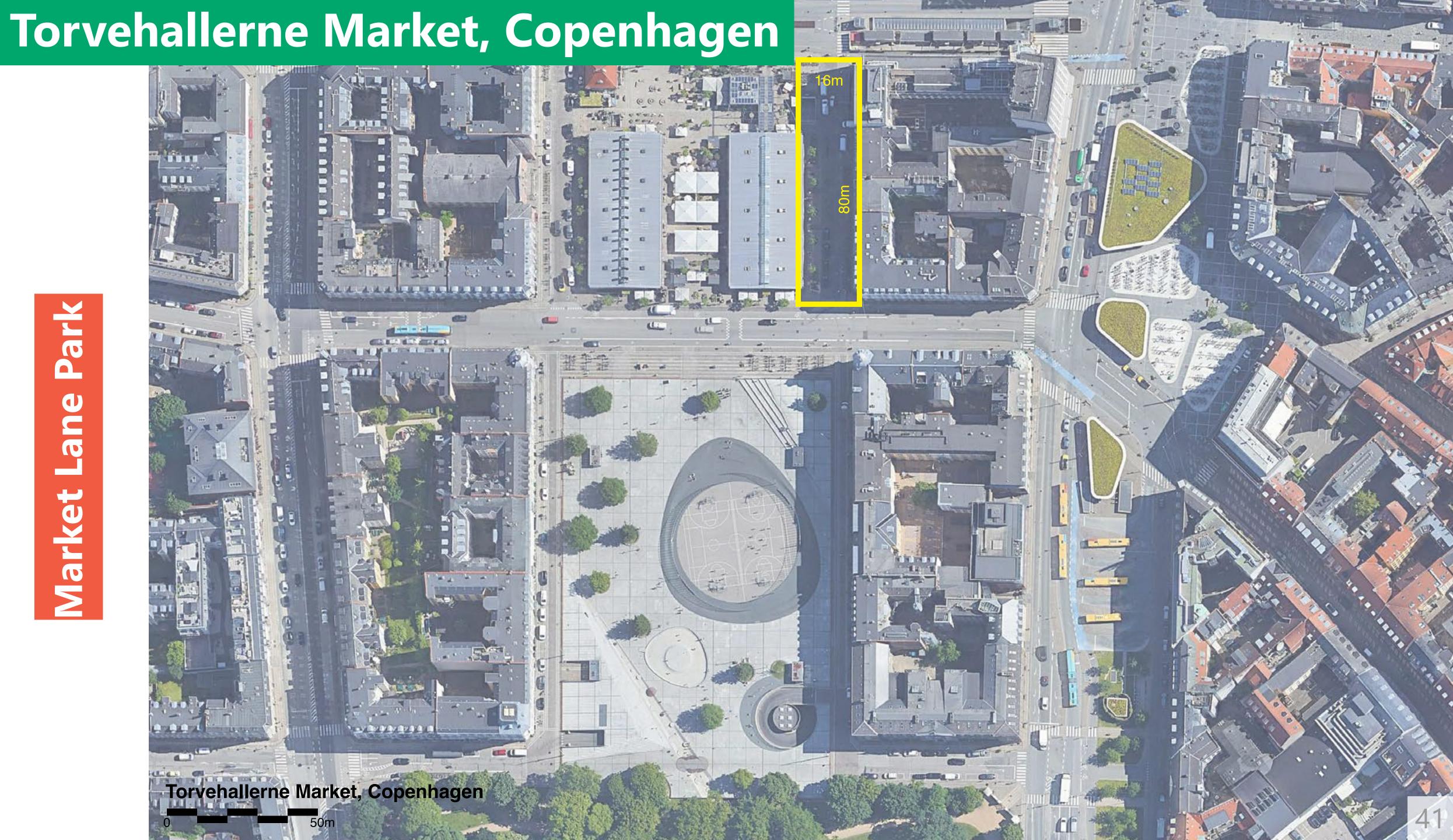






Torvehallerne Market, Copenhagen





Ogilvy Square, Ottawa

- 1-block pedestrian street
- Flexible surface for events,
 patios
- Trees, seating, lighting





