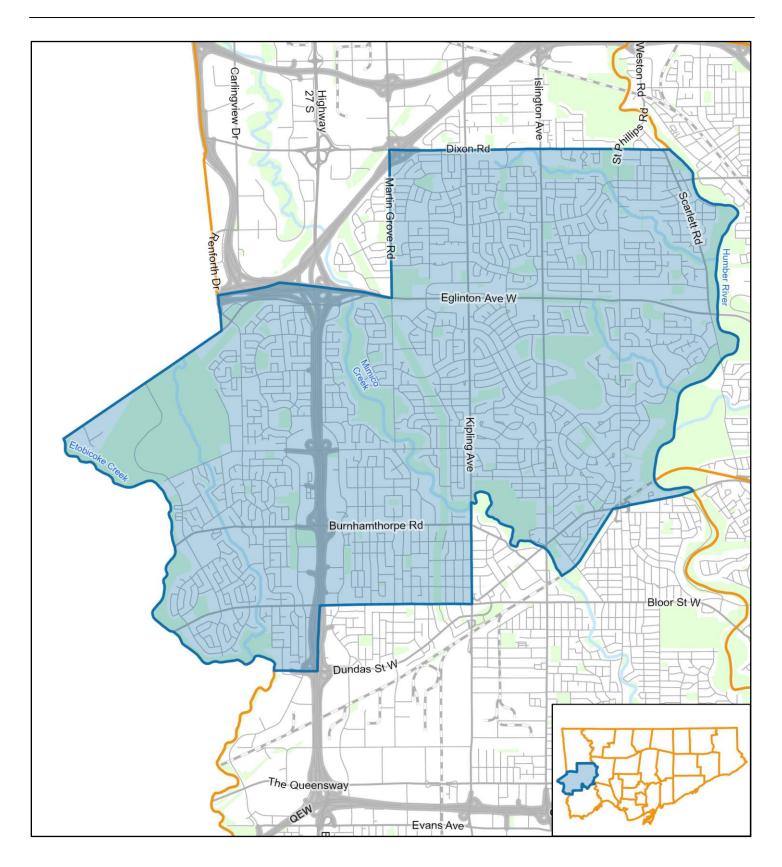


Key demographic information based on the Census of Population





Key demographic information based on the **Census of Population** 

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Refer to the Glossary for definition of variables.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Population Highlights**

Glossary (

**117,200** 

population in 2021

1.0%

5-year population 2016-2021

while Toronto increased by 2.6%

116,055

population in 2016

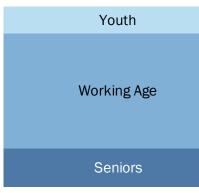
3.6%

10-year population 2011-2021

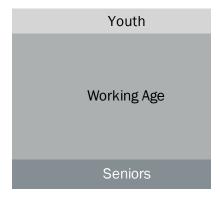
while Toronto increased by 7.2%

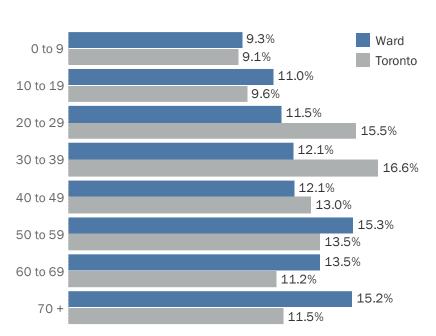












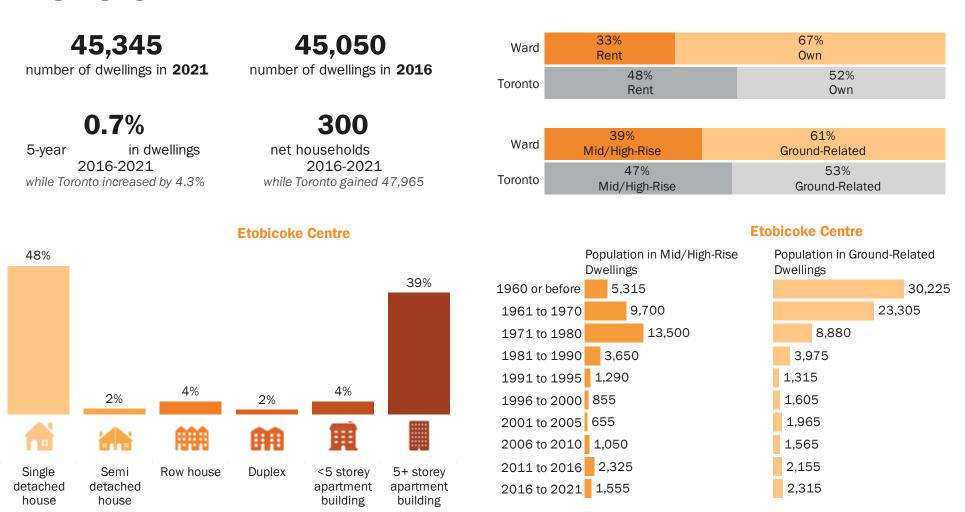
**Notes:** The 2011 and 2016 population totals were corrected on July 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2024. Youth are younger than 15 years, Seniors are 65 years and older, Working Age is 15-64 years. \* Dependants refer to the population of Youth and Seniors, and is compared with the number of Working Age people. The demographic dependency ratio is based on age alone and does not account for employment status.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Dwellings Highlights**





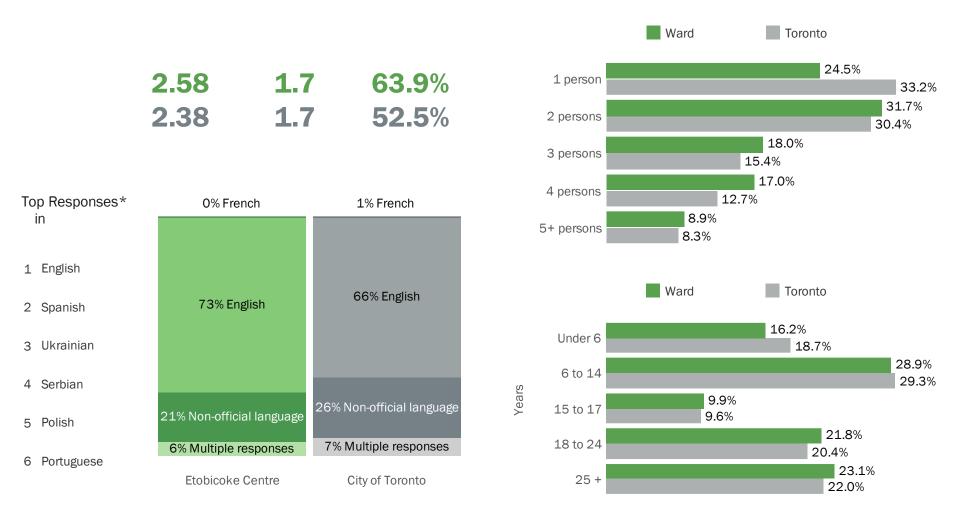
**Notes:** The number of dwellings and the number of households are equivalent; one household occupies one dwelling unit. Ground-Related includes detached, semi-detached and row houses, units in duplexes and apartments in buildings under five storeys. Mid/High-Rise includes apartments in buildings that are five storeys and taller. Period of Construction refers to the population in dwelling units.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Household and Family Highlights**

Glossary



**Notes**: \*Top Responses refers to the top single responses of language spoken most often at home for the population.

A census family encompasses married or common-law couples, with or without children, and one-parent families with at least one child. A household refers to one or more people occupying the same dwelling. Refer to the <u>Glossary</u> for more information.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Immigration and Mobility Highlights**

Glossary



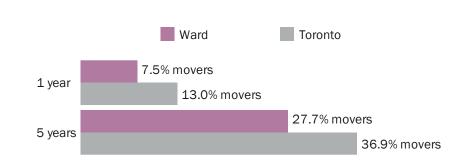


41.4% **Immigrant Population** City of Toronto 46.6%

## 4,800

Recent Immigrant Population\*

4.1% Recent Immigrant Population\* City of Toronto 7.2%

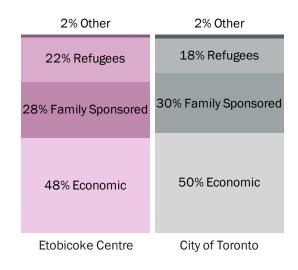


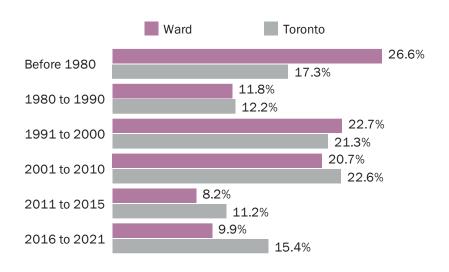
#### **All Immigrants**

- 1 Italy
- Ukraine
- Poland
- India
- **Philippines**

#### Recent Immigrants\*

- India 1
- **Philippines**
- 3 Ukraine
- Somalia
- 5 Nigeria





Notes: \*Recent Immigrants refers to any immigrant who first obtained their landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2016, and May 11, 2021. Mobility Status refers to whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, as they did on May 11, 2020 (1 year) or May 11, 2016 (5 years). "Movers" therefore represent the proportion of the population that have moved.

