

High number of overdose calls to paramedics in past 2 days

July 2, 2021

Preliminary data shows that Toronto Paramedic Services attended 41 suspected non-fatal opioid overdose calls on Wednesday June 30. This is the highest daily number of calls reported by paramedics since monitoring of this data began in 2017. On Thursday July 1, Toronto Paramedic Services attended 30 suspected non-fatal opioid overdose calls, which is much higher than the average number of these calls in 2021 (14 per day). These calls occurred across Toronto. There were no fatal calls for suspected opioid overdoses reported by paramedics during these two days.

While specific details are not yet known, there appears to be a range of substances from the unregulated drug supply involved. [Toronto's drug checking service](#) has reported finding unexpected, highly potent drugs in samples checked from the unregulated drug supply in recent months, including "ultra potent" opioids (such as carfentanil, etonitazene, and isotonitazene), and a number of benzodiazepine-related drugs (including etizolam). If someone is overdosing, naloxone should be given to reverse the effects of any opioids contributing to the overdose, and call 911.

We provide this data with respect and a deep appreciation for what they mean, and how they refer to our loved ones, friends, families and colleagues. The tragic and substantial losses that people have faced from the ongoing drug poisoning crisis, and the grief experienced, are immeasurable.

Overdose response tips:

- **Give naloxone to anyone who looks like they are overdosing on opioids.** Naloxone will temporarily reverse the effects of any opioids contributing to the overdose.
- **Call 911.** Medical attention is vital, especially with unexpected drugs in the supply. In an overdose situation, the *Good Samaritan Drug Overdose Act* provides some legal protection from drug-related charges related to personal use and simple possession offences. Stay with the person until help arrives.
- **Wear a face covering and gloves. Keep a 6 foot distance from the person whenever you are not providing direct care** to help reduce the risk of spreading COVID-19.

Overdose prevention advice for people using drugs:

- **Try not to use alone.** Use with someone else and take turns spotting for each other. Wear a mask **and** stay 6 feet away from people you are using with to avoid passing the virus. A buddy system is safer than using alone.
- **Use a supervised consumption service, if possible.** A list of supervised consumption services in Toronto is available at toronto.ca/ConsumptionServices.
- **If you must use alone, have a safety plan.** Get someone to check on you either by phone or in person. Before you use alone, call the National Overdose Prevention Line at [1-888-688-NORS \(6677\)](tel:1-888-688-NORS). You can connect to community members via the [Brave app](#)
- **Vet your supply.** Ask others about what they are experiencing with the same drug or batch.
- **Check what's in your drugs at local drug checking services.** The Works, South Riverdale Community Health Centre (KeepSIX and Moss Park) and Parkdale Queen West Community Health Centre (Queen West and Parkdale sites) can check for you.
- **Get naloxone.** Kits are available at The Works, Parkdale-Queen West CHC, Regent Park CHC, South Riverdale CHC, Fred Victor, Eva's Satellite, Sistering, Sherbourne Health Centre, Seaton House, Agincourt Community Services Association, John Howard Society (3313 Lakeshore Blvd West), LAMP CHC, Scarborough Centre for Healthy Communities 2660 Eglinton Avenue East), and other agencies. Free naloxone kits are available at some pharmacies. Visit www.ontario.ca/page/get-naloxone-kits-free or call 1-800-565-8603.



The Works
- Needle Exchange