Ogilvy Square, Ottawa 111111 **Ogilvy Square, Ottawa**

Faneuil Hall, Boston

- Network of streets and plazas around the historic market
- Pedestrian streets
 with seating,
 trees, lighting,
 patios, outdoor
 vending, events and
 programming



Faneuil Hall, Boston

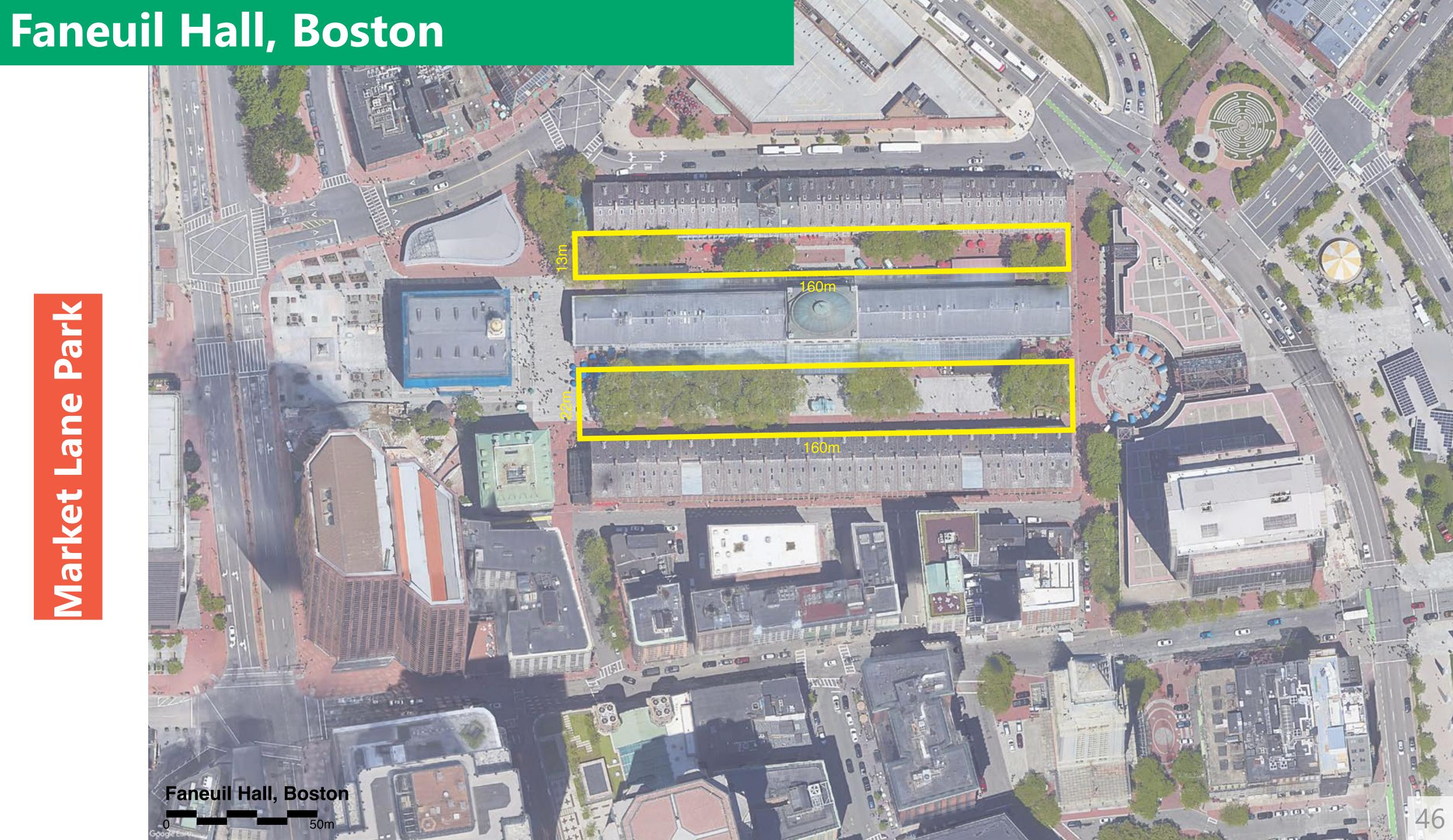
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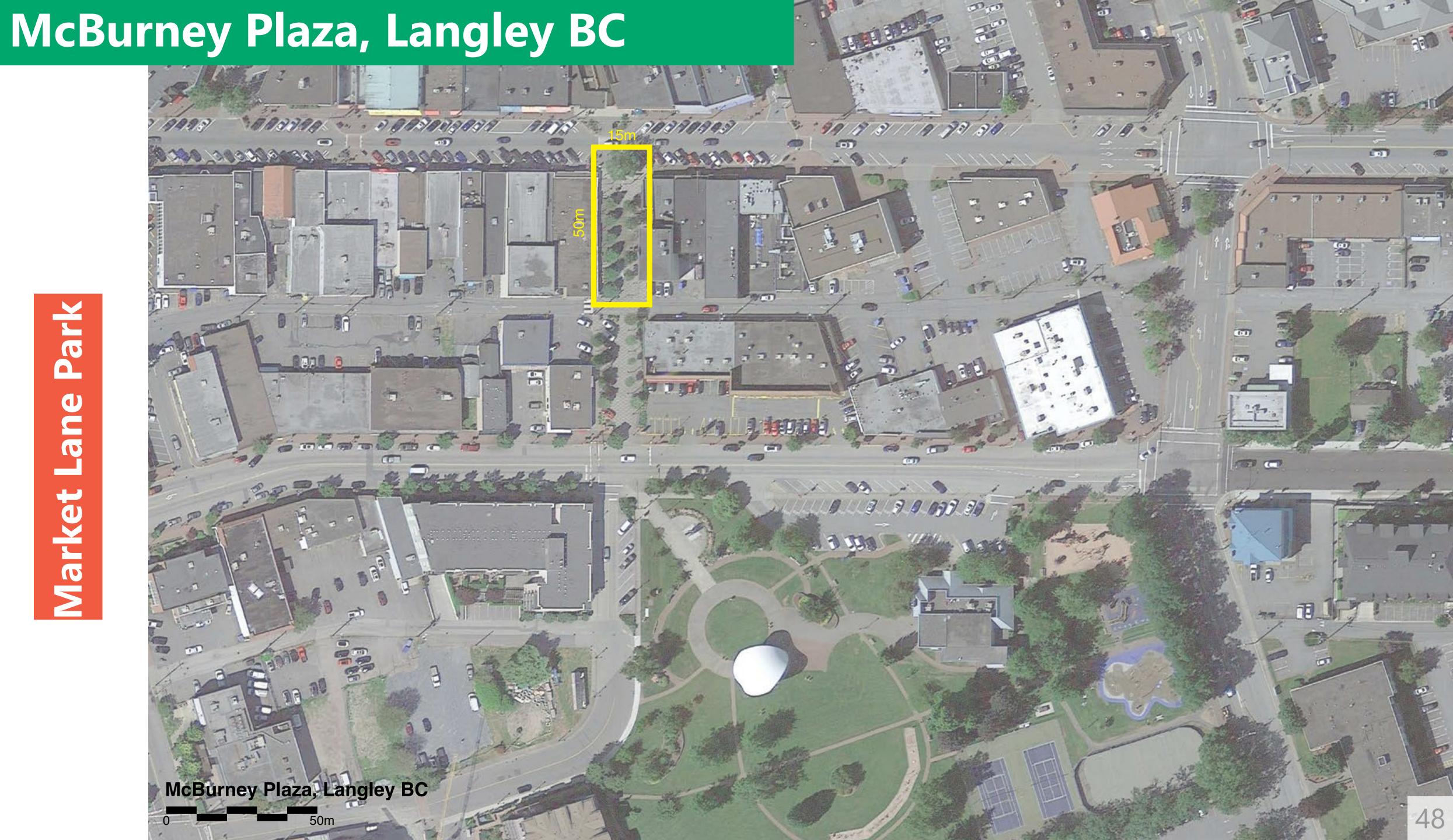