## **Etobicoke Centre**

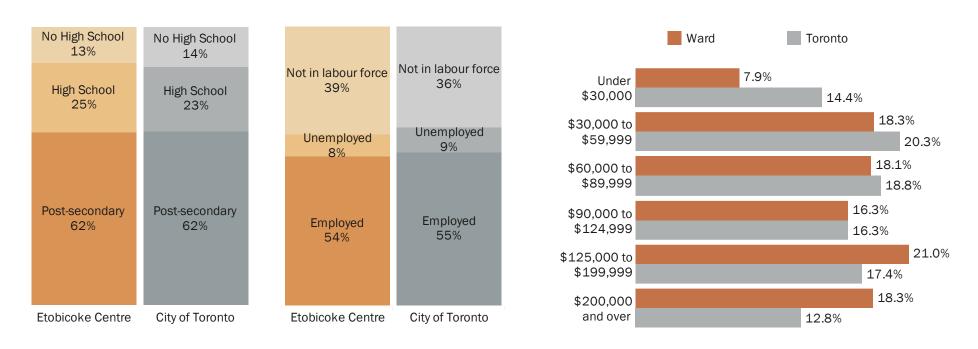


**Socioeconomic Highlights** 

Glossary







Notes: \*Represents the proportion of tenant households spending >30% of total household income on shelter costs (includes the amount paid for rent and utilities in 2021). All income figures are based on 2020 income reported through administrative sources. The unemployment rate represents the proportion of the eligible population who was unemployed, whereas the labour force figures represent the full population. Education and labour force proportions refer to the population fifteen years of age and older only.



### **Population**

**Population Glossary** 



### Population Change by Age Group

Etobicoke Centre					5 Year C 2016 to	_
Age Group	2021	%	2016	%	#	%
0-4	5,105	4.4%	5,175	4.5%	-70	-1.4%
5-9	5,825	5.0%	5,970	5.1%	-145	-2.4%
10-14	6,370	5.4%	6,125	5.3%	+245	+4.0%
15-19	6,540	5.6%	6,675	5.8%	-135	-2.0%
20-24	6,600	5.6%	7,495	6.5%	-895	-11.9%
25-29	6,820	5.8%	6,555	5.6%	+265	+4.0%
30-34	6,755	5.8%	6,415	5.5%	+340	+5.3%
35-39	7,395	6.3%	6,320	5.4%	+1,075	+17.0%
40-44	7,045	6.0%	7,020	6.0%	+25	+0.4%
45-49	7,135	6.1%	8,405	7.2%	-1,270	-15.1%
50-54	8,380	7.2%	9,710	8.4%	-1,330	-13.7%
55-59	9,530	8.1%	9,260	8.0%	+270	+2.9%
60-64	8,675	7.4%	7,850	6.8%	+825	+10.5%
65-69	7,165	6.1%	6,370	5.5%	+795	+12.5%
70-74	6,020	5.1%	4,720	4.1%	+1,300	+27.5%
75-79	4,060	3.5%	4,200	3.6%	-140	-3.3%
80-84	3,575	3.1%	4,015	3.5%	-440	-11.0%
85 plus	4,205	3.6%	3,775	3.3%	+430	+11.4%
Total	117,200	100%	116,055	100%	+1,145	+1.0%

Note: The 2016 Census data in this table was corrected on July 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2024.



### **Population Change in Toronto by Age Group**

Toronto					5 Year C 2016 to	_
Age Group	2021	%	2016	%	#	%
0-4	123,385	4.5%	135,545	5.0%	-12,160	-9.0%
5-9	128,805	4.7%	134,650	5.0%	-5,845	-4.3%
10-14	131,150	4.7%	126,685	4.7%	+4,465	+3.5%
15-19	133,820	4.8%	144,420	5.4%	-10,600	-7.3%
20-24	184,570	6.7%	193,510	7.2%	-8,940	-4.6%
25-29	242,615	8.8%	231,860	8.6%	+10,755	+4.6%
30-34	245,705	8.9%	223,480	8.3%	+22,225	+9.9%
35-39	212,845	7.7%	195,100	7.2%	+17,745	+9.1%
40-44	184,665	6.7%	181,225	6.7%	+3,440	+1.9%
45-49	174,740	6.3%	189,540	7.0%	-14,800	-7.8%
50-54	182,850	6.6%	200,610	7.5%	-17,760	-8.9%
55-59	189,830	6.9%	180,940	6.7%	+8,890	+4.9%
60-64	169,370	6.1%	152,060	5.6%	+17,310	+11.4%
65-69	139,105	5.0%	128,900	4.8%	+10,205	+7.9%
70-74	118,280	4.3%	91,315	3.4%	+26,965	+29.5%
75-79	79,765	2.9%	73,505	2.7%	+6,260	+8.5%
80-84	59,920	2.2%	56,885	2.1%	+3,035	+5.3%
85 plus	59,875	2.2%	51,435	1.9%	+8,440	+16.4%
Total	2,761,295	100%	2,691,665	100%	+69,630	+2.6%

Note: The 2016 Census data in this table was corrected on July 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2024.



### Median Age

Etobicoke Centre				Toronto		
Median Age	2021	2016	5 Year Change	2021	2016	5 Year Change
Median Age of Population	45.2	45.2	+0.0	39.6	38.9	+0.7

### **Demographic Dependency Ratio**

Etobicoke Centre				Toronto		
Age Groups	2021	2016	5 Year Change	2021	2016	5 Year Change
Dependents	42,325	40,350	+1,975	840,285	798,920	+41,365
Youths (0-14 years)	17,300	17,270	+30	383,340	396,880	-13,540
Seniors (65 years and over)	25,025	23,080	+1,945	456,945	402,040	+54,905
Working Age (15-64 years)	74,875	75,705	-830	1,921,010	1,892,745	+28,265
Dependents for every 100 workers	56.5	53.3	+3.2	43.7	42.2	+1.5

**Note:** The number of dependents is the combined youth population (0 to 14 years) and senior population (65 or older), divided by the working-age population (15 to 64 years). The result is multiplied by 100 and expressed as the number of dependents for every 100 working age persons.

The 2016 Census data in this table was corrected on July  $2^{\rm nd}$ , 2024.



### **Dwellings**

Dwellings Glossary (1)

### **Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type**

Etobicoke Centre						
Structure Type	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
Single-detached house	21,860	48.2%	21,795	48.4%	+65	+0.3%
Semi-detached house	875	1.9%	870	1.9%	+5	+0.6%
Row house	2,005	4.4%	1,935	4.3%	+70	+3.6%
Apartment, detached duplex	785	1.7%	795	1.8%	-10	-1.3%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	1,925	4.2%	2,020	4.5%	-95	-4.7%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	17,860	39.4%	17,585	39.0%	+275	+1.6%
Other single-attached house	25	0.1%	35	0.1%	-10	-28.6%
Movable dwelling	0	0.0%	10	0.0%	-10	-100.0%
Total Dwellings	45,335	100.0%	45,045	100.0%	+290	+0.6%

Toronto						
Structure Type	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
Single-detached house	270,350	23.3%	269,660	24.2%	+690	+0.3%
Semi-detached house	73,160	6.3%	72,080	6.5%	+1,080	+1.5%
Row house	63,170	5.4%	61,875	5.6%	+1,295	+2.1%
Apartment, detached duplex	46,470	4.0%	47,580	4.3%	-1,110	-2.3%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	162,260	14.0%	165,645	14.9%	-3,385	-2.0%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	542,625	46.7%	493,140	44.3%	+49,485	+10.0%
Other single-attached house	2,760	0.2%	2,845	0.3%	-85	-3.0%
Movable dwelling	95	0.0%	100	0.0%	-5	-5.0%
Total Dwellings	1,160,890	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%	+47,965	+4.3%

**Note:** Statistics Canada applies a "random rounding" procedure, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This can result in unexpected % 5 Year Change results for very small differences in actual dwelling numbers.



### **Private Dwellings by Tenure & Condominium Status**

Etobicoke Centre						
Tenure	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	30,565	67.4%	30,175	67.0%	+390	+1.3%
Condominium	8,080	17.8%	7,625	16.9%	+455	+6.0%
Not condominium	22,485	49.6%	22,550	50.1%	-65	-0.3%
Rented	14,780	32.6%	14,870	33.0%	-90	-0.6%
Condominium	1,630	3.6%	1,445	3.2%	+185	+12.8%
Not condominium	13,155	29.0%	13,425	29.8%	-270	-2.0%
Total Dwellings	45,345	100.0%	45,045	100.0%	+300	+0.7%

Toronto						
Tenure	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	602,910	51.9%	587,080	52.8%	+15,830	+2.7%
Condominium	220,195	19.0%	195,300	17.5%	+24,895	+12.7%
Not condominium	382,715	33.0%	391,785	35.2%	-9,070	-2.3%
Rented	557,970	48.1%	525,825	47.2%	+32,145	+6.1%
Condominium	133,020	11.5%	96,965	8.7%	+36,055	+37.2%
Not condominium	424,950	36.6%	428,855	38.5%	-3,905	-0.9%
Total Dwellings	1,160,880	100.0%	1,112,905	100.0%	+47,975	+4.3%

