Recent increase in overdose calls to paramedics  
December 24, 2021

Why are we sending this alert?

- Paramedics experienced a very high number of calls for suspected overdoses on December 22 and 23.
- The Works supervised consumption service and other sites across the city have experienced a higher than usual number of overdoses in the past days.

Specifics

- There have been two days of increased suspected overdose calls:
  - 52 suspected opioid overdose calls on Wednesday, December 22, 2021, including one fatal call; and,
  - 49 suspected opioid overdose calls on Thursday, December 23, 2021, including two fatal calls.

- Overdoses are occurring across the city.

- While specific details are not known, there appears to be a range of drugs involved in the overdoses. Some incidents have involved a blue/teal-coloured fentanyl and there have been reports of prolonged drowsiness as a result of these substances.

- Toronto’s drug checking service continues to find highly potent nitazene opioids and benzodiazepine-related drugs in samples expected to be fentanyl.

- The use of highly-potent opioids – on their own or in combination with other drugs – may result in extreme sedation and dangerous suppression of the respiratory system. Since these drugs are so strong, the risk of overdose is increased, and greater than normal doses of naloxone may be required to rouse individuals experiencing an overdose.

- When highly-potent opioids are used in combination with other central nervous system or respiratory depressants, like benzodiazepine-related drugs, the risk of dangerous suppression of vitals is increased (e.g., slowing down of breathing, blood pressure, heart rate).
Overdose response and prevention advice for people using drugs:

- **Try not to use alone.** A buddy system is safer than using alone.

- **Use a supervised consumption service, if possible.** The Works is open Monday - Saturday from 10 am - 10 pm and on Sundays from 11 am - 5 pm. For locations and hours of other sites visit: [toronto.ca/ConsumptionServices](http://toronto.ca/ConsumptionServices).

- **If you must use alone, have a safety plan.** Get someone to check on you either by phone or in person. Before you use alone, call the National Overdose Response Service at 1-888-688-NORS (6677). You can connect to community members via the [Brave app](https://www.brave.com). For locations and hours visit: [toronto.ca/ConsumptionServices](http://toronto.ca/ConsumptionServices).

- **Vet your supply.** Ask others about what they are experiencing with the same drug or batch.

- **Check what’s in your drugs at local drug checking services.** The Works, South Riverdale Community Health Centre (KeepSIX and Moss Park) and Parkdale Queen West Community Health Centre (Queen West and Parkdale sites) can check for you.

- **Get naloxone.** Kits are available at The Works, Parkdale-Queen West CHC, Regent Park CHC, South Riverdale CHC, Fred Victor, Eva’s Satellite, Sistering, Sherbourne Health Centre, Seaton House, Agincourt Community Services Association, John Howard Society (3313 Lakeshore Blvd West), LAMP CHC, Scarborough Centre for Healthy Communities (2660 Eglinton Avenue East), and other agencies. Free naloxone kits are available at some pharmacies. Visit [www.ontario.ca/page/get-naloxone-kits-free](http://www.ontario.ca/page/get-naloxone-kits-free) or call 1-800-565-8603.

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**If someone looks like they are overdosing on opioids, give naloxone and call 911.** Wear a face covering and gloves. Keep a 6 foot distance from the person whenever you are not providing direct care to help reduce the risk of spreading COVID-19.

See overdose response tips in the [5-Step Response](http://5-stepresponse) poster.
5 STEP OVERDOSE RESPONSE

STEP 1
SHOUT & SHAKE
their name
their shoulders

STEP 2
CALL 911
if unresponsive

STEP 3
ADMINISTER NALOXONE
1 spray into a nostril and/or 1 ampule into arm or leg

STEP 4
START CPR
Do CHEST COMPRESSIONS ONLY during COVID19 – NO rescue breathing

STEP 5
IS IT WORKING?
If NO improvement in 2–3 minutes repeat steps 3 & 4

STAY WITH THE PERSON
Clean your hands after providing care.

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