

### PATIOS ON PRIVATE PROPERTY GUIDE



## **I** TORONTO

### PRIVATE PATIO GUIDE

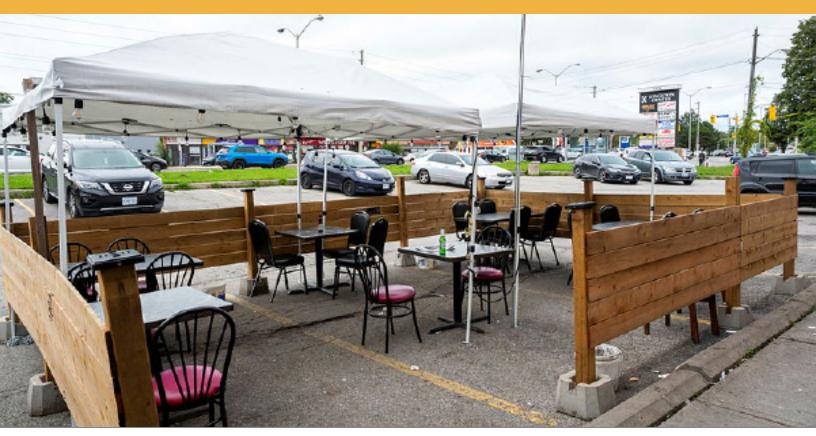
The City of Toronto is providing expanded outdoor dining opportunities for restaurant and bar owners/operators located in Toronto on private property and the public right-of-way (sidewalks and curb lanes).

### PATIOS ON PRIVATE PROPERTY

Outdoor patios associated with restaurants and bars are often located on private property. The City of Toronto has enacted temporary use zoning bylaws to permit larger outdoor patios than would otherwise be permitted and to allow outdoor patios in parking lots.

If your outdoor patio proposal is located entirely on private property, complies with the Zoning Bylaw, and does not incorporate any structures that require a building permit (see page 5 for a description of structures requiring a building permit), then you do not need to obtain City permission prior to the installation. You do not need City permission to install a modest fence or guardrail.

If you are a tenant, seek permission from property management to determine if they will permit an outdoor patio on their property.



### ZONING REGULATIONS FOR OUTDOOR PATIOS

Outdoor patios on private property are regulated by the City's Zoning Bylaws. Many of the zoning rules are intended to manage potential conflicts between outdoor patios and other nearby properties. Zoning permissions for outdoor patios can vary depending on the zone, unique circumstances of a property, or which Zoning Bylaw is in force.

A restaurant, bar or café that is located in a mixed use, commercial or employment zone can usually operate an outdoor patio without any special zoning permissions. In most cases, your patio will need to meet the following rules:



You can install an outdoor patio on the ground that has an area up to 50 per cent of the interior floor area of your establishment, or 50 square metres, whichever is greater. (If the patio is above the first storey – such as on a rooftop – the maximum size is 30 per cent of the interior floor area of your establishment, or 30 square metres.)



#### SETBACK

An outdoor patio must be at least 30 metres from all properties in a residential zone. If the patio is located above the first storey (for example, on a rooftop), the required distance increases to 40 metres.



The outdoor patio can occupy parking spaces, if those spaces are not required for a residential use or are not accessible parking spaces. The adjacent driving aisle between the parking spaces may also be occupied, provided it does not block access to other parking spaces.



An outdoor patio may not provide entertainment, such as performances, music or dancing.