### **Private Dwellings by Period of Construction**

Etobicoke Centre			Toronto	
Period of Construction	2021	%	2021	%
1960 or before	13,460	29.7%	340,185	29.3%
1961 to 1980	21,760	48.0%	333,985	28.8%
1981 to 1990	3,025	6.7%	109,780	9.5%
1991 to 2000	1,795	4.0%	92,980	8.0%
2001 to 2005	910	2.0%	58,975	5.1%
2006 to 2010	1,025	2.3%	63,995	5.5%
2011 to 2015	1,905	4.2%	75,985	6.5%
2016 to 2021	1,455	3.2%	85,000	7.3%
Total Dwellings	45,335	100.0%	1,160,885	100.0%

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Population in Dwellings**

Population in Dwellings Glossary (i)

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type

Etobicoke Centre	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1970 or before	46,400	1,425	2,075	1,505	2,030	15,015	70	68,520
1971 to 1980	5,460	605	1,405	190	1,215	13,500	0	22,375
1981 to 1990	2,755	205	645	130	240	3,650	0	7,625
1991 to 1995	1,005	0	95	40	170	1,290	0	2,600
1996 to 2000	1,165	25	245	65	105	855	0	2,460
2001 to 2005	1,450	70	345	20	75	655	0	2,615
2006 to 2010	1,015	90	330	75	45	1,050	0	2,605
2011 to 2015	1,850	55	195	55	0	2,325	0	4,480
2016 to 2021	1,755	0	375	80	85	1,555	15	3,865
Total Population	62,855	2,475	5,710	2,160	3,965	39,895	85	117,145

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1970 or before	506,470	145,945	55,830	75,470	205,445	270,425	5,320	1,264,905
1971 to 1980	78,250	28,420	42,920	14,285	46,130	197,545	810	408,360
1981 to 1990	74,785	11,415	18,940	12,735	27,295	127,495	470	273,135
1991 to 1995	21,835	3,165	6,720	5,840	11,105	60,375	220	109,260
1996 to 2000	25,650	5,955	14,890	5,640	12,160	53,395	185	117,875
2001 to 2005	31,620	8,355	18,370	4,425	11,490	64,405	150	138,815
2006 to 2010	25,780	4,570	14,875	2,895	8,760	79,845	125	136,850
2011 to 2015	24,455	3,440	9,860	2,915	6,845	101,695	85	149,295
2016 to 2021	25,625	2,140	6,730	4,420	11,225	112,110	270	162,520
Total Population	814,470	213,405	189,135	128,625	340,455	1,067,290	7,635	2,761,015





### Distribution of Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type

Etobicoke Centre	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1970 or before	73.8%	57.6%	36.3%	69.7%	51.2%	37.6%	82.4%	58.5%
1971 to 1980	8.7%	24.4%	24.6%	8.8%	30.6%	33.8%	0.0%	19.1%
1981 to 1990	4.4%	8.3%	11.3%	6.0%	6.1%	9.1%	0.0%	6.5%
1991 to 1995	1.6%	0.0%	1.7%	1.9%	4.3%	3.2%	0.0%	2.2%
1996 to 2000	1.9%	1.0%	4.3%	3.0%	2.6%	2.1%	0.0%	2.1%
2001 to 2005	2.3%	2.8%	6.0%	0.9%	1.9%	1.6%	0.0%	2.2%
2006 to 2010	1.6%	3.6%	5.8%	3.5%	1.1%	2.6%	0.0%	2.2%
2011 to 2015	2.9%	2.2%	3.4%	2.5%	0.0%	5.8%	0.0%	3.8%
2016 to 2021	2.8%	0.0%	6.6%	3.7%	2.1%	3.9%	17.6%	3.3%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
1970 or before	62.2%	68.4%	29.5%	58.7%	60.3%	25.3%	69.7%	45.8%
1971 to 1980	9.6%	13.3%	22.7%	11.1%	13.5%	18.5%	10.6%	14.8%
1981 to 1990	9.2%	5.3%	10.0%	9.9%	8.0%	11.9%	6.2%	9.9%
1991 to 1995	2.7%	1.5%	3.6%	4.5%	3.3%	5.7%	2.9%	4.0%
1996 to 2000	3.1%	2.8%	7.9%	4.4%	3.6%	5.0%	2.4%	4.3%
2001 to 2005	3.9%	3.9%	9.7%	3.4%	3.4%	6.0%	2.0%	5.0%
2006 to 2010	3.2%	2.1%	7.9%	2.3%	2.6%	7.5%	1.6%	5.0%
2011 to 2015	3.0%	1.6%	5.2%	2.3%	2.0%	9.5%	1.1%	5.4%
2016 to 2021	3.1%	1.0%	3.6%	3.4%	3.3%	10.5%	3.5%	5.9%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Tenure and Structure Type

Etobicoke Centre	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
Owned	59,375	2,370	3,280	1,725	1,535	13,620	80	81,985
Condominium	310	20	2,140	75	1,270	13,620	0	17,435
Not a condominium	59,065	2,345	1,140	1,650	265	0	80	64,545
Rented	3,490	110	2,435	445	2,455	26,285	0	35,220
Condominium	30	35	210	0	190	2,995	0	3,460
Not a condominium	3,460	75	2,225	445	2,260	23,295	0	31,760
Total Population	62,865	2,480	5,715	2,170	3,990	39,905	80	117,205

Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
Owned	730,665	186,780	127,500	84,545	110,155	325,270	5,460	1,570,375
Condominium	8,690	3,210	60,045	3,505	31,155	325,270	240	432,115
Not a condominium	721,975	183,570	67,460	81,040	79,000	0	5,225	1,138,270
Rented	83,810	26,630	61,620	44,085	230,295	742,025	2,155	1,190,620
Condominium	1,460	730	10,450	1,615	16,210	214,955	60	245,480
Not a condominium	82,355	25,905	51,170	42,470	214,085	527,070	2,095	945,150
Total Population	814,475	213,410	189,120	128,630	340,450	1,067,295	7,615	2,760,995

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### Average Number of Persons per Household, by Structure Type, by Period of Construction

Etobicoke Centre	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	62,865	2,480	5,715	2,170	3,985	39,910	85	117,210
Households	21,865	875	2,005	785	1,925	17,865	30	45,350
Persons per household	2.88	2.83	2.85	2.76	2.07	2.23	2.83	2.58
Period of Construction 2016 to	2021							
Population	1,755	0	375	80	85	1,555	15	3,865
Households	535	0	115	25	25	750	0	1,450
Persons per household	3.28	-	3.26	3.20	3.40	2.07	-	2.67
Toronto	Single- detached house	Semi- detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single- attached house	Total
Toronto  All Periods of Construction	detached	detached		or flat in	building	building	attached	Total
	detached	detached		or flat in	building	building	attached	<b>Total</b> 2,761,015
All Periods of Construction	detached house	detached house	house	or flat in a duplex	building <5 storeys	building 5+ storeys	attached house	
All Periods of Construction Population	detached house 814,475	detached house 213,410	house 189,120	or flat in a duplex	building <5 storeys	<b>building 5+ storeys</b> 1,067,300	attached house 7,620	2,761,015
All Periods of Construction Population Households	detached house 814,475 270,345 3.01	detached house 213,410 73,160	189,120 63,175	or flat in a duplex 128,635 46,470	building <5 storeys 340,455 162,260	5+ storeys 1,067,300 542,625	7,620 2,760	2,761,015 1,160,795
All Periods of Construction Population Households Persons per household	detached house 814,475 270,345 3.01	detached house 213,410 73,160	189,120 63,175	or flat in a duplex 128,635 46,470	building <5 storeys 340,455 162,260	5+ storeys 1,067,300 542,625	7,620 2,760	2,761,015 1,160,795
All Periods of Construction Population Households Persons per household Period of Construction 2016 to	detached house 814,475 270,345 3.01	213,410 73,160 2.92	189,120 63,175 2.99	or flat in a duplex 128,635 46,470 2.77	building <5 storeys 340,455 162,260 2.10	5+ storeys 1,067,300 542,625 1.97	7,620 2,760 <b>2.76</b>	2,761,015 1,160,795 <b>2.38</b>

**Note:** Where there is a population of less than 100 persons and/or a household total of less than 40 households, the resulting average number of persons per household may not be representative of the actual occupancy rates. Statistics Canada rules for data suppression and random rounding can produce unexpected results for very small populations and number of households.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Households**

Households Glossary (1)

### **Households by Number of Maintainers**

Etobicoke Centre						
Number of Maintainers	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
1 household maintainer	21,785	48.0%	25,760	57.2%	-3,975	-15.4%
2 household maintainers	20,770	45.8%	17,720	39.3%	+3,050	+17.2%
3 or more household maintainers	2,790	6.2%	1,560	3.5%	+1,230	+78.8%
Total Households	45,345	100.0%	45,040	100.0%	+305	+0.7%

Toronto					
2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
634,725	54.7%	693,405	62.3%	-58,680	-8.5%
447,155	38.5%	374,460	33.6%	+72,695	+19.4%
79,015	6.8%	45,060	4.0%	+33,955	+75.4%
1,160,895	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%	+47,970	+4.3%

### **Households by Age Group of Maintainer**

Etobicoke Centre						
Age Group of Primary Household Maintainer	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
Under 25 years	305	0.7%	380	0.8%	-75	-19.7%
25 to 34 years	3,535	7.8%	3,940	8.7%	-405	-10.3%
35 to 44 years	6,880	15.2%	6,470	14.4%	+410	+6.3%
45 to 54 years	8,345	18.4%	9,810	21.8%	-1,465	-14.9%
55 to 64 years	10,335	22.8%	9,720	21.6%	+615	+6.3%
65 to 74 years	7,875	17.4%	6,570	14.6%	+1,305	+19.9%
75 years and over	8,070	17.8%	8,160	18.1%	-90	-1.1%
Total Households	45,345	100.0%	45,050	100.0%	+295	+0.7%