McBurney Plaza, Langley BC

- Pedestrianized street with trees, flexible paving, seating
- Programmed with events





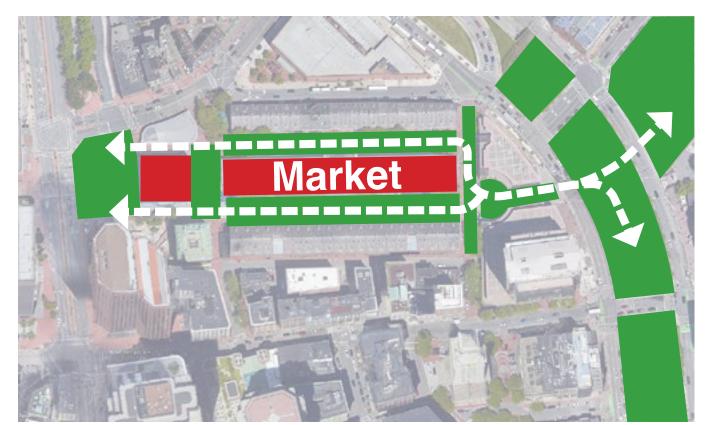


Linear Parks in the Urban System

- Are active destinations with retail spill out and programming
- Connect a network of public destinations such as markets, plazas and parks