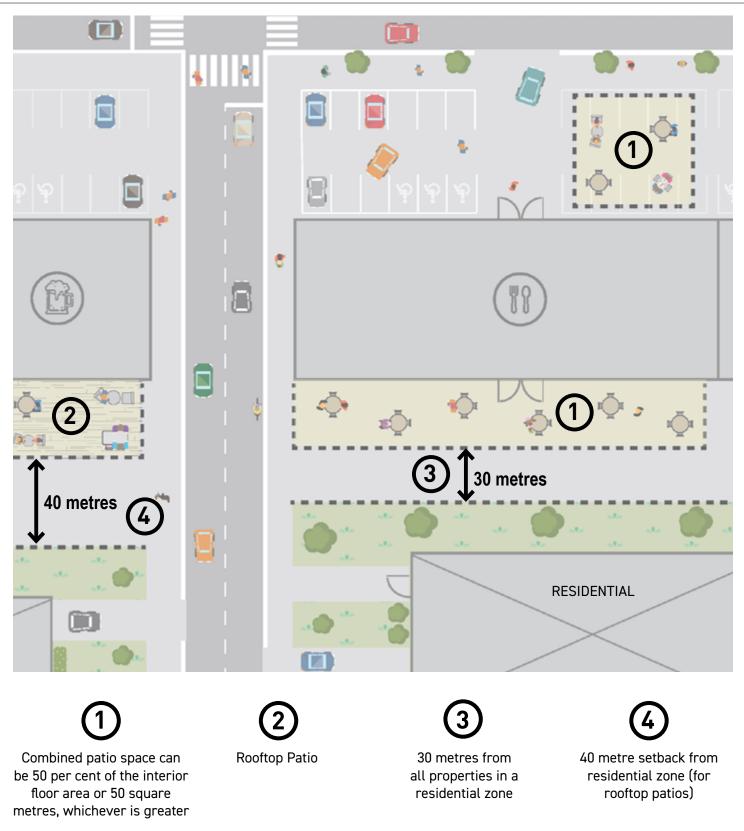


If your property abuts a residential property, a fence must be installed along the portion of the outdoor patio parallel to the rear property line.

These are general guidelines. If elements of your patio proposal are not addressed in this guide or you would like to find out if your proposed patio complies with the Zoning Bylaw, you can submit a Preliminary Project Review (PPR). Details can be found by visiting:

https://www.toronto.ca/services-payments/building-construction/preliminary-zoning-reviewsinformation/apply-for-a-zoning-review/preliminary-project-review/

### PRIVATE PATIO GUIDE



This document is provided as general guidance. More details describing the regulations regarding patios on both private and public property can be found in the CaféTO Guidebook available at toronto.ca/CafeTO

#### Do you want to construct a structure or enclosure around your outdoor patio?

If your outdoor patio will incorporate additional structures like a raised platform, you may require a building permit and there may be zoning rules that prevent or regulate a structure or enclosure on a patio. There are also provincial Building Code regulations, fire safety regulations, and public health regulations that **must be considered**.

## Temporary Tents & Building Permits

Temporary tents and structures may be possible on private property but may require a building permit.

A building permit for a temporary tent is not required if the tent is:

- · Less than 60 square metres in aggregate ground area
- Not attached to a building
- Constructed more than three metres from other structures per Ontario Building Code

Tents may not obstruct required exits from buildings nor obstruct any fire access route.



#### CaféTO Property Improvement Program

Café operators are now eligible for a matching grant of up to \$7,500 to cover 50 per cent of the cost of eligible property or site improvements related to curb lane café installations, sidewalk cafés or patios on private property, through the CaféTO Property Improvement Program. More information, including the application is available at CaféTO Property Improvement Program – City of Toronto.

You should discuss any proposal for a structure with the Toronto Building Division. They can also provide more information on building permits and regulations.

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Call: 416-397-5330 Monday to Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

or

https://www.toronto.ca/services-payments/building-construction/apply-for-a-building-permit/buildingpermit-application-guides/guides-for-structures/tents-and-temporary-structures/

### PRIVATE PATIO GUIDE



#### Patios on Public Property

If you would like to install a patio on the sidewalk or in the curb lane of the street, you must register with the CaféTO program. More information is available at <u>toronto.ca/CafeTO</u>

Tents, structures and enclosures are not permitted on the public right-of-way.

If your property is located on both private property and the public right-of-way, your outdoor patio will need to comply with the Zoning Bylaw as well as the regulations within the CaféTO Guidebook which can be found at <u>toronto</u>. <u>ca/CafeTO</u>.