Toronto					
2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	5 Year % Change
34,350	3.0%	38,565	3.5%	-4,215	-10.9%
202,225	17.4%	193,895	17.4%	+8,330	+4.3%
210,570	18.1%	200,745	18.0%	+9,825	+4.9%
204,790	17.6%	225,775	20.3%	-20,985	-9.3%
215,745	18.6%	198,425	17.8%	+17,320	+8.7%
158,850	13.7%	134,370	12.1%	+24,480	+18.2%
134,365	11.6%	121,155	10.9%	+13,210	+10.9%
1,160,895	100.0%	1,112,930	100.0%	+47,965	+4.3%



### **Private Households by Type**

Etobicoke Centre			Toronto
Household Type	2021	%	2021
One-census-family households without additional persons	28,985	63.9%	609,285
Couple-family households	23,780	52.4%	494,930
One-parent-family households	5,205	11.5%	114,360
Multigenerational households	1,755	3.9%	40,875
Multiple-census-family households	370	0.8%	9,530
One-census-family households with additional persons	1,385	3.1%	40,570
One-person households	11,105	24.5%	385,530
Two-or-more-person non-census-family households	1,745	3.8%	75,105
Total Households	45,345	100.0%	1,160,895

**Note:** In 2021, the classification of household types were changed and comparable information is not yet available for 2016 from Statistics Canada.

### **Private Households by Size**

2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
11,105	24.5%	11,065	24.6%	40	0.4%
14,355	31.7%	14,300	31.7%	55	0.4%
8,145	18.0%	8,095	18.0%	50	0.6%
7,695	17.0%	7,675	17.0%	20	0.3%
4,045	8.9%	3,920	8.7%	125	3.2%
45,345	100.0%	45,055	100.0%	290	0.6%
	14,355 8,145 7,695 4,045	11,105 24.5% 14,355 31.7% 8,145 18.0% 7,695 17.0% 4,045 8.9%	11,105 24.5% 11,065 14,355 31.7% 14,300 8,145 18.0% 8,095 7,695 17.0% 7,675 4,045 8.9% 3,920	11,105       24.5%       11,065       24.6%         14,355       31.7%       14,300       31.7%         8,145       18.0%       8,095       18.0%         7,695       17.0%       7,675       17.0%         4,045       8.9%       3,920       8.7%	11,105 24.5% 11,065 24.6% 40 14,355 31.7% 14,300 31.7% 55 8,145 18.0% 8,095 18.0% 50 7,695 17.0% 7,675 17.0% 20 4,045 8.9% 3,920 8.7% 125

Toronto	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
1 person	385,530	33.2%	359,985	32.3%	25,545	7.1%
2 persons	353,445	30.4%	333,450	30.0%	19,995	6.0%
3 persons	178,255	15.4%	175,825	15.8%	2,430	1.4%
4 persons	147,580	12.7%	146,555	13.2%	1,025	0.7%
5 persons or more	96,085	8.3%	97,115	8.7%	-1,030	-1.1%
Total Households	1,160,895	100.0%	1,112,930	100.0%	65,050	6.2%

### Average Household Size

Etobicoke Centre				Toronto		
Average Household Size	2021	2016	5 Year Change	2021	2016	5 Year Change
Average number of persons per household	2.58	2.58	+0.00	2.38	2.42	-0.04

## **Etobicoke Centre**



**Families** 

Families Glossary (i)



### Family by Type

Etobicoke Centre						
Census Families	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Couples with Children	15,700	46.5%	15,930	47.3%	-230	-1.4%
Couples without Children	11,440	33.9%	11,225	33.3%	+215	+1.9%
One-Parent	6,600	19.6%	6,530	19.4%	+70	+1.1%
<b>Total Census Families</b>	33,740	100.0%	33,685	100.0%	+55	+0.2%

City of Tor	City of Toronto											
2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change							
313,835	42.8%	316,560	44.1%	-2,725	-0.9%							
267,230	36.5%	250,085	34.8%	+17,145	+6.9%							
151,900	20.7%	151,960	21.1%	-60	-0.0%							
732,965	100.0%	718,605	100.0%	+14,360	+2.0%							

Etobicoke Centre						
Number of Children at Home by Age	2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Under 6 years of age	6,195	16.2%	6,175	16.1%	+20	+0.3%
6 to 14 years	11,030	28.9%	11,005	28.7%	+25	+0.2%
15 to 17 years	3,790	9.9%	3,795	9.9%	-5	-0.1%
18 to 24 years	8,335	21.8%	9,305	24.3%	-970	-10.4%
25 years and more	8,830	23.1%	8,020	20.9%	+810	+10.1%
Total	38,180	100.0%	38,300	100.0%	-120	-0.3%

City of Tore	City of Toronto											
2021	%	2016	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change							
148,475	18.7%	161,675	20.1%	-13,200	-8.2%							
232,870	29.3%	233,165	29.0%	-295	-0.1%							
76,465	9.6%	77,845	9.7%	-1,380	-1.8%							
162,625	20.4%	174,815	21.7%	-12,190	-7.0%							
175,040	22.0%	156,375	19.5%	+18,665	+11.9%							
795,475	100.0%	803,875	100.0%	-8,400	-1.0%							

Note: There is additional detail on family type by gender available from the 2021 Census.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Migration and Mobility**

Migration and Mobility Glossary (1)



### **Population by Generation Status and Period of Immigration**

Etobicoke Centre			City of Toronto	
Generation Status	2021	%	2021	%
1st generation	51,940	44.3%	1,462,095	52.9%
2nd generation	36,490	31.1%	741,035	26.8%
3rd generation and over	28,765	24.5%	558,155	20.2%
Total Population	117,195	100.0%	2,761,285	100.0%

Etobicoke Centre			City of Toronto	
Period of Immigration	2021	%	2021	%
Before 1980	12,890	26.6%	222,935	17.3%
1980 to 1990	5,730	11.8%	156,460	12.2%
1991 to 2000	11,020	22.7%	273,985	21.3%
2001 to 2010	10,055	20.7%	290,400	22.6%
2011 to 2021	8,795	18.1%	342,360	26.6%
2011 to 2015	4,000	8.2%	144,320	11.2%
2016 to 2021	4,800	9.9%	198,040	15.4%
Total Immigrant Population	48,490	100.0%	1,286,140	100.0%

### Admission Category and Applicant Type for Immigration Period, 1980 to 2021

Etobicoke Centre			City of Toronto	
Admission Category	2021	%	2021	%
Economic immigrants	17,050	47.9%	532,155	50.1%
Principal applicants	7,190	20.2%	240,950	22.7%
Secondary applicants	9,865	27.7%	291,205	27.4%
Immigrants sponsored by family	10,010	28.1%	323,945	30.5%
Refugees	7,950	22.3%	186,825	17.6%
Other Immigrants	585	1.6%	20,280	1.9%
Immigrant Population, 1980 to 2021	35,595	100.0%	1,063,205	100.0%



### Population by Immigrant Status and Top Ten Places of Birth

Etobicoke Centre	2021	%	City of Toronto	2021	%
Italy	3,195	2.7%	Philippines	132,980	4.8%
Ukraine	2,860	2.4%	China	129,755	4.7%
Poland	2,795	2.4%	India	102,155	3.7%
India	2,575	2.2%	Sri Lanka	47,895	1.7%
Philippines	2,440	2.1%	Jamaica	42,655	1.5%
Portugal	1,850	1.6%	Italy	37,700	1.4%
United Kingdom	1,710	1.5%	Iran	37,190	1.3%
Serbia	1,550	1.3%	Hong Kong	36,850	1.3%
China	1,540	1.3%	United Kingdom	35,585	1.3%
Korea, South	1,395	1.2%	Portugal	34,360	1.2%
All Others	26,575	22.7%	All Others	649,015	23.5%
Total Immigrants	48,485	41.4%	Total Immigrants	1,286,140	46.6%
Non-immigrants	66,315	56.6%	Non-immigrants	1,329,905	48.2%
Non-permanent residents	2,405	2.1%	Non-permanent residents	145,240	5.3%
Total Population	117,205	100.0%	Total Population	2,761,285	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

### **Top Ten Places of Birth of Recent Immigrants**

Etobicoke Centre	2021	%	City of Toronto	2021	%
India	625	13.0%	India	40,200	20.3%
Philippines	530	11.0%	Philippines	24,910	12.6%
Ukraine	380	7.9%	China	18,525	9.4%
Somalia	170	3.5%	Pakistan	5,745	2.9%
Nigeria	150	3.1%	Iran	5,225	2.6%
Brazil	150	3.1%	United States of America	5,130	2.6%
China	145	3.0%	Bangladesh	4,760	2.4%
Mexico	130	2.7%	Syria	4,685	2.4%
Viet Nam	115	2.4%	Nigeria	4,535	2.3%
Jamaica	115	2.4%	Brazil	4,205	2.1%
All Others	2,290	47.7%	All Others	80,120	40.5%
Total Recent Immigrants	4,800	100.0%	Total Recent Immigrants	198,040	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.