McBurney Plaza, Langley BC



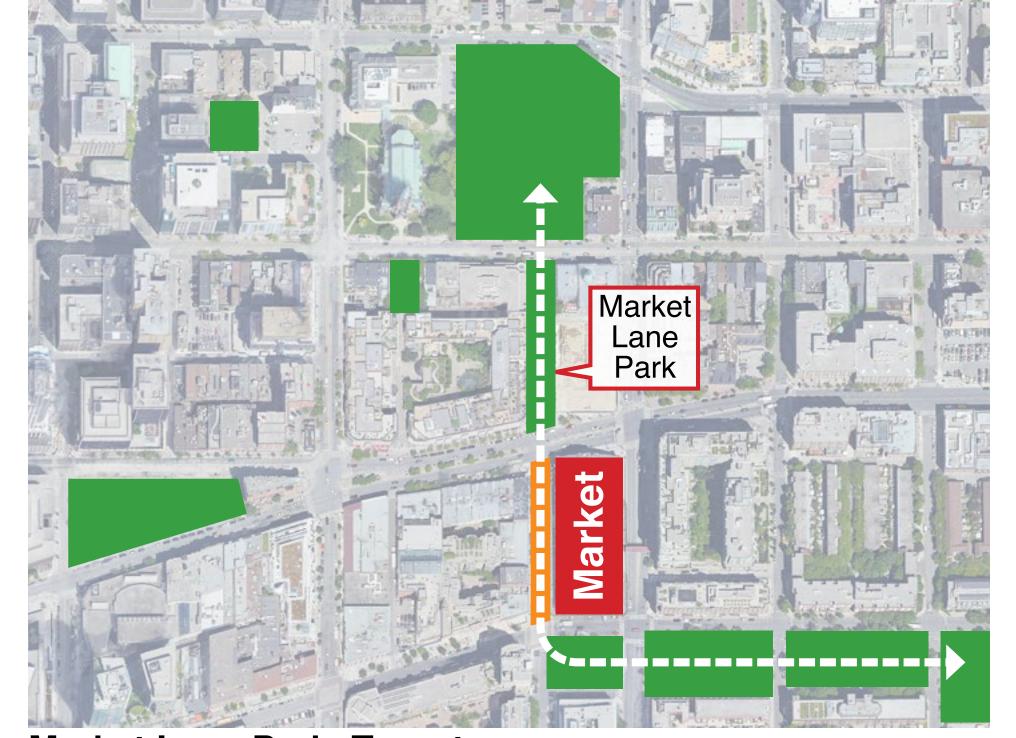
Faneuil Hall, Boston



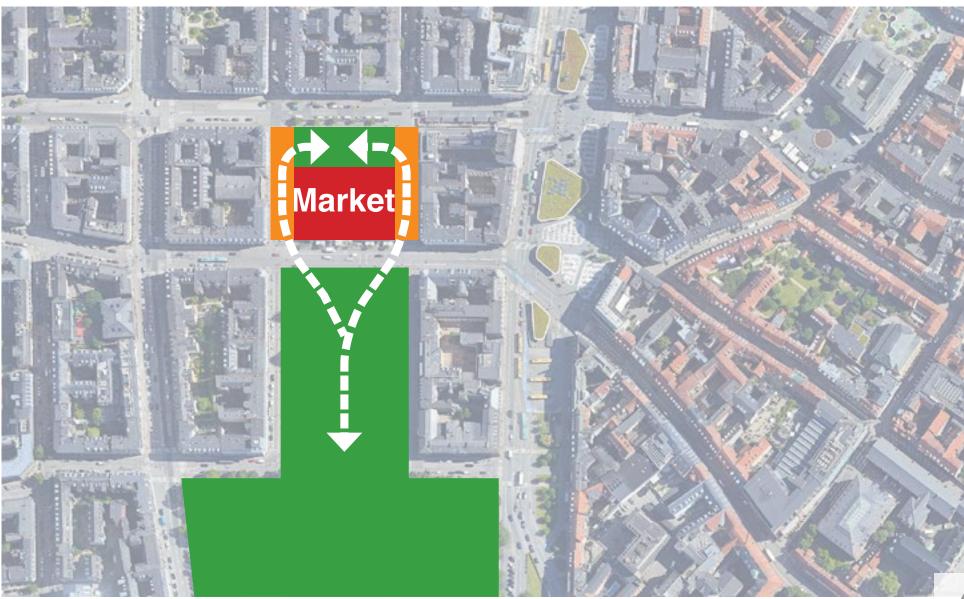
Ogilvy Square, Ottawa



Jean Talon Market, Montreal



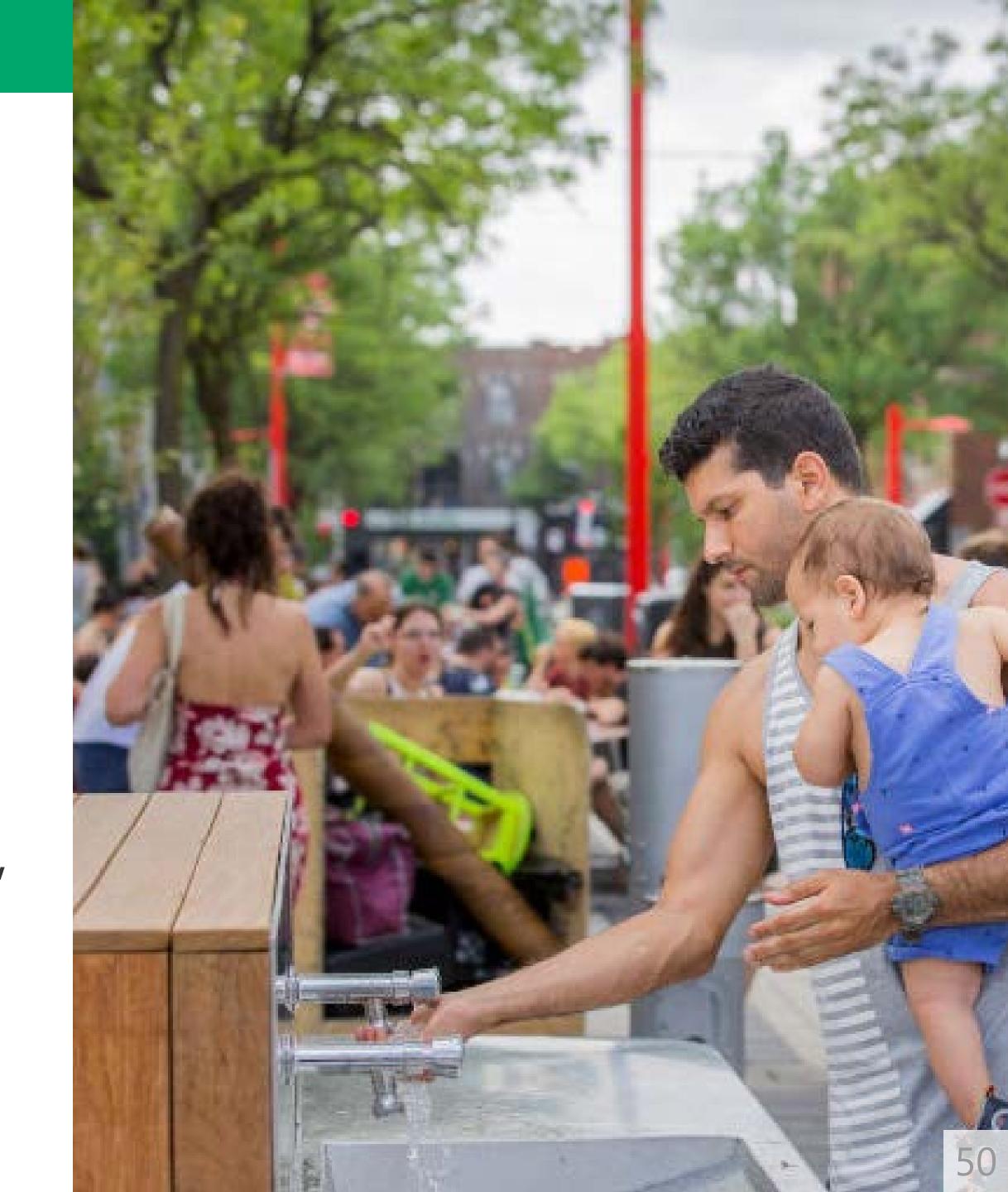
Market Lane Park, Toronto



Torvehallerne Market, Copenhagen

Lessons Learned

- plenty of places to eat that include tables and chairs, often picnic tables
- plenty of seating; mix of permanent and flexible options
- flexible areas that can be used for a variety of events, installations and uses
- actively programmed with events and activities
- built-in access to power and water
- high quality pedestrian oriented furnishing, paving and lighting
- trees in paving



Draft Vision, Principles and Big Moves



Vision

Vision

A guiding statement for the design

Principles

Specific objectives to achieve the vision

Big Moves

Translating principles to spatial organization and design elements

Draft Vision Statement

Market Lane Park will be a vibrant pedestrian space that supports the St. Lawrence Market Precinct and serves as both a meeting place and midblock passage between King Street and Front Street. It will integrate Indigenous placekeeping and reference its rich cultural heritage.

