

REPORTABLE DISEASES OF PUBLIC HEALTH SIGNIFICANCE

CONTACT INFORMATION:

Toronto Public Health - Communicable Disease Notification Unit

Phone: 416-392-7411 OR Fax: 416-392-0047 Monday to Friday 8:30am – 4:30pm

Timely reporting of communicable diseases is essential for their control.

If you suspect or have laboratory confirmation of any of the following specified diseases of public health significance or their etiologic agents (as per Ontario Reg. 135/18 and amendments under the Health Protection and Promotion Act), please report them to the local Medical Officer of Health.

Diseases marked * should be reported immediately to the Medical Officer of Health as follows:

Monday to Friday 8:30am – 4:30pm by fax or telephone (as above) OR

After hours, including weekends and holidays by calling 3-1-1 or 416-392-CITY.

Other diseases can be reported the next business day by fax or telephone.

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	Food poisoning, all causes	Ophthalmia neonatorum
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	* Gastroenteritis, Outbreaks in institutions and public hospitals	Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
Amebiasis	Giardiasis	Paratyphoid Fever
Anaplasmosis	Gonorrhea	Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
* Anthrax	* Group A Streptococcal disease, invasive (iGAS)	* Plague
Babesiosis	Group B Streptococcal disease, neonatal	Pneumococcal disease, invasive
Blastomycosis	* Haemophilus influenzae disease, all types, invasive	* Poliomyelitis, acute
* Botulism	* Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome	Powassan Virus
* Brucellosis	* Hemorrhagic fevers, including:	Psittacosis/Ornithosis
Campylobacter enteritis	1. *Ebola virus disease	* Q Fever
* Candida auris infection	2. *Marburg virus disease	* Rabies
Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae (CPE) infection or colonization	3. *Lassa Fever	* Respiratory infection outbreaks in institutions and public hospitals
Chancroid	4. *Other viral causes	Rubella
Chickenpox (Varicella)	* Hepatitis, viral	Rubella, congenital syndrome
Chlamydia trachomatis infections	1. *Hepatitis A	Salmonellosis
* Cholera	2. Hepatitis B	* Shigellosis
* Clostridium difficile Infection (CDI) outbreaks in public hospitals	3. Hepatitis C	* Smallpox and other Orthopoxviruses including mpox
Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)	Influenza, including *Novel strains	Syphilis
* Coronavirus, novel including	Legionellosis	Tetanus
1. *SARS	Leprosy	Trichinosis
2. *MERS	Listeriosis	Tuberculosis
* Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, all types	Lyme disease	Tularemia
Cryptosporidiosis	* Measles	Typhoid Fever
Cyclosporiasis	* Meningitis, acute	* Verotoxin-producing E. coli infection indicator conditions, including Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS)
* Diphtheria	1. *Bacterial	West Nile Virus illness
Echinococcus multilocularis infection	2. Viral	Yersiniosis
Encephalitis, including:	3. Other	
1. Primary, viral	* Meningococcal disease, invasive	
2. Post-infectious	Mumps	
3. Vaccine-related		
4. Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis		
5. Unspecified		