### **Population by Mobility Status**

Etobicoke Centre			City of Toronto	
Mobility Status (1 Year)	2021	%	2021	%
Non-movers	107,510	92.5%	2,382,090	87.0%
Movers	8,755	7.5%	354,820	13.0%
Non-migrants	6,510	5.6%	261,975	9.6%
Migrants	2,245	1.9%	92,845	3.4%
Internal migrants	1,390	1.2%	52,170	1.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	1,230	1.1%	42,095	1.5%
Interprovincial migrants	160	0.1%	10,075	0.4%
External migrants	855	0.7%	40,675	1.5%
Total population 1 year ago	116,265	100.0%	2,736,910	100.0%
Mobility Status (5 Years)	2021	%	2021	%
Non-movers	81,020	72.3%	1,664,205	63.1%
Movers	31,085	27.7%	973,695	36.9%
Non-migrants	19,020	16.4%	530,780	19.4%
Migrants	12,065	10.4%	442,915	16.2%
Internal migrants	7,105	6.1%	200,730	7.3%
Intraprovincial migrants	6,285	5.4%	157,040	5.7%
Interprovincial migrants	815	0.7%	43,690	1.6%
External migrants	4,960	4.3%	242,185	8.8%
Total population 5 years ago	112,105	100.0%	2,637,900	100.0%



### **Indigenous Peoples**

Indigenous Peoples Glossary (1)



### Indigenous Languages, Identity and Status

Etobicoke Centre			City of Toronto	
Indigenous Languages	2021	% of Population	2021	% of Population
Mother tongue is an Indigenous language	0	0.0%	260	0.0%
Indigenous Language is spoken most often at home	0	0.0%	85	0.0%
Knowledge of an Indigenous language	15	0.0%	870	0.0%
Indigenous Identity	2021	% of Population	2021	% of Population

Indigenous Identity	2021	% of Population	2021	% of Population
Indigenous identity	755	0.6%	22,920	0.8%
Non-Indigenous identity	116,445	99.4%	2,738,365	99.2%
Total Population	117,200	100.0%	2,761,285	100.0%

Indigenous Status	2021	% of Population	2021	% of Population
Registered or Treaty Indian	210	0.2%	7,730	0.3%
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	116,990	99.8%	2,753,560	99.7%
Total Population	117,200	100.0%	2,761,290	100.0%

Note: Statistics Canada applies a "random rounding" procedure, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



#### **Ethnocultural**

Ethnocultural Glossary (i)



### **Top Ten Ethnic or Cultural Origin Groups**

Etobicoke Centre	2021	%	City of Toronto	2021	%
Italian	16,520	9.7%	Chinese	297,725	7.4%
English	11,665	6.8%	English	244,995	6.1%
Irish	10,660	6.2%	Irish	226,865	5.6%
Scottish	10,055	5.9%	Scottish	211,180	5.3%
Canadian	8,350	4.9%	Indian (India)	182,115	4.5%
Ukrainian	8,280	4.8%	Italian	167,460	4.2%
Polish	6,720	3.9%	Canadian	165,640	4.1%
Portuguese	5,395	3.2%	Filipino	161,495	4.0%
German	5,125	3.0%	German	107,475	2.7%
Indian (India)	4,325	2.5%	French, n.o.s.	85,715	2.1%
Other Ethnic Origins	83,945	49.1%	Other Ethnic Origins	2,169,090	54.0%
Total Ethnic or Cultural Origins Reported	171,040	100.0%	Total Ethnic or Cultural Origins Reported	4,019,755	100.0%

Note: The sum of the ethnic or cultural origins in this table is greater than the population because a person may report more than one ethnic or cultural origin. n. o. s. refers to "not otherwise specified."

### **Total Visible Minority Population**

### Note on Visible Minority Population (i)



Etobicoke Centre	2021	%	City of Toronto	2021	%
Total Visible Minorities	37,210	31.7%	Total Visible Minorities	1,537,285	55.7%
Black	8,280	7.1%	South Asian	385,445	14.0%
South Asian	7,885	6.7%	Chinese	296,225	10.7%
Latin American	4,625	3.9%	Black	265,005	9.6%
Chinese	3,630	3.1%	Filipino	170,350	6.2%
Filipino	3,455	2.9%	Latin American	92,460	3.3%
Korean	1,960	1.7%	West Asian	69,315	2.5%
Southeast Asian	1,360	1.2%	Southeast Asian	53,900	2.0%
West Asian	1,300	1.1%	Korean	42,195	1.5%
Arab	1,135	1.0%	Arab	42,040	1.5%
Japanese	475	0.4%	Japanese	13,215	0.5%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	1,335	1.1%	Visible minority, n.i.e.	42,435	1.5%
Multiple visible minorities	1,775	1.5%	Multiple visible minorities	64,700	2.3%
Not a visible minority	79,995	68.3%	Not a visible minority	1,224,000	44.3%
Total	117,205	100.0%	Total	2,761,285	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### Language

Language Glossary (1)



### **Mother Tongue Languages**

Etobicoke Centre	2021	%
English	62,150	56.1%
French	1,040	0.9%
Indigenous languages	-	0.0%
Other	47,635	43.0%
<b>Total Single Responses</b>	110,825	100.0%
No Knowledge of English or French	2,915	2.5%

City of Toronto	2021	%
English	1,382,865	53.6%
French	33,515	1.3%
Indigenous languages	260	0.0%
Other	1,162,400	45.1%
Total Single Responses	2,579,040	100.0%
No Knowledge of English or French	123,510	4.5%

### **Top Ten Mother Tongue Languages**

<b>Etobicoke Centre</b>	2021	%
Single Response	110,825	94.6%
English	62,150	53.0%
Italian	4,860	4.1%
Ukrainian	4,085	3.5%
Spanish	3,890	3.3%
Portuguese	3,205	2.7%
Polish	3,145	2.7%
Serbian	3,120	2.7%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	1,670	1.4%
Albanian	1,660	1.4%
Russian	1,570	1.3%
Others	21,470	18.3%
Multiple Responses	6,380	5.4%
Total	117,205	100.0%

City of Toronto	2021	%
Single Response	2,579,040	93.4%
English	1,382,865	50.1%
Mandarin	112,490	4.1%
Yue (Cantonese)	102,755	3.7%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	83,095	3.0%
Spanish	78,205	2.8%
Portuguese	60,175	2.2%
Tamil	53,550	1.9%
Italian	50,830	1.8%
Urdu	35,710	1.3%
Iranian Persian	35,605	1.3%
Others	583,760	21.1%
Multiple Responses	182,245	6.6%
Total	2,761,285	100.0%



### Top Ten Languages Spoken Most Often at Home

Etobicoke Centre	2021	%
Single Response	110,180	94.0%
English	85,330	72.8%
Spanish	2,410	2.1%
Ukrainian	2,370	2.0%
Serbian	2,025	1.7%
Polish	1,490	1.3%
Portuguese	1,385	1.2%
Italian	1,220	1.0%
Korean	1,165	1.0%
Russian	950	0.8%
Mandarin	920	0.8%
Others	10,915	9.3%
Multiple Responses	7,025	6.0%
Total	117,205	100.0%

City of Toronto	2021	%
Single Response	2,557,660	92.6%
English	1,830,945	66.3%
Mandarin	85,920	3.1%
Yue (Cantonese)	73,720	2.7%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	51,375	1.9%
Spanish	46,245	1.7%
Tamil	40,480	1.5%
Portuguese	35,415	1.3%
Iranian Persian	24,755	0.9%
Urdu	23,395	0.8%
Korean	22,605	0.8%
Others	322,805	11.7%
Multiple Responses	203,625	7.4%
Total	2,761,285	100.0%



### **Education**

**Education Glossary** (i)



### Population 15 years and over by Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Etobicoke Centre		City of Toronto		
Education Level	2021	%	2021	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	12,955	13.0%	339,500	14.3%
Certificate, diploma or degree	86,950	87.0%	2,038,450	85.7%
High school diploma or equivalent	25,030	25.1%	555,590	23.4%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	61,920	62.0%	1,482,860	62.4%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	4,560	4.6%	80,930	3.4%
College, CECEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	16,915	16.9%	356,760	15.0%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	2,910	2.9%	68,545	2.9%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	37,540	37.6%	976,620	41.1%
Bachelor's degree	24,385	24.4%	615,160	25.9%
University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level	13,155	13.2%	361,460	15.2%
Total population 15 years and over	99,905	100.0%	2,377,950	100.0%

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Labour Force**

Labour Force Glossary (1)

### Labour Force 15 years and over

Etobicoke Centre			City of T	oronto
Labour Force Status	2021	%	2021	%
In the labour force	61,275	61.3%	1,518,420	63.9%
Employed	53,450	53.5%	1,308,110	55.0%
Unemployed	7,830	7.8%	210,305	8.8%
Not in the labour force	38,625	38.7%	859,525	36.1%
Total Population 15+ years	99,900	100.0%	2,377,945	100.0%
Labour Force Unemployment Rate		%		%
Unemployment rate (Unemployed as a % of Labour Force)		12.8%		13.9%
Labour Force Participation Rate		%		%
Men+		66.2%		68.1%
Women+		57.0%		59.9%

### Labour Force 15 years and over by Occupation

Etobicoke Centre			City of Tor	
Occupation	2021	%	2021	%
Management	1,370	2.3%	24,770	1.7%
Business, finance and administration	12,960	21.8%	315,270	21.5%
Natural and applied sciences	6,060	10.2%	159,765	10.9%
Health	3,995	6.7%	105,465	7.2%
Education, law and social, community and government	7,480	12.6%	181,940	12.4%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	2,235	3.8%	83,135	5.7%
Sales and service	13,810	23.3%	350,240	23.9%
Trades, transport and equipment operators	9,200	15.5%	175,500	12.0%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production	425	0.7%	8,350	0.6%
Manufacturing and utilities	1,805	3.0%	59,145	4.0%
Total	59,325	100.0%	1,463,585	100.0%

Note: As the 2021 Census collected information during the COVID-19 pandemic, comparing 2021 Census data to past years may not accurately provide a basis for interpreting trends. See Notes for more information.