Principles

Create a beautiful and functional city park

Enhance the St Lawrence Market Precinct

Welcome everyone

Integrate Indigenous place-keeping

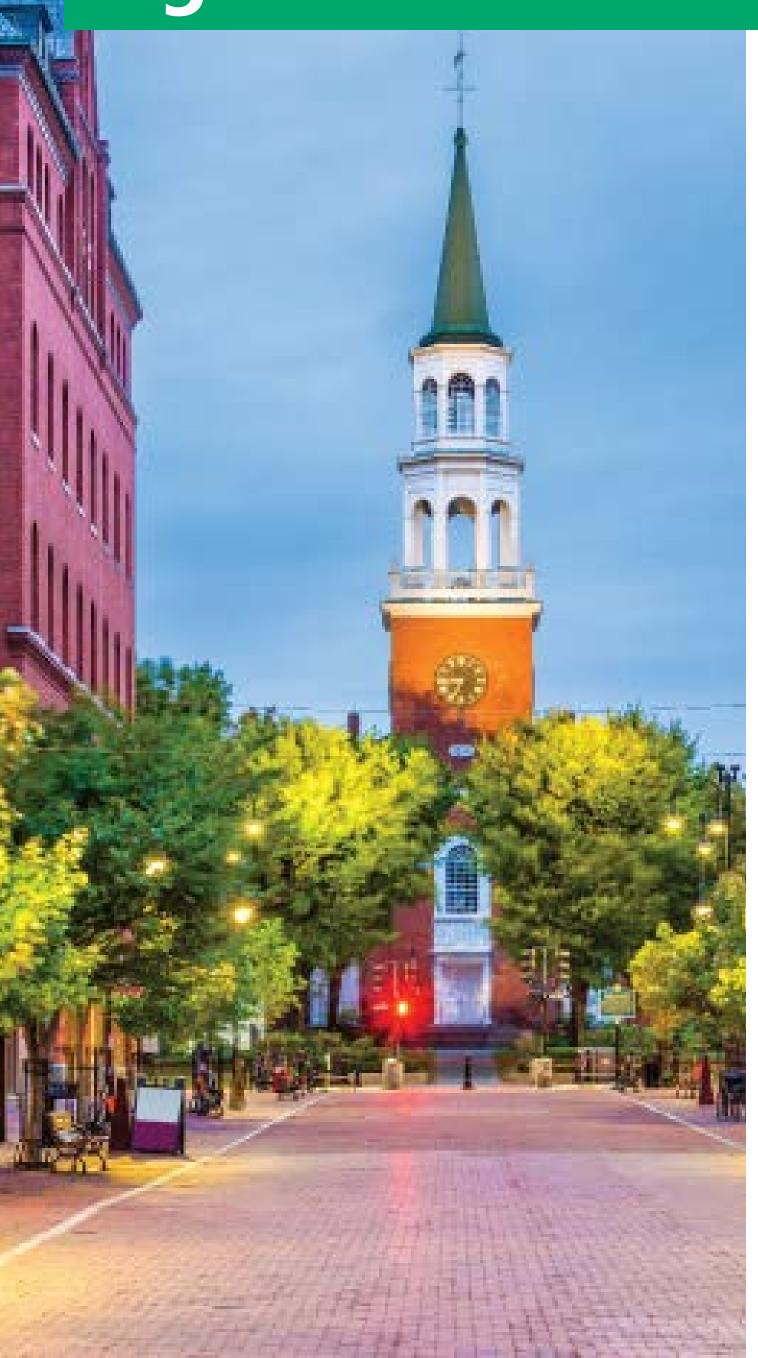
Create a safe environment

Interpret its natural and cultural history





Big Move 3: Flexible and Inclusive Ground Plane





















DISCUSSION



Discussion

Are there any words or phrases missing from the draft vision?

Market Lane Park will be a vibrant pedestrian space that supports the St. Lawrence Market Precinct and serves as both a meeting place and mid-block passage between King Street and Front Street. It will integrate Indigenous place-keeping and reference its rich cultural heritage.