### Labour Force 15 years and over by Industry

Etobicoke Centre			City of To	oronto
Industry	2021	%	2021	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	110	0.2%	2,570	0.2%
Mining and oil and gas extraction	80	0.1%	1,990	0.1%
Utilities	280	0.5%	6,115	0.4%
Construction	5,140	8.7%	83,030	5.7%
Manufacturing	4,130	7.0%	97,585	6.7%
Wholesale trade	2,445	4.1%	45,385	3.1%
Retail trade	6,160	10.4%	141,575	9.7%
Transportation and warehousing	3,530	6.0%	67,325	4.6%
Information and cultural industries	1,705	2.9%	60,845	4.2%
Finance and insurance	4,315	7.3%	123,495	8.4%
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,945	3.3%	41,035	2.8%
Professional, scientific & technical services	6,990	11.8%	205,875	14.1%
Management of companies and enterprises	350	0.6%	9,170	0.6%
Admin. & support, waste mgmt. & remediation	2,980	5.0%	75,090	5.1%
Educational services	4,875	8.2%	107,475	7.3%
Health care and social assistance	6,210	10.5%	163,465	11.2%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,120	1.9%	33,410	2.3%
Accommodation and food services	2,260	3.8%	82,155	5.6%
Other services (except public administration)	2,180	3.7%	61,010	4.2%
Public administration	2,530	4.3%	54,970	3.8%
Total	59,325	100.0%	1,463,585	100.0%

### Employed Labour Force 15 years and over by Place of Work Status

Etobicoke Centre		City of To	oronto	
Place of Work Status	2021	%	2021	%
Worked at usual place	27,590	51.6%	649,185	49.6%
Worked at home	18,975	35.5%	510,240	39.0%
No fixed workplace address	6,590	12.3%	142,290	10.9%
Worked outside Canada	290	0.5%	6,400	0.5%
Total labour force	53,445	100.0%	1,308,115	100.0%

**Note:** As the 2021 Census collected information during the COVID-19 pandemic, comparing 2021 Census data to past years may not accurately provide a basis for interpreting trends. See Notes for more information.

## **Etobicoke Centre**



### **Income and Shelter Costs**

Income and Shelter Costs Glossary (1)

Household Income - 2020

Etobicoke Centre			City of To	oronto
Household Income	2020	%	2020	%
Under \$5,000	265	0.6%	22,005	1.9%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	155	0.3%	10,435	0.9%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	235	0.5%	18,200	1.6%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	520	1.1%	23,780	2.0%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,425	5.3%	92,310	8.0%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,365	5.2%	77,645	6.7%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,875	6.3%	79,030	6.8%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3,085	6.8%	78,885	6.8%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	5,565	12.3%	150,130	12.9%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	5,115	11.3%	131,255	11.3%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	4,935	10.9%	126,785	10.9%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	4,085	9.0%	90,685	7.8%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5,455	12.0%	111,655	9.6%
\$200,000 and over	8,290	18.3%	148,095	12.8%
Total number of private households	45,345	100.1%	1,160,895	100.0%

Etobicoke Centre		City of Toronto
All Households	2020	2020
Average household income	\$146,600	\$121,200
Median household income	\$100,000	\$84,000
1-Person Households	2020	2020
Average household income	\$64,600	\$63,850
Median household income	\$51,200	\$45,200

#### **Shelter Costs**

Etobicoke Centre			City of To	ronto
Renter Households	2021	%	2021	%
Average rent	\$1,574	_	\$1,562	_
Households spending >30% of household income (2020)	5,794	39.2%	223,188	40.0%
Owner Households				
Average major payments	\$1,930	_	\$2,038	_
Households spending >30% of household income (2020)	5,745	18.8%	154,346	25.6%



#### Low Income - 2020

Etobicoke Centre			City of To	oronto
Low Income	2020	%	2020	%
Population in private households	117,200	_	2,761,285	_
Low Income and % incidence of low income	9,215	7.9%	364,040	13.2%
0 to 17 years	2,130	1.8%	67,165	2.4%
18 to 64 years	4,695	4.0%	219,535	8.0%
65 years and over	2,395	2.0%	77,345	2.8%

Note: Low Income in 2020 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT).

### Individual Income (15 years and over) - 2020

Etobicoke Centre			City of To	oronto
Individual Income	2020	%	2020	%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	8,065	8.4%	211,940	9.3%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	10,465	10.9%	278,160	12.3%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	14,690	15.3%	383,770	16.9%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	10,705	11.1%	279,875	12.3%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	8,760	9.1%	222,750	9.8%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	8,150	8.5%	176,220	7.8%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	6,225	6.5%	137,275	6.1%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	5,290	5.5%	111,795	4.9%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	4,285	4.5%	90,025	4.0%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	3,430	3.6%	73,170	3.2%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	9,385	9.8%	175,210	7.7%
\$150,000 and over	6,665	6.9%	128,530	5.7%
Total	96,115	100.0%	2,268,720	100.0%



### Individual Income by Gender (15 years and over) - 2020

Etobicoke Centre			
Individual Income	Total	Men+	Women+
Average income	\$69,200	\$82,300	\$57,500
Median income	\$44,400	\$49,600	\$40,800

City of Toronto						
Total	Men+	Women+				
\$62,050	\$71,900	\$53,000				
\$39,200	\$42,000	\$37,200				

### Composition of Income (15 years and over) – 2020

Etobicoke Centre			
Composition of Income	Total %	Men+ %	Women+
Market Income	86.0%	89.6%	81.2%
Employment income	66.2%	70.2%	61.2%
Wages, salaries and commissions	61.0%	64.2%	56.9%
Net self-employment income	5.3%	6.1%	4.3%
Investment income	9.5%	10.2%	8.7%
Private retirement income	7.5%	6.6%	8.7%
Market income n.i.e.	2.6%	2.6%	2.7%
Government transfer payments	14.1%	10.4%	18.8%
Old Age Security & GIS	3.4%	2.8%	4.2%
Canada/Quebec Pension Plan	2.7%	1.9%	3.7%
El benefits	0.8%	0.5%	1.1%
Child benefits	1.0%	0.1%	2.2%
Other government transfers	6.1%	5.1%	7.5%
Total 2020 income	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

City of Toronto		
Total %	Men+ %	Women+
84.5%	88.2%	80.0%
69.6%	73.6%	64.6%
64.4%	68.0%	60.1%
5.1%	5.6%	4.5%
7.4%	7.8%	6.9%
5.0%	4.5%	5.7%
2.5%	2.2%	2.8%
15.5%	11.8%	20.0%
2.5%	2.1%	2.9%
2.6%	1.9%	3.5%
1.0%	0.7%	1.3%
1.3%	0.1%	2.8%
8.1%	7.0%	9.5%
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".



#### **Notes**

#### **Data Source**

The information in this Ward Profile is adapted from the Statistics Canada 2021, 2016 and 2011 Census of Population. This does not constitute an endorsement by Statistics Canada of this product.

#### Comparing 2021 and 2016 Census Data

Information collected in the Census of Population is meant to reflect a person's situation on a particular reference day unless the questions specify otherwise. The reference day is chosen in the spring to maximize the number of people who are at home prior to the summer. The 2021 Census reference day is May 11, 2021. As the 2021 Census collected information during the COVID-19 pandemic, comparing 2021 Census data to 2016 Census data may not accurately provide a basis for interpreting trends. Some measures, such as those pertaining to employment, citizenship, household composition, commuting, and expenditures, may reflect anomalous circumstances associated with pandemic-related public health measures and economic impacts rather than long-term trends.

The 2021 Census did not include any questions specifically related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Information about the receipt of COVID-19 benefits was obtained by Statistics Canada directly from Canada Revenue Agency. Statistics Canada notes that despite COVID-19 pandemic-related challenges with data collection, the national response rate for the 2021 Census was 96.9% for the short-form and 95.7% for the long-form questionnaire. This is compared to similar response rates in 2016 of 97.4% and 96.9%, respectively.

In 2021, the classification of households was changed, and comparable information is not yet available for 2016 from Statistics Canada. Also see the Household type definition in the Glossary.

#### **Custom Tabulations**

The Ward Profiles are based on a series of custom tabulations from the 2021, 2016 and 2011 Census of Population from Statistics Canada. The 2021 and 2016 custom tabulations are based on the long-form Census questionnaire.

#### 2021 Ward Profiles - Toronto Totals

The City of Toronto totals refer to the municipal boundary of the City of Toronto. The City of Toronto municipal boundary corresponds to the Census geography referred to as the <u>Toronto Census Division</u> (Toronto CD, 3520) and the <u>Toronto Census Subdivision</u> (Toronto CSD, 3520005).

The 2021 Ward Profile custom tabulations are based on the long-form questionnaire, i.e. the 25% sample of the population in private households who received the long-form questionnaire. The custom tabulations provide data for the Wards and Toronto. The Toronto totals included in the Ward Profiles are based on the custom tabulations. As a result, it is possible that Toronto totals referenced in other documents may have slight variances in reported totals when compared to the Ward Profiles. This is because the Ward Profiles are based on the Census long-form questionnaire. Other documents may report City of Toronto totals based on the short-form Census questionnaire which uses a different sampling and survey approach.



### **Table Totals and Random Rounding**

The figures shown in the tables have been subjected to a confidentiality procedure known as "random rounding" by Statistics Canada, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This is intended to prevent the possibility of associating these data with any identifiable individual. The totals of each table are the sum of the individual population characteristics in that table as provided by Statistics Canada, each of which may have been randomly rounded. As a result, due to random rounding, the totals for any one table may vary from the total population count for that area as reported by Statistics Canada. The total population or households reported in the Ward Profile tables may also vary from table to table, as each total is a sum of the individual population or household characteristics of that particular table.

#### **Administrative Sources**

As in 2016, the 2021 Census gathered income data solely from the Canada Revenue Agency's tax and benefit records rather than asking Census participants to self-report their income levels. The reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020.

The 2021 Census provided data on the category of admission and applicant type of immigrants using records from Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada's (IRCC) and, for the first time, included information on immigration status and year of immigration from this source.

#### **Visible Minorities**

Regarding the measurement of racialized groups, Statistics Canada has stated that "as part of ongoing efforts to modernize the national statistical system, the 'visible minorities' standard is currently under review. Statistics Canada has committed to consulting partners, stakeholders, and the general public to establish a suitable terminology and classification to describe the population and to meet data needs. To date, Statistics Canada has received feedback on the sensitivity and use of the term 'visible minorities' when disseminating data. A number of alternative terms have been proposed by stakeholders. A commonly proposed alternative is 'racialized groups,' with various definitions and classifications." Please visit the <u>Centre for Gender, Diversity, and Inclusion Statistics hub</u> on Statistics Canada's website for more details. Also see the <u>Visible Minority definition</u> in the Glossary.

#### Gender

The 2021 Census of Population introduces the concept of gender for the first time and makes the distinction between sex at birth and gender. Sex at birth and gender refer to two different concepts but are interrelated. While sex at birth is primarily understood in terms of physical and biological features such as chromosomes, genitals, and hormones, gender is a multidimensional concept that is influenced by several additional factors, including cultural and behavioural norms and self-identity. Also see the Gender definition in the Glossary.



### **Glossary**

Population <u>Back to Data Tables</u> ◀

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### **Population**

The population universe (target population) of the 2021 Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) with a usual place of residence in Canada.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) who are abroad either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents)
  at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry or Canadian government
  vessels.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold study permits and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold work permits and family members living with them.

For Census purposes, these last three groups of people are referred to as 'non-permanent residents.' They have been included since 1991. Foreign residents are excluded from the population universe. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission, or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them.
- Members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and family members living with them.
- Residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

### **Institutional Population**

The institutional population refers to persons who live in an institutional collective dwelling, such as a hospital, a nursing home, or a prison. This includes residents under care or custody (e.g. patients or inmates) or employee residents and family members living with them, if any. This population group is not included in the 2021 Ward Profiles.



#### **Population in Private Households**

The population in private households is the applicable population for all 2021 Ward Profile topics based on the 2021 Census long-form questionnaire. See also the definition for <u>private households</u>.

#### **Age Group**

Ages refer to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 11, 2021. This variable is derived from date of birth.

#### **Median Age**

The median age is an age 'x', such that exactly one half of the population is older than 'x' and the other half is younger than 'x'.

#### **Demographic Dependency Ratio**

The total demographic dependency ratio is the ratio of the combined youth population (0 to 14 years) and senior population (65 or older) to the working-age population (15 to 64 years). It is expressed as the combined number of youth and seniors for every 100 working age people. The demographic dependency ratio is based on age rather than employment status. It does not account for young people or seniors who are working, nor for working-aged people who are unemployed or not in the labour force. It merely reflects population age structure and is not meant to diminish the contributions made by people outside the range of 15-64 years.

### **Dwellings**

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### Structural type of dwelling

The dwelling structure type refers to structural characteristics that define a dwelling, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- Single-detached house A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure
  (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides and has
  no dwellings either above it or below it. A mobile home fixed permanently to a foundation is
  also classified as a single-detached house.
- Semi-detached house One of the two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to
  each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semidetached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have
  open space on all sides.
- Row house One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.



- Apartment or flat in a duplex One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys A dwelling unit attached to other dwellings units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- Other single-attached house A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that
  does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a nonresidential structure (e.g. a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure
  (e.g. an apartment building).
- **Movable dwelling** Includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats and railroad cars.

#### **Grouped Dwelling Types by Period of Construction**

For comparative purposes due to the reclassification of dwelling types in the 2006 Census, the Census dwelling structure data types were re-grouped into two dwelling structure types in the graphic highlight pages:

- Ground-Related includes single and semi-detached houses, row houses; apartment units in buildings with less than five storeys and apartments or flats in duplexes and other dwellings such as mobile homes.
- Mid/High-Rise includes apartments in a building that has five or more storeys.

### **Population in Dwellings**

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#### **Period of Construction**

The period of construction refers to the period of time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed. This refers to the period in which the building was originally built, not the time of any later remodelling, additions, or conversions.

#### **Private Dwellings**

The private dwellings occupied by usual residents universe is composed of variables which pertain to characteristics of dwellings. Dwellings are distinct from households. Dwelling characteristics refer to the physical attributes of a set of living quarters, whereas household characteristics pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada.



#### **Tenure**

Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling, or whether the dwelling is band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

#### **Condominium Status**

The condominium status refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.

Households

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### **Private Households**

A private household refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. Household variables are distinct from dwelling variables in that the latter ones pertain to dwelling characteristics, not to persons occupying the dwelling.

#### Household size

Household size refers to the number of persons occupying a private dwelling. One household occupies one dwelling unit. One household may be made up of zero, one, or multiple census families.

#### **Household type**

A household refers to either a person living alone, or a group of persons living together occupying the same dwelling. There are two categories: non-family households and family households.

- A non-family household consists of either one person living alone or two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.
- Family households contain at least one census family.

The households type data is based on the long-form Census questionnaire; however, in 2021, Statistics Canada changed the definition of multigenerational households. Previously, multigenerational households represented all households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household. In 2021, the definition was expanded to include all households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. As a result, multigenerational households in 2021 include some households that were classified in 2016 as single-family households with additional persons as well as others that were previously classified as multiple-family households. Therefore, the different sub-types of family households are not comparable between 2021 and previous censuses.



#### **Primary Household Maintainer (PHM)**

Refers to the first person residing in a household identified on the census questionnaire as responsible for paying the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments, more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer.

#### **Age Group of Primary Household Maintainer**

The age refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, May 11, 2021.

#### **Families**

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#### **Census family**

A census family encompasses married or common-law couples, with or without children, and one-parent families with at least one child. Children may be biological or adopted children regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling.

#### Census family structure (families by type)

The family structure or family type refers to the combination of relatives that comprise a census family. Classification of this variable considers the number of couple families (married spouses or commonlaw partners) with and without children, and one-parent families.

### **Census family composition (families by number of children)**

The family composition refers to the classification of Census families (that is, married or common-law couples, with or without children, and one-parent families with at least one child) by the number and/or age group of children living at home. A couple may be comprised of two people of any gender. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.



#### **Migration and Mobility**

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#### **Generation Status**

Generation status refers to whether the person or the person's parents were born in Canada. It identifies persons as being first generation, second generation or third generation or more. Generation status is derived from responses to questions concerning the person's place of birth and the place of birth of his or her parents. Within the generation status variable, the three main categories are defined as follows:

- First generation includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, immigrants to Canada.
- **Second generation** includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- Third generation or more includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

#### **Immigrant Status**

Immigrant status refers to whether the respondent is a non-immigrant, an immigrant, or a nonpermanent resident.

- **Non-immigrant** refers to a person who is a Canadian citizen by birth.
- **Immigrant** refers to a person who is or has ever been a landed immigrant/permanent resident. This person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for several years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2021 Census, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 11, 2021.
- Non-permanent resident refers to a person from another country who has a work or study permit or who is a refugee claimant, and any non-Canadian-born family member living in Canada with them.

### **Recent Immigrant**

The recent immigrant category refers to an immigrant who first obtained their landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2016, and May 11, 2021.



#### **Admission Category**

The immigrant admission category refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Data on admission category are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980, and May 11, 2021.

- Economic immigrants include immigrants who have been selected for their ability to
  contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and
  manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, or to create their own
  employment.
- **Immigrants sponsored by family** include immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status based on their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms "family class" or "family reunification" are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- Refugees include immigrants who were granted permanent resident status based on a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.
- **Other immigrants** include immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

#### **Applicant Type**

The immigration applicant type refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse, or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.

### Mobility Status - Place of residence 1 year ago

The mobility status refers to information provided indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, as they did one year before, May 11, 2020. There are therefore "movers" and "non-movers." There are different types of movers: people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).