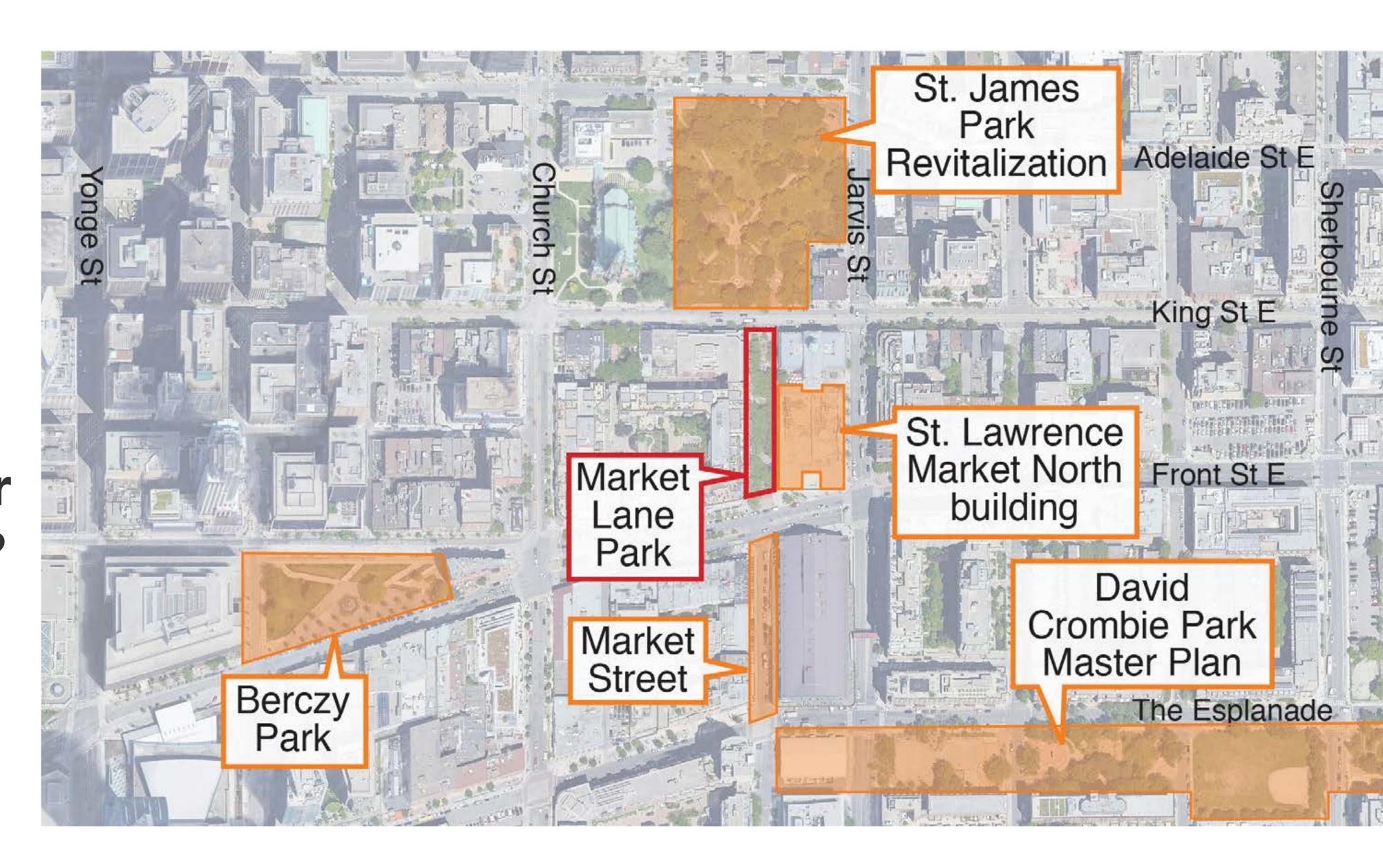
Discussion

Are there other big opportunities/moves to explore?

- 1. Visual Permeability
- 2. Retained and Reivigorated Tree Canopy
- 3. Flexible and Inclusive Ground Plan
- 4. Integrated Infrastructure Supports Programming
- 5. New water feature
- 6. Great Lighting
- 7. Reimagined Gateways at North and South
- 8. Integrated Indigenous Place-Keeping
- 9. Lots of Seating
- 10. Market Themed Horticulture

Discussion

Are there elements in other Parks that you think are a good precedent for Market Lane?



Stay informed

Check the webpage toronto.ca/MarketLanePark

Complete the survey - click the link from the project webpage

Share additional thoughts in an email to nancy.chater@toronto.ca