#### Mobility Status - Place of residence 5 years ago

The mobility status refers to information provided indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, as he or she did five years before, May 11, 2016. There are therefore "movers" and "non-movers." There are different types of movers: people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

#### **Period of Immigration**

The period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained his or her landed immigrant/permanent resident status.

A landed immigrant/permanent resident is a person who has been granted the right to live permanently in Canada by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for several years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2021 Census, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021.

#### **Place of Birth**

The place of birth refers to the name of the province, territory, or country in which the person was born. It may refer to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of birth.

#### **Indigenous Peoples**

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#### **Indigenous Ancestry**

Indigenous ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, Section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people, Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin and can have one or multiple Indigenous ancestries.



#### **Indigenous Identity**

Indigenous identity refers to whether the person identifies as Indigenous peoples of Canada. This includes those who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit), and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada), and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. This is a derived variable from the responses to census questions pertaining to Indigenous group, Registered or Treaty Indian status and membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

#### **Registered or Treaty Indian Status**

The Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

**Ethnocultural** 

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#### **Ethnic or Cultural Origin**

Ethnic or cultural origin refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors. Ancestors may have Indigenous origins, origins that refer to different countries or other origins that may not refer to different countries.

The sum of the ethnic or cultural origins in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic or cultural origin in the census.

#### **Visible Minority**

Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Arab, Latin American, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean, and Japanese. Note that for data collection, neither the Census question nor the harmonized question on population groups for social surveys include the term "visible minorities." See the note on Visible Minorities for further discussion.

Language

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### **Mother Tongue**

A person's mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the Census.



#### Language spoken most often at home

The language spoken most often at home refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the Census. A person can report more than one language as "spoken most often at home" if the languages are spoken equally often.

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#### Education

#### **Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree**

The highest certificate, diploma or degree includes information indicating the person's most advanced educational qualifications. This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications' questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas, and degrees to be reported. The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school graduation, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the "in-class" duration of the various types of education.

At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a registered apprenticeship graduate may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a master's degree necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above the bachelor's level.' Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment. The following qualifications are to be noted:

- For this variable, the category "High school diploma or equivalent" includes persons who have completed the requirements for graduation from a secondary school or the equivalent, but no postsecondary certificate, diploma, or degree. Examples of secondary (high) school equivalency certificates are General Educational Development (GED) and Adult Basic Education (ABE). A secondary (high) school diploma or graduation certificate or equivalent is sometimes classified as junior or senior matriculation, general or technical-commercial.
- The "Registered Apprenticeship certificate" category includes Journeyperson's designations. A
  journeyman's or journeyperson's certificate in the trades is obtained through successful
  completion of the examinations for a Certificate of Qualification (COQ). Candidates for the
  exam must have several years of work experience in the trade or have received their registered
  apprenticeship certificate through a combination of on-the-job training and in-school training.
- Other trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas are brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres, and similar institutions.
- College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates or diplomas are obtained from: a
  community college; a CEGEP (both general and technical); an institute of technology; a school
  of nursing; a private business school; a private or public trade school; or a vocational school.
  Included in this category are teaching and nursing certificates awarded by provincial



departments of education, except for teachers' or nurses qualifications obtained at university-affiliated faculties of education or nursing. College certificates or diplomas of two years or more usually have a minimum entrance requirement of a secondary (high) school diploma or its equivalent.

- University certificates or diplomas (below or above bachelor level) are awarded for non-degree
  programs of study completed through a university. They are often connected with professional
  associations in fields such as accounting, banking, insurance, or public administration. If the
  university certificate or diploma program does not require a bachelor's degree to enrol, then it is
  classified as below the bachelor level. If a university certificate or diploma program normally
  requires a bachelor's degree as a prerequisite, then it is classified as above the bachelor level.
- University degrees are obtained through universities and other degree-granting institutions.
- Examples of postsecondary institutions include community colleges, institutes of technology, CEGEPs, schools of nursing, private or public trade schools, private business colleges, and universities.

#### **Labour Force**

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#### **Employed**

Employed persons are those who, during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021:

- a) Did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employeremployee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes persons who did unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household; or,
- b) Had a job but were not at work due to factors such as their own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, vacation, or a labour dispute. This category excludes persons not at work because they were on layoff or between casual jobs, and those who did not then have a job (even if they had a job to start at a future date).

#### **Labour Force**

The labour force refers to persons who were employed or unemployed during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021. The number of Employed persons and the Unemployed persons are added together to equate to the Labour force.

#### **Not in the Labour Force**

The population not in the labour force refers to the number of persons who, during the week Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021, were neither employed nor unemployed.



#### Occupation (based on the National Occupational Classification [NOC-2021 v1])

Occupation refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021, as determined by the description of the main activities in their job. The 2021 Census occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2021 Version 1.0. The 2016 Census occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016.

The National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 Version 1.0 is composed of five levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 45 major groups that are further subdivided into 89 sub-major groups and 162 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 516 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed based on the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties, and responsibilities of the occupation. Statistics Canada have provided a <a href="NOC concordance table">NOC concordance table</a> that shows the relationship between NOC 2016 and NOC 2021.

#### Industry (based on the North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] 2017 v3)

Industry refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The 2021 Census industry data are produced according to the NAICS 2017 Version 3.0. The 2016 Census was coded to NAICS 2012. Statistics Canada have provided a concordance table that shows the relationship between NAICS 2012 and NAICS 2017 Version 2.0, and NAICS 2017 Version 2.0 and NAICS 2017 Version 3.0 only for those areas of the classification which have changed in terms of structure and content.

The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 102 subsectors and 324 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

#### **Participation Rate**

The labour participation rate refers to the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021, expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the total labour force in that group, expressed as a percentage of the total population in that group.

#### **Place of Work Status**

The place of work classification categorizes the employed population according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address (usual place of work) during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021.



#### Unemployed

The unemployed population refers to persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021, were without paid work or without self-employment work and were available for work and either:

- had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; or
- were on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or
- had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less.

#### **Unemployment Rate**

The unemployment rate refers to the unemployed population expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021.

#### Income and Shelter Costs

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#### **Total Income**

Total income refers to the total income from all sources, including employment income, income from government programs, pension income, investment income and any other money income. Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during the calendar year 2020.

It includes employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities); income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance, Old Age Security pension, Canada or Quebec Pension Plan benefits and disability income; income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and RRIFs; income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, GICs and mutual funds; and other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships. The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature.

It excludes one-time receipts, such as: lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump sum insurance settlements, capital gains, TFSA and RRSP withdrawals. Capital gains are excluded because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are less likely to be fully spent in the period in which they are received, unlike income that is regular and recurring. Also excluded are employer's contributions to registered pension plans, Canada and Quebec Pension Plans, and Employment Insurance. Finally, voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods, and services produced for barter, and goods produced for own consumption are excluded from this total income definition.



#### **Household Income**

The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

#### **Average Household Income**

Average income of households refers to the sum of total incomes in 2020 of households divided by the total number of households. Average incomes of households are calculated for all households, whether or not they had income.

#### **Average Individual Income**

Average income of individuals refers to the dollar amount obtained by adding up the total income of all individuals aged 15 years and over who reported income for 2020 and dividing this sum by the number of individuals with income.

#### **Median Income**

The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

#### **Composition of Income**

The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

#### Gender (Men+ and Women+)

Gender refers to an individual's personal and social identity as a man, woman, or non-binary person (a person who is not exclusively a man or a woman). A person's gender may differ from their sex at birth, and from what is indicated on their current identification or legal documents such as their birth certificate, passport, or driver's licence. A person's gender may change over time. Some people may not identify with a specific gender. Information pertaining to gender is collected according to three options: male, female and a write-in option, "or please specify this person's gender." It is collected for the total population, including for children aged 14 and younger. Statistics Canada notes that data aggregation to a two-category gender variable will sometimes be necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. For the Ward Profiles, gender data was disseminated using the two-category gender variables "Men+" and "Women+". Please visit the Centre for Gender, Diversity, and Inclusion Statistics hub on Statistics Canada's website for further details. Also see the note on Gender for further discussion.



#### **Low-Income and Low-Income Measure After Tax (LIM-AT)**

Low-income refers to whether an individual, family, or households has an income below a specific low-income line. Low-income in 2020 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT). The Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median adjusted after-tax income of households observed at the person level, where 'adjusted' indicates that a household's needs are considered. Adjustment for household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase as the number of members increase, although not necessarily by the same proportion per additional member. The threshold of income varies based on the size of a household. For 2020, the LIM-AT threshold is \$26,503 for a one-person household, \$37,480 for a two-person household, and \$53,005 for a four-person household.

#### **Shelter Cost**

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households living in owned or rented dwellings who reported a total household income greater than zero. Shelter-cost-to-income ratio refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs. Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households that own or rent their dwelling in the twelve months prior to the census.

- Shelter costs for owner households include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water, and other municipal services.
- Shelter costs for renter households include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water, and other municipal services.

The relatively high shelter costs to household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2021, while household total income is reported for the year 2020. As well, for some households, the 2020 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

### **Statistics Canada - Census Dictionary & Guide Links**

For more information, see:

<u>Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 98-301-X 2021001 Dictionary Census of Population, 2021</u>
Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 98-304-X2021001 Guide to the Census of Population, 2021